"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHE[redacted]
Fair, colder to-day; rain [redacted]
moderate north [redacted]
☞For full weather report[redacted]

VOL. L[illegible] NO. 19,791. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 1, 1912.— TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater [redacted] Jersey City [redacted] TWO CENTS.

ASS[redacted]ITMAN [redacted]ANDT CASE

Gans, [redacted]r Schiff, Says Distr[redacted]ey Admitted Co[redacted] Was False.

SAW [redacted]E EVIDENCE

Neverth[redacted]an Refused to Denou[redacted]o Gov. Dix and Gave [redacted] Grand Jury.

Howard [redacted]nsel to Mortimer L. Schiff [redacted]oulke E. Brandt, Mr. Schif[redacted]ant, was sent to prison for[redacted] robbing his employer, is[redacted]ment last night criticising [redacted] District Attorney Whit[redacted] attacks on Mr. Schiff an[redacted]ated with him, which ha[redacted] investigated and pronounce[redacted] by the Grand Jury:

MR. [redacted]ATEMENT.

Now tha[redacted]ry investigation has been [redacted] it has been demonstrated [redacted]es presented by the Distric[redacted]re groundless, I feel at li[redacted] public certain facts bear[redacted]onduct and motives of t[redacted]ttorney, with respect to w[redacted]therto felt it incumbent [redacted]ain silent lest the issues [redacted]and Jury be confused by what might be construed to be a personal controversy with the District Attorney.

A Que[redacted]lic Importance.

I am [redacted]k now because I conceive[redacted]ct Attorney's conduct of [redacted]ts a real question of great[redacted]nce.

It has [redacted] generally by the commun[redacted]respectable newspapers t[redacted]of the proceedings was opp[redacted]a spirit of charity highly [redacted]ose who are animated [redacted] assumed that his [redacted] due to errors of [redacted]e heart, and that, [redacted]ance of Brandt's [redacted]ssive attack upon, [redacted]e Rosalsky, Mr. [redacted]myself suffice to [redacted]s fitness for the [redacted] it is possible to [redacted]ntional effort to [redacted] give weight to [redacted] faith in human able to [redacted]ould wish that it were pos[redacted]miss his conduct on that ground. Unfortunately for that faith, however, it is [redacted]ossible. The District Attorney [redacted]lied. What he has done [redacted]with his eyes wide open. [redacted] instituted his proceedin[redacted]rand Jury and before he[redacted]report to the Governor, [redacted]Brandt's story was false, [redacted]e evidence which establis[redacted] that it was false, an[redacted]edly expressed his opinion[redacted]e; and his subsequent c[redacted]ase was with full knowled[redacted] were to tell his story an[redacted]bjected to a proper cross[redacted] the basis of the documen[redacted]available, not a shred of[redacted]uld be left upon which to [redacted]spicion.

I make[redacted]nts of my own knowledg[redacted]prepared if and when th[redacted] to substantiate them, not [redacted] testimony, under oath, [redacted]timony of other witnesses.

Didn't [redacted]ndt's Tale.

On Jan. 2[redacted]the District Attorney was[redacted]the representatives of cer[redacted] at Albany on is return [redacted]ra, where he ad seen Br[redacted]his story, and s the resul[redacted]iew there appeared in t[redacted]e following morning sto[redacted] scandal and coupling Mr[redacted]e with that scandal. On [redacted]rning of the appearance o[redacted]in the newspapers, I wer[redacted]istrict Attorney. I learn[redacted]that he had seen the pris[redacted]he had seen him for the p[redacted]g his report to the Govern[redacted]ation to the application for clemency. I learned from him the na[redacted]dt's application for clemen[redacted]t was based on the same [redacted]and scandalous tale which [redacted]porated two years prior t[redacted] to Senator Nelson.

I ask[redacted]t Attorney whether he ha[redacted]n to believe that he sto[redacted]d he told me "that he had[redacted]ew the Schiffs, and that h[redacted]e a word of it." I told hi[redacted] purpose in seeing him w[redacted]yself of that fact, so that[redacted]report in his recommenda[redacted]ernor, and that for that pu[redacted] him to be active and o[redacted]disbelief. and that therefo[redacted] lay before him the evidenc[redacted] it impossible for any on[redacted]randt's story. By appoint[redacted]pon him that same afterno[redacted]m the letter which caused [redacted]arge, and the subsequent [redacted]randt asking for a recomm[redacted] were printed in all the n[redacted]art of Mr. Schiff's statemen[redacted] and which have demonst[redacted]thinking mind that Brandt's[redacted]rom beginning to end mad[redacted]cloth.

To any[redacted] these letters shattered b[redacted]ibility of reconstruction[redacted]randt's story upon which th[redacted] the alleged conspiracy wh[redacted]ered his absurd statemen[redacted]ot into the house that nigh[redacted]ation of and by means of[redacted]d to him by "an nmate o[redacted]d left open, as the only[redacted]ining inference, that he h[redacted] the house, unless through [redacted]imaginable accident all t[redacted]y to be opened n order [redacted] house had been left open.

showe[redacted]torney on that afternoon[redacted] confession and he statem[redacted]bon and MacDonald, m[redacted] after they had talked wi[redacted]he morning of his arrest[redacted]randt had told them ever[redacted] that had appeared in [redacted] and had told them other[redacted] destructive of his story a[redacted] been incorporated in[redacted]; and thus I furnished t[redacted]rney with evidence [redacted] must satisfy any reason[redacted]hat Brandt's tale that his confession had been secured by trick wa[redacted]lse as the rest of his narr[redacted]

Schiff Re[redacted] Compromise.

I gave h[redacted]ount of conversations w[redacted] and I had had with Bran[redacted] which Brandt's attorney [redacted] to us that if Brandt w[redacted]ght tell tales in which h[redacted] to reflect on Mrs. Sch[redacted]or that reason it might be[redacted]st to co-operate with him[redacted] to secure a light sentence[redacted] of Brandt's [redacted] which Mr. Schiff I h[redacted]under no circumstances[redacted]erate to that end, [redacted] said emphatically that h[redacted] Brandt to plead [redacted]ot desire that he receive[redacted]ntence in consideration[redacted] of such a plea. [redacted]suasive evidence at an[redacted]randt or Fischer-Hansen[redacted] the contrary was so fals[redacted]ad laid all these facts b[redacted]ed him if they did

[redacted] Page 6.

AUTO BANDIT DESPERATE.

Tried to Poison Himself When Arrested for Paris Auto Murders.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 31.—The youth Soudy, who was arrested at Berck-sur-Mer on Saturday in connection with the Chantilly motor-car outrages, proves to be a pale, emaciated stripling suffering from tuberculosis.

He has been treated in several Paris hospitals. Although only 19, he has numerous convictions against him and has long been under police supervision.

When arrested Soudy struggled desperately and whipped out from his pocket a tiny phial, which he raised to his lips. The detectives dashed it from his hands. The phial contained prussic acid. Cursing wildly, Soudy was hustled into a waiting motor car and bound securely hand and foot.

The Criminal Investigation Department alleges that he is the man who, armed with a carbine, kept guard at the door of the Bank of Chantilly. It remains to be seen whether eyewitnesses who had a clear view of the dark young man in spectacles who fired at all and sundry with the carbine will be able to identify the accused.

Most profound secrecy is observed regarding the cross-examination of Soudy, which took place this morning. It is known, however, that he shouted to the police:

"If I die, others will die, too!"

To avoid a hostile demonstration, Soudy was brought into the city by a night train, arriving in Paris at 4:15 in the morning; but, despite the early hour, a large crowd assembled and made a rush at him as he was led from the platform to the hall of the station. Shouts of "Death to bandits!" were raised. One detective received a heavy blow intended for the prisoner.

$100,000 LEFT TO A HORSE.

Susan L. Munroe of Fall River Provides for Daisy, 31 Years Old.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 31.—"In case my horse, Daisy, survives me I give her and all her belongings, carriage, harness, &c., to my niece, Annie B. W. Munroe. And I leave in trust my money in the Fall River Savings Bank, also my Troy mill stocks and my Richard Borden Mill stock, the income of all to be used for the care and support of the said Daisy."

This clause in the will of Susan L. Munroe of this city endows a dumb animal with a fortune which some Fall River people believe will be found to be $100,000, for the mill stocks are gilt-edged and the cash is thought to be considerable.

On account of Daisy's advanced age the income from her mill stocks will probably not vary much during her lifetime, as the mills are said to have contracts to fill which are dated ahead for some time to come.

For 31 years of age Daisy shapes up as well as many horses half her years. She is in excellent health, and there is not a tender spot or an abrasion on her. She holds her head well up and her eyesight and hearing are as keen as those of a colt.

After the mare's death the money is to go to the testatrix's nephews and nieces.

BLOODHOUNDS AFTER ALLENS

Detectives to Use Prison Dogs in Hunt for Outlaws.

HILLSVILLE, Va., March 31.—Empty-handed, but close on the trail of the two Court House assassins who remain at large, the posses returned to town for a short time to-day, and then went off in the mountains again, confident that, with every exit guarded, it is only a matter of hours when Sidna Allen and Wesley Edwards will be taken.

Of the eight outlaws who descended upon the Carroll Court House and murdered five people, they are the only ones not now in jail awaiting trial. Detective Felts has arranged to hunt the fugitives with a pack of bloodhounds from the State Prison Farm. He believes that he would have taken the two men yesterday had the dogs been with him. Yesterday Allen and Edwards found the posses so close that they fled from their refuge without their blankets or food.

Down on the south side of the mountain near Buzzard's Roost is a cave from which the outlaws fled, leaving tracks that told of long leaps of hurried flight. The ground was moist, and the posse confused their trail with that of two other outlaws—presumably a moonshiner and an escaped murderer from North Carolina, who are known to be in the mountains.

Wilber Easter, whose home was raided yesterday, was not arrested as was first reported from Mount Airy, but he was closely questioned. It was thought that Easter had been furnishing food to the outlaws. Before leaving for the sortie to-night Detective Felts declared the two outlaws were entrenched for a siege. Without bedding or supplies, the detective thinks they cannot hold out long.

Claude and Friel Allen, who gave up without a fight last week, were driven over to the nearest railroad station to-day and shipped to Roanoke for safekeeping. Neither had been in a parlor car before. The detectives reported their safe arrival at Roanoke, and said their meeting with kinsmen there already charged with the Court House shooting was unemotional.

MEANT TO KILL ROOSEVELT.

Man Who Tried to Club Senator Gore Tells Strange Story.

Special to The New York Times.

WAUKESHA, Wis., March 31.—Col. Roosevelt was saved from a probable attack by a murderous maniac yesterday by the sole fact that the train he took in passing through Wisconsin did not pass through this city, according to the assertion made to-day in the County Jail by Charles Schomulla, who tried to attack Senator Gore with a club during the Wilson meeting Saturday.

Schomulla was slightly more rational to-day than was the case on Saturday, although he is still possessed of the delusion that he is Jesus Christ and has a mission to kill.

He told the jail authorities that he supposed Col. Roosevelt was to speak here. When he went to the Gore meeting in the afternoon he supposed he was going to have a chance to club the Colonel, and not until he reached there and saw a different man on the platform did he know that he had been mistaken. He says that devils told Col. Roosevelt of his plan, and that Senator Gore, whose identity he does not seem to realize, was sent to take Col. Roosevelt's place.

The man became insane from a blow on the head when digging a sewer a year ago.

RUTLAND R. R. TO MONTREAL. Sleepers lv. Grand Central daily 7:25 P. M. Particulars 1216 Broadway. 'Phone 6310 Mad.—Adv.

ELEVATED AGENT HELD UP AND SHOT

Andrew Dwyer at Cortlandt Street Refused to Give Up Company's Cash.

THIEF GOT AWAY FOR A TIME

Was Arrested Later for Carrying a Pistol and Dwyer Unexpectedly Met Him in a Police Station.

The report of a revolver shot and a yell from Andrew Dwyer, the ticket agent, startled several passengers who were waiting about 10:30 o'clock last night on the uptown platform of the Cortland Street Station of the Sixth Avenue elevated. Three or four men ran toward the ticket booth, from in front of which a young man was backing. In his hand he held a revolver. As the men approached him he pointed his revolver at them and shouted:

"If you move a step toward me, you'll get it. I just handed it to the ticket agent."

The men scattered out of range, running out to the platform, where the structure of the station sheltered them from the hold-up man's gun. When the more hardy of them peeked around an instant later the man had gone.

Dwyer, the agent, was only an instant behind him. He ran out of his booth and through the waiting room into which it gives, to the station platform. He held his handkerchief to the right side of his neck, where the robber's bullet had struck him.

Though several men sprang toward him exclaiming, "You're shot, man. Go back in the waiting room and sit down," Dwyer brushed past them and headed for the stairs. He bounded down them to the street, running almost into the arms of Policeman Taure of the Greenwich Street Station at the bottom. To Taure he explained that he had been held up and shot, though the robber had made off without getting either the $250 in cash or tickets of about equal value which were in Dwyer's booth.

Taure recalled having seen a man come leisurely down the steps an instant before and walk away as though he had just alighted from a train, but when the policeman now turned to look for him he was gone. Taure ran upstairs and ordered the ticket chopper to look out for the ticket booth as well as his own work, and then he escorted Dwyer to the Greenwich Street Station, where a call was sent for Dr. Worthin of the Hudson Street Hospital.

The Surgeon was working over Dwyer when there was a commotion in the outer room of the station, and Policeman Stilson, a big six-footer, marched in, dragging behind him a roughly dressed youth, who protested angrily that he hadn't done anything.

Stilson arraigned him at the desk, where he said he was Frank White, 18 years old, of Albany, N. Y. He said he had been here only a few days. Stilson searched him and brought to light a revolver and a box of cartridges. Stilson was about to charge the man simply with carrying a weapon in violation of the Sullivan law when Dwyer stepped from the rear room and seeing the man, exclaimed:

"That's the fellow who shot me."

White was locked up immediately charged with felonious assault and attempted grand larceny.

Dwyer explained that White had approached his window as though to buy a ticket and he was pushing one toward him when the man presented a revolver through the iron grill work of the window and demanded:

"Give me all the money you've got there or I'll blow your brains out."

Dwyer admitted that in an instant more he would have wavered, but on the instant he replied, scarcely realizing his words:

"If you want it, come and get it."

Instantly, he said, the man fired at him and he felt the bullet strike him in the neck. Then as he yelled with pain the man ran.

Stilson said it was only a chance that had led him to arrest White. The policeman had been standing at the corner of Cortlandt Street and Broadway when he observed the young man stroll to the corner and stand as though waiting for a car. The policeman thought he saw him put something into his pocket which looked to Stilson like a revolver. He started briskly toward the man, who suddenly at his approach took to his heels.

White ran down through Maiden Lane toward Nassau Street and Stilson took up the chase. They crossed Nassau and William Streets and White was turning into Pearl Street when Stilson overtook him.

He protested then that there was nothing to arrest him for, but Stilson ran his hands over the young man's pockets and felt the revolver.

Dwyer, after making the charge against White, was taken to the hospital. His wound was said not to be dangerous, though had it struck into his neck a trifle more it might have shattered his spine. Dwyer is 34 years old and single. He lives at 1,779 Madison Avenue.

THREE BOYS HELD UP.

Mother of Two Comes to Rescue and Is Knocked Down.

Christopher Siebert of 506 East Eighty-fifth Street, who says he is an office boy, was arrested last night charged with highway robbery, and Theodore Kleinmeier of 390 East Eighty-fifth Street, was taken at the same time, charged with striking Mrs. Hedwig Schrieder of 343 East Eighty-third Street. Mrs. Schrieder's son, Edmund Schrieder, 16 years old, with his younger brother Sigfried and Frank Thomas, were walking down Eighty-third Street last night when at the corner of Eighty-third Street and First Avenue three men stepped from a crow[redacted] and seized the young men and for[redacted] them against the side of a building[redacted] men went through the pockets [redacted] younger boys and found nothing [redacted] wanted, but the man who had [redacted] mund Schrieder, took from his po[redacted] silver watch and tore it from the [redacted] The men then told the boys to [redacted] not to tell anybody what had h[redacted] They started down the stre[redacted] out for the police. Mrs. Sch[redacted] boys' mother, looking from [redacted] of her home, heard the [redacted] the street. By the time she [redacted] was a big crowd of men [redacted] She asked her sons what [redacted] and Edmund told her his [redacted] taken. At that moment [redacted] told the police that she [redacted] ing near by with the w[redacted] and she started toward h[redacted] bert threw the watch [redacted] as she started to pick[redacted] struck her a blow [redacted] knocked her to the [redacted] police tried to make the [redacted] became so great that the [redacted] called out from the East [redacted]ighth Street Station to restore order.

Latest Shipping.

ARRIVED.—SS Geestemunde, Tampico, 23; SS Guiana, St. Thomas, March 26.
REPORTED BY WIRELESS—SS Campanello, (Uranium Line,) 1,160 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 9 P. M.

SCOTT'S ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.

Further details of Capt. Robert F. Scott's explorations in the Antarctic may be expected in to-morrow's issue of The New York Times.

BRYAN MAY BOLT NATIONAL TICKET

Harmon or Underwood Will Drive Him to Alliance with Republican Radicals, Is the Report.

WILSON MEN CRY CONSPIRACY

Tell of Triple Plot to Defeat Governor—Party Bigger Than any Man, Says Harmon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—That William J. Bryan will bolt unless both Presidential candidates and platform are to his liking is the information received to-night by several Western Senators and Representatives high in the councils of the Democratic Party.

This means that he will bolt the nomination of either Judson Harmon or Oscar W. Underwood. His declaration that he would not go to Baltimore if the Nebraska delegation was for Harmon is, these Congressmen say, the preliminary step. They do not go so far as to assert that Mr. Bryan has entered into any negotiations with the men who are threatening a bolt from the Republican Party, but they say their information is that Mr. Bryan will be quite willing to form an alliance with any radical Republicans who may bolt the nomination of President Taft.

Mr. Bryan regretted bitterly the position he assumed in the campaign of 1904, when for the sake of party regularity he supported the candidacy of Alton B. Parker, and has told his friends that he would never be put in the same anomalous position again. His own Presidential ambitions being out of the way, there is nothing to prevent his following his preferences, and he does not intend, it is said, to support another Parker.

The peerless leader has already said he would support either Wilson or Clark, but it is understood here that, along with the Wilson managers, he believes there is practically a conspiracy between Clark, Harmon, and Underwood to prevent the New Jersey Governor from getting the necessary two-thirds of the delegates to the Baltimore convention. Particularly is this true in the South, according to Wilson headquarters.

In Florida, where Speaker Clark and Gov. Harmon have retired to give Representative Underwood a clear field, newspapers that for months carried the name of Harmon at their editorial mastheads have pulled down their original choice and substituted the name of Representative Underwood. News to this effect was brought to Washington to-day by Frederick M. Hudson, counsel for the Florida State Railroad Commission, who lives at Tallahassee. Mr. Hudson declared that such incidents as this have convinced the people of Florida that "there is an alliance on the part of all the forces opposed to Gov. Wilson to prevent his nomination."

In an official statement to-day the Wilson managers said of the phase of the political situation:

The Dreibund assignment of candidates to beat Wilson if they can are to date as follows:

Champ Clark—Iowa, Wisconsin, Arkansas, Kentucky, Oklahoma, Kansas, California, Illinois.

Underwood—Georgia, Florida, North Carolina, South Carolina, Mississippi, and Louisiana.

Harmon—Texas, New York, Delaware, Maine, some New England States, Ohio, and neighboring States.

The Wilson managers said, however, that, instead of protesting against th[redacted] arrangement of strength, they welcome[redacted] as "a tacit confession by all the ot[redacted] candidates put together that their [redacted]bined strength throughout the Natio[redacted] not equal to Wilson's."

It was also announced at Wilson [redacted] quarters to-day that Mayor New[redacted] Baker of Cleveland, sometimes c[redacted] political heir of Tom L. Johnson[redacted] pudiated the Presidential can[redacted] Gov. Harmon and declared for[redacted] ination of Gov. Wilson. Mayo[redacted] at the head of the Cuyahoga[redacted] and is a member of the Dem[redacted] Central Committee.

This almost certainly m[redacted] delegation from Ohio, thou[redacted] may be a very small on[redacted] say that Mayor Baker [redacted] swing the four votes of [redacted] ty, even if he cannot [redacted] side, which is an open [redacted]

There is opposition [redacted]de of Cuyahoga County [redacted]ule prevails, this will n[redacted] but a stiff fight is to [redacted] the unit rule as applie[redacted] anti-Harmon man int[redacted]t control the State C[redacted]y it to Baltimore and [redacted]s that which in 1880 [redacted]osition of the unit rule [redacted]ventions.

Gov. Harmon, [redacted]t to the Supreme Court to[redacted] petition of the Governors of States[redacted] permission to file a brief [redacted] Minnesota rate cases, arrived in W[redacted] this morning.

Gov. Har[redacted] by Senator Pomerene [redacted] Hitchcock of Nebraska, [redacted] members of Ohio's Co[redacted]on. He spent much of [redacted]rmon National Headqu[redacted]alked with political [redacted]ubmitted to liberal [redacted]ewspapers correspond[redacted]itical situation.

"I [redacted]m the beginning of t[redacted]t the Democratic Part[redacted] any one man or any[redacted] said the Governor, "[redacted] convention sits at B[redacted]onsider primarily the [redacted] party, and will draft [redacted]me a candidate solely [redacted] meriting the approval [redacted] people at the polls next [redacted] any considerable num[redacted]nds should regard me as [redacted]ndidate for the Presidency, [redacted] great satisfaction to me."

[redacted] was joined in Washington [redacted] Waybrecht of Ohio, a lead[redacted] his campaign, and ex-Repre[redacted]ordon, manager of his Wash[redacted]mpaign headquarters. To-night [redacted]mon was the guest of Senator [redacted] at dinner. He will address the [redacted] Press Club to-morrow afternoon, [redacted] leave Washington to-morrow [redacted] He declined to comment to-day [redacted] the action of William J. Bryan in [redacted] that he would not serve as a [redacted] at large from Nebraska if the [redacted] indorsed Gov. Harmon's candidacy.

THE KAISER'S DENIAL.

Objects Mainly to Form of Report of Panama Canal Conversation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, April 1.—The Times's Berlin correspondent, in telegraphing The North German Gazette's denial of the reported conversation between the Kaiser and Col. Goethals in reference to fortification of the Panama Canal, says the form of the denial seems to show that it is only the form of the report of the conversation to which exception is taken.

SCOTT 150 MILES FROM SOUTH PO[redacted]AN. 3; WILL STAY IN ANTARCTIC AN[redacted]ER YEAR

CAPT. SCOTT'S MESSAGE FROM THE ANTARCTI[redacted]

Jan. 3, 1912

I am remaining in the Antarctic another Win[redacted] in order to continue and complete my work.

ROBERT F. SC[redacted]

[redacted]APT. ROBERT F. SCOTT.

[redacted]erra Nova Returns [redacted]karoa, New Zealand, With a Message [redacted]rom the Explorer.

HE WAS STILL ADVANCING

Said He Would Remain Another Winter to Continue and Complete His Work.

AMUNDSEN THE WINNER

No Doubt Now Remains That He Was the First to Reach the South P[redacted]

[redacted] Prove a[redacted]o Have Equale[redacted]s Feat.

HE MAY [redacted] SURPRISE

Suggestion [redacted] Hearing of Rival's S[redacted]tends Journey A[redacted] Barrier.

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By Arrangement with the Central News, Limited, London.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AKAROA, New Zealand, Monday, April 1, 9:20 A. M.—The Terra Nova, Capt. Robert F. Scott's polar exploration vessel, was sighted off this port this morning and anchored shortly after daybreak. She does not bring back Capt. Scott and his party.

The commander of the Terra Nova was entrusted with the following brief message from Capt. Scott, which the explorer sent back to his base at McMurdo Sound before the Terra Nova left there:

"I am remaining in the Antarctic another Winter in order to continue and complete my work."

The latest news sent back to McMurdo Sound was that Capt. Scott on Jan. 3 had reached a point 150 miles from the South Pole and was still advancing.

It is clear that had Capt. Scott delayed the notification of his progress until he had actually reached the pole the news could not have reached the Terra Nova before she was compelled to leave McMurdo Sound owing to the setting in of Winter and the freezing of the Ross Sea.

By The Associated Press.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, Monday, April 1.—All on board the Terra Nova are well.

Great disappointment was felt when it became known that the Scott party had been left behind.

The Terra Nova is expected to reach Lyttelton, New Zealand, on Wednesday.

ENGLISH DISAPPOINTMENT.

But It Is Thought That Scott May Yet Make a New Record.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, April 1.—The news in regard to Capt. Scott arrived in London too late to permit the newspapers to make more than hurried comments, and they had no time to collect opinions of experts.

The Daily Chronicle alone showed sufficient enterprise to publish a special edition containing a history of the expedition, with illustrations, and a sketch of the explorer's polar career. The Daily Chronicle says:

"This important news concerning Capt. Scott's expedition will be heartily welcomed by thousands who had waited anxiously for information from the gallant explorer, but it is now clear that the expectations of the British party having reached the pole before Capt. Amundsen have not been realized.

"Although he is denied the honor of being the first to reach the south pole, Capt. Scott's heroic enterprise calls for and will receive the highest appre-

THR[redacted] TO QUIT AS[redacted] HUNGARY

[redacted]ncis Joseph Said He [redacted]bdicate if Certain [redacted]ures' Were Pressed.

[redacted] CONTROL THE TROUBLE

[redacted]garian Parliament Denied King's Right to Mobilize Reserves Without Its Sanction.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, March 31.—A sensation has been caused throughout the Dual Monarchy to-day by the publication of particulars of an eventful audience that Count Khün von Hedervåry, the Hungarian Premier, had with the Emperor-King on Friday, in the course of which, it now appears, his Majesty declared that he would abdicate unless the Hungarian Parliament abandoned its proposed resolutions denying the right of the Crown to call out the reservists when necessary.

The words vary slightly in the versions given by the different newspapers, but the substance is the same, and it is also certain that the publication was made with the consent of his Majesty.

According to the Tageblatt the Emperor-King used these words:

"I have been on the throne for sixty-four years and have reigned as constitutional King of Hungary for forty-five years. Hungary has never had a better friend than I. Now they want to take my sovereign rights from me.

"The people must trust me. If they do not, and if these resolutions are not abandoned, I shall be forced to abdicate."

Both the King and the Premier were deeply moved. The latter rose at this point and cried, "Your Majesty, for God's sake!" But the Emperor-King went on:

"This is no moment for sentimentality. I have considered the matter seriously, and have no other course left. The resolutions must be got rid of quickly and at once, otherwise it is too late."

Count Khün von Hedervåry, realizing the situation, declared that he would call a ministerial council immediately and lay its decision before the Emperor-King within twenty-four hours. The Hungarian Ministers were then summoned by telephone to Vienna, and it was decided the same night to drop the resolutions.

The Emperor-King thereupon reappointed the Khün von Hedervåry Cabinet, which has been in a state of demission for three weeks.

According to another account of the audience, given in the Neue Freie Presse, the Emperor did not actually utter the word "abdicate," but expressed its meaning by a wave of the hand.

VIENNA, March 31.—The crisis in the Hungarian Cabinet, which was ended yesterday by the Emperor-King Francis Joseph's expression of confidence in the Cabinet under the Premiership of Count Khün von Hedervåry, was the result of persistent endeavors on the part of the Hungarians to increase their parliamentary control of the National army. The direct issue concerned the King's rights to mobilize the reserves, which, Hungarian politicians contended, he could only do when Parliament had granted the recruiting contingent for the current year.

This matter is one of the highest importance to the whole empire, as, in the event of Parliamentary obstruction preventing the passage of the recruiting levy, the King would be unable to call out the reserves as a substitute for the recruits were the Hungarians' contention admitted.

The King has always been conciliatory and anxious to avoid unnecessary trouble, but upon everything connected with his army he takes a determined stand.

In the present instance his Majesty's attitude had an immediate influence upon the Hedervåry Cabinet, which yielded the point at issue, but it is less likely to affect political leaders like Count Apponyi and Francis Kossuth, who are the real heads of the movement to make the army more subservient to Parliamentary control.

FIND 12 DINOSAURS IN UTAH.

Dr. Holland of Carnegie Institute Calls It Greatest Discovery Made.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., March 31.—Dr. W. J. Holland, Director of the Carnegie Institute Museum, who is accounted the highest authority in this country on the diplodocus and dinosaur, has just received news of paleontological discoveries in Utah. Dr. Holland is known for his work abroad in mounting the replicas of the frame of the gigantic Diplodocus Carnegii which Andrew Carnegie presented to the King of England, Emperor of Germany, Czar of Russia, the Kings of Italy and Spain, and the Austrian Emperor, the doctor each time being decorated with orders.

The doctor learns that strippings in a quarry near Jansen, Utah, have revealed the existence of three or four fossil dinosaurs of huge size, which appear to be lying undisturbed. Up to the present time the work of excavating has disclosed nearly a dozen skeletons, one-half of which are practically perfect, all the bones lying in place. Dr. Holland says it is the greatest collection of sauropod dinosaurs which has ever been found in the history of paleontology.

The quarry, which is under the supervision of Dr. Holland, is nine miles north of Jansen. The bone level now reached is in the bed of an old river, where cobblestones and shells abound with the sand covering. It would seem that the mammoth animals laid down in the river and a flood blanketed them with stones and sand.

No connoisseur omits Angostura Bitters in punches and fancy drinks.—Adv.

[redacted]n fro[redacted] people of every nation.”

[redacted] Ice Barrier.

The [redacted] says:

“Th[redacted]eft Christchurch, New Ze[redacted]10, 1911, its object bei[redacted]posed, to pick up Capt. [redacted]n, which had left its W[redacted]on the dash for the pol[redacted]nd was expected back [redacted]th.

“The news [redacted] is spending another W[redacted]rctic regions will not [redacted]ho are in possession of [redacted]ion as to his intentions. [redacted]sible that he has becom[redacted] with Capt. Amundsen's e[redacted]determined to attempt [redacted]y across the ice barrier, [redacted] a side almost opposite t[redacted] he started his journey.

“If this be the case, the[redacted] has probably received ins[redacted] the effect that Capt. Scott[redacted] met at some fixed date a[redacted] on the barrier opposite Graha[redacted] and not far south of Cape Horn[redacted].

“It will be remembered tha[redacted] German explorer, Lieut. Filchne[redacted] operating from that side, and pos[redacted] (always supposing that the suggest[redacted] now put forward be accurate) that t[redacted] two parties may meet.”

The Daily News says:

“The one thing now certain is that the honor of being the first man to arrive at the south pole belongs to Capt. Amundsen. It is evident from the slow progress of Capt. Scott's party in its southern dash that unexpected difficulties were encountered. It is significant that a message from the Central News special correspondent at Christchurch, N. Z., on May 31 last year contained a hint of failure. The message contained the following passages:

“‘Capt. Scott is making significant and important preparations for a second attempt to reach the pole should he fail to achieve his object next season.’

The Ponies a Failure?

[redacted] transp[redacted] question, a[redacted]ch is causing Capt. Scott[redacted]ngs. His ponies when l[redacted]he Tera Nova at Cape Eva[redacted]ood condition, considering [redacted] had gone through, but [redacted] entirely dependent upon[redacted] and should any of them [redacted]ing Winter, he would be [redacted]icapped and would probab[redacted]al.’

“In fact, s[redacted]s the explorer that h[redacted]rations for the event of [redacted] advice he arranged for the [redacted] of trained Indian transport mules, which have done wonderful work in Tibet and on the Northwest frontier at very high altitudes and under conditions of extreme cold and difficulty. He also arranged for sending out trained dogs from Siberia.

“Although the message ended as follows, ‘It must not be supposed from the foregoing that the members of the expedition are in any way pessimistic,’ it is now evident from this message that failure was anticipated beforehand, and that the cause of the failure was the ponies.”

Pole Not the Only Object.

The Standard says:

“Capt. Amundsen reached the south pole on Dec. 14, but Capt. Scott was still 150 miles from the pole on Jan. 3. Ten miles a day is the rate of progress usually allowed, and if he succeeded he would have done so on or about Jan. 18, more than a month later than Amundsen. It should be remembered that whereas the sole object of the Norwegian was a dash for the pole Scott had a scientific mission in view, and his researches would naturally be carried out in a thorough and organized manner.”

The Standard points out that a secondary aim of Scott's expedition was an effort to discover the gold-bearing strata which are supposed to exist in the antarctic, and which, it is thought, could be worked as easily as those of Alaska.

The Daily Telegraph says:

“Capt. Scott has so far failed to reach the south pole, and the honor of that great achievement must therefore remain to the credit of Capt. Amundsen. Capt. Scott's reputation, however, is not likely to suffer from this temporary failure, because no one can doubt that it was by his earlier enterprise that the way to the pole was paved. He laid the foundations for the later expeditions of Shackleton and Amundsen, and probably those gentlemen will be the first to acknowledge their debt to the British naval officer.

“From the very beginning Capt. Scott made no secret of the fact that his real mission was not so much a dash to the south pole and a speedy return to civilization as [redacted]entific investigation o[redacted] lands surrounding tha[redacted] news that he has decided [redacted] another Winter in the an[redacted]theless comes as a surprise[redacted] was understood that he wa[redacted] turn about the middle of Ma[redacted]sumably he established dep[redacted] which he can carry out further [redacted]tions, and no doubt the Terra N[redacted] go back as soon as the antar[redacted] breaks up with fresh stores of su[redacted].

“Apparently none of the scie[redacted] members of the expedition arrive[redacted] Akaroa in the vessel, which has [redacted] brought to New Zealand by her na[redacted]gating crew.”

Denies a Race to the Pole.

In a letter to THE TIMES, written, of course, before the receipt of to-day's news, Sir Clements Markham, ex-President of the Royal Geographical Society, attempts to put an end to the popular idea that there has been a race between Capts. Amundsen and Scott. He says:

“As the originator of the antarctic exploration by land in 1893 I am anxious to point out that there has been no race to the pole. All that could be done by ships has been done by Cook, Ross, Biscoe, Balleny, Dumont, Durville, and Wilkes. I therefore held that discovery in the antarctic continent must be achieved by land, and that the course was south. I also held that a revision of the discoveries of Ballenz, Durville, and Wilkes was most important.

“The first great work was undertaken by the Royal and the Royal Geographical societies, and the commander was most carefully selected. Scott is the founder of antarctic sledge traveling, the only means by which the work can be done. His expedition was a great and memorable success, but the work in the direction selected could not be completed in one expedition.

“It was always Capt. Scott's desire to complete the work so admirably commenced as soon as the exigencies of his profession would admit of his sparing the time. He now commands a thoroughly equipped second expedition, the great object of which is to complete his former work, including a journey to the south pole.

“I believe he intended to reach that position at the best time for observations with theodolite, at mid-Summer, and I have no doubt that he has done so. It was part of an admirably conceived scheme of scientific research.

“There was no question of racing or conquering. The grand object was very far from that. It was valuable research in every branch of science.

“Capt. Amundsen's plan was different. He conceived the idea of making a dash for the south pole without Capt. Scott's knowledge, and his presence was only found out by the Terra Nova arriving where he landed. Capt. Scott knew nothing about it until his return from his great depot journey late in the Autumn. His plans were then all matured, and Capt. Amundsen's scheme, if he had known what it was, would not have affected them in the slightest degree.

“Capt. Scott would, I believe, wish success to my friend Amundsen, as I did, but there was no race.”

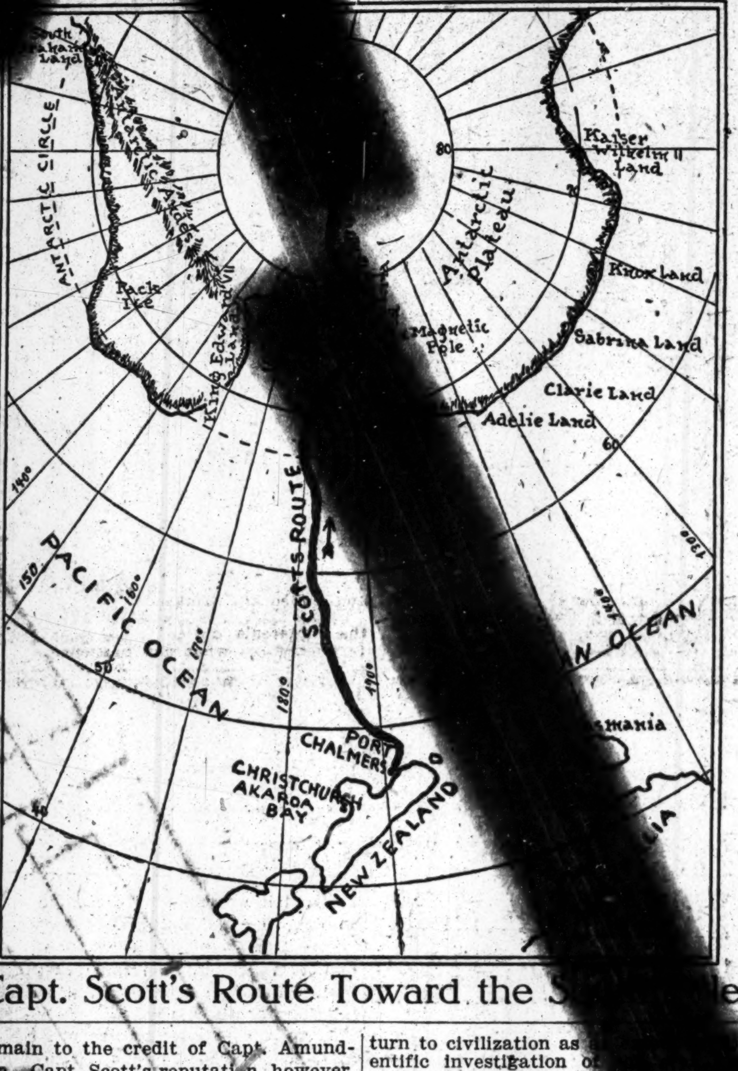
Scenes at the Start of the Scott Expedition.

[redacted]PT SCOTT[redacted] ABOARD THE [redacted]ERRA NO[redacted]

MEMBERS OF ANTARCTIC CREW AGAIN WITH SCOTT

THE TERRA NOVA LEAVING THE THAMES

CAPT SCOTT ADDRESSING THE CREW OF THE TERRA NOVA.



Capt. Scott's Route Toward the S[redacted]le.

SCOTT WAS A MONTH BEHIND AMUNDSEN

Cyrus C. Adams Figures That British Explorer Couldn't Reach Pole Before Jan. 13.

EQUIPMENT A HANDICAP

Heavier and More Cumbersome Than the Norwegian's, but Better for Scientific Work.

By CYRUS C. ADAMS
Of the American Geographical Society.

Capt. Amundsen reached the pole on Dec. 14, 1911, and on Jan. 3, 1912, Capt. Scott was still 150 miles from it. If Scott followed Shackleton's route he had, when last heard from, scarcely passed out of the great Beardmore Glacier and the mountains that made Shackleton's progress in this part of [redacted] journey southward very slow. Scott [redacted] still about fifty miles north of the [redacted]hest south attained by Shackleton. [redacted] equipment was heavier and more [redacted]ous than that of Amundsen; but [redacted]g that he was able to progress [redacted]he pole at Amundsen's rate, [redacted] fifteen miles a day for the [redacted]ays, Scott, if he succeeded [redacted] the pole, could not have arrived [redacted] till Jan. 13, or thirty [redacted]undsen reached his goal. [redacted]ractically a month behi[redacted]rian in the race for the [redacted] of the earth.

O[redacted]erfectly certain that when [redacted] message north his face [redacted]oward. It is not difficul[redacted] was anxious to get news[redacted] proceeding further on hi[redacted]e high ice plateau aroun[redacted].

Capt. Scott[redacted] had good luck, could not reach the pole till about Jan. 13, 1912. In 1903 h[redacted] Winter quarters at McMu[redacted] Feb. 19 for New Zealand[redacted]en at that date he had t[redacted]el out of the ice to get aw[redacted]ormation that Scott on [redacted] still bound for the pol[redacted] away from it, has been [redacted]itted, Scott knew when h[redacted] that there was no possib[redacted]uld go to the pole and r[redacted] Sound in time to reach[redacted] before her return north[redacted] forward and conquer th[redacted] in time to send news o[redacted] that the world would kn[redacted] another antarctic Sum[redacted] around.

But if he sent no word [redacted] friends and the world wou[redacted] nothing of his fate for many [redacted]. Everybody will be glad that [redacted] this news, for, although there wi[redacted]urally be much solicitude as t[redacted] later fortunes, the world knows [redacted] least that he was safe on Jan. 3 [redacted] and at that time was within strikin[redacted] distance of the pole.

It is to be supposed, of course, that he had plenty of food in cachés for his return to McMurdo Sound, for he would not have ventured further south at the risk of perishing of starvation on his way back to Ross Sea. As a matter of fact, he would not have much time to spare to reach the pole and get back to McMurdo Sound before the close of the Autumn sledging. Practically no sledge work has been done in the antarctic after the early part of April. To-day there is only a brief hour or so of sunshine at McMurdo Sound, and the mercury is likely, any time, to fall to extremely low temperatures. Three weeks from now the sun will have disappeared entirely from the McMurdo Sound region, not to be seen there again for four months.

Probably all antarctic authorities had very little expectation that anything would be heard from Scott or the Terra Nova this season unless the vessel returned to New Zealand by April 1, and, in fact, none of the antarctic exploring ships has ever returned to civilization so late as that. It was thought that Shackleton was rather late coming home when he dropped anchor at New Zealand on March 22.

Of course the Terra Nova will bring much news from the explorers about the progress of their work, and no antarctic party was ever more splendidly fitted out for scientific research than that which Scott led to McMurdo Bay. Scott's plans, however, for a very early start on the south pole sledge trip were probably found impracticable.

It was his intention, if possible, to start on the southern journey by Oct. 1. Amundsen has already told us how fearfully cold the weather was when that month came in. He started south in September, but the cold became greater than his dogs could endure, and he had to return to his Winter camp at Framheim. It was not till Oct. 20 that Amundsen finally left his camp for his successful dash to the pole. There can be no doubt that Scott was similarly delayed in his southern march.

Amundsen had the good fortune to find ideal sledging conditions on the east side of the great Ross Barrier ice, and his progress southward was very rapid. Similar conditions have never been found on the western side of the barrier ice, where Scott and Shackleton made their southern journeys. On Scott's first trip he found the ice crevassed and broken and the snow deep. When Shackleton made his brilliant journey he kept further away from the south-trending coast and found the conditions better, but not comparable with those which Amundsen, on the same ice but about 300 miles further east, was able to improve. Judging from the brief report now at hand, even if Scott started southward by the middle of October, his progress must have been not much more than half as rapid as that of Amundsen.

Whatever the scientific results of his expedition, he will be very fortunate if he is able to add much information to what we already know about the region of Antarctica where his sledge routes lie. Both he and Shackleton had already revealed much of this region, and [redacted] was not Scott's expectation to de[redacted]ate far from Shackleton's track in his [redacted]t for the pole. It is entirely prob[redacted] however, if fair luck attends him, [redacted] we shall hear, before this year is [redacted]at he has been to the south pole, [redacted] may expect, with considerable [redacted]ce, to learn that, in his do[redacted]ure scientific research, his ex[redacted] will come home richly laden [redacted].

[redacted] it is pleasant to know that [redacted]wegian competitor has been [redacted]ly successful. The more [redacted]ork is studied the greater [redacted] has not only been the [redacted]th pole, but the discov[redacted] the way there—dis[redacted]cend of mountains and [redacted] the probability that Am[redacted] great continent instead of [redacted]ore land masses, as some geog[redacted]s have inferred. Amundsen has also discovered over 400 miles of new coast line, and seems to have practically determined the extent of the Ross Ice Barrier. Each of these additions to geographical knowledge will rank among discoveries of large importance.

HOW SCOTT PLANNED HIS POLAR JOURNEY

Had Three Means of Transportation—Motor Sledges, Ponies and Dogs.

58 MEN ON EXPEDITION

Started South from New Zealand Nov. 29, 1910—Had Planned Polar Dash for December, 1911.

Capt. R. F. Scott, at the head of the best-equipped expedition that ever set out to find the south pole, sailed southward from Port Chalmers, near Christchurch, New Zealand, on Nov. 29, 1910. The ship was the well-tried Terra Nova, which had left London on the first day of the previous June. Capt. Scott joined the party at Christchurch, and they sailed due south into Ross Sea. In the first days of the following January they forced their way into McMurdo Sound and established Winter quarters on Cape Evans.

Capt. Scott's party consisted of fifty-eight officers and men. There were thirty-five dogs, nineteen ponies, two rabbits, and two cats. In addition to these, the Terra Nova, when sailing south again last December, took fourteen Siberian dogs, seven Indian Government transport mules, and an old cat, Nigger.

The plans of the expedition had been most carefully laid, and the news of the party which came in January, 1911, shows that the first steps had been carried out almost item for item. This was the programme of the expedition, as given out at the time of sailing:

“The party will leave New Zealand the last of November and reach McMurdo Sound, the main base of the expedition, about the end of January.

“In January, 1911, twenty-two men will land to form a western party. They will land their hut, provisions, and equipment and establish a Winter station.

“At the end of January, 1911, the western party will go to the southward to lay depots.

“At the end of February the western party will have established a system of depots south of the Great Barrier.

“In the third week in January the Terra Nova will leave McMurdo Sound and go eastward to explore King Edward VII. Land, a small eastern party being landed with full supplies and transportation facilities.

“In the third week of February 1911, the ship will go northward and investigate the pack in the region of the Balleny Islands, lying to the north of the base and just within the Antarctic Circle.

“In April, 1911, the Terra Nova returns to New Zealand, and in May, June, July, August, and September, 1911, the expedition remains in Winter quarters.

“In October, 1911, the dash to the pole begins.

“In October and November the expedition traverses the great ice barrier and ascends the glacier.

“Early in December, 1911, the expedition reaches the upper plateau. On or about Dec. 22, 1911, it is hoped that the south pole will be reached.

“March, 1912 arrive back at New Zealand or Australia.”

Letters from Scott and Pennell.

Looking back at this programme it will appear that the Terra Nova was expected at New Zealand in April, 1911, and she did arrive there on schedule, bringing the last news that the civilized world had of Scott's party before the dash for the pole. She brought letters from Capt. Scott and Lieut. H. L. L. Pennell, in charge of the magnetic and meteorological work of the expedition, dated Jan. 25, 1911, and therefore it is possible to give a history of the party up to within a little more than a year ago.

Capt. Scott wrote that the Terra Nova, after encountering heavy storms on the voyage south, had reached the open water of Ross Sea on Dec. 30, 1910. On Jan. 3 they reached Cape Crozier, though heavy gales prevented a landing. Cape Evans was decided upon for Winter quarters. The work of landing the stores was found very arduous, and a distance of a mile and a half of sea and ice had to be traversed. The transfer of the stores was effected in a week, with one serious loss, that of one of the motor sledges, which fell through a hole in the ice and sank. A house was built and put into condition within a fortnight, providing accommodations for the men, fifteen ponies, thirty dogs, and one of the rabbits.

“The situation is a comfortable one,” wrote Capt. Scott, “and very convenient for scientific work. We have already obtained a rich biological collection.” The men and animals of the expedition were all reported well.

Members of the Party.

This is the revised list of officers, staff, and men of the Scott expedition:

Capt. R. F. Scott, C. V. O., R. N., commanding expedition, western party.
Lieut. E. R. G. Evans, R. N., second in command, western party.
Dr. E. A. Wilson chief of scientific staff, zoologist and artist, western party.
Lieut. V. L. A. Campbell, R. N., leader of the eastern party.
Lieut. H. L. L. Pennell, R. N., magnetic and meteorological work in the Terra Nova.
Lieut. H. E. de P. Rennick, R. N., Terra Nova.
Lieut. H. R. Bowers, (Royal Indian Marine,) western party.
Lieut. W. M. Bruce, R. N. R., Terra Nova.
Surgeon G. M. Levick, doctor, zoologist, &c., eastern party.
Surgeon E. L. Atkinson, R. N., doctor, bacteriologist and parasitologist.
F. R. H. Drake, R. N., Secretary, Terra Nova.
C. H. Meares, charge of ponies and dogs, western party.
Capt. L. E. G. Oates, Inniskillen Dragoons, charge of ponies and dogs western party.
Dr. G. C. Simpson, physicist, western party.
T. Griffith Taylor, geologist, western party.
Frank Debenham, geologist, western party.
F. W. Nelson, biologist, western party.
D. G. Lillie, biologist, Terra Nova.
A. Cherry Garrard, assistant zoologist, western party.
H. G. Ponting, photographer, western party. (Ponting's photographs are world famous.)
B. C. Day, motor engineer, western party.
R. E. Pristley, (of Bristol,) geologist, eastern party.
C. S. Wright, chemist, western party.
T. Gran, assistant, western party.
A. Cheetham, boatswain, Terra Nova.
W. Williams, chief engine room artificer, R. N., engineer Terra Nova.
W. Lashley, chief stoker, R. N., assistant to motor engineer, [redacted]
W. Archer, chie[redacted] Nova.
William A. Ho[redacted]m artificer, R. N., second eng[redacted]va.
Petty Officer, [redacted]N., seaman, western party.
Petty Officer R. [redacted]eaman, western party.
Petty Officer T[redacted]., seaman, western party.
Petty Officer T[redacted]R. N., seaman, Terra Nova.
Petty Officer F[redacted]., seaman, Terra Nova.
Petty Officer, P[redacted], seaman, western party.
Petty Officer Arthur [redacted]R. N., seaman, Terra Nova.
Petty Officer G. P. Abbott, R. N., seaman, eastern party.
Petty Officer F. V. Browning, R. N., seaman, eastern party.
Able Seaman, H. [redacted] seaman, eastern party.
Able Seaman W. [redacted]Nova.
Able Seaman J. [redacted]a.
Able Seaman J. H. [redacted]Nova.
Leading Seaman [redacted] N.
Thomas McGillion, [redacted] Nova.
Thomas F. McLeod[redacted] Nova.
Shipwright F. E. C[redacted]carpenter, Terra Nova.
Leading Stoker R[redacted] N., fireman, Terra Nova.
Leading Stoker E. [redacted] N., fireman, Terra Nova.
Stoker W. Burton[redacted] Nova.
Steward T. Clisso[redacted]
Steward F. Hoope[redacted]
Steward W. H. N[redacted]
Angus McDonald, [redacted]
J. McCarthy, sea[redacted]
Groom, Anton L[redacted] party.
Dog driver, Demet[redacted]
Able Seaman J. L[redacted]
Able Seaman Jam[redacted]
William McDonal[redacted]

Scott's Tra[redacted]

Capt. Scott's use [redacted]pment he explained in his own words. A most important part of it was the motor sledges. They were powerful [redacted] which had been thoroughly te[redacted]y and had been found cap[redacted]ing two to three and a half [redacted]gorous conditions. Capt. S[redacted]

“My plans for th[redacted]m King Edward VII. Land [redacted] use of three means of [redacted]ponies, dogs, and motors. [redacted] will be taken in sufficient [redacted]sure an adequate amount [redacted]taken to the base of the g[redacted]

“A dog team wi[redacted]men will transport the load[redacted]cier surface and a picked [redacted]and dogs will make the fi[redacted]s the inland ice sheet.

“Motor sledges [redacted]ain agent in the transporta[redacted]erefore, if the party reache[redacted]e glacier there can be littl[redacted] will ascend it, and thu[redacted]ties of the further [redacted]

“If it fails t[redacted] men will, at le[redacted]an, relieve the poni[redacted]eights, and increase [redacted] the return journey.”

PEARY E[redacted]CCESS.

Believes Scot[redacted]ed the Pole —Hopes[redacted]e Data.

Special [redacted] *Times.*

WASHINGT[redacted]31.—Admiral Peary, whe[redacted] from New Zealand givi[redacted]pt. Scott was read to him[redacted] the following comment:

“I am ver[redacted]r from Scott, and await with [redacted]uller details of his work. The dispatch appears to indicate three things:

“First, that Scott [redacted]d the pole.

“Second, that he [redacted]essentially the same speed and [redacted]Shackleton, who on Jan. 9, 1909, [redacted] miles from the pole.

“Third, that Amu[redacted] the priority.

“Scott will undo[redacted]xt season bring home a large [redacted]le amount of scientific mater[redacted]servations from his two years'[redacted]antarctic.”

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SAFE DE[redacted]ULTS
O[redacted]
J. ADAMS B[redacted]President
JOHN P. MU[redacted]ice-Pres.
C. J. BEARD [redacted] Cashier
U. M. FLEISC[redacted]ice-Pres.
H. I. STEVEN[redacted] Cashier

[redacted]nox [redacted]ats
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Knox Building[redacted]
5th Ave[redacted]
[redacted] Building.

Andrew Alexa[redacted]der

You will find here the correct and com[redacted]footwear for your Easter Holiday, wherever you ch[redacted]pend it

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A very large stock o[redacted]ng Shoes for misses, girls and[redacted] children.

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THE POLICY

Tear down something—blow something up—wreck something. Thus has the voice of the people been interpreted by some politicians—some office holders—some candidates for office. This may affect business generally, but it cannot affect the fact that as New York's population increases values of property within easy distance of New York increase automatically. Especially is this true of Long Beach, New York's last availabl[redacted] frontage.

Estates of LONG BEACH, Z[redacted]
W. H. Reynolds, Pre[redacted]

SCOTT'S EXPEDITI[redacted] AS AID TO SCIE[redacted]

British Explorer Was Splen[redacted] Equipped with Instruments [redacted] Gathering All Valuable Data Possible.

HAD A PICTURE MACHI[redacted]

Tried to Make the Pole on Dec. [redacted] When the Sun Was Best for Long Observations.

While the resolve to reach the south[redacted]ole was the first and foremost consid[redacted]ration in the mind of Capt. R. F.[redacted] when he undertook the expedition.[redacted] was also the purpose to add as[redacted] as he possibly could to our present k[redacted]edge of the antarctic. Even to deter[redacted] the location of the pole is an ach[redacted]ment requiring a high degree of a[redacted]racy. Capt. Scott took with him for [redacted] purpose especially constructed four-[redacted] theodolites, with which it was possi[redacted] to ascertain the location of the p[redacted] within a mile.

The plans of the expedition were rea[redacted] worked out backward, for the first con[redacted]sideration was to reach the pole on o[redacted] about Dec. 22, when the sun achieves it[redacted] maximum altitude. On that day the su[redacted] would be at an altitude of about 23 degrees, and it would have been possible for the Captain and his party to follow it for twenty-four hours without noting any perceptible difference.

The branches of scientific research which the party intended to undertake were geology, meteorology, gravity, and ice formation. The last is a new study, and Capt. Scott's party expected that the ice formations could tell their history as clearly to the initiated as the rock formations to the geologist.

The scientific staff was headed by Dr. E. A. Wilson, a zoologist and artist. Lieut. H. L. L. Pennell, who returned in the Terra Nova in April, 1911, to New Zealand, was in charge of the meteorological work of the party. He has already sent some of the results of his survey along the great ice barrier and a description of the ice formations which he encountered proceeding northward along the coast from McMurdo Sound.

The Terra Nova followed the great wall of ice as far as 170th meridian west longitude and noted that it had changed little in appearance since the former Scott expedition in 1902. The explorers returned along the barrier, as no landing place could be found, until they reached the Bay of Whales, which is at longitude 164 west, where they encountered Amundsen. Here it was discovered that Balloon Bight, which had been noted previously, had broken away entirely and that the waters of the vicinity had been merged into the Bay of Whales.

Pennell's party then proceeded on an exploring cruise to the east of Cape North with the purpose of investigating the pack in the vicinity of the Balleny Islands. They reported that they found the pack immediately south of the [illegible], but on Feb. 28, a mountainous land was discovered at about 69.[illegible] and 163.20 E. The party was unable to approach nearer than twelve miles of the shore line, but they followed the coast line northwestward for a distance of thirty miles—a hilly and rugged coast bearing marks of many glaciers. The higher land was obscured by low clouds and heavy mists.

During this trip many soundings were taken and the biologists of the party are reported to have found excellent trawling at a depth of 200 fathoms.

The photographic work of the expedition was given great attention. Herbert G. Ponting, F. R. G. S., a famous photographer, is in charge of this work, which is considered one of first importance in an expedition of this sort. Mr. Ponting has traveled twice around the world and his photographs of some twenty countries are well known. Cameras of metal, light and strong in construction, were made for the sledging trips.

Two moving-picture machines were taken along, one of them said to be the most powerful yet devised. The equipment included all accessories for developing the plates, and a dark room was built as a part of Winter quarters.

A stock of plates was taken for making antarctic views in natural colors, and the expedition was equipped for rapid work in telephoto-photography, photo-micrographs, and for flashlight work. The apparatus also included a projecting lantern for making slides for examination during the long night.

The personnel included, besides the two scientists mentioned, Dr. G. M. Levick, zoologist; Dr. E. L. Atkinson, bacteriologist and parasitologist; Dr. G. C. Simpson, physicist; T. G. Taylor, and Frank Debenham and R. E. Priestley, geologists; E. W. Nelson and D. G. Lillie, biologists; A. C. Garrard, assistant zoologist, and C. S. Wright, chemist. All these specialists had their work cut out for them and will add their reports to the story of the expedition.

A general survey of the observation made by Capt. Scott's first expedition in the Discovery takes up about 100 pages of his book on that voyage. The geological observation brought out many new discoveries to which others will doubtless be added. The appendix on the fauna of the antarctic is written by Dr. Wilson, who heads the scientific stall on the present expedition and treats of the whales, seals, and birds of Ross Sea and South Victoria Land.

The chief points of geographical interest which the present expedition, like the first, has taken upon itself to explore, are the great ice barrier, the western mountains, and the volcanic regions. The instructions given to Capt. Scott by the Royal Geographical Society at the time of the former expedition were explicit and directed him to take meteorological observations every two hours, to pay especial attention to magnetic observations, to gain an accurate knowledge of the depth and nature of the ice caps, to make deep sea sounding wherever possible with serial temperatures and samples of the sea water, and to make collections of biological and geological specimens. With such experiments and observations the voyage of the Terra Nova was also to concern itself with added study of gravity and ice formations.

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BOOKLET ON REQUEST

HAPPY CHANCE MADE SCOTT AN EXPLORER

Captain's Sister Tells of Romantic Meeting That Turned Current of His Life.

MARKHAM ASKED HIS HELP

Qualities of Her Strong Brother in Calm and in Danger Depicted with Loving Touches.

By MONSIE SCOTT,

[redacted]tten for THE NEW YORK TIMES by the [redacted] Sister of Capt. Robt. F. Scott.

[redacted]w that we are soon expecting news o[redacted]hat brave band of explorers in the [redacted]ields of the southern hemisphere, [redacted]e may be interested to read a few [redacted]s about the life of the leader, a [redacted]who now for the second time has [redacted] the untold hardships that ant-[redacted]work involves in quest of scientific [redacted]dge.

[redacted] Robert Falcon Scott, C. V. O., R. [redacted] whom I write, is a man born to [redacted] He is a man of great physical [redacted] untiring, fearless, with a strik-[redacted]nality that exudes vitality and [redacted] Yet withal one feels that here [redacted] of caution. He is never rashly [redacted] or headstrong, as he has too [redacted]ideration and sympathy to take [redacted]y risks, though if occasion de-[redacted]e will take any risk to attain [redacted]or end. This is clearly shown [redacted] who has perused his extraor-[redacted]ple but thrilling book, "The [redacted]he Discovery."

[redacted]t is a sailor and one of the [redacted]t our British Navy has ever [redacted]ough I need not say that [redacted]ing forward a very strong [redacted] Capt. Scott entered the Royal [redacted]n 1883. He passed out of the Bri-[redacted] three years after with only aver-[redacted]inction, as he had measles during [redacted] term. While a cadet on board [redacted]ning ship, he showed signs of [redacted]p, for he was chosen as one of [redacted]Captains of his team from among [redacted]s. These Captains are the ones [redacted]e themselves the most popular [redacted] at sports as leaders.

[redacted]g the Britannia he was sent to [redacted]f Good Hope station and from [redacted]ned after three years, tall and [redacted] manly, having outgrown all [redacted] which had reached a grievous [redacted]next station was the Pacific [redacted]n there he returned a man, a [redacted] the service and ready qual-[redacted] up his special course of

[redacted] good record, being a four, [redacted]o man in his examinations, [redacted]d to choose the subject he [redacted]alize in and chose torpedo [redacted]tely qualifying, he was [redacted] to one ship after an-[redacted] the usual course that is [redacted] of his standing.

[redacted]oint of His Career.

[redacted]been eight years a Lieute[redacted]ained his extra stripe he was app[redacted]edo Lieutenant to H. M. [redacted] first-class battleship. Her[redacted] men of the highest prom[redacted]. Sir H. Stephenson was [redacted]nce Louis of Battenberg[redacted]is time was to prove the [redacted] his career.

Here[redacted]g a group of keen arctic[redacted]n who had served under[redacted]MacClintock in the expedition[redacted] the Northwest Passage. [redacted] after Capt. Scott's appoin[redacted] Egerton, now Sir George [redacted]eeded Prince Louis as Ca[redacted]jestic. He is very much [redacted]ith all exploration work [redacted] of the north has always [redacted] so he is an enthusiast[redacted]

Now [redacted]g point in Capt. Scott's [redacted] about in a truly romantic[redacted]t. Scott's family were at [redacted]ery great trouble. Several [redacted] loss of money had left [redacted]nd now only son, in the p[redacted] to help his people. He [redacted]e responsibility, as he alw[redacted]nd, knowing well that a [redacted] in the Royal Navy adm[redacted]in, he came up to London [redacted] means he could augment it[redacted]lly better matters.

Strolling [redacted]ets of London he ran by [redacted]that great old man, Sir Cl[redacted], at this time Chairman o[redacted]ographical Society. Sir [redacted]gnized Capt. Scott as a [redacted]whom he had always been [redacted]rested, when he had stay[redacted]'s (Admiral Markham's) [redacted] him with great warmth.

Sir Clements'[redacted]nd aim was to get up an [redacted] to explore the little-known[redacted]nent. This object he had [redacted]his time to the extent tha[redacted]eing constructed, to be [redacted]very, for the purpose of [redacted] and the scientific staff [redacted]pointed—thanks to the he[redacted]'s funds and a great am[redacted] help in money matters.

Sir Clements, lik[redacted]have an intimate knowledg[redacted] Navy, was anxious to hav[redacted]n command of the ship, [redacted]omised by the Admiralty th[redacted] When by chance he met [redacted]as he then was, Lieut. R.[redacted]mpetuously seized his ar[redacted] and unfolded his plans, [redacted]ame time, he suggested t[redacted] apply for the post.

The latter demurred[redacted]eanings to that sort of w[redacted]othing about it. However, [redacted]ell-paying job was necessary, [redacted]e that did not interfere with his naval career, and on the plea that one name [redacted] to the list of applicants would [redacted] matter, he sent his in with[redacted] hope of being successful.

To his great [redacted] was chosen. He had ev[redacted], was the right age, just [redacted]strong, well built man, sta[redacted]nches, who had had no wo[redacted]n an attack of measles a[redacted]h of Maltese fever. He [redacted]n to undertake the strenu[redacted]ch a position.

In Training f[redacted]

Now he entered o[redacted] real work of his life. To p[redacted]conquest of the antarctic[redacted]'s arduous work of prepa[redacted]of him. This was probabl[redacted]ar in many senses of all [redacted]. It meant mostly office [redacted]a place abhorred by the h[redacted], who craves fresh air an[redacted]ever, it was almost the[redacted] part of the expedition, fo[redacted] success or failure in the [redacted] Scott set about it with [redacted] judgment he has proved t[redacted] a very great extent.

He had by now begun to[redacted] over this new, and what h[redacted] such a short time before [redacted] scheme. He set to work w[redacted] had to master all the det[redacted]ioning such an expedition f[redacted] preparing the outfit and [redacted] necessaries for the landing [redacted]

He had also a more diffic[redacted] namely, to settle on his staff[redacted]perienced explorer this must [redacted] sufficiently arduous task, an[redacted]much more so to a young naval officer who had nothing of previous experience to go on. He was supported by much well meant and good advice, tendered on all sides, by old and young, experienced, able, and intellectual men, and had to sift all this himself.

The trying difficulties were increased at this time by the fact that a leader had already been appointed for the expedition—a very able scientist quite unaccustomed to exploration, who had been appointed to direct landing operations and the whole affairs of the expedition. This left Capt. Scott as a cipher on the ship he commanded to go where and when a non-nautical man directed.

The position, of course, was untenable for Capt. Scott, and the Royal Geographical Society, who number so many arctic explorers among their members, saw the force of this argument and finally decided that Capt. Scott must take supreme command, as he was responsible for the safety of men and ship, and this led to the retirement of the scientist.

From no[redacted] preparations went more smoothly, [redacted] hour work[redacted] remained [redacted] was not a[redacted]

MISS MONSIE SCOTT.

whom one has to live in closest fellowship for three years. The Admiralty was generous and allowed three of its officers in addition to the leader and about twenty bluejackets and petty officers to join the expedition. These were mostly men who had sailed in the same ship as Capt. Scott, and were known by him. So by now he had got together a staff who proved themselves in every way worthy of his choice by their achievements and characters, and he had proved his capacity of judging men.

The last month was devoted to the final storing of the Discovery with all the necessary equipment for a stay of three years in the antarctic, far from any kind of civilization. At the time when Capt. Scott first went there, in 1900, it was not known that any food of any kind could be obtained there. This, he found later, was not the case. Seals, penguins, and skua gulls provide good fresh food.

Off for the Antarctic.

On the 28th of July, 1900, the expedition was ready to start from the Thames. The ship had a very enthusiastic send-off, and as one watched the leader standing on the bridge as she slowly made her way from the East India Dock one realized that that boyish young face meant work, and if humanly possible, success, too.

The Discovery, a wooden whaler, built for the expedition, made its way to Portsmouth and Cowes, where honors now began to come to Capt. Scott. His ship was honored by a farewell visit from King Edward and Queen Alexandra, during which the leader received a decoration from his Majesty, being made a member of the Victorian Order. On the morning of Aug. 5, a windy, sunny day, one sees him again take command of the ship and start for New Zealand amid a following crowd of yachts and boats, all dipping their penants as the ship sailed from among them on its way to the Southern seas.

In spite of many difficulties the ship arrived safely at Cape Town, and now Capt. Scott had to show his character of leader and weed out some members of the crew. There had been a case of insubordination on board during the voyage south, so Capt. Scott dismissed the offenders and wired to the society that he had done so.

This was an unexpected proceeding on his part, as the chief offender was a man picked by the Royal Geographical Society for his knowledge of ice work. He was a whaler by profession. Capt. Scott now advertised for some one to replace the dismissed man and had several hundred applications from the bluejackets in the fleet stationed there. He was already well known as a smart officer and a good man to follow.

From there the ship went on to New Zealand, having a rough time in the "roaring 40's." Here an amusing incident occurred. The steersman, while on duty, let the ship's head swerve slightly with the result that she shipped a huge sea, which swamped everything. Tea was just being laid in the wardroom, and Capt. Scott's marine, his old domestic in the navy and now steward, with a tray of tea cups, &c., steadied himself against the wardroom door, and, in an unmoved voice, exclaimed: "Tea is served, Sir"—shipping a sea was felt to be only a minor evil.

Poleward with Forty Men.

At New Zealand Capt. Scott again had to make a change in his crew, but was again met with generous help by the Admiralty, so now, on Dec. 1, 1900, he had what he most desired, namely, his ship manned almost entirely by bluejackets accustomed to naval discipline—fine men who were to be thoroughly depended on. These with the very able scientific staff brought the ship's complement up to forty.

Much that followed can be read by any one who dips into what has been described as a fascinating classic, namely "The Voyage of the Discovery," written by Capt. Scott, but only those who know him can imagine the brain, foresight and steadfast courage that lags behind the simply written pages. In spite of manifold hardships, not the least of which was a near chance of death by starvation many times, besides innumerable narrow escapes from the most thrilling adventures, back he comes to Christchurch, older by two years, with as fine a record for courage, leadership, endurance and judgment as any man need desire, having conquered 500 miles more than any of his predecessors of the terrible snow fields, glaciers and mountains of that inhospitable region.

Next we see him back in England, the hero of the hour, with honors showered on him from all over the world. The first thing to greet him on his return was an intimation from the Admiralty that he had been raised to Post Captain's rank. This made him the youngest Captain in the navy. The next day after his arrival he was raised to be Commander of the Victorian Order by King Edward, and from that time on he was the daily recipient of medals, diplomas, letters and congratulations from every European country; I may say from all over the world.

Many persons seeing him for the first time refused to believe that this youthful looking man could possibly be the man who had organized and led such an expedition. It seemed incongruous to imagine his having done such deeds. He hardly looked any older than the day he started, except that his figure was a little less lissome and showed a development of the shoulders due to his hard work and the pulling of the sledges, but his thin, tanned face gave no indication of all the hardships and work of the past three years.

Three Months for Lectures and Book.

Now again began a very stirring time, for he was only allowed three months' leave in which to give lectures all over the British Isles and to write his book. This meant traveling all day, and often giving a lecture in one town during the afternoon and in another town in the evening. Though not a born lecturer, he acquitted himself well of the hardest job that he says he ever undertook. His first public lecture was before 7,000 people in the Albert Hall, London, a big undertaking for a sailor man, unused to public speaking.

Then his book had to be finished. One wonders how it ever was completed, but it appeared in proper time and was acclaimed on all hands by literary as well as non-literary people.

Capt. Scott had now come to the end of his leave, and returned to the navy. He was appointed to the Admiralty for work in the Intelligence Department. Here he remained for about a year, working hard socially as well at his job. For the first time in his life he experienced the position of being worshipped socially as a hero. It was an experience he appreciated for a time, until, his work being finished, he gladly went off to take command of a ship once more. Though he had thoroughly enjoyed his return to his own profession, he still had one aim and one idea only at the back of his mind. He still heard "the call of the ice."

From that time on for about six years he continued his career in the service. There was nothing apparently to prevent him from getting to the very top of his profession, but in spite of this he continued to have the haunting desire, which later developed into determination, to go back and finish his scientific work down in the south. At heart his sympathies are as much with science as with the sea. This he has proved in the manner in which he kept himself up in every branch of the work done by his staff on board the Discovery.

In 1909 he seriously turned his attention to the raising of funds to fit out another expedition, and this proved an almost superhuman task. However, with his usual perseverance he managed to raise sufficient money to justify the purchase of the Terra Nova, a whaler that has already buffeted the antarctic seas, when she went south in company with the Morning to the relief of the Discovery in 1902. Persons came forward with generous aid, but the task of collecting money for any scheme is never an easy one, and to a man of Capt. Scott's temperament, whose dislike for publicity is well known, the idea of begging, even for the cause of science, was abhorrent. It had to be done, however, if funds were to be raised, so, putting self aside, he started to work.

Volunteers Rush to Join Him.

The result of much labor was to enable him to start south in 1910 with the best-fitted expedition that ever started for those perilous shores. A crew of twenty and a scientific staff of nearly forty made up the personnel of the expedition, which sailed from Cardiff on Aug. 4, and from Dunedin, New Zealand, on Nov. 28, 1910. The immense confidence Capt. Scott inspires in his followers may be judged by the fact that all except three of his old Discovery party again volunteered to accompany him, and in the first fortnight of the expedition being formed he had over 1,000 volunteers. It took all his judgment and foresight to select the fittest men. When the Terra Nova returned to New Zealand after she had left her explorers at Hut Point, under Mount Erebus, he wrote that he felt his choice fully justified, and he had as fine a body of enthusiastic men working under him as any one could wish.

Following the example set by their leader, officers and men all turn to any manual work with good-will, if necessary. Although Capt. Scott believes in strict discipline on board his ship, he also believes that where work and hardships have to be contended with the officers and men must share alike equally. It has been proclaimed by some one that Capt. Scott leads and rules by discipline in place of affection. This is unjust, I think. That Capt. Scott inspires affection is proved by his being accompanied once again by his great friend and trusted companion, Dr. Wilson, a man of great intellectual gifts, who was artist to the Discovery expedition.

Dr. Wilson had not the same hunger for the snow plains again, but directly he heard his old friend and leader was going he gave up his home life and all the work he was engaged on for the Natural History Museum and prepared to start off once more to help conquer the south.

Three and a half years ago Capt. Scott married. Mrs. Scott is a sculptor of some repute, having much ability in catching the characteristics and likeness of the sitter. They have a fascinating son, now 2½ years old, named Peter, who is the image of his father in looks, with all his strength, vitality, and intellect, as far as one can judge in such a small person.

When Capt. Scott left he was only 8 months old, but deeply adored by his father. His first baby idea was to hug and cover up a photograph. "Keep daddy warm," he said.

After this, need any more be said about all Capt. Scott has foregone to attain his object of conquering the southern hemisphere and wresting some of its secrets from it?

Monsie Scott

HOW THE NEWS CAME.

The great difference in time between New York City and New Zealand brings about the curious situation which permits of the publication in an early edition of a Monday morning paper here of a dispatch which was filed in N[redacted] at 9:20 A. M. the same day.

As a matter of fact, the special [redacted]able to THE NEW YORK TIMES telling of the arrival of the Terra Nova, which bears date of 9:20 A. M. Monday, April 1, was received in the office of THE NEW YORK TIMES at 8:07 P. M. Sunday. At 9:20 A. M. Monday in New Zealand it was 4:50 P. M. Sunday in New York, New Zealand being sixteen hours and thirty minutes ahead of New York in standard time. The difference between 4:50 P. M., when the dispatch started, and 8:07 P. M., when it was received, is 3 hours and 17 minutes, and that represents the actual time it took the news to come from the other side of the world, via London, to New York.

The first "flash" that told of the arrival of Capt. Scott's ship in New Zealand waters was received in THE NEW YORK TIMES office at 5:08 P. M. Sunday. It was then 9:38 A. M. Monday in New Zealand. Allowing three hours for transmission, the message would have been filed at 6:38 A. M. Monday. Therefore, it follows that the Terra Nova must have arrived in port very early on the same day on which this news is published.

The difference in time between New York and points in Australia is fifteen hours, and New Zealand is one hour and a half ahead of Australia, sixteen hours and a half ahead of New York, and eleven hours and a half ahead of London.

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SAVE SEVEN AS BOAT SINKS IN RIVER FLOOD

Thousands Watch Rescue of St. Louis Family Swept Down the Mississippi.

HIGHEST RECORD AT CAIRO

Nebraskan Is Marooned in Tree in Middle of Platte River—Ice Gorge in the Mohawk.

ST. LOUIS, March 31.—Thousands of flood spectators witnessed the thrilling rescue of a family of seven from a sinking houseboat in the Mississippi River here to-day.

The houseboat, in which a man, his wife, and five children lived, was torn from its moorings by the heavy driftwood, that was carried from flood points above here. Soon after being swept into the current, the frail craft dragged over sunken snags, sprang a leak, and began to sink. Two motor boats, after fighting off the heavy drift, reached the side of the boat just as the water was sweeping over the deck. It sank within five minutes after the last occupant had stepped to safety.

The river reached 29.9 feet here to-night, a rise of 4.10 feet in the last twenty-four hours. This mark is nine-tenths of a foot below flood stage, and the water has inundated the railroad tracks along the levee. Half a dozen expensive power boats have been lost, but unless an unlooked-for rise occurs, no great damage is expected at St. Louis, except to small shipping property.

Conditions in the flooded district at Cairo are serious, and the situation is growing more grave. To-night the gauge at Cairo marks 52.5 feet, which is three-tenths of a foot higher than the river has ever risen at that point before. Both the Mississippi and Ohio are rising at Cairo, and, although the city proper can stand several feet more, anxiety is felt for the levees above and below the mouth of the Ohio.

The Drinkwater levee on the Missouri side broke to-day, despite the efforts of more than a thousand men, and to-night the water is sweeping over a three-mile stretch of levee and flooding almost the entire southeastern section of Missouri.

When it became apparent that the levee could not be saved the laborers turned their attentions to warning residents in the district, thereby saving many lives. Farmers and their families fled to safety, leaving livestock to its fate, and hundreds of head of cattle are floating toward the Gulf.

Boats carried people out of the Drinkwater district all day.

Two Iron Mountain trains were caught between the Bird's Point and Charleston floods to-day, and the passengers had to be taken off in boats. All traffic between Cairo and Charleston, Ky., has been annulled. Water covers the entire Dog's Tooth Bend territory of Illinois, and residents of this section have suffered a large loss in livestock which had to be abandoned.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 31.—It is believed that the Ohio River at Cairo, Ill., which to-night is higher than it has been since the big flood of Feb. 27, 1883, will reach 53.5 feet during Tuesday.

Advices to the Weather Bureau say that the break in the levee on the Missouri side this morning may have a tendency to check the rise at Cairo. Warnings were issued to-night for Memphis to prepare for a stage of forty-three feet or more. Engineers believe the levees will hold.

The stages were reported to-night as follows: Evansville, 43.8; Mount Vernon, 43.3; Paducah, 45.9; Cairo, 52.3; St. Louis, 29.8; Memphis, 40.4; Helena, 46.5; Vicksburg, 45; Natchez, 44.1; Baton Rouge, 32.2; Donaldsonville, 25.6, and New Orleans, 16.3 feet.

Special to The New York Times.

FREMONT, Neb., March 31.—Frank Stribbling, a duck hunter, is to-night sitting in the top of a tree two miles from shore, out in the middle of the Platte River. He has been in his precarious position since last Thursday, and must remain there until the water subsides, as all efforts to reach him have failed.

The Platte River is far outside its banks and is filled with ice cakes and such débris that a boat cannot possibly reach the marooned man. Stribbling was located through a telescope, and his friends are keeping watch of him in this manner, although they cannot communicate with him.

Stribbling went duck hunting last Thursday to an island in the Platte. While out there the flood came down the river and tore his boat from its moorings. The stream soon spread all over the country, and is five miles wide now. As the water rose, the island became inundated, and Stribbling climbed the largest tree there. He is not believed to have any food with him, and none can reach him until the water runs down, which will not be for several days.

FORT PLAIN, N. Y., March 31.—Considerable anxiety was felt in this section to-night over the rapid rise of the Mohawk River. A threatening ice gorge had formed below Canajoharie, three miles east of here, which was being dynamited to-night. The rainfall has been heavy.

ANNOUNCE THEIR SEPARATION

Charles P. Barton and His Wife Sign an Agreement to Part.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., March 31.—It became known to-day that Charles P. Barton and his wife, Mrs. Margaret Barton, of New Rochelle had signed a separation agreement and were living apart. Some time ago Mrs. Barton through Assistant Corporation Counsel Walter G. Otto of New Rochelle brought an action for a separation against her husband. The case was about to be tried before Supreme Court Justice Mills when the couple decided to sign an agreement rather than have their domestic troubles made public.

Mr. Barton, when the action was brought, filed an affidavit in opposition in which he alleged that his wife forced him to get his own breakfast while she stayed in bed and made him wait on her. The following notice, signed by Mr. and Mrs. Barton, has been inserted in a local newspaper:

> Notice—To whom it may concern, We, Charles P. Barton and Margaret Barton have separated from bed and board, and I, Charles P. Barton, having provided for the separate maintenance of my said wife, Margaret Barton, do hereby give notice that from the date hereof I will not be responsible for any debts contracted or liability incurred by her as my wife.

Mr. Barton has agreed to give his wife one-half the income from his real estate.

BOY SHOOTS BABY GIRL.

Finds a Shotgun and Kills Three-Year--Old Niece.

Neighbors of Mrs. Rosa Adiletto of 2,076 First Avenue, heard the report of a gun yesterday morning, a shriek from the woman and the crying of a small boy. They ran into the flat and found Mrs. Adiletto in a faint on the floor. Near her lay the body of three-year-old Annie Russo, her niece, who lives with her parents at 2,070 First Avenue. Fourteen-year-old Horace Buffardi, a brother of Mrs. Adiletto, stood leaning on a shotgun. He was too frightened to speak.

The little girl was dead. The top of her head had been blown off by the charge from the shot gun. The small boy couldn't tell what had happened, but when Mrs. Adiletto recovered her senses she said the children had been starting for church. She had left them alone in the front room and the boy had found the gun in a trunk.

The children ran into the kitchen where she was and Horace aimed the gun at her. She ordered his to return it to the trunk, not suspecting it was loaded. Instead the boy pointed it at the little girl and pulled the trigger.

Young Horace was arrested and sent to the Children's Society. He seemed not to understand what had happened.

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there appeared on the market the first bottle of
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That was 123 years ago. Today at hotel or cafe and in thousands of homes—Carstairs Rye is more firmly entrenched than ever.
Public faith is firm in the purity and rare excellence of this famous whiskey.
Aged in wood until rich and mellow.
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New [redacted]
now [redacted]
We[redacted]roner
[redacted] 27 New
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Great Sale of Me[redacted]Shirts
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The greatest sale of the ye[redacted]hich Ten Thousand Shirts, in all the ne[redacted]xclusive imported patterns of the Spri[redacted], will be offered at a substantial savi[redacted]very individual shirt.

Values 2.5[redacted], 3.50 & 4.0[redacted]
[redacted].85

¶ A year ago we closed out [redacted] Shirt Department. [redacted]onfessed that we could duplicate in ready-[redacted]e shirts all the alleged su[redacted] the custom shirt, and we frankly [redacted] it now. We took all of our custom[redacted], which had theretofore sold fr[redacted]4.00, made them up at 1.85 for q[redacted], announced the event in the [redacted]anwhile tore down the little gold-[redacted]n above our Custom shop an[redacted]t to oblivion, unhonored and unsung[redacted]

¶ The follow[redacted]main aisles were black with buyers. [redacted] to the Saks store *en ma*[redacted]he greatest shirt sale probably in the h[redacted]his city. It would ha[redacted]rkable if it had been otherwise. No such[redacted] ever before been pl[redacted]e public, and there are few men who will [redacted]er a second time—[redacted]nsideration be necessary—such a remarkabl[redacted]on as 2.50, 3.0[redacted]00 custom shirts for 1.85.

¶ I[redacted]his reflection which some months ago put into o[redacted]the idea of re-[redacted] year's great sale on the same stupendous scale, even though we had no [redacted]t Custom Shop to fall back upon as an excuse. After all, we felt we would [redacted]ate a sale, with every incentive to make it a huge success, than be forced into [redacted]cessity. And with this in mind, we have for months past been buying up [redacted] many prominent importers and makers of fine shirtings their sample lines of Spring [redacted]stom shirtings, which have been tailored by our own shirtmakers, and which now constitute the greatest and finest aggregation of shirts ever seen in this city, not excepting our great sale of last year. Thus, every cloud has its silver lining, and new undertakings rise from the ruins of the old!

Today, April 1st, in two of the Saks Main Aisles, ten thousand shirts, made of the finest imported custom shirtings, are marked at the uniform price of 1.85.

¶ They include the richest designs from the looms of England, France, Scotland, and Austria, and the patterns are the most exclusive, for they are supplied by custom importers whose chief claim to patronage and fame is the inviolability of their designs. Every shirt has been tailored with that care and finish which its intrinsic value warrants, and the models include six styles of plaited shirts, as well as plain bosom and soft shirts, some with double French cuffs. All sizes and sleeve lengths.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

An Appreciated Easter Gift

The **Victrola** you buy at one of our three salesrooms will make a very suitable, highly appreciated Easter gift. When you buy a **Victrola** at Landay's you may be sure that it will work right from the moment you get it into your home, for it is carefully tested, by our experts, before delivery.

Landay BROS

will cheerfully open a **charge account** with you, making payments to suit your convenience.

We can show you every model made by [redacted] **Victor** factory and [redacted] carry the largest [redacted]tment of **Victor** [redacted] to be found in [redacted]ntry.

[redacted]s, $15 up
V[redacted]ds, 60c up
No[redacted] carefully.

Lan[redacted] BRO[redacted]
Authorized Victor [redacted]ributors
27 W. 34th St., [redacted]ves.
400 Fifth Ave., [redacted]
563 Fifth Ave., c[redacted]

REIS
TRADE MARK

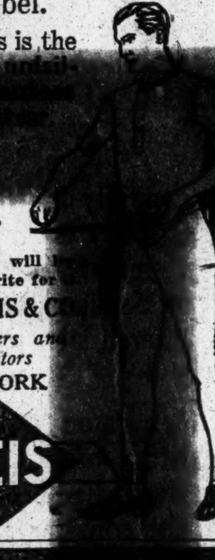
The Label That GUARANTEES Your Underwear.

YOU get full Underwear satisfaction when you buy garments with the **REIS** Label.

Because this is the [redacted] *Without A Doubt."*

Our catalogue will [redacted] you select. Write for [redacted]
ROBERT REIS & C[redacted]
Manufacturers an[redacted] Distributors
NEW YORK

REIS



CENT[redacted]RI
GLOV[redacted]

Gun Metal "Tranchant"
Distinctly Out-of-the-Ordinary 1.65
Regular "FLORINE QUALITY" Gun Metal Color with White Sewing. White embroidery and White Bandalets.

296 FIFTH AVE
ONE DOOR SOUTH OF
31ST STREET

Hammocks
Hammock Beds
(For Sleeping Outdoors)
Lawn Umbrellas and Tables
Garden Tools
LEWIS & CONGER
45th St. and 6th Ave.

MINERS BEGIN FIRST DAY OF THE STRIKE

Despite Prospects of Agreement, Not a Pick Will Be Touched, Says Leader.

376,000 MEN ARE NOW IDLE

Hard Coal Workers Will Probably Return Within a Week—President White Confident of Settlement.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 31.—Not a miner in the anthacite region will report for work to-morrow morning as a result of the suspension order issued by President White, according to announcement by him here to-night.

President White declared that he to-day received telegrams from each district throughout the region assuring him that his order will be rigidly observed by every one of the 170,000 men effected, and that not a pick will be taken up again until a settlement with the operators as to an advance in wages and other points at issue has been reached.

In addition to the 170,000 hard coal miners who have walked out 206,000 soft coal miners will not report for work to-morrow. A suspension has been ordered in a majority of the bituminous fields pending a referendum vote on the wage scale settlement effected at the conference between the miners' representatives and the operators here.

The agreement will be approved by a 90 per cent. vote is the prediction of the miners' officials here to-night.

Settlement of the threatened anthracite strike is predicted by President White. Union men expect the operators to offer a five-cent a ton advance. Mr. White said he believed the operators in the hard coal districts would recede from their position of denying the union demands, and would grant an increase in the wage scale and some recognition of the union.

"I think the anthracite suspension will be settled soon," he said. "I believe the operators will grant an increase and some of our demands. Of course the entire matter waits for our conference with George C. Baer, President of the Philadelphia & Reading, in Philadelphia on April 10."

The bituminous miners who will suspend work pending a ratification of the Cleveland agreement are apportioned as follows:

Iowa, 18,000; Michigan, 3,000; Indiana, 20,000; Illinois, 75,000; Ohio, 45,000, and Western Pennsylvania, 40,000.

The demands made by both branches of the coal miners were somewhat similar, and it is thought the anthracite forces will compromise on practically the same terms as have been agreed to in the bituminous industry.

The suspesion does not affect all of the mines in the South, as the union is not so strong south of the Ohio River as it is in the Northern States. The mines of Wyoming, Washington, Colorado, and Montana also will not be affected, because the union contracts in those districts do not expire on April 1.

It is said the miners will lose $1,000,000 every day they remain out, and that the suspension will cause a loss in coal production to the country of nearly 42,000,000 tons a month.

No formal order was issued by President White for the miners to leave work, as the suspension was automatic, since the miners have no agreement to work after midnight to-night, when the contract made two years ago expired. No trouble is expected at any of the mines involved.

PEACE ORDER TO STRIKERS.

Men Are Warned by Leaders to Keep Away from Collieries.

PHILADELPHIA, March 31.—Meetings [redacted] the locals of the United Mine [redacted]rs in the anthracite region were [redacted] to-day at which the officers in[redacted]ucted the men to remain away from the coll[redacted], and warned them of the danger [redacted]ngregating in groups.

John [redacted], who led the miners in 190[redacted] lecture to-day in Wilkes-bar[redacted] the mine leaders who ha[redacted] Cleveland, but there was [redacted]regarding the present situa[redacted]sed the hope that condi[redacted] and peace be restored.

The o[redacted]rincipal collieries in the [redacted]on declared emphatically [redacted] would make no effort [redacted] mines, either in whole, or [redacted]after the conference.

Officials of [redacted] Hudson say that work [redacted]me of its washeries, but [redacted] such work will be op[redacted] lead[redacted] say they are [redacted] companies use all the m[redacted] make needed repairs, but [redacted] an attempt to set the wa[redacted]ries, in operation there will [redacted]ing all the men out.

No disorder has been r[redacted] is expected. Reports fr[redacted] say that some of the c[redacted] guards at their collieries [redacted]re being rushed to that field, bu[redacted] heads of the big collieries near S[redacted] say that if any protection is needed they will rely upon their under-officials and office help to do the protecting. The mi[redacted] also have offered to furnish respons[redacted] men from the ranks of the union to [redacted] guard duty under Sheriff P. F. Conne[redacted] who has agreed to deputize them if they are accepted by the companies. He will not deputize imported guards.

While the operators refuse to discuss what concessions they will be willing to make at the conference in this city on April 10, sentiment throughout the mine regions is that a 10 per cent. increase will be offered. Many of the workers are said to favor the acceptance of such terms, but others want greater concessions, especially the recognition of the union.

MEN ANXIOUS TO RETURN.

Pittsburgh District Miners Hope to be Back in a Week.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., March 31.—Practically all of the 50,000 mine employes throughout the Pittsburgh district will be idle to-morrow. It is said to-night, however, that the suspension of work here will come to an end in one week.

The annual convention of District No. 5, (Pittsburgh district,) United Mine Workers of America, which has been twice adjourned to enable the district officials to attend the conferences in Cleveland, will be reconvened Wednesday morning. Francis Feehan, President of the local miners, is authority for the statement that the convention will be asked to authorize a resumption of operations in the Pittsburgh district pending ratification of the Cleveland settlement. Should the convention consent to this plan, it is said the men will be back at work in one week. Such action will not interfere with the referendum vote to be taken by the miners, which vote, according to local officials, promises to be a mere formality.

"The advance in wages is similar to that we received two years ago," said President Feehan in speaking of the increase for the Pittsburgh district. It means $1 a ton for mining coal in the Pittsburgh district. Drivers and other skilled workers get an increase from $2.70 to $2.80 a day. Corresponding increases are granted all other classes of labor."

The companies and the men employed by them who are affected here by the suspension follow: Pittsburgh Coal Company, 19,000 men; Pittsburgh-Buffalo Company, 4,000 men; Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company, 15,000 men; Vesta Coal Company, 3,000 men; Carnegie Coal Company, 3,000 men; Pittsburgh and Westmoreland Coal Company, 5,000 men, and other smaller companies, 3,000 men.

WINTER PRICES TO RULE.

No Advance in Coal Rates Pending Settlement with Miners.

A representative of the coal company for which the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad carries said yesterday that no special preparations looking to a strike had been made except to conserve the supply of coal for a day or two to see what was going to happen. There was no reason to suppose that some basis of a settlement would not be reached when the conference takes place between the mine workers and the operators' committee of ten in Philadelphia on April 10.

"In the meantime," he said, "while, of course, the usual April reductions in the prices of anthracite will not go into effect, the prices will not be raised by the coal sarrying companies."

A representative of the New York, Ontario & Western Railroad said that the mine workers usually want a holiday on April 1 anyway, and they will be idle at least a fortnight. There is the utmost good feeling between the mine workers and the companies, he declared.

"In the last twenty years," he continued, "I have not known of any occasion where a possible strike was talked of where there was so little feeling of bitterness on each side as exists between the anthracite mine workers and the operators at present. To my mind, it looks as if everything pointed to a short suspension. The men have been mining very regularly, and when it comes to the Spring they want a rest. They will, perhaps, have a week or two longer to rest than usual this time."

There are altogether about twenty-four nationalities represented among the mine workers. The Americans, with 45,692 outside and inside employes, are the most numerous. After them come the Poles, with 29,223 outside and inside workers. The Danish workers are the smallest contingent.

VERDICT SUITS NICOLL.

Sugar Trust's Counsel, However, Had Expected an Acquittal.

De Lancey Nicoll, counsel for John E. [redacted] Washington B. Thomas, Arthur [redacted] George H. Frazier, Directors [redacted] American Sugar Refining Company, whose trial for conspiracy came to an end early Sunday morning in the Federal District Court with the jury standing 11 to 1 for acquittal and unable to reach a verdict, gave out this statement last night:

"Although an absolute acquittal was confidently expected, the result is, on the whole, satisfactory. When the Government, with all the resources at its command, was able, after a zealous and vigorous prosecution, involving a three weeks' trial, to persuade only one juror of the justice of its cause, it is evident that the charge rested on a very slim foundation.

"The rulings of the presiding Judge, moreover, deprived us of our principal defense. The indictment was based on the theory of a corrupt conspiracy to violate the Sherman law between 1903 and 1906. At that time and for years afterward this statute as interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States permitted the acquisition of competing refineries actively engaged in inter-State commerce regardless of the motive that prompted their acquisition.

"In this case the defendants, by means of a loan, obtained merely the temporary control of a concern which was not and which never has been engaged in commerce at all, and which was not even prepared to manufacture sugar. The defendants offered to show that they had no consciousness of guilt and no intention to violate the law, because by the law, as it was then generally understood, and as it has been interpreted by the Supreme Court, what they did was entirely lawful. This was refused, although the re[redacted] has been expressly held in other [redacted]prosecutions. Mr. Parsons was not [redacted]mitted to say that he believed [redacted]transaction was not forbidden [redacted] as it then stood, or to ex[redacted]son for such belief.

[redacted]e circumstances, our prin[redacted]eing excluded, we cannot [redacted]disagreement of the jury, [redacted]its members holding an [redacted]as a practical vindica[redacted]"

WON'T ADMIT PLANS TO MOVE ON MEXICO

Stimson Maintains Secrecy Over Use of State Troops if Intervention Comes.

GEN. WOOD LESS RETICENT

Aeroplanes Held Up on Border—Situation Still Grave in Mexico City—Torreon Battle Near.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Secretary Stimson, as was predicted this morning, is denying the truth of the exclusive story printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES, stating that commanding officers and Adjutant Generals of the several States were summoned to Washington to confer with him about sending their commands to Mexico when intervention becomes necessary.

And yet when THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent called up Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of the General Staff, to-night the following conversation took place:

"General, have you held any conferences to-day with respect to Mexico?"

"Not to-day."

"I understand that Gen. Edward Young of the Illinois National Guard was to have such a conference with you to-day."

"No, not to-day. Gen. Young is to be here to-morrow."

"Will his conference be with you?"

"No; it will be with Secretary Stimson."

Nor will Gen. Young be the last of the National Guard officers who will come here to tell Secretary Stimson the preparedness of their commands for service in Mexico, and the extent to which they will have to call upon the War Department for additional supplies and equipment. He will be the fourteenth officer summoned here for the purpose the last two days, and in course of time officers from all the States will have been in conference with Mr. Stimson, who will deny that they have talked with him. Most of those summoned are Adjutant Generals, for the reason that the questions about which Mr. Stimson wishes to consult them relate to equipment, supplies, and the general condition of the commands.

Gen. Wood was officially notified to-night that the American customs officials at El Paso this morning held up a shipment of aeroplanes on the theory that they were intended for the rebel forces and insurrectionary purposes in Mexico. The dispatch to Gen. Wood states that these aeroplanes were consigned to a man in the State of Chihuahua, and that a number of aeroplanes are involved in the seizure. Details were not given, but it was made plain that the shipment was held up because information had been received by the customs and military authorities watching shipments across the border, and this information convinces them these machines were destined to be used by the rebels.

The situation continues grave in the Mexican capital, according to advices received by the State Department to-day from Minister Henry Lane Wilson. Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson issued the following statement to-night:

"According to telegrams from the embassy at the City of Mexico a train between there and Cuernavaca was fired on by insurrectionists to-day and the engineer was killed, the conductor, an American, having been at the same time roughly handled, and a number of passengers wounded.

"The embassy also reports that a train between Atlixico and Puebla was also held up by Zapatistas, but that in the latter case they were driven off and fifteen of them were killed by soldiers who were aboard the train.

"The embassy reports indicate that in Puebla and Vera Cruz the situation is rather worse than better, and that there is considerable uneasiness in the City of Mexico."

Attorney General Wickersham's recent ruling that the National Guard of the States cannot be ordered into foreign service by the President under the authority of the Dick law, has been a thorn in the side of the War Department. It has proved very embarrassing in laying plans for the use of the militia for eventualities in the Mexican situation. The Dick law allows the President to call the State troops into Federal service and, it was believed, this authority was broad enough to include the use of the National Guard with the regulars in foreign service.

Secretary Stimson, in recent testimony before the House Military Committee apropos of the pending militia pay bill, invited attention to the Attorney General's decision and recommended an amendment to the existing militia law to enable the Government to use the National Guard in foreign as well as in domestic service whenever the President should consider it necessary. There were 121,000 officers and men in the organized militia of the country. The enactment of legislation clearing away the doubt created by Attorney General Wickersham's ruling would enable the Federal Government to more than double its available military forces in an emergency without calling for volunteers. A bill to that effect has already been prepared.

MADERO WON'T QUIT.

Will Remain at Post Whatever Happens—39 Die in Train Fight.

MEXICO CITY, March 31.—"Whatever happens, I shall be found at my post. I shall not resign. Reports that have been published that I intend to leave the Presidency are untrue."

President Madera made the above statement to-night.

Concerning the censorship exercised over outgoing and incoming news dispatches, the President asserted that the sole intention was to prevent the publication of exaggerated and untruthful reports, calculated to inflame the public or lend strength to the revolutionary cause.

"We are not doubtful of the ultimate success of our operations in the north," he said. "We know approximately the number and resources of the revolutionary forces and we are confident that we have sufficient strength of arms and resources to overcome them."

Without sympathy in the rebels' cause, created by the hostile press of the country, he added, the end of the revolution would be much nearer.

From the best information obtainable thirty-nine persons were killed in the attack on the Mexico-Cuernavaca train ner Tres Marias, 50 miles south of the capital yesterday. Of these thirty-two were Federal soldiers who formed an escort. Seven passengers were killed and several wounded.

RAILROAD STRIKE LIKELY.

Walkout of Americans on Mexican Lines to be Decided April 10.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTEREY, Mexico, March 31.—It is reported that the question of ordering a strike of all American conductors and engineers employed upon the National Railways of Mexico, numbering about 800 men, will be decided at a general meeting of the representatives of the two orders to be held at San Antonio on April 10.

The poll of the employes shows that about 95 per cent. are in favor of a walkout. E. H. Curtis, Vice President of the Order of Railway Conductors, and E. Corrigan, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, are now at Laredo receiving reports of the situation in different parts of the country with reference to the proposed strike.

The American conductors and engineers want a three-year contract with the road instead of one year, as proposed. They contend that under the Madero administration they are being discriminated against.

NEW DEMAND ON RAILROADS.

Signal Men, Agents, and Others Urge Their Claims Ahead of the Engineers.

Representatives of the station agents, signal men, maintainers, and other employes outside of the operating forces of the Pennsylvania, Reading, New York, New Haven & Hartford, Boston & Maine, Rutland, and other Eastern railroads held a conference yesterday at the Grand Union Hotel to discuss wages and working conditions. Three thousand employes on the Eastern railroads were represented.

Among those who attended the conference were J. R. T. Austen of Philadelphia, President of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, Dispatchers, Agents, [redacted] Signal Men; J. H. Tatlow, First V[redacted] President of the same organization; [redacted] H. Morton of Boston, President of [redacted] Order of Railroad Station Agents; J. [redacted] Nutt, President of the Brotherhood [redacted] Railroad Signal Men, Boston & Ma[redacted] Division; T. C. Beach of Seymour, C First Vice President of the Order of road Station Agents, and P. H. Ph of Monument Beach, Mass., Grand S tary of the order.

It was decided as the sense of the ing that before the higher paid rai workers get any increases "those r ing a much lower rate of compen but whose faithful and loyal serv none the less important and essent the safe and successful conduct of road property," should receive favo consideration. These include tower signal men, dispatchers, agents, oper trackmen, and the clerical forces. A gate who acted as spokesman said:

"We intend to make demand higher wages for the station agent allied employes. We will try to ge vances ahead of the engineers. Th tion agents have not had a raise f long time, while they hold respon positions and are as much subject t[redacted] cost of living. They mu[redacted] and hold positions of trust [redacted] is lower, considering their [redacted]ries, than that of most o[redacted] railroad workers. The ave[redacted] not exceed $75 a month, th[redacted] be getting more."

Have You a Froc[redacted]t?
or, if You Please, a "C[redacted]"

Man's "Daylight Dress Suit"; we c[redacted]hat, for what the Swallowtail is to the ballroom when [redacted] the white and yellow lights are gleaming, [redacted] Cutaway is to outdoors when the glorious S[redacted] sun is shining.

You should have a Cutaway—you may ha[redacted] a black one, an Oxford or a gray one; you may have it braided or you can have it plain, but—you should have one, and you will find a good variety to select from at a Brill Store.

Brill Cutaways; smart, exclusive, distinctive, a succession of graceful soft rolling curves from collar to skirt; slim, trim shoulders and a small, tapering waist counter-balanced by a comparatively generous fullness in the skirt; all in all a most pleasing and correct effect—and at most moderate prices.

$25 $30 $35

For Cutaway Coat, Vest and Trousers

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

"The Big Store"
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

GREENHUT BUILDING—"Everything for the Home"

We Need More Space
In Our Lamp Store, to Provide for New Invoices.
Today We Offer Radical Reductions on
Fine Portable Lamps

Group 1—ELECTRIC, GAS AND OIL PORTABLE LAMPS—formerly sold up to $45; your choice today, at $15

The above variety includes every beautiful description of mosaic, leaded and other exquisite art glass domes, in resplendent color-constellations of extraordinary beauty. Styles of standards are equally varied—bronze, brass, vert-antique finishes, etc. NOTE—Many lovely "Period" designs are included in this group.

Group 2—OIL, GAS AND ELECTRIC LAMPS—formerly sold up to $21.50; your choice today, at.. $7.50

The range of attractive standards and lovely shades is innumerable.

Group 3—ELECTRIC AND GAS PORTABLE LAMPS—formerly sold up to $5; your choice, today, at... $2.50

Various finishes and artistic leaded art glass shades, in pretty color-blendings. Other reductions in lamps formerly sold up to $95; all at half price today.

(GREENHUT Building, Main Floor.)

Save $5 to $10 Today on Sterling Standard
Wilton and Axminster Rugs
Room-sizes.

Do you remember that recent sale of Axminster Rugs in which we distributed an entire mill purchase in a single day?

Well, don't miss this one—because you can also save on Wilton Rugs of equal integrity of weave—rugs on whose backs are woven equally world-renowned trademarks.

$32.50 Axminster Rugs — size 9x12 feet; at..........	$23.50
$[redacted].50 Axminster Rugs—size [redacted]x10 feet;	$14.75
$[redacted] Axminster Rugs — size [redacted]x12 feet; at.................	$16.75
$27.50 Body Brussels Rugs—size 9x12 feet; at.................	$17.50
$34.50 Wilton Rugs—size 9x12 feet; at..	$27.50
$32.50 Wilton Rugs—size 8.3x10.6 ft.; at.	$25.50
$19.50 Wool Velvet Rugs — size 9x12 feet; at.................	$13.50
$14.50 Wool Velvet Rugs — size 8.3x10.6 ft.; at.................	$11.50

(GREENHUT Building, First Floor.)

"Pre-Easter Sale" of ***China Dinner Sets***

Space limitations preclude little more than the mere announcement of this sale of fine porcelain and china dinner sets at money-saving prices.

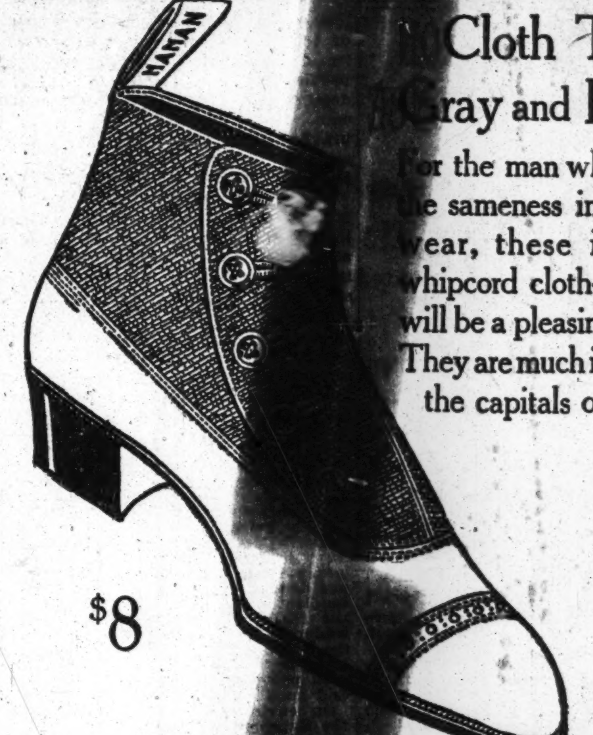
$8.95 100-Piece Porcelain Sets—at..........	$6.95
$14.75 100-Piece Austrian China Sets—at	$12.75

Other special prices, from simple 56-piece Porcelain Sets at $2.65 up to $25 superb Theodore Haviland China Services at $15.

(GREENHUT Building, Main Floor.)

$30,000 to Charity WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO VOTE.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12[redacted]



[redacted]Cloth Tops
[redacted]Gray and Brown

[redacted]or the man who tires of [redacted]e sameness in his footwear, these imported whipcord cloth-top boots will be a pleasing change. They are much in vogue in the capitals of Europe.

$8

Hana[redacted] & Son
[redacted]way Stores
Broadw[redacted] | Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadw[redacted] | Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
1095 Bro[redacted] | 297 B'way, near Duane St.
[redacted]t 390 Fulton Street

S[redacted] Gray & Co.
[redacted] Clothiers Since 1845

A [redacted] with a Moral.

So[redacted] time since, one of the leading [redacted] tailors in one of the largest middle[redacted]n cities, realizing that the custom [redacted]ng business was fast being crowd[redacted] by ready-for-service clothes, saw [redacted]ndwriting on the wall, saw himse[redacted] time to come, like Othello with [redacted] "occupation gone."

[redacted]th the intention of studying the fine read[redacted]ce clothes situation at first hand, he cam[redacted] York and had in mind the possibility of [redacted]eady-for-service overcoats and motor clo[redacted]

[redacted] at the Waldorf and unfamiliar with ready-for-[redacted]thes and their haunts, he visited all the stores in [redacted]orhood of Thirty-fourth Street and Broadway an[redacted] careful and thorough examination of the [redacted]own, decided that ready-for-service clothes [redacted] him, at least not yet.

[redacted]t over to Fifth Avenue to call on a few of his [redacted]s, and in passing by our Fifth Avenue store was [redacted] the window display and impressed with the [redacted] *He came, he saw, we conquered.*

[redacted] we received this fine custom tailor's order for [redacted]ervice garments is a matter of record, and the [redacted] point, or, whatever you will of this little incident, [redacted]mith Gray & Co. clothes are of strongest appeal to [redacted]o know good clothes best. Here was a man who had devoted his life to the development and building of fine clothes. He knew fabric, tailoring and style perhaps better [redacted]-nine per cent. of all the people who pass that [redacted] Smith Gray & Co. clothes were his choice. [redacted] selection by you is a fine compliment not only to [redacted] and judgment, but to your appreciation of true [redacted]

[redacted]r special attention is directed to our [redacted] showing of Spring Suits at 25.00 and our [redacted] Guard Spring Coats, in exclusive fabrics, [redacted].

Spring Coats Special

[redacted]ere in splendid assortment are black and Oxford [redacted] coats, new grays, browns and tans in all the new [redacted] models.

[redacted] Coats, values to 22.50 (broken sizes)	12.50
[redacted]g Coats, values to 22.50	15.50
[redacted]g Coats, silk lined, standard [redacted] values...........................	18.50
[redacted]ng Coats, silk lined to edge and [redacted]venette Raincoats..................	20.00

Spring Suits Special

This is the excess yardage of our wholesale and wholesale custom departments—exclusive fabrics—tailored between seasons—cut on English, Continental and Fifth Avenue models.

Spring Suits, values to 22.50	15.00
Spring Suits, values to 25.00	17.50
Spring Suits, values to 30.00	21.00

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs
Your Charge Account Is Solicited.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
[redacted]d Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

T[illegible] TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

BR[illegible]AL STRIKE [illegible]D AS OVER

Overwhelming Vote of Miners to Resume Work Is Expected on Thursday.

20,000 TO RETURN TO-DAY

North Wales Pits to Reopen Immediately—Activity in All Collieries Looked for by Easter Tuesday.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 31.—The coal strike may be regarded as good as over, and there is scarcely any doubt that when the final result of the ballot among the miners is declared on Thursday there will be a big majority in favor of an immediate resumption of work.

The leaders themselves are practically solid in advising this course. The results of the ballots which have already been taken in some city districts give convincing proof that the men are tired of the struggle.

In North Wales the majority for the resumption of work was so overwhelming that it is believed the pits will reopen immediately without waiting for the formality of receiving the country votes.

Some 10,000 Warwickshire miners have decided to start work to-day, and the leaders of 7,000 South Staffordshire miners have advised their men to follow suit. Similar advice has been given the Forest of Dean miners. Altogether 20,000 miners, it is expected, will be at work to-day.

It is hoped that work will be general by Thursday, and that all the pits throughout the country will have resumed by Easter Tuesday.

LONDON, Monday, April 1.—The miners are taking far less interest in the ballot to end the strike than they did in the ballot which began it. Probably this is because the result is a foregone conclusion. In many districts only about half the men have recorded their votes.

This indifference also probably accounts for the fact that Northumberland, Lancashire, and some other districts are voting against the resumption of work, only the irreconcilables taking the trouble to vote.

However, the aggregate voting is largely for a return to work, and the indications are that many men will have taken up their tools again before the final result of the polling is declared. In not a few of the districts the men have already begun to reopen the roads and to prepare the mines for a new start at the earliest moment. Several collieries in Warwickshire have been reopened, and probably 10,000 men will be working in the pits to-day.

As the crisis is now practically over, the King, who has up to the present declined to leave London, has decided to carry out his original plan to spend Easter at Sandringham with the Queen and the royal family. He will probably remain there until April 23.

The Birmingham Corporation will today begin shutting off the gas supply between noon and 8 o'clock in the evening, to the dismay of the shopkeepers, who are loudly protesting against this action.

RARE SHAKESPEARE FOUND.

Baronet's Son Turns Up a First Folio in Lord Dudley's Library.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 31.—A copy of a very rare first folio of Shakespeare's plays has been discovered under curious circumstances.

The sixteen-year-old son of a well-known Baronet was dabbling in the library of the Earl of Dudley, at Witley Court, when he came across what he believed to be a first folio.

It has been rebound. One or two pages are missing. It was not at first thought that there was anything in the discovery. The boy, however, had seen a first folio in the British Museum, so he stuck to his guns, and eventually the book was sent to a leading London firm of book dealers, who at once agreed that it was a first folio.

BIG HOME RULE RALLY.

Redmond Says There Will Soon be a Parliament in Dublin.

DUBLIN, March 31.—Many thousands of residents and others who arrived on special trains attended a great home rule demonstration here to-day. Four big platforms had been erected in O'Connell Street, from which the speakers addressed the crowds. All the buildings in the vicinity were decorated. A hundred bands participated, and the principal municipal corporations of Ireland, except that of Belfast, attended in state.

Green flags with the words "We Want Home Rule" were displayed everywhere. John Redmond, leader of the Irish Parliamentary Party, William Redmond, Member of Parliament for East Clare, John Dillon, Member of Parliament for East Mayo, Joseph Devlin, Member of Parliament for Belfast, and John J. Clancy, Member of Parliament for the North Division of Dublin, were among the speakers.

John Redmond predicted that a Home Rule Parliament would be established in College Green sooner than the most sanguine of his hearers expected.

COLUMBIA STUDENT YUAN'S SECRETARY

Vi-Kynin Wellington Koo, Who Has Won Many Honors Here, to be Chinese President's Aid.

SAILS NEXT SATURDAY

Present Government Will Become Established, He Says, and Disorders Will Soon Pass Away.

Vi-Kynin Wellington Koo, a talented Chinese student of Columbia University, will start for China next Saturday, to become English secretary to President Yuan Shi-Kai. Mr. Koo is a reserved man and he declined to discuss his new place at length yesterday.

"It is true," he said, "that I have been appointed English secretary to President Yuan. The notification came from China in a cable message, and I had a conference last week with the American minister at Washington. From what I hear, the post is of a diplomatic character."

Mr. Koo will sail for London on Saturday on the President Grant. From London he will travel across Europe by way of Siberia to Pekin. Columbia students in Hartley Hall, where Mr. Koo has lived for eight years, were pleased yesterday at the news of his appointment, but they were not surprised, because it has been predicted for years on the campus that he would some day occupy a high place in his native land.

Mr. Koo entered Columbia in the Fall of 1904. He received his secondary education at St. John's College, Shanghai, where his father, a Mandarin, lives. Mr. Koo graduated in 1908 with the degree of A. B. and an enviable record as a student. He had been elected to practically every campus organization, including the Student Board, and became editor-in-chief of The Columbia Spectator. He was also a member of the Columbia debating team which defeated the team from Cornell, of which Miss Elizabeth Cook, noted as a debater, was a member.

Mr. Koo has also been secretary of King's Crown, at Columbia, and was recently elected a member of Delta Sigma Rho, an honorary debating fraternity.

After his graduation in 1908 Mr. Koo continued his studies at Columbia and a year later became a Master of Arts. Since then he has been working under Prof. John Bassett Moore, of the Department of International Law, and will receive the degree of Ph. D., in absentia, next commencement. The subject of his dissertation, which is now at the printer's, is "The Foreigner in China."

Since his undergraduate days, Mr. Koo has devoted himself to promoting the interests of the Chinese students in America as President of the Chinese Students' Alliance. A Chinese undergraduate at Columbia said last night that Mr. Koo was very popular with the Chinese now attending American universities. It was learned yesterday that Dr. Sun, the provisional President of China, visited Mr. Koo in Hartley Hall last year before returning to China.

It was suggested to Mr. Koo yesterday that affairs in China were somewhat stormy at this time and that Yuan Shi-Kai's tenure as President might be uncertain.

"No," declared Mr. Koo, "the present Government will become established and China will remain a republic. The turbulent revolutionary conditions are fast passing away."

Mr. Koo expressed the hope that he might some day return to this country. "I shall not forget America," he said.

Mr. Koo, in proof of his intention to keep in touch with American affairs, said he should continue to read THE NEW YORK TIMES, which he has arranged to have sent to him.

SALE OF BEGAS'S WORKS.

Entire Collection Left by Sculptor to be Dispersed by Auction.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 31.—Another notable art event will shortly take place in Berlin. On the occasion of the formal opening of the new auction premises of Heilbron Brothers in the Zimmerstrasse the firm will dedicate the establishment on April 15 by putting under the hammer the entire collection of works left by the late Prof. Reinhold Begas, the famous German sculptor and friend of the Kaiser.

The collection includes 25 completed works by Begas in marble and bronze and 100 sketches and plaster models. Most of the lattter will be sold with reproduction rights.

The completed works embrace several of Begas's best female figures, including his "Venus," as well as his celebrated "Adam and Eve" and "Cain and Abel" groups.

Modern Berlin contains many notable examples of Begas's art, notably the great Kaiser Wilhelm Memorial in front of the Royal Castle and several groups in the "Avenue of Victory" in the Thiergarten.

The Emperor was an intimate friend of the sculptor, and his Majesty will undoubtedly be represented among the buyers at the forthcoming sale.

Earthquake at Santiago, Cuba.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, March 31.—An earthquake occurred here this morning. The shocks caused considerable alarm, but no serious damage.

MOROCCO TO HAVE STATUS OF TUNIS

Treaty Signed by the Sultan Like That with the Bey of Tunis in 1881.

RULER IS ONLY DECORATIVE

And the Tiny Native "Army" Is Merely His Guard—Seven French Ministers and Two Tunisians.

PARIS, March 31.—The report that the treaty establishing a French protectorate over Morocco has been signed by the Sultan is confirmed by a dispatch from Fez.

The treaty contains ten articles, some of which are identical with the terms of the Bardo treaty with the Bey of Tunis of 1881, which assured to France the right to occupy the positions which the French military authorities deemed necessary for the maintenance of order in Tunis.

If, as the treaty just signed between the Sultan of Morocco and the French Republic indicates, the status of Morocco is to be the same as that of the other North African State of Tunis, the French "protectorate" will really be a French colony in everything but name.

There is still a Bey of Tunis, Sidi Mohammed el Nasr, but few persons, even in France, have ever heard of him, and his position is purely decorative.

After the French invasion of Tunis, in the Spring of 1881, the treaty of Kasr-es-Said, (May 12, 1881,) confirmed by convention signed June 8, 1883, placed Tunis under the protectorate of France. The Government is carried on under the direction of the French Foreign Office, which has a special department for Tunisian affairs, under the control of a French Minister Resident General, who is also Minister of Foreign Affairs of Tunis, and a Ministry of nine heads of departments, seven of the Ministers being French and two Tunisians. The country is divided into thirteen districts, (contrôles civils,) two military circles, and one military post. The District Governors (Contrôleurs) are French; the subordinate officials (Kaids and Sheiks) are native. French tribunals administer justice between subjects of European powers, and also between them and natives; there are native courts for cases between natives.

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See that crown or cork is branded "Schlitz."

Thoughts of Easter Music in the Home

The value of music in the home as an educational influence has become a recognized fact too important to overlook.

Music is a sane pleasure—it produces healthy minds and clean thoughts—it cultivates strength of character and pure, forceful, happy living.

It inspires to action and is an antidote for idleness, which is the father of mischief.

It can quiet the nerves and counteract the overexcitement of toil.

Ruskin has said that every day we should look upon a beautiful picture, read a page from some noble book or listen for five minutes to beautiful music. The divine harmonies impress themselves upon our character. We are what we are, on account of the conditions which surround us. A man is the cumulative, net result of his emotions, thoughts and acts.

Have you a piano in your home? Are you alive to the good that music can bring to your family?

There is no investment that will give wider returns for the money spent.

It doesn't take much either; if you have never investigated you will be surprised how easy we will make it for you to own a

Sterling Piano
or
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There is lots of time this week to start a year of musical education and enjoyment with a piano in your home on Easter Sunday.

The Sterling Building—no more up-to-date piano warerooms in Greater New York—with its **six floors of piano interests** is a beehive of industry with every facility to meet your needs from the cheapest piano, safe to buy, to the most elaborate Art Grand.

From Moving, Tuning, Repairing, Renting to the use of one of the largest **Music Roll Libraries** in the greater city.

Our pianos are made in our own factories, and sold at a fair profit above actual manufacturing cost with nothing else added—**one price, the same to all.**

Every instrument positively guaranteed, with the privilege of exchanging any time within a year if not perfectly satisfactory.

Our manufacturing and selling **reputation extends over half a century,** which, in itself, insures a square deal and a genuine protection to every purchaser.

STERLING *Pianos and Playerpianos* $325 to $750
HUNTINGTON *Pianos and Playerpianos* $300 to $650
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The above pianos represent the perfection of art designs and modern architectural effects. We have nearly 400 of these new Pianos on exhibition all made in our own factories by the best craftsmen in the business.

$50, $60, $65, $75, $80 and $95 Each For Several Exchanged Pianos.

This special sale for this week comes as an opportune Easter proposition particularly of interest if you have children who are beginning to study music. These pianos which were taken as part payment in exchange for our own makes are occupying room that we cannot spare and we have made prices that will close them out quickly this week.

Satisfactory Monthly Payments

to suit your pocketbook—no notes or mortgages just a simple agreement to pay a certain amount each month.

Open Evenings by Appointment

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Chronicles of Monday
At GIMBELS

Disposal of the Original
PARIS MODEL GOWNS
SUITS and WRAPS
Exhibited in
"La Promenade des Toilettes"
$30,000 Worth to Be Sold for $18,000
Third Floor

Many Spring Fashion Displays Of Exceeding Interest
Women's Dress Hats at $14.75
Tailored Suits at $25, $29.50 to $50
Copies of Parisian Chiffon Blouses, $10.75 to $25
Third Floor

An Easter Sale of Silk Petticoats
At $2.95, $3.95, $4.95 and $5.95
Main and Second Floors

Fine New Hand Luggage
$17,500 Worth for $10,500
In an Easter Vacation Sale
Main Floor

Very Special Offerings of Dress Goods and Silks
$3 Imported Black Broadcloth, $1.85 Yard
$1.25 Storm Serge, 85c Yard
$2 to $5 Double Width Foulard Silk, $1.50 Yard
$1.35 Striped Chiffon Taffeta, 95c Yard
2nd Floor

The Easter Flower Show
Display and Sale of PLANTS
And CUT FLOWERS at Low Prices
Subway Store, Balcony

Prof. Charles Munter
Will Deliver His Interesting and Helpful
Health Lectures
In the GIMBEL AUDITORIUM,
Daily, Between 2:30 and 4:30 P. M.
Including the Demonstration of "Nulife."
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To be sold on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday afternoons, April 3, 4, 5 and 6, at two o'clock, and Thursday and Friday evenings, April 4 and 5, at 8:15 o'clock.

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Bill folds and pocket books, all leathers, $1.75.

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Will save both your food and your ice. The syphon system absolutely prevents contamination of foods and removes all offensive odors. The refrigerator is always sweet smelling and dry. In fact, the

Provision Chamber Walls Are Dryer Than Exterior Atmosphere.

No dampness to cause your foods to become stale and mouldy. Genuine porcelain enamel lining, made practically in one piece. Very easy to clean. You are assured of a low, even temperature, with a saving of ice. Test it yourself with a thermometer. One of our many styles, sizes and prices will appeal strongly to you. Come in and see them. Booklet upon request.

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Every employer who wants high-class help may obtain it through the Want columns of The New York Times.

COLONEL RETURNS IN FIGHTING MOOD

Composes Another Attack on Taft and Denounces the Recent Primaries Here.

WON'T ADMIT DEFEAT

Calls Western Tour a "Practical Trip" and Denies Gov. Osborn Has Deserted Him.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., March 31.—If Col. Roosevelt was convinced by his Western trip that he was making a losing fight he would not admit it upon his return to Oyster Bay this evening. The Colonel was in one of his most aggressive moods, and he spent two hours on the trip from Albany to New York dictating another attack upon President Taft, coupling him again with "Boss" Barnes of New York, Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire, and Senator Lorimer. He also dealt in very strong terms with the recent primaries in New York.

"A practical trip" the Colonel called his tour of the West, and he expressed the belief that practical results would follow it. He would not comment on the reports that have come out of the West that he is a beaten candidate.

Col. Roosevelt did deny reports that Gov. Osborn of Michigan had deserted him. Some newspapers said that the Governor had refused to tour the State with the Colonel, and had turned away from him because he was not offered the nomination as Vice President.

Denies Osborn Has Deserted Him.

"Ridiculous," asserted the Colonel; "absolutely ridiculous! You might as well say that Senator Dixon, my campaign manager, has deserted me. Gov. Osborn is just as enthusiastic a Progressive as ever. He had other engagements, but you can depend upon it that he is working for me."

The Colonel had expected to start from Buffalo on the Metropolitan Express, arriving in New York at 5:50 o'clock this evening, but there were delays on the Michigan Central, and he just managed to catch the Knickerbocker Express, getting to New York at 7 o'clock this evening. As a result the crowds at various stations along the line that expected him on the earlier train were disappointed. At Albany the only persons to meet him were representatives of the Roosevelt headquarters of ew York and the reporters.

"I am more than satisfied with the result of my trip," the Colonel said. "It really was splendid, by George! Why, I never say anything like that Chicago meeting. There were 15,000 persons outside who couldn't get in."

The Colonel was asked what results he expected to follow the trip.

"I am a better fighter than prophet," he asserted, pounding with his clenched fist on the arm of his chair. "But I want to say that there will be most practical results. You saw what happened in Portland, where the people have shown that they still believe in me."

Col. Roosevelt said he didn't know much about the arrangements for his Southern trip, on which he will start on Tuesday, but he said that he would carry out the plans made for him by his campaign manager, Senator Dixon, and would also recommend an address in Baltimore. If that suggestion is followed out the Colonel will visit West Virginia, Maryland, and Kentucky.

"And I must go to New Hampshire, too," said the Colonel. "The Southeastern districts there, which touch Vermont, prove fighting grounds. I've simply got to go there. I expected to go to Boston and New Hampshire this week."

This is Col. Roosevelt's statement, which was issued from his New York hearquarters in the Metropolitan Tower, a few hours after his return:

The Colonel's Statement.

Owing to the suppression of news by the majority of New York newspapers and the deliberate choking of the channels of information to the public, people in New York do not realize how deeply stirred the country has been by the infamy of the so-called primaries on Tuesday last in this city. It was an infamy unmatched, even by the kindred infamies perpetrated on behalf of Mr. Taft in Indianapolis and Denver. It is probably inevitable that we shall see such infamies repeated as long as our people tolerate the alliance between crooked politics and crooked business.

Mr. Taft before the primary, wrote what was practically a letter of endorsement of Mr. Koenig, in which he expressed the somewhat feebly-phrased hope that all enrolled Republicans would be "allowed" to vote. The word "allowed" on such occasion was not merely inadequate for it was practically suggesting that the plain citizens, who give its whole strength to the Republican Party, should merely receive as a favor what was unquestionably theirs as a right. But as a matter of fact, by every species of fraud imaginable, the men who had Mr. Taft's interests in New York in their keeping, in the most bare-faced manner cheated the people out of their right to an honest vote. By removing every opposition inspector of elections, by their conduct in connection with the printing of the ballots, and by even darker methods, the machine managers saw to it that the people were not "allowed" to vote, save just to the extent that the political managers themselves deemed advisable. Such a result in no way or shape represents the Republican Party and in no shape or way binds the Republican Party, and the men elected by these fraudulent primaries cannot, if they are honorable men, consent to take their seats in the Chicago Convention.

Ex-Congressman Riordan of Tammany, truthfully described the situation when he said:

> There never was a time, even in the long ago, when corruption in politics was more common than now, that Tammany would have dared such barefaced violation of law and decency as was openly practiced by the Republican organization in New York City on Tuesday night. The whole vote was jugglery from beginning to end. There never was a greater travesty upon a primary election.

The conduct of the New York papers who have defended this election, is if possible, just a trifle worse than that of the perpetrators of the fraud. On Wednesday these papers denounced the so-called election as a crime and a farce; but when certain of these papers realized that by telling the truth they might do damage to the representatives of the combination of crooked politics and crooked business, which they have been championing, they instantly stopped. And these papers, such as THE TIMES, The Tribune, The Evening Post, The Sun, and others, began to ridicule the statements of corruption, every one of which could have been verified from their own columns the day after the primary. These papers by their championship of corruption and fraud in this case have forfeited all right over again to speak honestly or to represent honest men.

As for the men who engineered the frauds, or who in any way or shape are their beneficiaries, they take their places beside Mr. Keeling and his associates who are responsible for what was done in Indianapolis, besides Messrs. Guggenheim and Evans, who are responsible for what was done in Denver, and in short beside the various other bosses to whom Mr. Taft's cause has been committed in the present contest; that is, they stand with Mr. Penrose of Pennsylvania, who has just announced that Mr. Sherman is to be renominated as Vice-President, with Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire, who is struggling to re-introduce into that State the reign of the boss and the special interest, with Mr. Cox of Ohio, with Mr. Patrick Calhoun of California, whose part in San Francisco politics can hardly be forgotten, and with Mr. Lorimer of Illinois, whose very names describes with precision just what he represents.

All these developments are part of the same movement. Mr. Lorimer's acquittal is recommended by the members of the Senate Committee who are trying to bring about the renomination of Taft, in company with those who practice the methods of which I have spoken.

We are able to guage by these actions just what is meant in actual practice by the President's doctrine that we should have a government of the people by a "representative part" of the people. Mr. Koenig and those with him who are responsible for the fraudulent New York primary, Messrs. Guggenheim and Evans of Colorado, Mr. Calhoun and the unspeakable alliance of politicians and business men who stood behind him in California, Mr. Penrose and Mr. Gallinger, the members of the Senate Committee who voted to keep Mr. Lorimer in his seat in the Senate, Mr. Keeling and those responsible for the outrage in Indianapolis—these are the "representative part" of the people who, in accordance with Mr. Taft's doctrine, are to govern the rest of the people.

Last night Mr. Taft said that prosperity was coming and that we should do nothing to check it. In the first placeI do not believe that permanent prosperity will come through or by dishonesty; and in the next place I believe that this country cannot afford to accept prosperity as the price of dishonesty and corruption such as we have seen in the last few days and such as is symbolized by the supremacy in politics of so many of the men whom I have mentioned.

On arriving in this city Col. Roosevelt went at once to the Long Island station and took a train for Oyster Bay. Howard G. Brooks, a friend of Postmaster Sloane, of Dallas, Texas, who was appointed by Roosevelt, met the Colonel at Oyster Bay.

"I informed the Colonel that in spite of newspaper opposition the people were for him in Texas," Mr. Brooks told the reporters.

The Colonel said he expected a few visitors. He will stay here until he starts on his Southern trip, working on his addresses. His first speech will be at Louisville on Wednesday night.

There is some doubt now that the Colonel will make a trip to the Pacific coast later. That will depend, it is admitted, upon the developments within the next few weeks, which will go far to show just what strength he has.

ASSAILS WHITMAN IN BRANDT CASE

Continued from Page 1.

not render it impossibleto believe Brandt's story, and his answer was:

"I never have believed it, I do not believe it, and this does make it impossible to believe it," but he added: "The sentence is excessive, and the Governor is going to commute his sentence."

I said to him that I did not purpose to discuss the question whether the sentence was excessive—though I did not think so—since it was a question readily open to honest difference of opinion, but that I felt quite sure that the Governor would not take any action favorable to the application when he learned from the District Attorney's report that the scandalous story upon which the application had been based was false; since I could not conceive that any man with red blood in his veins and with the ordinary instincts of a gentleman would give to a scandalous story of that character the seal of official approval which would result from favorable action. I said to him that my sole concern was with the falsity of the story, and that if he would report that Brandt's story was false I was not in any way concerned nor had I any right to be concerned with his expression of opinion as to the sentence. To this he replied:

"But I am not going to report my opinion on this subject."

Whitman's Report to Dix.

I asked him why not. He answered that he did not consider it to be a part of his duty; that all he intended to report was the evidence which he had collected. I was aghast at this statement, and I told him so. I said that he could not possibly take such an attitude; that no man of his training and instincts could on reflection persist in such an attitude. I asked him to consider how he would feel if such stories as were being circulated in the newspapers in regard to Mrs. Schiff were being circulated concerning his own wife, and some other man standing in his official position, with the power to set those stories at rest by an official report and an announcement of his views, were to refuse to set the stories at rest by such official action. His only reply was that the sentence was excessive; that the Governor was going to commute Brandt's sentence; that he did not see it to be his official duty to report his opinion. This he repeated several times. When he came to report to the Governor, however, he included in his report the following:

> I cannot escape the conclusion that if this case, with all the evidence obtainable, had been submitted to a trial jury, a reasonable doubt might have been created in the minds of the jury as to whether the defendant was in the complainant's house, as set forth in this indictment, with burglarious intent.

This could mean one thing, and one thing only—that there was room for reasonable doubt—not on the question as to whether Brandt had broken into the house within the meaning of the law which has since been widely discussed, but whether he had come to the house with the intent to commit a crime or whether he had come under the circumstances which he had set forth in his scandalous tale; in other words, that his story was believable.

Thus, after refusing to report, in accordance with his expressed convictions, that Brandt's story was false, and after basing his refusal on the ground that it was not within the scope of his official duty to express any opinion on the subject, he made a report in which he intimated an opinion directly contrary to his expressed convictions, and sought to impress upon the Governor that the story was sufficiently plausible to make it probable that it would be believed.

Whitman's Views Given to the Press

Moreover, he rendered it possible that the substance of his report in this particular should be given currency by the press and that the seal of his official approval should be given to the defamation of Mrs. Schiff. For on January 27, two days before the transmission of the report, the New York American was enabled to print the following:

> Mr. Whitman, it was ascertained positively, is convinced that Brandt's story of the circumstances under which he was arrested and sent to prison for thirty years is true.
>
> GROUND FOR PARDON.
>
> Therefore, according to persons close to him, the District Attorney will suggest the pardon on the following grounds:
>
> That Brandt did not enter the home of Md. *and Mrs.* Schiff in March, 1907, with an intent to rob, but went there on the invitation of a member of the household.
>
> That his entry was not burglarious, but that he went there through the front door with a key given to him by this member of the household, and that when Mr. Schiff unexpectedly entered the house Brantd suddenly seized several stickpins and assaulted the millionaire purposely to make himself appear a thief in order that the other person might not be suspected.
>
> That Brandt, with this idea of chivalry, calmly confessed himself guilty and accepted his long sentence—but with the assurance of representativess of the millionaire's family that he would be liberated in a year.

I have italicized the two words "and Mrs." in the above extract to emphasize the obvious purpose of their inclusion, namely, to indicate that Mrs. Schiff was the "member of the household" "on the inviation of" whom Brandt had obtained admission to Mr. Schiff's house.

This was the beginning of the District Attorney's campaign, and this is but one of the many facts which shed light upon the sincerity of the District Attorney's conduct. To enter into a discussion of the others would occupy far too much space, and for that discussion this is neither the time nor the place. Unless I geratly overrate the strength of the instinct for justice in the community at large and in the legal profession, a more fitting occasion will be afforded for the presentation of those facts.

Some of the newspapers have suggested that it is a serious question whether one was capable o being honestly misled, was a proper person to be continued as District Attorney of New York County. It certainly becomes a far more serious question whether a person who was not misled, but who, with all the facts before him and after an expression of his conviction as to those facts, could adopt the course which Mr. Whitman adopted, can be tolerated in that office.

Facts the Grand Jury Did Not Know.

I believe that the question will become even more serious if all the facts with regard to his conduct of the case shall be made public through an official investigation. I do not minimize the fact that the Grand Jury has reported that the District Attorney is to be commended for the energy, fidelity, and fairness with which he has conducted the investigation before them, and I do not in the of that report; but it is, of course, clear that the Grand Jury cannot really know whether the District Attorney's conduct of the case was fair and impartial, without knowing what they did not know and could not know, namely, that before he instituted the investigation before them he was convinced that Brand't story was false in every essential particular.

I regret that it becomes incumbent upon me to make this statement, for I realize that it will be said, and said not unjustly, that I am not an unbiased judge of the propriety of Mr. Whitman's course. Were there anyone else in possession of the facts who could and would do what I am now doing, I would infinitely have preferred to remain silent. But there is no such person, and if it is to be done I must do it. If there were involved merely the question of a private wrong, I might remain silent, but I feel that there is a duty to the profession and to the community which I must not shirk.

As an officer of the courts, sworn to uphold the Constitution and the laws, it is my duty to see to it that flagrant abuse of power by a prosecuting officer shall not pass unnoticed. As a citizen, I owe an obligation to do my part to preserve our institutions and to see to it, so far as in me lies, that the fight to preserve the individual from official oppression, which has been waged through the centuries in which our institutions have developed, shall be continued as long as occasion demands it, and to do my part to enforce a lesson such as will teach all future prosecuting officers who may be tempted for selfish ends to abuse the powers of their office, that the spirit o liberty is still alive in the land and that acts of official oppression are acts of self-destruction.

HOWARD S. GANS.

DID HIS DUTY, WHITMAN SAYS.

Followed His Usual Course in His Report to Dix, He Declares.

A copy of Mr. Gans's statement was shown to District Attorney Whitman last night, and he was asked to reply to it. He said:

"I have not read Mr. Gans's statement in full, and my work is too laborious to permit of my preparing an extended statement in denial now.

"I did state to Mr. Gans that I would not refer in my report to the Governor to any possible scandal that reflected upon any member of Mr. Schiff's household. It was my duty to examine and report on all the records and all the evidence obtainable by me as to the proceedings in the county of which I am District Attorney, leading to the incarceration of the defendant. That has been the procedure for many years in the District Attorney's office, and we make scores of such reports in the course of every month. I have nev[illegible]red to the scandalous reports i[illegible] official document and I never shal[illegible]

"From all information [illegible]ble, it seems to me that there was [illegible] doubt as to whether the crime o[illegible] had been committed at all an[illegible] weeks of investigation [illegible] I [illegible]ident that the plea was [illegible] understanding of what [illegible]

"I informed the [illegible] grave doubt as Mr. Ga[illegible] such an inference as he [illegible] statement is absurd. [illegible] passing to say that the G[illegible] discharged is reported in the [illegible] as having come to the same con[illegible] with regard to the burglary charge.

"Mr. Gans' quotation from a New York newspaper of what purports to be the substance of my report to the Governor is entirely without foundation. Not a single word so uoted appears in my recommendation. Of course I never told Mr. Gans or anybody else that the Governor was going to commute the sentence."

AUGUST BELMONT'S SON ILL.

His Auto License Is Revoked Following Cambridge Fine for Speeding.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, March 31.—Morgan Belmont, the New York sophomore and son of August Belmont, who pleaded guilty last week to a charge of recklessly driving his auto and paid a fine of $100, is confined to his quarters in Beck Hall under the orders of his physicians.

The family of Mrs. Martha Zapolski, whom it is alleged he ran down and left helpless in the highway, placed their case in the hands of ex-Judge Augustine Daly of this city, but after Mr. Daly had conferred with Arthur Dehon Hill, the attorney representing young Belmont, a financial settlement was agreed upon.

The Massachusetts Highway Commission announced yesterday that Mr. Belmont's automobile license had been revoked. The reason that so much secrecy was made of the case, according to officials of the court, was that young Belmont did not want the incident known to the college Faculty.

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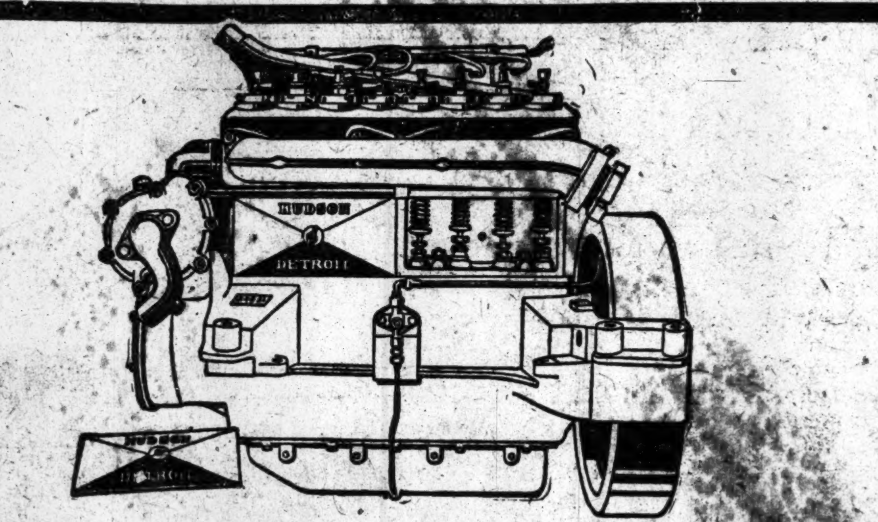

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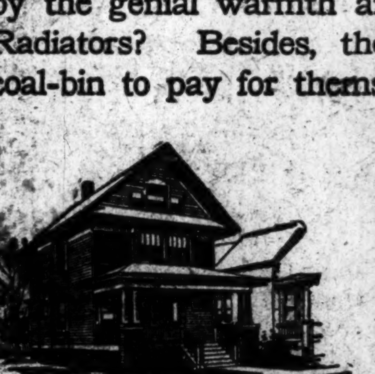
Ask for the book, "Ideal Heating"—it's full of facts you need to know—puts you under no obligation to buy.



A No. 241 IDEAL Boiler and 461 sq. ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner $200, were used to heat this cottage. At this price the goods can be bought of any reputable, competent Fitter. This did not include costs of labor, pipe, valves, freight, etc., which are extra and vary according to climatic and other conditions.

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SENATOR TAYLOR DIES AFTER AN OPERATION

"Fiddling Bob" of Tennessee Succumbs to Shock—Was 62 Years Old.

A POPULAR SOUTHERN FIGURE

His Personality Rather Than Politics the Secret of His Success—Taft's Best Story Teller.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Robert Love Taylor, Senator from Tennessee and famous as "Fiddling Bob" Taylor, died at Providence Hospital here at 9:40 o'clock this morning. The Senator had been suffering from gall stones for several months, and, on Wednesday, after having been in a state of collapse for several days, he was taken to the hospital. There an operation was performed on Thursday and for a time he seemed to be improving. But yesterday he began to sink and at 3 o'clock this morning lapsed into final unconsciousness. Mrs. Taylor and her brother, Charles St. John, were present when he died.

Mr. Taylor was 62 years old. He was born in Tennessee and has always lived there. He was elected to Congress first in 1878 and as a member of the Electoral College, voted for Cleveland in 1884. Then after serving one year as Pension Agent at Knoxville he ran successfully for Governor. It was in this campaign that he made his reputation and won his nickname by accompanying himself on a fiddle at political meetings instead of delivering a formal speech. He was re-elected Governor in 1888 and again in 1896, and elected to the Senate in January, 1907. He ran again for Governor in 1910 simply to help out the party, which seemed foredoomed to defeat because of the feeling existing over Gov. Patterson's pardon of the murderers of Senator Carmack. He was defeated.

In William H. Crane's old play of twenty years ago, "The Senator," it seemed stretching the probabilities a good deal when the hero was elected to the Senate because he had saved some lives in a fire. It seemed to take no account of machines, deals and party organization, and to assume, with a delightful ignorance of politics, that a man could be elected to the Senate merely because people liked him. And yet Robert L. Taylor, who never knew politics from a hole in the ground, went to the Senate and went twice to the Governorship of Tennessee for no other reason on earth.

If Mr. Cheeryble could be fused into Dick Swiveller, and the resultant anomaly could enter politics and get into the United States Senate, that Senator would have been a counterpart of Robert Love Taylor. Probably he was the only man who ever held high office and had uninterrupted political success for no other reason and with no other excuse than that people loved him.

Pardoned Many as Governor.

As a public officer he may not have been altogether an admirable character; at least, if the principles which guided him were adopted by officeholders generally, government would become a chaos. For "Fiddling Bob" was ruled entirely by his feelings. Those feelings were always generous and sympathetic, and his sympathy and generosity were never governed by reason. As Governor of Tennessee he made a record for pardons, he simply rained pardons on everybody who could get to him. It made no difference how heinous the crime, all that was necessary was for some relation of the criminal, particularly a woman, to get to the Governor's presence and shed a few tears and the pardon was forthcoming. The rights of the case were never inquired into.

On one occasion a woman made her way into the Governor's presence, fell on her knees and cried. Her husband, a notorious desperado, was under sentence of death. The Governor listened to her for a few minutes, with his face working, and then began to cry himself. He summoned the proper officer and had the pardon papers made out on the spot. The woman invoked tearful blessings on his head and ran out of the office to carry to her murderous husband the glad news of his salvation. The Governor wiped his eyes and turned to the witness of the scene, who told THE TIMES correspondent the story.

"Well," said the Governor, with a sigh, "I reckon there'll be a hot time in the old town to-night."

The first job he ever held was that of Back Tax Collector in his hill-billy section of Tennessee. He lost the job because he wouldn't collect the taxes. He accepted the place in all good faith, but whenever he undertook to collect a back tax, all that was necessary was for the delinquent to tell a hard luck story and the Collector would back away in a panic. He never turned in a cent, and finally they removed him from office.

"But why didn't you collect them?" he was asked. "It was your duty."

"I know it," said Fiddling Bob. "But they needed the money to feed their young 'uns."

His Purse Open to All.

When he was Governor of Tennessee his purse was always open to anybody who was stranded and needed railroad fare. This got around among persons who didn't need railroad fare any more than they needed a third foot, and they used to come in and empty the Governor's pocket-book.

He made a mint of money out of his lectures on the Chautauqua circuit, and yet the chances are that his estate is meagre. No man ever sought help of Taylor in vain, and he seldom bothered to inquire whether the case was deserving. In his family relations he was the same. He would not have understood what a man meant who should say, "I give my wife an allowance of so much." The cartoons in the comic papers, depicting the difficulty with which a wife teases an Easter hat or a new dress out of her husband, were as unintelligible to him as a totem pole inscription. His mind was so formed that it could not take such things in. Whenever any of the children wanted anything they had Dad's purse to do as they pleased with.

He was a simple sort of soul, a child of nature if ever there was one. But his simplicity was not all of Mr. Cheeryble; a good deal of it was that of Dick Swiveller. He was a born entertainer, and he made his sunshiny way through life giving joy to the beholders. His wit was inexhaustilbe, with never a drop of bitterness in it.

His first campaign for Congress was made against a solid and reliable old person named Major Pettibone, and, as the custom was in that part of the country, the rivals stumped the district together. It was not long after the war, and the issue was reconstruction. The solemn Major stuck to the issue, but young Taylor insisted on talking about the internal revenue tax and the devilish interference of the Government with every man's inalienable right to make brandy out of his own apples.

Pettibone realized with anguish the ridiculousness of the issue and his own inability to meet it. Every mountaineer rose with a whoop to Taylor's "issue." Of course, the young campaigner knew as well as did Pettibone that the issue was nonsense, and he took the keenest enjoyment in his old rival's helplessness. "All over the mountain section," said his former secretary, Bob Gates, "Taylor magnified the sacred right of a man to make his corn into liquor and his own apples into brandy, and every time he made the appeal he got the crowd going his way."

The mountain folk like to dance, and whenever there was a mountain "breakdown" the Democratic candidate was there with his fiddle. Yes, fiddle; it wasn't a violin; Taylor himself made that distinction. When this accomplishment of his was noised abroad there wasn't a dance at the head of a hollow that Taylor wasn't called upon to be there and fiddle. He had the "Arkansas Traveler" and "Turkey in the Straw" down as fine as any fiddler in the mountains, though Taylor himself always maintained that he couldn't do any more than "make the strings creak a little bit." When the votes were counted Taylor had turned a Republican majority of over 2,000 into a Democratic majority of 1,500. So much for the Swiveller side of Senator Cheeryble.

In 1886 he ran for Governor against his brother Alf. All the Taylors were Republicans except "Bob," and before there were such things as Republicans they were Whigs. His father, Nathaniel C. Taylor, represented the same district in Congress as a Whig that Bob afterward represented as a Democrat. So there was nothing surprising in Alf being a Republican.

In accordance with Tennessee custom, the rivals stumped the State together, Alf speaking, fiddling, and telling stories and Bob doing the same thing. Alf was a much better fiddler than Bob, and by rights should have carried the State, but Bob was a better storyteller and won the election. Afterward Alf went to Congress from the same district which his father and his brother had represented. Alf has a fine home out there, and often Bob used to go there and talk over their old campaigns. These reunions always ended by both brothers taking down their fiddles—not violins—and playing over a few of the old campaign tunes.

Taft's Storyteller.

He was President Taft's favorite storyteller. Once the President wanted to get away from his official duties for a few days, and that social soul invited half a dozen Senators to go with him. One was Taylor. He spun one yarn, "and after that," said one of the other Senators who was on the trip, "none of us could get a word in with the President. He spent that entire trip listening to Bob, and he kept him talking the whole time. Laugh? I never knew a man to laugh so much in my life."

His best known story has since been plagiarized and extended to geographical localities unknown to "Bob"; but here is the story as it emerged in pristine beauty from Taylor's répertoire: A mountaineer who had never ridden on a railroad decided to take advantage of a $2 excursion rate to Memphis, and saw for the first time a large city. What chiefly interested him was the bars. He had never seen a bar nor a highball; he had been used to drinking "liquor" out of a gourd. After he had visited a number of these marvelous places his enthusiasm overcame him, and he addressed the crowd thus: "I can lick any man in the United States."

The crowd laughed good-naturedly. This infuriated the mountaineer. "I can lick any man in Shelby County!" he yelled. This time the crowd sobered and looked at him with hostile eyes. "I can lick any man in Memphis!" he shouted. A short, thickset man emerged from the crowd and put him out of action with a right-arm swing. When he came to the mountaineer looked around feebly and said, "I reckon that in that last proposition I kivered too much ground."

This story has since been saddled on New York, Pittsburgh and other towns where no such thing could have happened; but this is the simon pure version of how, when he was Governor, he was taking luncheon when his servitor Sam appeared with the news that a delegation of important politicians were awaiting him below.

"Tell them that I'll be down in a minute, Sam," said the Governor.

"Sam," said Mrs. Taylor, "tell them that the Governor will be down in half an hour."

"Yassum," said Sam.

The Governor turned around impatiently and said, "Sam, tell them I'll be down immediately."

"Tell them, Sam," said Mrs. Taylor, "that the Governor will be there in half an hour."

The Governor was outraged. "Sam," said he, majestically, "do you know who the Governor of Tennessee is?"

"Yassuh; yassuh, yass'ndeed, sah," said Sam. "I'll tell 'em you'll be down in half an hour, sah."

True Son of Happy Valley.

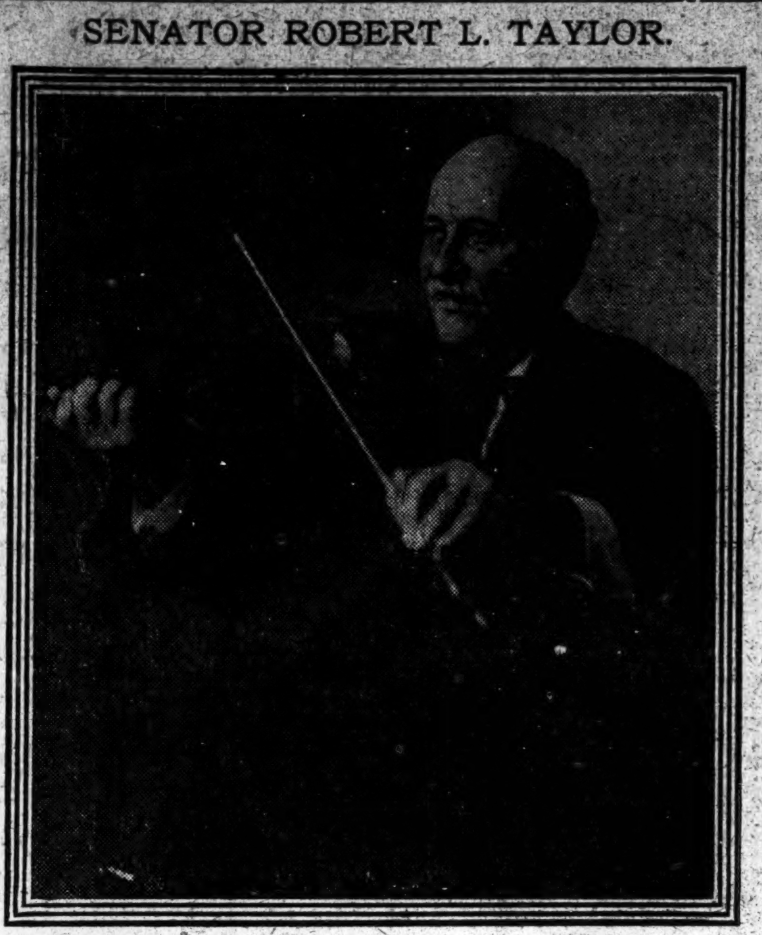
In the old Congressional Directories, dating away back "befo' the wah," the Post Office address of his father, Congressman Nat Taylor, is given as "Happy Valley, Tenn." It was in Happy Valley that Bob Taylor was born; and in spirit he has lived in Happy Valley ever since. No more appropriate birthplace could have been found for him.

His chum in the Senate was Bradley of Kentucky. When he used to go to Bradley's home he would take—no, "tote"—his fiddle along with him, and Bradley would get down his banjo and they would have a royal time. Last year the two chums decided that they were getting too old to play, and both registered a solemn vow never to play again. They hunted up a local photographer and had themselves photographed, fiddle and banjo in hand, as a solemn leave-taking of the old amusement. But scandal whispers that within a few months the resolution was broken and that they fell by the wayside.

Not very long ago Taylor received word that an especially fine 'possum—not opossum—was being sent to him from Waldo's Ridge, Tenn., and he framed up a 'possum dinner. But he wouldn't have it cooked by a Washington chef. "That would be desecration," said Taylor; "nobody knows how to cook 'possum but a Tennessee nigger." And he sent to Waldo's Ridge and imported a negro who had never before been on a railroad, and brought him all the way here to cook that 'possum in the Waldo's Ridge style. The party that sat down to that dinner included such hardened Yankees as Senator Crane of Massachusetts, but there were also people who knew the value of 'possum, such as Bradley and John Sharp Williams, and they do say it was the most successful 'possum dinner ever given outside of Waldo's Ridge. And the fiddle and the banjo, if scandal speaks true, were there despite the pledge.

But of stories about genial Bob Taylor there is no end. A lovely character; never meant for public life; why he went into it is a mystery, for he never was a statesman. He came to it naturally, though, because when he was entering public life the only field for an orator in the South was in politics. He never had an enemy in the world. In the fight between him and Carmack all the bitterness was on Carmack's side. Taylor could be bitter if he knew how, but that was a thing left out of his composition by the fairies who gave him his birth gifts.

SENATOR ROBERT L. TAYLOR.



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MAY APPOINT SANDERS.

Tennessee Republican Chairman for Senator Taylor's Place.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 31.—While Tennessee deeply regrets the death of United States Senator Robert L. Taylor, there is pause enough in the active political circles of the factions of all parties in the State to discuss his probable successor, and practically all concede that Newell Sanders, Chairman of the State Republican Committee, will be named. If he is chosen and surrenders his Chairmanship a man will be named for that place who will be satisfactory to the Brownlow faction of the G. O. P. in Tennessee. This and the fact that Mr. Sanders is the closest of all men to Gov. Hooper, who must fill the vacancy, leads to the belief that he will be appointed.

If the Governor should play politics and name an independent Democrat the honor will lie between Major E. B. Stahlman of The Nashville Banner and one of the Knoxville trio of independents, Chief Justice John K. Shields, Attorney General Cates, and National Committeeman R. E. L. Montcastle. There is also some mention of Judge Dickinson, former Secretary of War.

While the naming of Mr. Sanders would conciliate the Brownlow faction, the death of Senator Taylor is also looked upon as a possible way to harmony among the Democratic factions, since the regulars are contending for a primary and the independents are sticking to the convention plan. Senator Taylor always contended for a primary, and for this reason took sides with the regulars. He held some of the regular State Committeemen in line on this plan, and since he can no longer plead for a voice of the people, expressed at the polls, it is probable that the plan proposed by the State editors, calling for the convention, may go through, since only one more signature is needed to make the plan adoptable by both factions.

Since the Legislature that meets in January, 1913, must select a United States Senator for the full term, the successor of Senator Taylor will only serve for the next eleven months. For the full term ex-Gov. Patterson, ex-Gov. McMillin, John J. Vertrees, and one of the three Knoxville independents will probably be candidates.

WON'T PRODUCE HYDE.

His Counsel Says Habeas Corpus Writ Has Halted His Trial.

Max D. Steuer, counsel for Charles H. Hyde, declared again yesterday that he would not produce his client before Justice Davis in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court this morning, when Mr. Hyde's trial on the charge of bribery growing out of the failure of the Carnegie Trust Company will be called.

"At present there [illegible] no indictment in law standing again[illegible] Mr. Hyde," Mr. Steuer said. "He [illegible]ree on a writ of habeas corpus, and [illegible]il that writ has been argued and deci[illegible] the criminal charge against him is n[illegible]ified. To produce him for trial wou[illegible] be an admission on our part that the habeas corpus writ issued by Justice Woodward was irregular, and we certainly do not concede any such thing. If District Attorney Whitman is willing to place himself in contempt of court he can arrest Mr. Hyde and hale him to trial. I hardly think that he will care to attempt such a summary action."

District Attorney Whitman last night declined to say what action he would take should Mr. Hyde fail to apear for trial to-day. He declared, though, that he would not arrest Mr. Hyde without authority from the courts.

HOLD BOY FOR BOY'S DEATH.

Mariano Tells Police That Mathers Was Killed by Stone.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 31.—Antonio Mariano, 14, admitted to Chief of Police Willis of North Providence to-day that he was present at the death of twelve-year-old William Mathers, Jr., whose body was found in the brush near Marieville on Wednesday with the skull crushed and other signs of foul play.

Willie Mathers disappeared from his home, 974 Mineral Spring Avenue, on Feb. 29. There were signs of a furious struggle at the spot. Mariano was under suspicion, and was arrested Thursday. He was released for lack of evidence the same day, but last night was rearrested at a christening. About twenty of his relatives fought the three officers, but were beaten off.

After six hours of grilling the boy broke down, and admitted to Deputy Sheriff Sandford E. Kinnecom, later repeating the story to detectives of this city, that he was present when the Mathers boy was killed and saying:

"I did not kill him. A stone broke away from the big rock at the top of the hill, fell upon his head, and broke his skull. I carried him down the lane and into the bushes, where I knelt down beside him, kissed him, and prayed for him. Then I took his watch and went home."

Mariano will be arraigned to-morrow morning in the Sixth District Court on a charge of murder.

ENLIST SUFFRAGISTS FOR A CIRCUS HOLIDAY

Baby Giraffe Named "Miss Suffrage" at a "Votes for Women" Rally.

MISS MILHOLLAND ABSENT

Yet the Affair Had Been Postponed to Suit Her Convenience, They Say at the Garden.

All the women in the ranks of the Barnum & Bailey circus who are avowed advocates of the ballot for their kind, gathered yesterday afternoon around the giraffe cage in Madison Square Garden and there, after the incorrigible photographers had been satisfied and after plenty of speeches had been made, the baby giraffe, without previously being consulted, was ceremoniously named "Miss Suffrage."

For a long time it was not known who would officiate and in the hearts of some of the circus women the indifference of Miss Inez Milholland still rankles cruelly. According to all accounts obtainable at the Garden yesterday Miss Milholland had solemnly agreed to go to the circus on the morning of either Wednesday or Thursday of last week, for the organization meeting of the Barnum & Bailey Circus Women's Equal Rights Society, at which time the giraffe was to me named. After her failure to appear it was definitely arranged that she should be there yesterday afternoon at 5.

Then they heard at the circus that she had gone to New Haven, and their hopes fell, but Josie De Mott, an old time circus rider, who is proselyting in the present ranks, was not to be outdone, and she and her most zealous convert, Mrs. Zella Florence, one of the show's accomplished acrobats, descended on the headquarters of the Woman's Political Union in East Twenty-ninth Street, and tried to get a delegation of Mrs. Blatch and her friends to attend the meeting at the circus. But Mrs. Blatch and her friends were giving a tea to the Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw, and how could they leave? Besides, just suppose, my dears, if it were some wretched press agent scheme? Just think how we should feel if reporters were there!

Still, the chance of winning converts among these strong and earnest women was not to be overlooked and the thought of creating a chapter in a community that goes from town to town with simply perfect opportunities for further proselyting, was too good to lose. So Miss Beatrice Jones went over as a committee of one and planted herself in the centre of a group of twenty-five or more women and girls, modishly and sedately gowned, so that you would never dream it was their daily lot to bound about, blithe and bespangled.

It must be admitted that the press agents did happen to be passing at that time, and the reporters, who were also inadvertently there, closed round, all ears. It took Miss Jones about two minutes to indicate clearly that she wished them all to retire, and they all did, with the exception of two or three, who loitered about thinly disguised as keepers and sweepers.

After Miss Jones had told the circus women how serious a thing the suffrage cause is and how earnestly they must enter into it if at all, officers were elected and Josie De Mott made a speech.

"You earn salaries," she said. "Some of you have property. You have a right to say what shall be done with it."

At this point, an indignant-looking circus man shouldered his way into the group and subtracted a docile wife and daughter from it.

"You want to establish clearly in the mind of your husband that you are his equal. You are not above him, but his equal," continued Miss De Mott, unabashed, although at this point her voice was all but drowned out by the displeased crowing of a stray game rooster, whose quiet mate was wandering too near the meeting.

"You are not slaves," she cried, while the reporters looked respectfully at Mrs. Kate Sandwina, the strongest of the strong women with Barnum & Bailey, who took an active part in the meeting and was elected Vice President. Mrs. Sandwina is usually photographed in the act of tossing several persons about, and one moment in her act catches her in the easy task of lifting into the air an iron bar with four full-grown persons hanging to it. Mr. Sandwina did not interrupt yesterday's meeting.

The two months' old giraffe bore un under the ceremony very well, despite a slight nervousness when May Wirth, the little Australian equestrienne, entered the cage, a nervousness that had been increasing with the blasts of the flashlight powder which were altogether too much for the sensibilities of the brindle gnau. Every time a photographer touched off a powder, the gnau gave forth a horrible roar, and by nightfall he couldn't abide even the sight of a suffragette.

MEASLES AT YALE.

Seventy Freshmen Sent Home by Faculty to Avoid Epidemic.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 31.—Fearing an epidemic of measles in some of the smaller Yale freshman dormitories in York Street, the university authorities have sent seventy members of the class to their homes.

A number of cases of the disease have developed within the last few days. There are also a few cases in Pierson Hall, the big freshman dormitory in the same street.

¶ "It's a wise man that will give up an uncertainty for a certainty," remarkt Samuel Johnson to his friend Boswell.

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VEILINGS.

Attractive assortment of fine Chenille Dotted effects, also many new, becoming Fancy Meshes.

SPECIAL.

New Shadow Veilings, Black or White, *50c. a yard.*
Regular prices, 75c. to $1.00.

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Best qualities in up-to-date patterns and prevailing color schemes. Suitable for every decorative requirement.

Ingrains	60c per yd.
Tapestry	60c " "
Axminsters	75c and $1.15 " "
Body Brussels	$1.00 and $1.25 " "
English and American Wiltons,	$1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 " "

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Standard qualities in regular sizes at greatly reduced prices.

BROADWAY AND 19th STREET, NEW YORK

Smith Gray & Co.
Suggest for Easter
LeMar Cravats

Some time between this and Saturday night you will take unto yourself a scarf or two, perhaps more.

Good taste and prudence will make LEMAR CRAVATS your natural choice because LEMAR CRAVATS present a new high standard of quality, occur in endless variety and are of a value most unusual.

Specially designed and exclusively woven-tailored as few scarfs at any price, both the makers and Smith Gray & Co. guarantee LEMAR CRAVATS.

And as for assortment, you may revel in a riot of color that would delight an artist's heart—you may make your Easter choice from dozens of solid colors in heavy grosgrains, repps, baratheas, poplins and mogadors, from self figured iridescent duotones in cross and bias stripes. You may, in short, let your fancy roam—whate'er your scheme of dress, you will find it answered here.

No matter how complete your stock of dress essentials, 'twill be the better for the addition of two or three LEMAR CRAVATS.

As evidence of their popularity, 'tis enough to say that within the past three weeks, three times has our stock been exhausted. Today we show an assortment more complete, more exhaustive than in all our more than three score years, and no scarf in the entire offering is more than five days from the hands of the inspector.

LEMAR CRAVATS cost but half a dollar, though many a time and oft, you have separated from a whole one in exchange for those not half so worthy.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

1,750,000 Problems

A CERTAIN 1,750,000 homes have much in common. In every home there is a woman. The woman can read. She has taste, ambitions and hopes. She is vexed by many problems. She must make a house—a home. That is a many-sided task. The furnishing, the food, the training of the children, their clothes and her clothes, the daily menu, the entertainment,—every consideration from necessity to luxury is almost entirely her problem.

All these 1,750,000 women have much the same problems, difficulties and diversions—and they all have the same medium of mental exchange.

Every one of these women pays at least $1.50 a year for this philosopher, guide and friend—this fund of advice, instruction, inspiration and pleasure—The Ladies' Home Journal. All these women have the taste to appreciate, the wants to be filled, the desire to be informed and the money to buy intelligently.

The strength of the belief in The Ladies' Home Journal is shown when it is bought by more than 1,750,000 women. Through so many years a magazine could never hold such a leadership with anything trivial, incidental or ephemeral.

Greatest growth through many years proves greatest strength.

Your advertisement might help solve one problem for these women.

A book on the subject of advertising may be obtained gratis by those interested.

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The circulation of The Ladies' Home Journal is more than 1,750,000 a month. That of The Saturday Evening Post is more than 1,900,000 a week. We have reached this commanding position in our field by the same merchandising methods we propose to you.

Low Fares Northwest

Round-trip Homeseekers' Tickets
On sale 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month to many points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia.

One-way Settlers' Tickets
On sale each Tuesday in March and April to many points in Montana, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

One-way Spring Colonist Tickets
On sale daily to April 14th; $50 from New York via differential lines, $53 via standard lines, to any point on Northern Pacific lines west of Springdale, Montana, and to many other points in the Northwest, including North Pacific Coast.

Daily Through Trains
Two from Chicago, three from St. Paul and Minneapolis, one from St. Louis and Kansas City, with Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars and Coaches to and through the Northwest to Spokane, Puget Sound and Portland. Ask for free booklets.

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MARCH 'GREEN LISTS' SHOW BIG THEFTS

Police Notify Pawnbrokers to Watch for Loot from Score of Robberies.

JEWELS AND SILVER STOLEN

Names on the Articles Show Who Some of the Victims Were—Loss Estimated at $200,000.

The month of March was a profitable one for burglars in this city, as shown by the itemized lists of stolen goods received by the pawnbrokers from Police Headquarters. Twenty-four "green lists," some of them four pages long, record the month's losses, which, it is estimated, were over $200,000. Valuable pieces of jewelry and quantities of silverware appear on the lists, and there is evidence of at least twenty large hauls in which the value of the loot runs over $5,000.

In only a few cases are there any marks on the stolen pieces given out which might reveal the identity of the persons robbed. If the police have these records, they have refused to reveal them, in accordance with the practice of secrecy at Police Headquarters. It is estimated that the number of complaints of robberies and burglaries for last month was over 3,000. There were about 1,000 watches stolen. Valuable articles of clothing and furs are more numerous on the lists than they were in the early Winter. There has been an increase in burglaries in other cities, it would appear, for the lists contain pages of itemized articles which were stolen elsewhere, but which are believed to have found their way to New York pawnshops and "fences."

A robbery which probably netted the thieves $25,000 was committed on March 9, in one of the fashionable sections of Brooklyn. The only clue to the identity of the person robbed is in the initials "F. R.," engraved on a penknife and gold pencil which were among the things stolen. There was also a seal coat containing a trademark of the makers. When inquiry was made at this establishment the robbery was confirmed, but information was refused. The seal coat alone, it was said, had been purchased for $12,000. This list included a necklace of twelve large diamonds, set in platinum; a pendant with seven large brilliants; a bar pin with fifteen diamonds of three-eighths of a carat each; a crescent-shaped pin with seventeen diamonds; a lady's Tiffany ring with three large diamonds, a lady's solitaire ring, Tiffany setting, and twelve other articles of diamond jewelry, worth, on the average, about $200 each.

James H. Sherrerd, 221 West Eighty-third Street, admitted yesterday that his house had been robbed on the night of March 14, burglars having forced their way in with jimmies. He refused to give particulars, but the police lists have the robbery recorded, and the list of articles stolen includes a lavalliere with five hanging diamonds, ¼ to 1 carat each, with pearls on the ends, all set in platinum; a necklace of French pearls with a clasp set in diamonds; a gold hunting-case watch marked "Madge," and a heavy gold chain, and a silver Queen's medal marked "South African War, to James H. Sherrerd, Trooper, L. L. H."

An unusual diamond robbery was carried out on March 11, when burglars got four pieces of jewelry worth at least $15,000. The first piece contained twenty-seven brilliants, weighing 43¼ carats; another piece contained fourteen brilliants, weighing 9½ carats; another twelve, weighing 7 2-8 carats, and the fourth containing five, weighing 7 carats. Brilliants being the rarest of blue-white diamonds, with the total of 67 carats, a value of $15,000 is a very moderate estimate.

Another diamond robbery which occurred on Nov. 16 probably netted thieves $5,000 to $10,000. The name Mary Boynton Townsend appears on the back of one of the articles of jewelry. This is the list:

Pendant, circle shaped, 3½ carat diamond, surrounded by six diamonds graduating in size.

Pin, five-pointed large diamond surrounded by 7 other diamonds.

Pin, circle shaped, 2¼ carat diamond, surrounded by small pearls, marked Mary Boynton Townsend, 27,752, on back.

Ring, trumpet design, three diamonds, weighing 1⅜ carats.

Ring, 2⅝ carat diamond, Tiffany setting.

Ring, 2½ carat diamond.

Ring, two diamonds, weighing 1⅝ and 1-64 carats, surrounded by 12 small diamonds.

Ring, five diamonds.

Ring, ⅞ carat emerald, and 2 diamonds, 2 carats each.

Another lot, containing mostly diamond jewelry, is reported stolen on March 25. The goods are listed on the report sent out from Police Headquarters through the mail on March 28. This is the list:

Gold chain fob, with lover's knot, chip diamond in each side.

Gold bracelet, 20 gold buttons, 7 diamonds set in buttons.

Lady's gold ring, 2 diamonds and opal.

Gold ring, snake's head, 2 diamonds in head. Gypsy setting.

Gold ring, two blue diamonds. Gypsy setting.

Lady's small gold ring, emerald and diamond.

Lady's small gold ring, sapphire and diamond.

Lady's small gold ring, diamond and two opals.

Baby's gold ring, 3 opals and 2 diamonds.

Lady's gold ring, 5 diamonds, 2 very white.

Lady's gold ring, 3 diamonds.

Lady's watch, set with 22 pearls.

In another list three different names appear as the probable owners. It is the list of a number of pieces of lady's clothing. The goods were stolen on Feb. 28, but were not advertised in the pawnshops until a month later. These are the principal items on the list:

Sapphire blue chiffon velvet dress, with passementerie front and girdle, marked Miss Griffin, Indianapolis.

Gray tweed lady's suit with plated panel on each side of skirt, black satin in underskirt attached, gray satin lined coat.

Black and white checked evening frock, white satin lining, blue chiffon trimming.

Pale mauve evening dress, gray shot, plaited panel on each side of skirt, embroidered buttons and gold passementerie apron.

Six colored waists, all marked Harrods Stores.

Long white sweater, marked D. H. Evans.

Five Irish linen table cloths, marked "A. L. T.' or A. L. Thomson.

There are a series of miscellaneous articles, many of which bear names or initials. In the list is a black suit, marked "Arthur C. Cox, 47 Riverside Drive"; a black broadcloth overcoat, astrakhan collar, marked "J. H. Leddy"; a dress suit, marked "C. E. Bateson"; another dress suit, marked "John Kirkpatrick"; a silver loving cup, marked "Andrew Burkenne, June 15, 1885"; a dark-gray overcoat, marked "Clarence Fischer"; a ribbon fob, with Greek fraternity clasp, and "D. L. Weatherhead, U. of Illinois, '08," marked on the back; two diamond-set penknives, one marked "From Jack to Jerome," and the other, "W. Jerome De Clercq."

Among the 200-odd pieces of silverware stolen there were about seventy-five which were engraved in some manner or other. The police realise that the marked goods are hardest to recover, these finding their way first of all to the melting pots of the "fences." Among the marks on the silver are "H. H.," "J. E.," "E. E.," "Egbert," "S. K. B.," "C. A.," "R. A. A.," "A. M. S.," "F. N. S.," and "H. R."

The pawnbrokers of the city are now subjected to daily visits by detectives from Police Headquarters, who copy descriptions of every piece of jewelry taken in by the pawnbrokers into a book which is kept on file at Police Headquarters.

'WARE THE 'PHONE CALL.

The List of Risky Names You May Ring Up Is a Long One.

You are a busy man. It is true that you spent forty minutes longer at lunch on Saturday talking politics with Jones, and that you missed an important engagement Thursday morning because, when Smith called in for a moment at your office and you got chatting over your new car, you forgot the engagement till it was thirty minutes overdue.

Also, you missed a meeting because you stopped in a crowd at the corner of Broadway and Cedar Street long enough to see what the crowd was there for. You're human, of course. But you're a busy man and when you sit down at your desk this morning and find a memorandum, written in a strange backward hand, reading, "Call Mr. Fish, 3732 Rector," you may not just think, for the moment, what day it is.

Of course the old trick of getting somebody to call Mr. Fish at the Aquarium is very old. In the days of old Rameses there were no 'phones, or that old joke would have been recorded on papyrus, too. But the age of a joke is no deterrent to some folks with no particular originality and then they may vary it some. They might tell you that Mr. Lyon or Mr. Monk or Mr. Campbell or Mr. Bird had "been on the 'phone," and desired that you should call "Tremont 953." That's the Zoo. Or it might have been Mr. Wolff and the number "Bryant one." Just think of calling Mr. Wolff at The Lambs.

There's the memorandum "Mr. Mann, Gramercy 5860," the telephone number being that of the Woman's Rights Party. The stern female patriot who might answer your blundering call would not let you off pleasantly because you protest that you're the victim of an April fool joke. She having a serious mission in life. What if you should call for Mr. Love at "Madison 6500." The Martha Washington Hotel?

The list of risky calls for to-day is a pretty long one. If you call Mr. Skinner, Mr. Baer, Mr. Bull, or Mr. Lamb see that the number isn't Rector 1400, 2530, or 2700 or Broad 2305. Any of those calls puts you in touch with the Stock Exchange. Mr. Killam's telephone address may lead to a famous pavilion in Bellevue or to some well known physician's office. If you call "Mr. Clews, 1803 Cortlandt," you will mystify the great Mr. Burns's office. Mr. Cooke and Mr. Frye may be real personages at 440 Madison, the National Chef's Union, but more likely not.

The possibilities connected with calls for Mr. Coffin or Mr. Berry, Mr. Dunne, Mr. Goode, Mr. White (say at "Columbus 1965") Mr. Cutting, Mr. Wood, Mr. Cole, Mr. Train, Mr. Carr, Mr. Lamb, Mr. Stone, Mr. Gold, Mr. Bond, Mr. Banks, Mr. Blume, Mr. Poor, Mr. Gaynor, Mr. Strong, Mr. High, Mr. Flint, Mr. Diamond, Mr. Small, Mr. Brown, or Mr. Green are so terrifying, if you just think a moment, that you'll agree that to-day is a mighty ticklish day on which to call up almost any man who isn't on your regular calling list.

Stern Brothers

are now displaying in their
Dressmaking Salons
Later Models of
IMPORTED COSTUMES
from the leading Paris Modistes, appropriate for all occasions, from which they are prepared to make to order copies or adaptations to meet individual requirements, for immediate or Summer wear.

Prices will be found Very Attractive.

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Attention is directed to their exceptional facilities for the
DRY AIR COLD STORAGE OF
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in accordance with the most modern and approved methods with Insurance against Theft or damage by Moth and Fire at moderate charges.

Special Concessions in Prices for Altering or Repairing Furs during the Spring and Summer.

ESTIMATES SUBMITTED AND ARTICLES CALLED FOR UPON REQUEST.

FURNITURE SLIP COVERS, AWNINGS, WINDOW SHADES, ETC.,
Made to Order at Short Notice
for which they are showing an extensive line of the most desirable fabrics, such as English and French Cretonnes, Manchester Damask, German Linen, Scotch Holland and Awning Materials.

Estimates and Samples submitted.

Lace Curtains Cleaned at Moderate Cost and stored free of charge during the summer.

West 23d and 22d Streets

CAN SEE ONLY FLAWS IN THE CITY'S PAVING

Committee Appointed by the Mayor Declares Present Conditions Cause Immense Loss.

FAR BEHIND FOREIGN CITIES

Streets Impossible to Clean Properly and Thus Constitute a Menace to Health.

The Committee on Pavements, which was appointed by Mayor Gaynor last October at the request of a joint committee representing the Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Association, the Board of Trade and Transportation, and the Automobile Club of America, will submit to the Mayor to-day a report bristling with fault-finding and recommendations. The committee finds little in the pavements of the city which is of any merit, and recommends that city engineers take a trip to Europe to study road conditions there.

The committee includes twenty-two men representing all the principal civic and art associations of the city. The officers are: A. R. Shattuck of the Automobile Club, Chairman; Ernest Flagg of the Fifth Avenue Association, Vice Chairman F. B. Berard of the Merchants' Association, Secretary, and J. O. Bloss of the Chamber of Commerce, Treasurer.

These are the general conclusions, presented by Mr. Flagg in the absence of the Chairman:

"If the condition of a city's pavements is a fair gauge of its civilization, as has been maintained by high authority, New York must rank low in the scale. That its pavements are an unmistakable evidence of provincialism, there can be no doubt.

"There can be no question that if our streets were maintained in as good fashion as those of the chief cities of Great Britain the tractive effort required in the moving of merchandise through them would be reduced to one-half and that congestion of traffic would also be reduced in like proportion.

"The financial gain which would result from such a condition is too great to grasp; it staggers the imagination. When one thinks of the loss which our bad pavements occasion, in the millions of horse power wasted in dragging loads over their rough and uneven surfaces, in the delays caused by street obstructions, in the vast and unnecessary wear and tear on horses, vehicles and harness, automobile tires, in the smallness of our loads as compared with those of Europe, the aggregate becomes appalling.

"Many of our pavements are in a condition injurious to the health of the community; they are rough, uneven, often broken and obstructed, expensive to clean and impossible to clean properly.

"There are several hundreds of miles of pavements which are fairly good, but they are for the most part either newly laid or on streets where traffic is light.

"Our engineers are not altogether to blame; city officials have often disregarded their advice."

Mr. Flagg sums up the committee's work in twenty recommendations and asks Mayor Gaynor to continue the committee for further investigation.

These are the recommendations:

That all work which has to do with the laying, opening and restoring of pavements in any borough, except park driveways, be placed exclusively in the hands of the President of that Borough, so that there may be one responsible head over such work.

That ultimate economy rather than cheapness be made the governing consideration. The best quality of materials and the highest grade of workmanship should be sought.

That the city make its own purchases of all materials used in paving direct from the producer, and thus obtain better prices and a better quality than it now gets. This would permit of the supervision of materials before delivery, and remove the temptation which the contractor now has to benefit by the use of poor ones.

That those in charge of street work, and especially the chief engineers of highways in the various boroughs, be sent abroad to study the paving methods in use in the principal cities.

That those methods which they find have given the best results in foreign cities be adopted, so far as practical, for our use at once.

That the engineers be furnished with a competent corps of assistants, preferably young graduates from engineering schools.

That steps be taken immediately to insure the obtaining of reliable statistics of traffic.

That all street openings be made and closed by the city at the expense of the person for whom the opening is made.

That all repairs to pavements be made by the city, and that each borough have an adequate repair plant.

That all future guarantees for maintenance, if any are made, be either on the German plan—the contractor agreeing to maintain the pavement at an annual progressive rate of payment by the square yard, to be paid to him in each of the years of the guarantee—or else that the necessary repairs be done by the city at the contractor's expense, according to a fixed rate by the square yard, the city being adequately secured.

That in the construction of future pavements all the defects pointed out be avoided.

That all dead and unnecessary tracks be removed.

That the street railroad companies be governed by the same rules which apply to individuals in the opening and closing of pavements.

That all future manholes be constructed in accordance with an approved design and be set perfectly flush with the pavement and the covers flush with the rims.

That more stringent regulations be established for the use of the street by contractors for the storage of building material, by the transportation companies for the storage of merchandise, and by the pushcart men.

That a trial on a large enough scale to prove conclusive be made of the sewers for the removal of snow without the use of carts.

That a trial be made of the French method of flushing out gutters daily.

That the kinds of pavement used and the plan for their arrangement conform to the recommendations.

That there be a paving board, consisting of the Chief Engineer of the Board of Estimate and the engineer in charge of highways of each of the boroughs, to standardize specifications.

That the necessary steps be taken by legislation and the revision of department procedure to carry these recommendations into effect.

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At $45, $55, $65, $75 and up
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At $35, $45 & $55
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Beautiful Blouses and Waists
At $12, $15, $18, $25 and up

Fashionable Easter Millinery
At $15, $18, $20, $22 and $25

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NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

COURTS ATTACKED BY MAYOR GAYNOR

He Criticises Judges "Who Set Themselves Against the Will of the Community."

CONDEMNS JUDGE-MADE LAW

And Would Recall Some Decisions Based on Judicial Misinterpretation of Constitutional Rights.

"Do the courts in this country stand in the way of social and economic progress?" is the title and first sentence of a paper by Mayor Gaynor appearing in the current issue of Bench and Bar. He answers the question by saying:

"Yes, they do, and have done so for a long time. But this is nothing new. In all ages, and pretty much everywhere, the courts have tried to apply their legal rules of thumb to social, commercial, and economic matters, always with signal failure, and generally with injury to industry, commerce, and the social good."

Before he is through the Mayor permits himself to wonder just how absurd the decisions of our courts interfering with and regulating the course of business, trade, and commerce will appear in the next generation. In the course of the article the Mayor says:

"Nothing is more distressing than to see a bench of Judges, old men, as a rule, set themselves against the manifest and enlightened will of the community in matters of social, economic, or commercial progress. The same is true in matters of morals and religious growth also. Jesus, Socrates, and many who came after them, age after age, fell victims to judicial narrow-mindedness. But the adverse decisions of courts have not been able to stop human progress. Sometimes they baffle it for the time being. Sometimes, by creating exasperation in the intelligent mind, they accelerate it. Not to quote other instances, the decision of the United States Supreme Court remanding the negro boy Dred Scott back into human slavery only hastened the coming liberation of the slave."

Then the Mayor gets down to cases and cites some recent judicial decisions which, in his opinion, were planted "right in the path of economic and social progress." His particular exception is taken to the "far-fetched" discoveries of the possibilities that lie in the general provision that no one shall be "deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law." Beginning with the tenement house tobacco case, in which the courts threw out the law designed to protect the health, particularly of the children obliged to live in the tenements, and referring to the Judges, the Mayor writes:

"They gave to this constitutional guarantee a meaning never dreamed of in England, from which we took it. The foundation of it is in Magna Charta. But no one in England up to this hour has ever imagined that it had reference to anything but the direct taking of a man's property—i. e., of his chair, of his cow, of his lot—or the direct restraining of his physical liberty. Nor did it occur to our forefathers when they took it from England and incorporated it into those fundamental instruments or government in this country, State and National, which we call Constitutions, that any meaning would ever be given to it except that which it then had. It had then only a direct meaning in respect of the taking of a man's property or the depriving him of his liberty.

"This tobacco case, in which the court showed so much sensitiveness for the rights of property and liberty, and so little for physical, mental, and moral health, was the final and full outcome of a course of constitutional exegesis which had set in in this country not many years before, and had for its object to embrace in the said constitutional guarantee every legislative enactment which, by its operation, might indirectly or remotely restrict the use of property or liberty in its widest sense. Its development was rapid, and finally reached that point which has enabled the courts to stand in the way of measures for the public happiness, welfare, morals, and progress, which are grown common all over the world, and finally become expressed in statute law here."

The Mayor finds and deplores substantially the same reasoning in the decision disposing of the statute for the sanitary regulation of underground bakeries, and then goes on to the statute, passed in 1893, which ordained that in this State women should not work in factories between the hours of 9 at night and 6 in the morning, a statute intended "to protect the health of women, and hence of their offspring."

"It is almost inconceivable," he writes, "that the gentlemen then composing the Court of Appeals of this State found in this humane and benevolent statute an infringement of the 'liberty' of women, guaranteed as they said by the Constitution, to work in factories all night and as many hours as they saw fit. But they waxed eloquent over the iniquity of the statute in its attempt to interfere with the property and liberty of women without due process of law—their property in their work and wages, and their liberty to work all night, if they saw fit.

Mayor Gaynor touches for a moment on the decisions of our Court of Appeals declaring statutes void which provided that employes on State or municipal works under contractors should not be paid less than the prevailing rate of wages nor required to work more than a certain number of hours a day These decisions "so exasperated the people of this State that they swept them all out of existence—'recalled' them, if you will—by a constitutional amendment in 1905.

"Some aspirants for the office of President are just now talking about the 'recall' of judicial decisions as though it were a new idea," he continues. "It is not new at all. We have been doing it for a long time, and we shall have to do a good deal more of it before we get through. We do it very easily in this State, because our Constitution itself requires that we have a new Constitutional Convention every twenty years; and meantime we frequently pass constitutional amendments.

"It were well if the Constitution of the United States were amended by the addition of a provision requiring it to be reconsidered by a Constitutional Convention every twenty years, the same as in this State, and in many, if not most, of our States. A Constitution must grow and change, like everything else, but the more gradual the better. As Macaulay says of the British Constitution, 'Although the changes have been great, there never was an instant of time in which the major part of it was not old.' That is the way to amend Constitutions and laws—gradually and prudently. But the class of decisions which I have mentioned never had any justification under the Constitution, and it is annoying to have to keep on amending the Constitution to nullify them."

The most expansive comment is on the decision of the Court of Appeals last year that overthrew the employers' liability statute passed the year before, a decision which the Mayor trusts will be "recalled" without scruple or hesitation.

Finally the Mayor asks who is to be the judge of legislation tending to general health, safety, comfort, and welfare. The Legislature, representing the community?

"No," he answers; "the Judges took that unto themselves. They judge thereof over the head of the Legislature, and declare legislation unconstitutional which exceeds their opinion of what is economically or socially wise or beneficial.

"No such power was ever given to the courts. They have simply taken it away from the legislative department of government. They have set themselves up as the 'protectors' of society against the law-making power, safeguarded as it is by the consent of two houses and the executive veto. They do not seem to consider who is to protect us against them in their judicial legislation."

TWO ARTISTS DEAD OF GAS.

Robert L. Newman and Louise Schofield Accidentally Killed.

Robert L. Newman, a well-known painter, whose work has been much admired for its color and is in some of the best galleries in Boston, New York, and elsewhere, was found dead in his bed yesterday morning at 206 East Eighteenth Street. Gas escaping from a heater had asphyxiated him.

He was 85 years old. He was born in Virginia, and served in the Confederate Army. After the war he pursued his studies in the Barbizon School, where he knew Millet and other painters of that school. His work was much influenced by Delacroix. Several years ago a large loan exhibition of his work, chiefly of small canvases, was held at Goupil's.

Miss Louise Schofield, a landscape painter, of 144 West 125th Street, was found dead in the kitchen of her home yesterday morning by Miss Pearl A. Story, with whom she lived. Miss Story told the police that about 8 o'clock in the morning Miss Schofield arose to make some coffee, and entered the kitchen and closed the door. About 10 o'clock Miss Story went to the kitchen and found Miss Schofield lying on the floor apparently dead. Gas was escaping from two open jets in the range.

Miss Story ran across the street and summoned Dr. J. G. Harris from 10 West 127th Street, who pronounced Miss Schofield dead. It is the opinion of the police that she turned on the gas in the range, but that before lighting it she had been seized with a fainting spell and had been overcome by gas.

SUFFRAGE DRAMA PLANS.

Miss Mary Shaw's Play Has an All-Star Mob—Four Other Plays.

The Woman's Political Union will give an Easter matinée at the Republic Theatre Friday, April 12. The cast includes a "mob," in which writers, artists, and various notable people will take part. The play is "A Militant Suffragette Meeting in Trafalgar Square," an adaptation of the mob scene in "Votes for Women," by Mary Shaw. Miss Shaw will take one of the principal parts, with Mary Keegan, Ruth Draper, Miss Malverson, and Oswald Yorke. In the mob will be:

Mrs. W. J. Glackens, Mrs. Montague Glass, Inez Haynes Gillmore, Mrs. Paul Thompson, Mill Cora Van Norden, Rheta Childe Dorr, Mrs. Ethelbert Nevin, Miss Backington, Irene Lewisohn, Anne O'Hagen Shinn, Miss Lydia Emmet, Mrs. Grenville Emmet, Mrs. William Temple Emmet, Miss C. B. Arnold, Mary Donnelly and Mrs. Cornelius Poillon.

There will also be given "A Dream of Brave Women," with Mrs. Charles Tiffany as Pocahontas and Sidney Smith as John Smith. For the entr'acte there will be the "Dance of Light," by Lorraine Manville. A 'cello solo and English ballads will also be given.

"Press Cuttings," by Bernard Shaw, will be given for the first time in America as a benefit for the Woman Suffrage Party, on Tuesday afternoon of this week, at the Broadway Theatre. It is a satire on the English suffrage situation. The character of Premier Asqueth will be taken by Alexander Calvert, and Lord Mitchener by Oswald Yorke. Mary Shaw and Olive Wyndham take two of the women's parts and Harriet Otis Dellenbaugh will be the charwoman.

This will be followed by two short plays, "Kiddie" and "Lib," in which will appear John Doyle, Marien Willard, Robert Harrison, Julie Herne, Julien L'Estrange, Susanne Sheldon, Ethel Browning, Ida Waterman, and Frank Williamson.

Among the patronnesses are Mrs. Mackay, Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mrs. George J. Gould, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. Albert Herter, Mme. Louise Homer, and the Princess Troubetzkoy.

Child Falls Five Stories; Will Live.

Fannie Farangs, 7 years old, living on the fifth floor of 215 East 102d Street, lost her balance while climbing about on the fire escape of her home late yesterday afternoon and fell. She landed on a canvas covering of a fruit stand on the ground floor, and then rolled to the ground. She was taken to the Reception Hospital, suffering from a fractured jaw and a deep scalp wound. It is believed she will recover.

Dickens Exhibition Postponed.

The opening of the exhibition of English portraits and period rooms for the benefit of the Dickens Centenary Fund, to be held at the galleries of White, Allom & C., on Fifty-second Street, has been postponed from to-morrow until April 10.

NEW PREVENTORIUM READY THIS MONTH

Buildings at Farmingdale Will Have Accommodations for 700 Children.

COST $150,000 TO COMPLETE

Poor Children of Tuberculosis Parents Are to be Cared for There and Restored to Health.

The Tuberculosis Preventorium for Children, which has saved 400 tenement children from developing tuberculosis in the last two years, will open its $150,000 new home at Farmingdale, N. J., on Thursday, April 25. Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey and Controller Prendergast and Borough President McAneny of this city, as well as Mayor Imlay of Farmingdale, have accepted invitations to be present and make informal addresses. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps, Mrs. Grover Cleveland, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, and Mrs. Emanuel Einstein are among others who will attend.

The Preventorium is the only institution in this country where the children of tuberculosis parents are cared for until their tenement homes have been made safe for them to return. Many prominent physicians, including Dr. Abraham Jacobi, Dr. Herman M. Biggs, General Medical Officer of this city's Health Department; Dr. William H. Welch, head of the Department of Pathology in Johns Hopkins University; Dr. James Alexander Miller, head of the Tuberculosis Clinics of this city; Dr. Alfred H. Hess, expert in children's diseases; Dr. Charles F. Bolduan of the city's Board of Health, and many other physicians will attend the opening.

The Preventorium has been conducted during the last two years in two small frame cottages on the 170-acre farm at Farmingdale, donated by Arthur Brisbane, the editor. There are 40,000 children in this city's tenements who are living with tuberculosis parents, and Marcus M. Marks, President of the Preventorium, recently appealed for more adequate and permanent quarters to John D. Rockefeller, J. Pierpont Morgan, Jacob H. Schiff and other of the city's public-spirited men.

Mr. Rockefeller donated $10,000, Mr. Morgan $5,000, Mr. Schiff $6,000, and a total of $150,000 was collected from other sources for new buildings. Mr. Henry Phipps also pledged $1,000 a year, Mr. Adolph Lewisohn $1,000 a year, Mr. Isaac H. Seligman $500 a year, and Mr. Eugene Meyer, Jr., $500 a year to meet the new institution's increased expenses. A total of $45,000 altogether has been pledged toward the new institution's maintenance fund.

Through these contributions, a group of substantial modern buildings, constructed of hollow tile and cement, have been erected on the highest point on the farm at Farmingdale. With perfectly ventilated dormitories, warm comfortable dressing rooms and adequate bathing and refectory facilties, the buildings will accommodate 700 children a year. They stand in the midst of a grove of pine trees and laurel bushes, where the children can play in the pure, healfthful air all day.

GAS PLANT IN STEEL BOTTLE.

Dr. Snelling's Process Gives Month's Supply in Liquid Form.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., March 31.—Camping out parties and bungalow residents can now have a lighting plant of their own. Dr. Walter O. Snelling, consulting chemist of the Bureau of Mines and of the Panama Canal Commission, now doing laboratory work in the testing station here, has developed a liquid gas, and a steel bottle will carry enough to light an ordinary house for three weeks or a month. The bottle is four feet high and six inches in diameter, and holds 2,000 cubic feet of gas. The product is available commercially, plants having been established and preparations made to supply the farmer and the country home.

The liquifying of gas has been attemuted for many years by many men, but without succes, the pressure required being so great as to make the process impractical. Snelling has found it possible to extract the elements of natural gas which give the greatest heat and energy, while leaving out all those inert gases and the methane which have less heating value.

One advantage in the new gas that will appeal to the consumer is that it will give five times the light that coal gas gives, and eight times as much as natural gas. It has a heating value per cubic foot of about 3,000 B. T. U., (British trade units,) while the value of ordinary natural gas is 1,000 B. T. U., of Pintsch gas 1,500, of coal gas 630, and of manufactured oil gas 635. The new gas is much less explosive than coal gas, natural gas, or any other commercial gas.

The gas that Dr. Snelling liquifies is the gas which escapes wherever a gas well or an oil well exists. For every gallon of petroleum taken from the ground, more than a gallon of gas goes to waste, and it is this waste that the doctor is able to conserve.

NEW MOVE AGAINST WALLIS.

Meeting of Parishioners Called to Strengthen Demand for Removal.

Thirty members of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Tompkinsville, S. I., of which the Rev. Guy L. Wallis is rector, have added their names to the list of 130 signing the appeal to Bishop Greer asking the rector's removal from office. They have also joined many of the former signers in sending out a call for a meeting to be held on April 9 to strengthen the demand for removal, and to authorize an appeal to the courts for possession of the church property in the event of the Bishop's decision being unfavorable.

When told of the proposed meeting, Mr. Wallis said he did not care. Vestryman Dailey said the signatures were not those of actual members, but of Methodists and others.

Bishop Greer refused yesterday to talk about his decision. It was learned from another source, however, that he regards the case as most important and intends to take at least a month in preparing a careful legal opinion.

Bazaar for District Charities.

A bazaar in aid of the District Charity Organization will be held at the home of Mrs. Ernest Flagg, 109 East Fortieth Street, to-morrow, from 1 to 6 o'clock in the afternoon.

A MIDNIGHT AUTO WEDDING.

Miss Eddy Secretly Married to John L. Martin in Hoboken.

It was learned yesterday that Miss Maude C. Eddy, of 110 Riverside Drive, was secretly married to John L. Martin last Monday night at midnight, by a Magistrate in Hoboken, N. J. The witnesses were the members of an automobile party, which had been arranged for the purpose by Mr. Martin.

Miss Eddy was for two years a student in the American Academy of Dramatic Art, and thought seriously of going on the stage. She had taken part in amateur theatrical performances. She met Mr. Martin two weeks ago, and in a few days they were engaged. But when Miss Eddy told her mother, she was advised to wait. This demand seemed unreasonable to the young couple and the midnight automobile ride was planned. After the wedding, the party went to a New York restaurant for the breakfast.

Mr. Martin owns wheat lands in Saskatchewan, and his business headquarters are at Grand Rapids. In 1902 he married Miss Gladys E. Tolkamp, of Brooklyn. She obtained a divorce the following year. He is the son of the late banker, John L. Martin.

Maritime Exchange Nominations.

The Nominating Committee of the Maritime Exchange has selected the following members of the organization for officers, to be voted for at the annual election on April 23: President, Willard U. Taylor; Vice President, William Simmons; Treasurer, Frederick W. L. Jones, and Directors, Daniel Bacon, M. M. Norman, Bernard L. Tim, John C. Eustace, John Dowd, and Eugene F. Moran.

CHIRIS
(Pronounced Sheris)
Olive Oil is absolutely pure and rich in food and health-building properties. It is the first pressing of selected French olives, imported in original bottles.
Eat Food Dressed With Pure Olive Oil
Not only will you enjoy it more, but the oil will aid digestion, improve the complexion and act as a flesh-builder.
Send 10c. for a trial bottle and our Salad Book, containing 75 recipes for delicious salads. Where dealers cannot supply Chiris order direct.
ANTOINE CHIRIS COMPANY,
American agents for Antoine Chiris, Grasse, France.
Dept. "E," 18 Platt St.
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OLIVE OIL

Frisbie Collars
Say "Frisco" to the collar man.
Choice of 3 heights.
Snug fitting, lockfront.
Sufficient scarf space.
Hand made, 4 ply.
15¢ 2 for 25¢
FRISBIE COON & CO.
MAKERS
TROY, N.Y.

An Ostermoor Delivered Quick
Phone "5 Spring"—tell us the size mattress you want—we tell you the price—you give the order—we deliver by automobile in an hour or two—if you don't like it send it back.
OSTERMOOR & CO.
132 Bowery, 116 Elizabeth St. } One door from Grand St.
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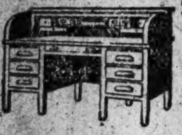
136-page book mailed free



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Quality that DEFIES comparison; prices that WELCOME it.
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Broadway and Wall,
429, 1183 and 1465 Broadway
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All Sail
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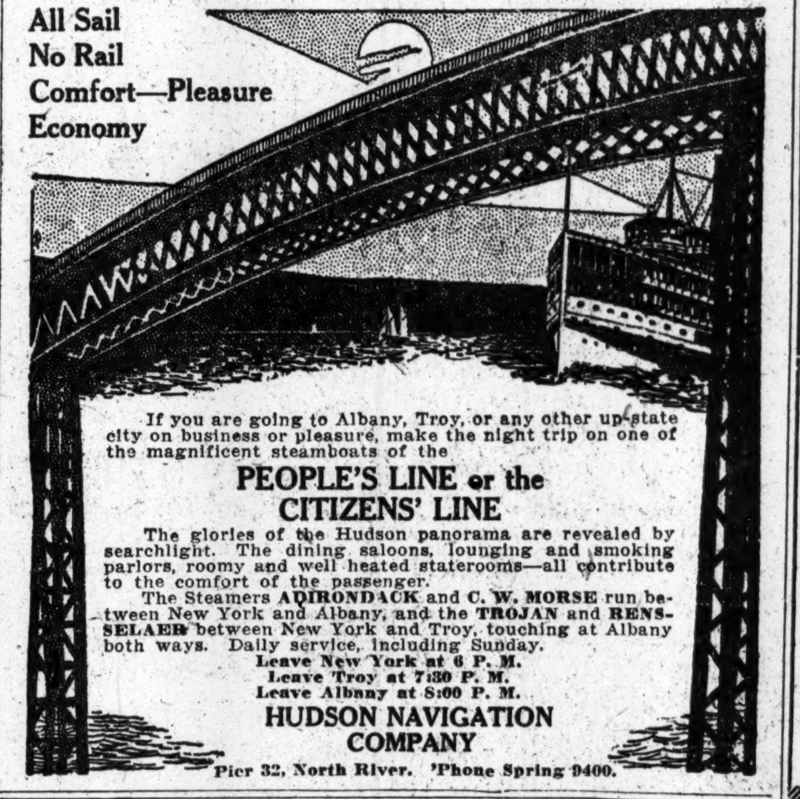
Comfort—Pleasure
Economy



If you are going to Albany, Troy, or any other up-state city on business or pleasure, make the night trip on one of the magnificent steamboats of the
PEOPLE'S LINE or the CITIZENS' LINE
The glories of the Hudson panorama are revealed by searchlight. The dining saloons, lounging and smoking parlors, roomy and well heated staterooms—all contribute to the comfort of the passenger.
The Steamers ADIRONDACK and C. W. MORSE run between New York and Albany, and the TROJAN and RENSSELAER between New York and Troy, touching at Albany both ways. Daily service, including Sunday.
Leave New York at 6 P. M.
Leave Troy at 7:30 P. M.
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HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River. 'Phone Spring 9400.

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THE UNIVERSAL CAR
From "here" to "there" and back again—one-third of the motoring world will go this year in Ford Cars. Seventy-five thousand new Fords—all alike—put into service in a twelvemonth—it's telling testimony to their unequalled serviceableness and economy.
There is no car like the Ford Model T. It's lightest, rightest—most economical. The two-passenger car costs but $590, f. o. b. Detroit, complete with all equipment—the five passenger but $690. To-day get catalogue 101—from The Ford Motor Company, 1723 Broadway, New York, or from our Detroit factory.

THE UNDERSLUNG
AMERICAN
The World's Safest Car
A remarkable Improvement in Automobile Construction
AMERICAN-MARION SALES CO.
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Marion
ALWAYS READY
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$1150 — $1750
A Stranger to the Repair Shop.
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The Provident Loan Society
OF NEW YORK
Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.
INTEREST RATES
One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.
One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.
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MANHATTAN AND BRONX
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EASTER AT ASBURY PARK
HOTELS WILL OPEN AND PRYOR'S BAND WILL PLAY
DURING WEEK, ONLY APPEARANCE AT ASBURY PARK THIS YEAR
Attend this gala week, March 30th to April 7th. Asbury Park is best reached by
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
TRAINS LEAVE LIBERTY ST. 8.30, (11.30 Buffet Parlor Car), A. M. (1.20 Sat. only), 3.30, 4.45, 5.30, 6.30, 9 P. M., 12.01 mdt. Leave W. 23d St. 8.20 (11.20 Buffet Parlor Car) A. M. (1.10 Sat. only), 3.20, 4.30, 5.20, 6.20, 8.50, 11.50 P. M. The beach attractions and natatorium will be open and many special features will make the week notable.

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"Guaranteed for all time."

"44" 7-Pass. Touring Car,	$1800
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"44" Foredoor Limousine,	$3000
"30" 5-Pass. Touring Car,	$1350
"30" Foredoor Roadster,	$1275
"30" Colonial Coupe,	$2150

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¶ Powerful, splendidly flexible, long-stroke Continental Motor, 4½x5½; Dry Plate multiple disc clutch; full floating rear axle; extra large, sturdy artillery wheels, oversize tires, 36"x4", equipped with demountable rims; generous 120" Wheel Base.
¶ It takes 24 separate painting operations to complete the body—just one item that indicates the superlative work that goes into an Abbott car.
¶ The luxurious, distinguished bodies are built for comfort as well as smartness. They have generously ample arm, leg, and knee room. And the delightfully thick, soft upholstering of a favorite easy chair.
¶ A rare combination of charm and ease and luxury and sturdy dependability. And at a price-moderation that is new for these qualities. There's the wonder of it!
Arrange for One of the Now Famous "ABBOTT DEMONSTRATIONS."
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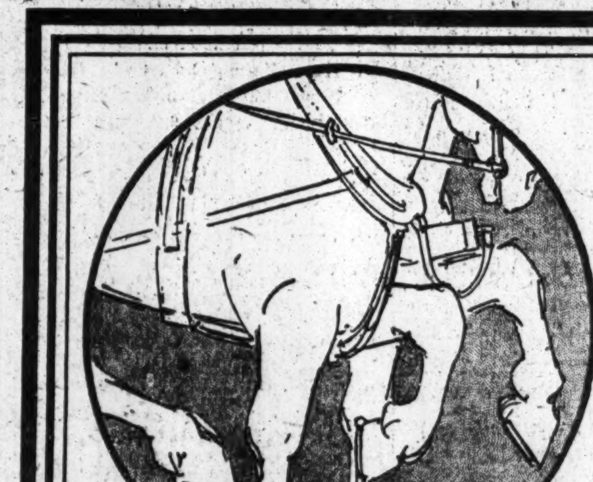
'Phones 7166-7167 Columbus.
VAN DEMAN & WAINWRIGHT, 211 Halsey St., Newark, N. J.


Fifty per cent of energy lost

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Motor Trucks
The Energy a Horse Loses
In hauling a load—even in carrying himself—a horse wastes a great deal of energy. This means a *tired* horse.
Stop and look at a horse moving along. Note that two of his feet are in the air all the time. See that half the horse's effort is in getting his feet forward.
He picks up his feet, shoves them forward—it is all lost effort.
In other words half his energy is expended with no results.
Assume that every horse possesses one hundred working units. Out of one hundred units fifty are expended with his feet actually on the ground and fifty with his feet off the ground.
For this lost energy every horse owner pays—and gets no results.
There is no lost effort in the motor truck. The wheels are and the energy applied from the motor revolves them—"rolling rubber feet."
For every drop of gasolene there are results—and results convince.
The means of inquiring into the motor truck is to call Columbus 5300 and ask to have an Alco Transportation Expert call on you. No obligation to you.
AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY, 1886 Broadway, NEW YORK
Builders also of Alco 6-cylinder and 4-cylinder Motor Cars and Alco Taxicabs
Newark, 297 Halsey Street
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Movers of the World's Goods since 1835
Capital, $50,000,000
Motor Truck vs. Horse—Alco Argument No. [illegible]

The March Hare and the Mad Hatter are back numbers.

Now for April and sane hats.

Nothing "freakish" in our entire hat stock, though we've plenty of low crowned, flat brimmed Derbies for our younger friends.

We treat the most advanced styles from a gentleman's point of view.

Not a "carried-over" Derby in our stores.

Even the "staple shapes" have been modified to bring them up to date.

The "Stetson Special" at $5 is here—exclusive with us in New York.

Also luxurious Stetson Derbies of pure beaver at $8 and $10.

Other excellent Derbies at $3, $3.50 and $4.

Soft hats, too, in new Spring [illegible] not quite so rough as [illegible] ago, but still rough— [illegible] colors.

Spring suits and Spring overcoats all ready for the Easter parade.

Spring models, Spring fabrics.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,

Three Broadway Stores

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The Coward Shoe

"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF."

High Arch Shoe

FOR WOMEN

Made over a COWARD last, with a special upper that fits close in, under the arch of the foot, giving desired support to arch structures, needing more elevation at this point, than a regular shoe can furnish.

Comes with a medium, round toe, in all seasonable leathers, and in White Canvas.

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Dept. for over 30 years.

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TO JUDGMENT CREDITORS OF

Interurban Street Ry. Co. New York City Ry. Co. and Metropolitan Street Ry. Co.

When the property of these roads went into the hands of receivers, the U. S. Circuit Court announced in more than one opinion that creditors who might have claims against the road, whether in suit or not, could not under equity practice participate in the proceeds of any property which might come into the hands of receivers unless they filed their claims with the Special Master and made proof of the same. At the same time it was stated that, if he preferred, any creditor might prove his claim in the court, State or Federal, instead of before the Master, and that a transcript of judgment would be accepted as sufficient proof of the claim. The Special Master advertised for claims, stating [illegible] must be filed before January [illegible] in conformity with subsequent [illegible] Circuit Court, claims were [illegible] March 1st, 1910. Although [illegible] years was thus allowed to creditors to file their claims, it appears [illegible] numerous instances attorneys for creditors [illegible] to file such claims, owing to their [illegible]rance or carelessness. In order that [illegible] holding a valid claim which has been [illegible] to judgment should, because of his [illegible]yer's negligence, be deprived of the opportunity to share in whatever property there may be in receivers' hands, the Special Master by authority of the Court hereby gives notice that all such claims (which have not been already filed) may be filed with him at his office, Room 84, Cotton Exchange Building, Hanover Square, New York City, at any time prior to 4 P. M. on Tuesday, April 30th, 1912.

New York, March 28, 1912.

WILLIAM L. TURNER,
Special Master.

Advertisements of Lost Articles may be telephoned to The New York Times every hour, day or night. Telephone

POGGENBURG LOSES TWO MORE MATCHES

American Champion Admits French Billiard Players Are Too Good for Him.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 31.—J. Ferdinand Poggenburg of the New York Lieederkranz Club and American champion was twice defeated to-day in the 18.2 balk line billiard tournament for the amateur championship of the world. In the afternoon game, Mortier, the French champion, defeated Poggenburg 400 to 353. The result was a big surprise, as the American secured a big lead early in the game and appeared to be a certain winner. He made runs of 135 and 112, and seemed to have perfect command of the game.

Overconfidence proved the undoing of Poggenburg. With his big lead he made a careless stroke, missing the shot, and leaving the balls in a favorable position for Mortier, who at once settled down to superb billiards and rolled off point after point by clever manipulation. Mortier ran out with an unfinished 178, the highest run of the tournament. As Artus (Blanc) lost to Roudil yesterday, 400 to 302, the victory of Mortier gives him an undisputed lead, and he is considered the probable winner of the tournament.

In his second match Poggenburg was defeated by Poensgen of Germany by the close score of 400 to 376. It was one of the best contests of the tournament, and sent the American down to eighth place, with 3 won and 6 lost.

In his first game Poggenburg averaged 14.12, while in the second contest the American champion increased this to 15.66, with a high run of 82. Poensgen made 92 as his best individual contribution, and averaged 16.66.

Poggenburg leaves Paris to-morrow for Berlin on his way to Bremen, from where he will sail for New York on the George Washington. When seen after his last game by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent Poggenburg said he had played enough billiards for some time. He would not play again for several months, and added that French players were the best he ever met. He, himself had played here better than ver he had played in America, breaking his own record with an average of 27 and making eight runs over 100. "This, I believe, is due to the climatic conditions, which influence ivory.

In the other afternoon game Darentier defeated Poensgen with a high run of 52 and an average of 11.42. The scores were Darentier 400, Poensgen 322.

STANDING OF THE PLAYERS.

	Won.	Lost.	Percent.
Mortier	6	1	.857
Darantier	5	2	.714
Artus (Blanc)	6	3	.667
Poensgen	5	3	.625
Agassis	5	4	.556
Maura	5	4	.556
Roudil	4	4	.500
Poggenburg	3	6	.333
Labouret	2	7	.222
Comte de Dree	1	8	.111

BILLIARD PLAYERS BUSY.

Sixty Games in Roomkeepers' Tourney to be Played This Week.

With the playing of games this week between the pocket billiard players representing the roomkeepers in the financial district, the tournament being conducted by the New York Billiard Roomkeepers' Associatiton will have reached its zenith First games to be played by the downtown section will be on to-night, the advent of this district completing the list of entrants.

Nearly fifty games were played in the tournament last week, and during the next five days about sixty more will be conducted. The list of undefeated players in the six districts which have been holding games for two weeks is now diminished to one man in every section except one, the Yorkville, where Reithmann and Tyne have conquered every player met. The various other men with clean records are: Larry Wolf in the Central; Perry Wolfe in the West Side; Wilkenfeld on the East Side; Perriz of Brooklyn; and James Maloney of the Bronx.

Church A. C. Pocket Billiards.

The pocket billiard tournament of the Church Athletic League, which is being contested among eight teams representing churches of the league, is progressing rapidly, and already the eight teams in the tournament have each played a total of thirty-six games. The Xavier Club of Manhattan is leading by a two-game advantage over the Trinity Club of Brooklyn, with 28 won and 8 lost. The next series of games will take place to-morrow night with the following teams as opponents: Xavier Club versus Good Counsel A. C., at Xavier; Trinity Club versus Holy Cross Lyceum, at Trinity; St. Bartholomew's versus Christ Church, at St. Bartholomew's; Grace Club versus Bronx Church House, at Grace Club.

Tie in Class B Billiards.

After a week's play, Charles Cerf and Sylvester L. Levy are the leaders in the Harlem Class B amateur 18.2 balkline billiard championship tournament being held at the Morningside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue. Cerf and Levy have each won two games and lost none, and they both have a best average of three flat.

GIANTS AT ASHEVILLE.

Players Ready for Real Practice Games This Week.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., March 31.—Manager McGraw and twenty-two players and others, forming a party of thirty-six, arrived here early this morning, and enjoyed the pleasant Spring day. Every one in this little metropolitan city of 20,000, which perches on the mountain levels and adjoins George Vanderbilt's Biltmore, seems to want to give the members of the party a good time, and most of the day has been spent in automobiles, driven by the leading citizens. It is not possible to enter the Biltmore estate on Sunday.

Manager McGraw was greatly pleased with the town and people, and when the Bingham Military School asked for a game he promptly promised a five-inning game before the regular game to-morrow afternoon. Mathewson and Marquardt will pitch in the contest between the two Giant teams.

Close Scores at Soccer.

Brooklyn's soccer eleven, with victory almost in their grasp, committed a foul in the penalty area, from which their opponents, the Wilberforce eleven, scored a goal and tied the score in the last two minutes of play.

Two of the teams tied for first place in the New York and District League met at Edison Field, Brooklyn, yesterday, and a drawn game with no score made was the result. The teams contesting were the Clan McDonalds of Brooklyn and the Newarks of Newark, N. J. Knowing it was to be a battle well worth seeing, fully 2,500 people were on hand to cheer their favorites. The game was a give-and-take battle throughout, and all present were satisfied with the result.

As a preliminary to the McDonald-Newark conflict the New York Celtics and the St. George eleven competed, and the former team annexed its seventeenth consecutive victory of the season. The score was New York Celtics 3, St. George 1. As the losers are the runners-up in the league race of the second division they put up a hard fight before they acknowledged defeat.

In the other games played Arcadia and Camerons played a tie (0-0) match at Macomb's Dam Park, and Yonkers and McDuff each scored one goal at Van Cortlandt Park.

Hydroaeroplane Week Ends.

MONTE CARLO, March 31.—The International hydroaeroplane meeting closed to-day. It has demonstrated the remarkable progress made in these machines. Those who competed in the flights have been classed as follows: Fischer, first, 112 points; Renaux, 100; Paulhan, 96; Robinson (American) 71.

GIANTS HOME SATURDAY.

Opening Game of Season at Polo Grounds with Jersey City.

The Giants will make their first local appearance of the season at the Polo Grounds on Saturday in a game with the Jersey City Club of the International League. It will be the first chance that local fans will have to look over the troop of recruits from which Manager McGraw is trying to pick a few players to strengthen his team. For a good many years past Yale has opened the preliminary season at the Polo Grounds, but the collegians could not play here Saturday on account of the Eastern trip through the South.

On next Sunday the Giants will play in Paterson, N. J., and on Monday the Newark Club will play at the Polo Grounds. On Tuesday the Giants will play in Newark. Yale will play at the Brush Stadium on Wednesday, April 10, and on the following day the National League season will be opened at Washington Park between the Giants and the Brooklyns.

The Jersey City team which opens the season here Saturday has just returned from a training trip in Bermuda. Hugh Breen, formerly secretary of the Boston Red Sox, is now managing the Jersey City Club and tried out a number of promising players. McGraw is likely to use every player on his big squad at one time or another during the game.

The line up of the Giants when the championship season opens next week will be much the same as last year. McGraw will depend on his last year's team and will keep a few of the young players he has been trying out in Texas this Spring. Of the new pitchers who are likely to be kept on the team for a while are Tesreau, Fullenweider, and Pierce. All three have shown up well in the games in the South.

Arthur Shafer will be kept as utility infielder and in the outfield the new candidates are Harry McCormick, George Burns and Arthur Bues. These players comprise the more promising of the large crowd of recruits which McGraw took to Marlin. The greater part of them will go back to the minor leagues.

Groundkeeper John Murphy has been working at the Polo Grounds for the past couple of weeks and says that the diamond will be in fine shape on Saturday.

There will be no preliminary games on the Hilltop for the Yankees will be out on the road playing exhibition games up to the time they open with Boston on April 11.

YANKEES START EAST.

Will Play Three Games at Indianapolis Commencing To-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 31.—The Yankees are on the highway, bound for Indianapolis. They left Atlanta this afternoon, and are due to play in Indianapolis on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday. They weren't sorry to be headed for a change of scene, and it is hoped that the ailing ones—Ford, Cree, Wolter, and Williams—will buck up when the team gets North. Cree is much better than he was a couple of days ago. He has signed his contract. This was brought about after several long and earnest conferences between player and manager. How the matter was arranged is private business, but there was never much chance that it would not be arranged. Maybe Sweeney will be in line, too, before the club reaches home.

The players have no grievance against Atlanta except the surfeit of rain, and they don't hold Atlanta responsible for that. They look upon it as a mighty good training place with weather that usually prevails in March.

Managers John Ganzel of Rochester and Charles Hemphill of Atlanta are both hot on the trail of whatever New York players are to be turned loose, but neither knows yet what Wolverton is going to hand him. Pitcher Martin and Outfielder Osborn look pretty good to each of the managers named, and it is believed Rochester will get Martin. Osborn, however, is likely to be held by New York as extra outfielder. He is a good man with the bat.

BARGER IN PITCHING FORM.

Brooklyn Defeats Indianapolis by Score of 4 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 31.—Barger, the latest of Manager Dahlen's team, duplicated "Baron" Knetzer's performance of yesterday by pitching an entire game against Jimmy Burke's Indians this afternonn at Washington Park, winning easily, 4 to 2.

It was the best game the Superbas put up this Spring, not an error being charged against them. As in yesterday's game the Brooklyns got off to a running lead and were never in danger.

A two-bagger by Smith and a single by Daly, mixed in with an error by the local shortstop, a pass and a sacrifice by Irwin, gave the Superbas their first two runs in the second inning. Northen's single and a bad throw by Woodruff from centre field of Smith's long fly, gave the Dahlenites another in the third. Two errors and Stark's single gave them their final run in the ninth.

Wheat, Stack and Miller, who have been laid up, for over a week, were out in uniform to-day for the first time. To-night the team left for Springfield, Ohio. The score by innings:

		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 1	4	10	0
Indianapolis	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	2	8	6

Batteries—Barger and Erwin; Kimball, Hixon, Goulait, Pierce, and Donnelly. Umpire—Mr. Chill.

THIRTEEN-INNING TIE.

World's Champions and Newark Play Long-Drawn-Out Game.

Joe McGinnity's rejuvenated Indians and Connie Mack's World Champions had a battle royal at Newark yesterday, going fourteen innings to a tie, each team scoring three runs. The game was then called on account of darkness. It was the first chance that local fans had to look over the Iron Man's new recruits, and some of them showed up well. There was also in the line-up some good old-timers, including Cy Seymour, Bill Bergen, and Harry Smith, the latter two ex-Dodgers. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Phil. Americans	0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	3	12	2
Newark Int'rn'l	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	3	13	3

Batteries—Salmon, Bonner and Lapp, Egan; Gaskill, Lee, Holmes and Smith, Bergen.

St. Louis Americans Win.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 31.—Hitting opportunely gave the St. Louis Americans the second game of the Spring series with the St. Louis Nationals this afternoon, 6 to 5. Two runs behind when they went to bat in the eighth inning, the Americans scored three runs and went ahead. The Nationals tied it in the ninth. The Americans scored the winning run on two singles and a sacrifice. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Americans	6	11	3
Nationals	5	8	4

Batteries—C. Brown, Hamilton, and Stephens; Harmon, Steele, and Bresnahan. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Johnstone.

Cubs Take Slow Game.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 31.—The Chicago National League team to-day defeated the local American Association team in a slow game. Cheney and Northrop pitched for Chicago. Score 6 to 4.

OARSMEN PRACTICE ON HARLEM RIVER

Crews Take the Water for the First Time This Season—Clubs Training for Regattas.

For the first time this season the Harlem River course was yesterday alive with crews training for the Memorial Day regatta, brought out by the change in the weather and the absence of ice. The greatest activity was displayed by the up-river clubs, the Unions and Nonpareils, which were closely followed by the Metropolitans and Harlems.

The first octuple sculls to strike the water this season were sent out in the afternoon by Capt. E. G. Britz of the Unions, in charge of Billy Moore, as coxswain. The boat was manned by Godshell, Jaenike, Ryan, Kehoe, Loftus, Schroeder, Hopper, and Keasner. Earlier in the day the Union intermediate quadruple sculls were sent out by Coach John Kemp, with last year's Baltimore crew, made up as follows: Bow, George Puttman; 2, E. G. Britz; 3, A. J. Jaenike, and, 4, J. Nome. Harry Godshell, who is to compete in the junior singles in the Harlem regatta, was also sent over the course, as well as the junior quadruple sculls.

The Unions expect to figure prominently in the Memorial Day races with their veteran intermediate and junior quadruple sculls, junior singles, and intermediate doubles, represented by J. Campbell and Ed Lane.

The intermediate doubles, which was added to the list of events at last Monday night's meeting of the Regatta Committee, will bring together crews from the Unions, Hudsons, Nonpareils, Metropolitans, and possibly New Rochelle.

The Nonpareils showed on the river with all their regatta possibilities—the intermediate doubles (R. H. Pearce and A. B. De Lacy) and junior four, (Uttley, Pergold, Roemer, and Huntley,) with Burt, coxswain. Both junior and intermediate quadruple sculls were also sent out for practice.

Should the quarter-mile dash be added to the list of Memorial Day races, as proposed, the Nonpareils will figure with J. H. Crowley instead of Waldo Smith, who will by that time doubtless wear the colors of the New York A. C. The others in this speedy event will be Hart of the Metropolitans, Fuesel of the Harlems, and Carter of New Rochelle. Besides the regular crews, Capt. A. B. Pacini made several trips in the barge, trying out the various candidates.

Late in the afternoon the Metropolitans following their handball match with the Hudsons, sent out a couple of singles and a four, the Harlems confining themselves to singles.

According to Cauts. Cleaver of the Nassaus, J. Dolan of the Crescents, and C. Schuyler of the Bohemians, all three will have crews on the water by Sunday. The Nassaus are particularly anxious to get some early practice, so as to try out the new English shell, which is a duplicate of the Winnipeg boat that won the Stewart Cup on the other side

The Hudson Boat Club regatta candidates were out in the morning with Miller and De Witt in the double and a scrub intermediate four. A new shell has been built for the eight, which will be th third entry in the big regatta.

The Lone Stars were among the machine clubs, Capt. Weisbad telling his men that work would not be started for two weeks Among the candidates trying for th eight-oared crew are W. Schwab, B. Ablowitch, H. Westholmer, D. S. Maiman, J. Katz, W. J. Cowen, H. Weinstock, L. Peyser, H. Rosenthal, L. Price, A. Caner, T Fishel, A. Feis, N. Rittenberg, H. Lowey and A. Joseph.

The intermediate double sculls will be handled by J. Lilienthal, bow, and J Baum, stroke. The junior quadruple sculls are made up of J. Baum, bow; T. Fishel, 3; A. Weil, 2, and W. Schway, 4.

The Atalanta B. C., like its neighbors, the Friendships, is still playing handball and awaiting the big beefsteak dinner to be held on April 13.

The next meeting of the Regatta Committee will be held on Monday, April 15.

WALKERS IN LONG JAUNT.

Twenty Pedestrians Walk from Battery Park to Bronx.

The Walkers' Club of America held its first Spring walk of the season yesterday, from the Aquarium at Battery Park to McComb's Dam Park, in which a field of about twenty pedestrians started. The course was laid out across Battery Park to Broadway, to Twenty-third Street, thence to Eighth Avenue, and finished at the oval.

The start was arranged for 9 o'clock, but, owing to the failure of entrants to put in an appearance, it was delayed for an hour, with the walkers not getting away until 10 o'clock Only two heel-and-toe artists of note, A. Voellmecke and Benny Mann of the Pastime A. C., participated in the event.

The club offered medals to all members to finish the jaunt, and before the end was reached several of the contestants had dropped by the wayside. The event was not considered a competition, but a walk more for pleasure than to show the walking ability of the competitors. At the start the officials impressed upon the starters the conditions and warned them that if any attempt at pace was made they would be disqualified.

The weather was ideal, and under the conditions the number who completed the journey was better than expected. The organization is new in the field, and aspires to stimulate interest in pedestrianism and will promote long walks to various points regularly in the future.

Orioles Down Phillies.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 31.—The Baltimore International League Club defeated the Philadelphia Nationals at Back River to-day by a score of 4 to 3. Allen Russell, brother of "Lefty" Russell and a recent Baltimore recruit, struck out three batsmen in succession with three men on bases. Score by innings:

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0	4	10	4
Philadelphia	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1	3	7	4

Batteries—Dygert, Russell, and Payne; Curtis, Oldham, Masters, and Graham.

Tie Game at Cairo, Ill.

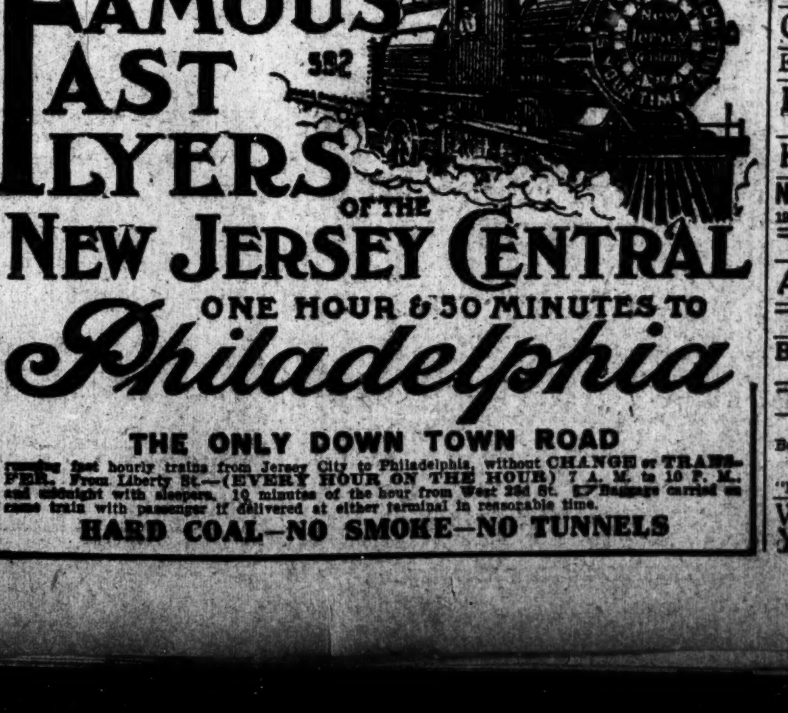
CAIRO, Ill., March 31.—The second team of the St. Louis Nationals and the Milwaukee American Association team played a 5 to 5 tie game here this afternoon.

Presents Victory to Houston.

HOUSTON, Texas 31.—After the game had gone eleven innings, the Philadelphia Americans intentionally presented a victory to the Houston, Texas League Club to-day. Combs walked Davis and threw the ball over the bleachers, Davis completing the circuit. The score was 2 to 1. Bender and Coombs pitched for the Americans.

Close Game at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 31.—Jackson's double and Ryan's single, scoring Jackson, won the game for the Cleveland Americans in the fourth inning to-day, 1 to 0.



TAKE THE FAMOUS FAST FLYERS OF THE NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

ONE HOUR & 30 MINUTES TO Philadelphia

THE ONLY DOWN TOWN ROAD

[illegible]

HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—NO TUNNELS

McNAMARA HEADS FIELD.

Irish-American Leads Eighty-nine Runners Over American A. A. Course.

J. J. McNamara of the Irish-American A. C. kept up his winning streak yesterday in the three and three-quarter mile race of the American A. A., held over the roads in the vicinity of Flatbush, in which the eighty-nine runners took part. The point trophy was won by the Morningside A. C. team with an aggregate of 34 with the Putnam contingent second with 32, and the Knights of St. Antony third.

McNamara's time was 19:25, which proved to be nineteen seconds faster than the course record held by Eddie Carr, Xavier A. A., and Charles Heller, Knights of St. Antony. The ultimate winner took the lead at the start, and although he was challenged several times by the various contestants, he never relinquished his early advantage.

He went away in the van closely attended by Rigby, Putnam A. C., and Foster of the Morningsides. This pair made every effort to take the pacing position, but the big Irish-American runner would not be denied, and always kept the field behind him. Beginning the final mile Tom Nelson of the Morningsides started a succession of sprints all of which McNamara responded to, finally winning by fifty yards.

PENNANT'S DOUBLE EVENT.

Brooklyn Club Holds Two Invitation Road Runs.

The Pennant A. C. of Brooklyn yesterday staged a double-header for the harriers at five and four miles distance. The five-mile contest was run over a course especially laid out for its three-entry special event of April 14. About ten men answered the call, H. Reitz of the home club landing the honors, his time for the distance being 27:16. The field was largely made up of club members, with the first five places all going to Pennant runners.

The four-mile race had only a small entry, and T. Tererril of the Italian-American A. C. sprang a surprise by defeating H. Rutt of the Mott Haven A. C. for first place. The Italian runner made the pace for the entire journey, and when the Mott Haven athlete challenged him for the premier position on the last half mile he showed a good sprint and won handily.

CROWLEY'S MONARCH RUN.

Glencoe Secures First Five Places at Mount Morris Park.

Sixteen road running enthusiasts took advantage of the fine conditions which prevailed yesterday for the sport and participated in the weekly event of the Monarch A. C., the course of which led around Mount Morris Park, which was circuited four times, making three miles in all. The winner turned up in James Crowley, of the Glencoes, who came along in the last quarter mile and finally led the second man home by a margin of twenty-five yards, the time being 17.10.

C. Burris, of the Glencoes, took the lead at the start, closely attended by J. Bedell, a clubmate. The struggle was seemingly between this pair until at the final turn for home Crowley came through with surprising speed and had matters all his own way at the end. Burris and Bedell were second and third in that order. The Glencoes showed the first five men to finish.

Bronxdale's Small Field.

A small-sized field numbering ten harriers participated yesterday in the road run of the Bronxdale A. C. over a course three times around the old Morris Park race track, with J. McDermott of the Pastime A. C. returned as the victor. McDermott's time for the distance was 42:14, and he was followed to the tape by a clubmate, J. W. Dineen. Although the field was only a small one, the pack all ran well and finished in good time with the fight for places resulting in a hard struggle in the last mile. The order of finish: J. McDermott, Pastime A. C., 42:14; J. W. Dineen, Pastime A. C., 42:41; D. Goldman, Bronxdale A. C., 43:20; H. Milligan, Bronxdale A. C., 43:20; C. Crissi, Bronxdale A. C., 43:40; J. McAvoy, unattached, 44:20; A. Cox, Mohegan A. C., 45.08; J. McEntee, Rambler A. C., 45:31; R. Woods, Bronxdale A. C., 46:21.

Good Counsel A. A. Road Run.

A. Pericola of the Trinity Club was a somewhat easy winner of the Good Counsel A. A. road run yesterday in Brooklyn, leading home a small field in 20:40 for the three and three-quarter miles covered. F. Heuer, Good Counsel A. A., was second and J. Palm, Trinity Club, third.

Koleda Runner a Winner.

In the Maplewood A. A. road race yesterday W. Johannsen of the Koleda Club was the winner of the event of three and a half miles, beating among others J. Paravano, Trinity Club, and Carl Nieminin, a professional runner. The time was 18:52.

Pennants Win Five Places.

Members of the Pennant A. C. won the first five places yesterday in the five-mile road race in the Bronx, which attracted a good field of distance running enthusiasts, who took advantage of the ideal conditions in order to prepare for the coming outdoor season. H. Reitz was the first man home, being followed by his clubmates, J. Travers and A. Shiller, with the time 27:16.

LARCHMONT SHOOTING ENDS.

Nine Events Decided on Closing Day of the Season.

With one of the best day's sport of the season, the trapshooters of the Larchmont Yacht Club brought their regular series to a close yesterday. There will, however, be a special invitation club championship shoot next Saturday at 200 "birds" and two club matches at 100 "birds" each for club members.

Nine contests were decided yesterday, and the winners of all the season and other prizes were announced. Despite quite a tricky westerly wind that made the clay birds fly at erratic angles at times, full scores were made in nearly all the contests.

Twenty gunners faced the traps in the shoot for the March Cup. It resulted in a tie between K. R. Hooker, D. McMahon, and W. E. Bemis. In the shoot-off Hooker proved the winner. The same number took part in the final shoot for the Bemis trophy, and in this R. J. Held was successful not only in winning the leg with a full score, but he also won the trophy outright. He was also the winner of the Senior Shoot, a special match at fifty "birds" for a cup. The Junior Cup was won by K. R. Hooker.

Brooklyn Recruits Win.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., March 31.—Brooklyn National League recruits defeated the Terre Haute Central League team here to-day in the first game of the season, 6 to 1.

MOTOR TRUCK CLUB PLANS BIG PARADE

Dealers and Owners Interested in Annual Event—Extensive Decorative Scheme.

Plans for the Motor Truck Club's annual truck parade on April 13 are progressing so satisfactorily that the committees already are assured of the largest turnout of commercial vehicles ever held here, or anywhere else.

Many of the leading dealers have shown a disposition to co-operate with the club in the enterprise and have urged their owners to join in the plan. Entirely aside from the trade, however, the club is anxious to secure as large an entry of independent owners as possible. To that end a special invitation is extended to any owner of a motor truck to enter his vehicle, and such entries will be accorded a broader opportunity for advertising their own businesses than is granted to dealers.

At the last meeting of the club it was voted to make an entrance fee of $2 per truck entered, in return for which fee each truck would be given a pair of the official club flags and a pair of panel banners bearing the name of the truck's make. Trucks entered by dealers will be restricted in their advertising signs to these two forms, but private entries may display as much decoration and advertising matter as they choose.

It is not the purpose of the club to make any revenue from entries other than just enough to cover the actual expense. The chief aim of the parade is to make an effective showdown of motor truck representation in this centre, as an encouragement to the extension of the use of trucks and, as a moving display of the widely varying uses to which trucks can be put. From the standpoint of the entrant, it is pointed out that thousands of people will watch this parade, and firms entering their trucks will enjoy the benefit of showing the public that they employ the latest ideas in transportation and delivery service. As a demonstration it is regarded as beneficial alike to the owner and the manufacturer.

Every owner of a motor truck in New York is invited to participate, and in order that it may not interfere seriously with business the hour has been set for 2 o'clock on a Saturday afternoon. The route will cover some of the most populous thoroughfares of the city, and it is thought will take not more than two hours in passage. Several large trucks will be built up for band wagons, and there will be plenty of music scattered through the line. Special police arrangements are in progress, so that the interruption to regular traffic and the breaking up of the long line of trucks by traffic regulations will be reduced to a minimum. The load limit for trucks entered will be governed only by the police regulations, and the committees aim to encourage merchants, manufacturers, and others to make as interesting a business display in their vehicles as possible.

A special meeting of the committee has been called for Saturday, to insure having the progress of the enterprise well in hand, and entries shoudl be made early, in order to secure suitable assignment in line. Entry blanks may be had from the Secretary, Charles E. Stone, at the club's office, 427 West Forty-second Street.

MANNING AN EASY WINNER.

Harlem Evening H. S. Lad Leads Good Field at Morningside's.

Forty runners took part in the Morningside A. C. road race yesterday, over the roads of the upper city, the distance of which was a shade over five miles. The winner turned up in the person of J. Manning, of the Harlem Evening High School, who covered the distance in 29:25. J. Samuels of the Eighth Regiment filled second position some twenty-five yards back, M. Taub, Pastime A. C., being beaten for the place by a scant two yards.

Taub took the lead early in the event attended by Houlihan and Lally. This was the order at two miles, after which Houlihan took up the running. Manning was racing easily throughout, and gradually worked his way to the leading bunch and got to the front at four miles, after which he had matters his own way, finally winning by fifty yards.

Quaker Boys Lose at Chess.

Defeated in the first round in Brooklyn on Saturday, the chess players representing the schools of Philadelphia yesterday made a better showing in the return match on four boards contested at the rooms of the Rice Chess Club in the Cafe Boulevard. The result was a tie, each side scoring two victories. This left the teams representing the Manhattan and Brooklyn High School Chess Leagues winners of the series of ten games by a total of 5½ to 4½.

FEW BOUTS SCHEDULED.

Lightest Programme Since the Frawley Law Went Into Effect.

On account of this being Holy Week, several New York boxing clubs will not put on any shows, and as a result the boxing programme is the lightest since the Frawley law went into effect. The Empire A. C. and the Fairmont A. C., both of which have been putting on a big show every week, will not open, and several of the smaller clubs, including the Sharkey A. C., have made a similar decision. The appearance of Joe Jeannette and Bob Moha in different bouts furnish the only interest of the week to followers of the game.

Jeannette is scheduled to clash with Griff Jones in the star bout at the Olympic A. C. in Harlem to-night. This will be Jeannette's first appearance at this club and his last appearance in America for several months, as he is booked to sail in a few days with Willie Lewis, Jack Denning, and Dan McKetrick for France. Jones recently returned from the West, where he was quite successful. He is a rugged boxer who can take plenty of punishment, but Jeannette should have no trouble outpointing him.

Bob Moha, who made such a hit with local boxing enthusiasts two weeks ago when he decisively defeated Sailor Burke at the National Sporting Club, is booked for another appearance at the same club Wednesday night, one night earlier than the club usually holds its shows. Moha will hook up with Jim Smith of Westchester, a hard hitting middleweight who has fought most of the top notchers of his class. Smith may be able to give the Milwaukee boxer a good argument, but Moha is generally picked to win.

At the Royale A. C., Clermont Avenue Rink, Brooklyn, on Wednesday night, Terry McGraw, the Baltimore welterweight, will appear in a return bout with Bull Anderson of Brooklyn. The boys clashed about two weeks ago, and boxed a fast draw. Both are rugged mixers, and plenty of action should result.

Young Brown and Knockout Smith, two local featherweights, are booked for the star bout at the regular weekly show of the Long Acre A. A. on Wednesday night.

LONG ACRE A. A. TO MOVE.

Boxing at Twenty-ninth Street Clubhouse Ends Wednesday Night.

An important change in the boxing map of New York is scheduled for the present week when the final bouts will be staged at the Long Acre A. A. on West Twenty-ninth Street. The club will not be dissolved, but is forced to vacate because of the expiration of the lease which the Neumann brothers have held on the building, which is to be torn down to make room for a large structure. Quarters have been leased in the El Dorado Casino, Seventh Avenue and Fifty-second Street, and these will be opened for boxing within the next two weeks.

Up to two years ago the club ranked with the best in the city, and practically all the stars who have flourished for the past ten years have appeared at this clubhouse. With the advent of more up-to-date organizations the Long Acre A. A. was unable to secure the best talent, its patronage dwindled away, and for the last year it has ranked as one of the unimportant clubs. Bouts were held every week, but only a few boxers of note appeared there. Many noted boxers of to-day, including Knockout Brown and Frankie Burns, started their boxing careers at the old clubhouse.

Hurd Leads Young Amateurs.

Clarence E. Hurd won the short game pocket billiard tournament conducted under the direction of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players at Paul's Riverside Academy. Of the eighteen aspirants for future National championship honors Hurd finished his string of seventeen games with only one defeat. E. F. Marshall and Sim Stearn, who have stood at the top of the column ever since the tournament, began a week ago, are tied for second prize. The special matinee pocket billiard tournament which begins this week has twenty competitors, including Dr. William G. Howe, one of the leading amateurs of the city.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DON'T HAVE NEW CORNS.

Prevent them by using daily ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the antiseptic powder shaken into the shoes. Corns come from friction of the shoes and stockings upon the foot. ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE prevents friction and gives absolute freedom from new corns. It is impossible to grow corns or to blister your feet, as this antiseptic powder prevents the slighest friction. It gives ease to old corns and gradual removal and is instantly healing to sore and inflamed feet. Sold everywhere 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,770 Broadway. 'Phone 6446 Col.

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AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 435 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6068.

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Ball Bearings ALL TYPES; STEEL BALLS THE GWILLIAM COMPANY, 255 W. 58th St. Cor. B'way. Col. 8350

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION, $35. Booklet Explains WHY Our Course Is BEST. STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 233 West 54th St., near Broadway. "Founded on Honesty." "Prospers on Merit."

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Automobile Exchange

A reliable list of bargains in Used Automobiles, Auto Tires, Supplies and Cars for Rent is published daily in these columns. If you wish to buy, sell or rent an automobile use the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times for best results. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE CO.
The recognized "HOUSE OF BARGAINS" for automobiles, and everything pertaining thereto.
REMARKABLE BARGAINS in AUTOMOBILES, 1912, 1911 and 1910 models of most leading makes. See us before deciding.
TIRES at 50% of regular price. All sizes, and WINDSHIELDS, $15, regularly sold at $50.
TOPS, Brand New, $15 and $25.
BODIES, Touring and Toy Tonneau, $75 up.
MOTORS 1-3 of cost.
ELECTRIC HORNS, RUMBLE SEATS, BUMPERS, PUMPS, etc., all at sacrifice.
TIMES SQ. AUTOMOBILE CO.,
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AUTOS BOUGHT, SOLD, EXCHANGED, AND TAKEN ON CONSIGNMENT.
75 high-grade used cars, all at bargain prices; prices from $50 to $150 less than those along costly Automobile Row; nearly every make; if you want to save money come and investigate; cars sold on 5 per cent. commission; no charge for storage; immediate payments guaranteed; bring cars; New York's low-expense bargain house. Automobile Outlet Co., 334-340 West 44th St., between 8th and 9th Avs.

FOR SALE.
1911, 48 h. p., 6-cylinder Pierce-Arrow, 7-passenger touring car; completely equipped; perfect condition; price $3,500. Phone or write Apartment 117, the Paterno, 116th St. and Riverside Drive, New York.

Cole, 1911, Speedster; Cole, 1911, Touring Car; both in excellent condition; just overhauled and painted; easy terms if desired. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway at 68th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.

High-grade used cars are a better "buy" than cheap new ones. See our line of second-hand cars. Franklin Motor Car Co., 73d St. and Amsterdam Av.

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For sale, 1911 Velie, 5-passenger touring car, fully equipped; 40 H. P.; nearly new; owner needs money. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

A fine Chalmers limousine, 1911, 30 h. p., slightly used; guaranteed. K. C. Darling, 208 West 50th St.

Welch touring car; 7-pass.; fine for livery work; bargain; $450. R. M. Owen Co., 1,759 Broadway.

Reo fore door; late model; fully equipped; $600. Reo Co., 1,759 Broadway.

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CAREFUL chauffeur will rent Peerless Limousine, also for Summer, with 7-passenger touring body; 8 years' private references. Telephone 9358—Columbus.

Packards, open, closed, elegant 7-passengers, regular customers, $2.00-$4.50 hour; monthly, $200-$500; theatre, $4.00-$10.00. Murray Hill 91.

Beautiful, large, private appearing touring cars, $3.50 per hour; expert chauffeurs. Lamensdorf, Audubon 4580.

AUTOMOBILE STORAGE.

STORAGE, $10 month and up; supplies reasonable. PAUL'S FIREPROOF GARAGE, 165th St. and Jerome Av. Telephone, 2948—Melrose.

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MORE WEAR
Out of your old auto tires. Send two old tires to be made into one sound one by the Reclaim System.
2,000 miles more for $2.50 to $4.50.
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Real Bargains in Used Cars

We have accepted in trade, as part payment for new Alcos, very desirable cars of other makes. These cars have been put in first class running order in our own shop, and they are now ready for sale at extremely reasonable prices. They include:

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American Locomotive Company
Tel. COL. 5300. 1,886 Broadway.

1000 AUTO BODIES—BARGAINS
Bought large stock of "Rothschild" at auction. The Swellest Ever!
250 Fore-Door, Finest Make, for five or for seven passengers.
200 Limousines and Landaulets of three best makers; trimming to suit.
250 Runabouts, short coupled, Toy Tonneaus, Touring, etc.; Slightly used and new. Also Tops, Windshields, Seats, etc.
☞ We save you 40% to 75% ☜ and finished to suit; complete, quick job.
5,000 Shoes or Tubes, $5 to $12. Above are all of the best makes.
Also 40% to 60% off standard makes. Tubes, $1-$3.50. All sizes in stock.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
BODY AND TIRE DEPARTMENT,
1,761 Broadway, Between 56th and 57th Sts.

Renewed Peerless Cars.
No car better at any price.
All are overhauled and repainted, and carry the New Car Guarantee; all models on exhibition; ready for delivery at very attractive prices.
Peerless Motor Car Co. of N. Y.
1,760 Broadway, N. Y. City.
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Seven passenger fore door four cylinder touring car—1910—46 H. P., newly painted, top, brass windshield, shock absorbers; double ignition, non-skid tires, spare tubes, acetylene tank, clock, 1912 registration, just overhauled, cost $3,250. Price $800 for quick sale. Boyden, Manchester Garage, 234 W. 108th St.

Trucks to suit all purposes. Express and delivery wagons always on hand; easy terms if wanted.
THE PETER BARRETT MFG. CO.,
Cor. Navy and Johnson Sts.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

AUTO ☞ "CHALLENGE" ☜ SALE
Largest stock Genuine Bargains in Greater N. Y.
FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.
Prices $150 to $3,500.
"Square Deals." Demonstrations cheerfully given. Pioneers in this line and acknowledged leaders.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
Successors to the "Broadway Auto Exchange,"
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We make a specialty of high-grade Auto truck bodies, all styles, quick deliveries, large or small orders.
THE PETER BARRETT MFG. CO.,
Cor. Navy and Johnson Sts.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Delivery Wagons—Cheap Have Fifty.
$150, $200, $250, $350, $450, $550.
Must be sold. 44 West 62d St.

LIKELY TO APPROVE NEW HONDURAN LOAN

Southern Bankers' Proposed Bond Issue to Pay Nation's Debts May Satisfy Senate.

NEW YORK FIRM INTERESTED

If Agreement Is Ratified Customs Will Be Collected by Americans Appointed by Taft.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Negotiations have now reached a point where the State Department hopes that a group of Southern banks may be successful in arranging for the $10,000,000 Honduran loan from which the Morgan group in New York has withdrawn as a result of the Senate's delay in ratifying the treaty. The Southern banks, through the Whitney Central Trust and Savings Bank of New Orleans, have made offers eliminating many of the features found objectionable by the Senate and these changes have already been accepted by the Honduran Congress.

The Morgan plan for financing railway development in Honduras has not been taken by the Southern syndicate and their loan will be confined to refunding the national debt of Honduras. The fees for the work of the bank in floating the loan are reduced from $450,000 to $300,000. The fact that the loan as now negotiated will come from Southern sources instead of from Wall Street is expected to attract Democratic support for final ratification of the agreement when it reaches the treaty stage.

The offer of a $10,000,000 loan by the Morgan group recently was withdrawn. The Southern bankers, it is announced, have offered a similar amount under a new and radically different contract. They propose to limit the first issuance of bonds to $6,000,000, and will require of Honduras $300,000 a year to meet the service of the loan, as compared with $450,000 a year under the former contract. The official announcement of the new loan issued to-day by the State Department says in part:

"The Southern bankers limit the uses of their loan exclusively to the refunding of the Honduran foreign debt and discard the proposals of the Morgan group to promote railroad building and other internal improvements, and to settle internal debts and claims pending against the Honduran Government.

"It was these provisions extending the uses of the loan beyond the settlement of the foreign debt that aroused criticism against the Morgan contract, and the Southern bankers assert that in eliminating these features they have presented terms satisfactory to Honduras and that acceptance of the loan may be expected.

"Their optimism as to its final acceptance, however, is based simply upon the approval given their contract by individual officials of the Government of Honduras, who have closely studied their offer. With the general public in Honduras the Southern bankers find themselves handicapped by a widespread prejudice toward loans in any form, and say that this opposition has undoubtedly been augmented by the failure of the Senate to ratify the convention.

"If the Senate ratifies the convention now and gives to the Whitney contract the tacit approval which such action implies, it will, it is declared, produce a wave of reaction in Honduras, dissipating the blind prejudice and paving the way for a sane consideration of the Whitney contract on its merits. The opposition in Honduras to the loan convention has been almost wholly due to its connection with the Morgan contract, against which popular opposition had been aroused, and with the convention divorced from that contract and resubmitted in connection with a new contract indirectly approved by the United States Senate and indorsed by many prominent officials in Honduras the bankers feel confident of its complete success."

The new offer, as described by Acting Secretary Huntington Wilson, is for a $6,000,000 loan, payable in forty years with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and with a sinking fund after five years of 1 per cent. The bonds are to be secured by the customs revenue of Honduras, collected, as provided for in the loan convention, by Americans appointed by Honduras with the approval of the President of the United States. Connected with the New Orleans bankers is the firm of William C. Sheldon & Co., of New York.

"Even before the New York bankers had withdrawn formally their offer of a loan to Honduras, the Southern bankers, convinced of the impossibility of consummating the New York loan, began to study the field with a view to making the loan themselves. Certain of them having large interests in Honduras, it was essential to them that that country be put upon its feet financially, and they offered, therefore, to advance a loan in accordance with Honduras' demands, limited exclusively to refunding the foreign debt.

"They have already made considerable headway, the Honduran Congress having accepted their terms for a preliminary loan of $500,000 offered to meet the pressing needs of that Government."

FRENCH LOAN TO ECUADOR.

Agreement with Syndicate for $3,400,000 Advance Is Signed.

GUAYAQUIL, March 31.—The Government has signed an agreement with a French syndicate for a loan of 17,000,000 francs ($3,400,000.)

SHIP NEWS REPORTERS DINE.

They Who Go Down the Bay Have Collector Loeb as Guest.

The first annual dinner of the Ship News Reporters' Association of New York was held last night in the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel and was attended by sixty active and honorary members of the organization. Charles C. Boucher, the President, was toastmaster, and the guest of honor was William Loeb, Jr., Collector of the Port. The Collector made a brief speech, in which he said that he was very glad that the men who go down the bay to gather the news from the big ships had formed an association. He felt, he said, that the reporters had looked upon him unfavorably when he took the office of Collector of the Port, but he thought they now realized that his object was to give a square deal to every one in the interest of all the people whom he represented.

Music was rendered by the Hawaiian band from the "Bird of Paradise" company, and the leader danced the "Hula-Hula." Miss Kitty Cheatham recited, Miss Stella Mayhew sang and Melville Ellis from the Winter Garden did wondrous things with the piano. As if it had been previously arranged with Father Neptune, not a single passenger steamship arrived yesterday to call the ship news reporters away from their feast to duty.

MONEY COMMISSION ENDS.

Its Plan Not Likely to be Adopted by This Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The National Monetary Commission, after framing a plan of organizing the currency system, which will not be adopted until some subsequent session of Congress, went out of existence to-day.

Headed by ex-Senator Nelson W. Aldrich of Rhode Island, the commission made an exhaustive investigation of the monetary situation here and abroad, and recommended legislation to develop the Clearing House idea into a National reserve association.

RICH MEN ENJOY AUTO CHASE.

William Earl Dodge Escapes, but Seymour Johnson Is Caught.

Motor Policeman Lieut. Van Steenberg of Yonkers saw two automobiles pass along North Broadway in that city about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at a rate of speed which started him instantly in pursuit. He had no more than taken up the chase when the nearer automobile slowed down, and as he caught up with it a man in the car cried out:

"Hello, Van. Didn't get me that time did you?"

The man was William Earl Dodge of 18 East Sixty-eighth Street; whom Van Steenberg arrested in May, 1907, for speeding his automobile, and who was fined $100 then and sentenced to ten days in the Yonkers jail. Under the law now a motorist must maintain his illegal rate of speed for as much as a quarter of a mile, so Van Steenberg was forced to admit that he hadn't got Mr. Dodge.

"I'll get that other fellow, though," he boasted, and went on as fast as he could push his motor cycle.

A mile away he overtook the flying auto and ordered the chauffeur to halt. As he was telling the man he was under arrest Mr. Dodge's car came up. Mr. Dodge and a man with him greeted the occupants of the car Van Steenberg had stopped, and then Mr. Dodge exclaimed:

"Here, Van. I want you to know all of us."

Then he introduced, one after the other, William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., who was riding with him; Seymour Johnson of 11 East Sixty-third Street, whose car Van Steenberg had halted, and Ogden Mills, Jr., who was Mr. Johnson's guest. Mr. Johnson's chauffeur was Patrick Fannen of 220 East 115th Street, and him Van Steenberg arrested.

Mr. Dodge invited Mr. Johnson and Mr. Mills into his car, and as Van Steenberg and Fannen started for the police station, the chauffeur driving Mr. Johnson's car, Mr. Vanderbilt halted him and handed to him a big roll of bills.

"You'd better take this," he said, "and pay whatever this trouble come to. Then join us at the Ardsley Club."

With a wave of their hands to Van Steenberg and Fannen, the young men drove on. Fannen was held in $50 bail for a hearing to-day, and he put it up in bills stripped from the roll of Mr. Vanderbilt had given to him.

OUR LIGHT FROM COAL FIELDS

Prof. Adams Believes Electricity Will Be Sent Here by Wire.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 31.—Prof. Comfort A. Adams of Harvard believes that some day Boston, New York and other cities will receive their electricity for heating, lighting and power by wire from the coal fields. The installation of a million volt transformer in the proposed university electrical laboratory will, it is believed, prove that such a scheme is feasible.

"We hope to have an alternating current transformer with a capacity of 1,000,000 volts," says Prof. Adams, who is to design the apparatus. "No machine has ever yet been built on so large a scale. The largest transformers now in use have about half this capacity. Much experimenting has been made possible with these machines, but there still remains a great deal to be done when we get a transformer working at a million or so volts.

"Electrical currents are now actually carried at 150,000 volts, with success and travel for 150 or 200 miles. Our transformer will enable us to see what sort of work can be done with currents at a voltage of four or five times this amount. If a current of 250,000 volts can be transmitted economically over a distance of 150 miles or more, it may be possible that a current of a million volts will be good for as much as 1,000 miles.

"When science has eliminated the losses of current now incidental to carrying electricity over great distances, we may expect the steam turbines to be built right on the coal fields, where the fuel is at hand and may be had at an extremely low rate. The turbines will drive dynamos, and the electricity produced may then be carried to whatever point it may be wanted. Some day Boston, New York and other cities may very likely be heated, lighted and supplied with power by wire from the Pennsylvania coal fields. The installation of the great transformer which we are planning will certainly make possible experiments in this direction."

SHELL EXPLODES IN STREET.

Hurled from a Window, It Rouses Neighborhood and Injures Child.

A large shell which was hurled, the police believe, from a roof or window into West Forty-ninth Street, between Ninth and Tenth Avenues, shortly after 7 o'clock last night, exploded with such force that houses in the vicinity were shaken and the neighborhood was thrown into a panic.

Seven-year-old Mary Chase of 434 West Forty-ninth Street and five other little girls were playing in the street. A fragment of the shell tore an ugly wound in the child's right arm. Her mother, who was sitting on a stoop, picked up her daughter and carried her into the house. The child was later taken to the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station, and after her wound had been dressed by a surgeon she returned to her home.

Fragments of the shell were hurled through the windows of houses. Thomas Ahearn, the three-year old son of Michael Ahearn, of 144 West Forty-ninth Street, who was ill in bed, was thrown to the floor. Tenants at 443 West Forty-ninth Street ran into the street, believing that an explosion of gas had occurred.

The police believe the shell belonged to a sailor, and that boys had found it and hurled it to the street. The shell made a hole a foot deep in the concrete paving. Storekeepers in the neighborhood said they had received no threats.

FINED FOR TAXI BLOCKS.

Chauffeurs Arraigned for Causing Traffic Obstruction.

Policeman Kittle of the Traffic Squad arraigned six chauffeurs in the Yorkville Police Court before Magistrate Freschi yesterday on the charge of obstructing traffic in front of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel. The drivers are employes of the Mason-Seaman Company, which has a permit to operate a stand for six cabs in front of the hotel. Kittle said there frequently were ten cabs there, and that the American Express Company, which has an office across the street, had complained that its wagons were delayed because of the cabs, and that it was losing business because goods failed to reach trains in time.

Four of the chauffeurs pleaded guilty and were fined $2 each. The two others pleaded not guilty, Magistrate Freschi having suggested to George Feinberg, counsel for the company, that he might make a test case of it if he chose.

"I understand that your company has a permit, but I do not see what right the Bureau of Licenses has to give a permit to a private corporation who may tie up traffic. The streets are for the people," said the Magistrate.

The case will be continued to-day.

TEXTILE SITUATION BETTER.

Trade Outlook Good Despite Small Strikes in New England.

BOSTON, March 31.—Although strikes are still in progress in various Massachusetts textile centres, the largest one at Lowell, there was a noticeable improvement in general conditions last week. Several of the smaller labor difficulties have been settled, and a strike of 30,000 cotton mill operatives at New Bedford was averted by the action of the manufacturers in announcing the doubling of the original 5 per cent. advance in wages.

The action of the New Bedford Manufacturers' Association has resulted in similar advances in other mills in New England, so that at least 100,000 operatives will share in the distribution. In a majority of cases the manufacturers had previously announced a 5 per cent. advance, and have now added another 5 per cent., in line with New Bedford's action.

A further readjustment of wages which will bring equal wages to all operatives in cotton mills from Maine to Connecticut engaged in the same classes of work is looked for in manufacturing circles. To effect this readjustment will cost New England cotton manufacturers $10,000,000 annually, it is estimated.

HIGHEST COURT TAKES UP RATE CASES TO-DAY

Legality of 2-Cent Passenger Fare, Fixed by State Law, to be Decided.

GOVERNORS TO FILE BRIEF

Missouri Case Alone Fills 10,000 Pages—Decisions of Lower Courts Held Rates Confiscatory.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The State rate cases to be taken up to-morrow by the Supreme Court, owing to their importance and the bulk of the papers, are considered the biggest cases to come before that tribunal this term.

The Governors of the States interested will, through Gov. Harmon, ask permission to file a brief.

State rate laws and orders in Missouri, Kentucky, West Virginia, Oregon, Minnesota, Arkansas and Ohio will stand or fall by the decision of the court. State rate orders in practically every State of the union will be swept out of existence if the court finds that the orders and laws now in question burden inter-State commerce.

The record in the Missouri cases alone covers ten thousand pages. This represents more words than have been uttered in both the House and Senate during the present session of Congress. The justices are each supposed to digest this record and the thousand pages of briefs besides.

The Minnesota cases are almost as bulky and have been referred to as the most comprehensive. The validity of practically all maximum freight rates in the State as well as the 2-cent passenger law is involved.

Two questions are before the court. The first, likewise arising in cases from the other six States, is whether the reduction of State rates would require the railroads to reduce similar inter-State rates and if such reduction of State rates would be a burden on inter-State commerce. The Minnesota Federal Court held that it would be such a burden. The other question is whether the rates confiscate the property of the railroads.

In answering the latter question in the affirmative, the lower court adopted the "reproduction cost new" of the railroads as showing their fair value. The State claims that was a wrong basis. The State also objects to the use of the gross earnings as the basis for dividing the value between inter-State and intra-State business and between passenger and freight business.

In the Missouri cases, maximum freight and the 2-cent passenger laws are involved. The Federal Court in Missouri held the rates confiscatory, but not a burden on inter-State commerce. The controversy over valuation was avoided by an agreement to regard three times the taxation valuation as the fair value.

The Kentucky case involves the constitutionality of the State Railroad Commission act and the validity of reduced rates on distillery supplies from Kentucky cities on the Ohio River to inland cities. The railroads lost on both points in the lower Federal courts.

The West Virginia controversy relates merely to the validity of the 2-cent passenger law. The Supreme Court of West Virginia held it did not burden inter-State commerce, and was not confiscatory. Unsuccessful attacks were made on the law because of its penalty clause and its applicability only to steam railroads and not to electric railroads.

The Oregon cases are almost identical with the Kentucky cases. The Constitutionality of the State Railroad Commission act, and the validity of rates from Portland to other Oregon cities in the eastern and southern parts of the State are involved. The lower Federal Court upheld the law and the rates.

In the Arkansas cases, the maximum freight law and the 2-cent passenger law were found by the Federal District Court to be confiscatory. The valuation was placed at twice the taxation valuation.

In the Ohio cases the only question involved is the validity of a State rate, fixed by the Ohio Railroad Commission, or steam coal from Eastern Ohio to Lake Erie. Pittsburgh vein operators objected to the rates on the Wheeling & Lake Erie. The railroad contends that the freight is inter-State commerce transshipped at Cleveland and Huron, Ohio, for Lake cities in other States. The railroad won below.

TRAIL TEACHER'S ASSAILANT.

Virginia Posse and Bloodhounds Seek Negro Who Attacked Myrtle Rouse.

ASHLAND, Va., March 31.—Some 300 citizens of Hanover County, on horseback and afoot, followed bloodhounds to-day over swamp and field in search of a negro who brutally attacked Myrtle Rouse, a school teacher, last night. Three negroes were trailed and held on suspicion, but because of the victim's precarious condition they were not taken before her for identification.

Though the posse was armed there was no attempt at violence. The negroes were transferred to the law officers, and one of them was formally charged with the offense.

Miss Rouse's cries had roused the countryside and her assailant fled.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Newcombe, M. M., Co., Knoxville, Tenn.; R. R. Snyder, notions; 2 Walker; Cadillac.
Reid & Hughes, Norwich, Conn.; A. Sharpe, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring; Navarre.
McAuslan & Wakelin Co., Holyoke, Mass.; W. B. Wakelin, suits, laces, and gloves; Miss A. Collins, waists; Navarre.
Wallace, H., Statesville, N. C.; dry goods; York.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; A. Alexander, domestics; W. M. Muir, dress goods and silks; 2 Walker.
Whittingham, A. C., Co., Toledo, Ohio; A. C. Whittingham, millinery; Somerset.
Fellman, L., New Orleans, La.; housefurnishing and dry goods; 43 Leonard.
Kline Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss R. C. Easterly, ready to wear; 7 E. 22d.
Smith, M. E., & Co., Omaha, Neb.; J. R. Scobie, domestics; 320 Broadway; Wolcott.
Ayers, L. S., Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; W. Hurry, carpets and rugs; 31 Union Square; Wolcott.
Pollard, A. G., Co., Lowell, Mass.; A. G. Pollard, dry goods; Holland House.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Leask, linens and quilts; 104 Worth; Holland House.
Denholm & McKay Co., Worcester, Mass.; A. E. Fish, dress goods; 2 Walker.
Carter, Webster & Co., Baltimore, Md.; G. Sauer, furnishing goods and notions; Imperial.
Emery-Bird-Thayer Dry Goods Co., Kansas City, Mo.; F. W. Gremmel, leather goods; 396 Broadway; Grand.
Whitney, W. M., & Co., Albany, N. Y.; A. J. Palmer, carpets; 41 Union Square; Grand.
Mahoney, Jones Co., Bristol, Tenn.; J. H. Mahoney, notions, furn. goods; 350 Bwy.; Albert.
Kline Bros., Altoona, Penn.; J. Scheeline, clothing; 214 Church.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; Miss C. Jamieson, laces; J. Cook, linens; 434 Broome.
Horne, J. Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss Arthur, millinery; 320 Church.
Robinson, J. M., Norton Co., Louisville, Ky.; E. A. Cunningham, shirts, neckwear, m'f'g dep't; 72 Leonard.
Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss M. Ryan, cloaks; Mrs. L. Cox, suits; 104 Worth.
Taber, B. C., Co., Norwalk, Ohio; A. C. Taber, dry goods; 48 Leonard; Brostel.
Myers D. Co., Morristown, Tenn.; W. S. Myers, notions, furn. goods; 350 Bwy; Albert.
Danenberg Sons & Blumberg, Baltimore, Md.; E. M. Simon, Fall suits, dresses; 15 E. 26.
Neustretter, M. D., Denver, Col.; Miss E. Keene, ladies' ready to wear; 114 5th Av.
Carley, Des Moines, Iowa; W. M. Carley, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 15 E. 26.
Tanner, M. W., Co., Saginaw, Mich.; L. W. Bixby, domestics, furn. goods, and house furn. goods; Breslin.
Whitney, W. M., & Co., Albany, N. Y.; W. L. Bartlett, silks; 41 Union Square.
Leatherbury, Webster & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. C. Leatherbury, millinery; York.

JOBBERS AND BUYERS

of raincoats could save 25 cents on a dollar by buying their men's and women's raincoats direct from the factory of Schwartz Bros., 280 Powell St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Jobs wanted in [illegible] and misses' dresses and suits for cash. [illegible] Times.

UNIONIZING CITY RAILWAYS.

Mahon Enrolling Secretly Employes Other Than Motormen.

While Warren S. Stone, Grand Master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, has been making a fight to organize the motormen on the Interborough lines, William D. Mahon, President of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, has been here organizing the employes other than motormen in the Subway and on the elevated and surface railroads, both in Manhattan and Brooklyn. A prominent labor official in this city, who has kept in touch with President Mahon, said last evening that the men were being organized secretly, and that any organizer who gives away any secret is at once taken off the work.

"I believe that half of the men are at present organized, and the organizing of the men will continue until they are in a position to demand the closed shop," he said. The men President Mahon is organizing are the conductors, guards, and others outside of the motormen, who are being organized as members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The men are being enrolled unknown in many cases to each other, each man being enrolled singly. When most of the men are enrolled a union charter will be given to them and they will elect officers."

Each employe of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit has received recently a leaflet over the name of J. F. Calderwood, Vice President and General Manager, stating that the management had noted an additional effort on the part of the employes in the transportation department to show courtesy and forbearance in their dealings with the public. This, it is stated, is to be added to their credit in a coming "courtesy dividend."

According to some of the conductors and motormen, they have grievances, and the complimentary notification from the company does not do away with them. They are paid by the hour, they say, and a system of reduction of hours has gone into effect which reduces their pay.

SICK MAN JUMPS TO DEATH.

Hospital Nurse Was Just Too Late to Save Michael Shelak.

Michael Shelak, who was suffering from heart trouble and under the care of a special nurse in Mount Sinai Hospital, jumped from a window on the third floor of the hospital yesterday and was instantly killed. Shelak was an ironworker, 30 years old, and lived at 1,174 First Street, Brooklyn. He was admitted to the hospital four weeks ago.

Shelak was apparently asleep at noon and the nurse left the room for a moment. Just as the nurse stepped across the threshold of the door on his return he saw the patient astride the window sill. The nurse succeeded in catching Shelak's nightrobe as he jumped, but the weight of the man's body tore the garment into shreds.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

Colonel W. C. Gorgas, Chief Sanitary Officer at Panama, says: "Climatic conditions of the Isthmus in April are excellent, as good as at any time of the year."

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Largest S.S. Co
Over 400 SHIPS

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in the World.
1,210,000 TONS

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London-Paris-Hamburg
PRES. GRANT.......April 6, 9 AM
AMERIKA...........April 11, 2 PM
*PENNSYLVANIA.April 13, 3 PM
BLUECHER..........April 16, 9 AM
*Hamburg direct. 2d cabin only.

MEDITERRANEAN
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. Hamburg..April 4, 12 Noon
S. S. Moltke...April 18, 10 A. M.
¶S. S. Hamburg.May 15, 9 A. M.
¶Will NOT call at Algiers.

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Can you get away for 16 days?
EASTER CRUISE
—TO THE—
PANAMA CANAL
Cuba and Jamaica
By S.S. Victoria Luise
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☞ HAVANA and COLON reservations also available on Easter cruise.
☞ Tourists at Southern Resorts may join this cruise at Havana.

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Mauretania: APRIL 3, May 22, July 24; April 24, June 12, Aug. 21; 1 A. M. July 3, Sept. 11
Lusitania: April 17, May 29, Aug. 7; May 8, June 19, Aug. 28; 1 A. M. July 10, Sept. 18

CARONIA
April 10, 10 A. M. June 1
May 4, 10 A. M. June 29

CAMPANIA
May 15, 1 A. M. June 26
June 5, 1 A. M. July 17

CARMANIA
May 18, 10 A.M. July 13
June 15, 10 A.M. Aug. 10

The "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander.

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SAXONIA: April 25, June 12
PANNONIA: a b May 2, a b June 20
IVERNIA: May 16, July 3

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TITANIC APRIL 20 May 11, June 1, June 22, July 13
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NEARBY SAILINGS
Minnetonka.. April 3, 9:00 A. M.
Adriatic...... April 4, 12:00 Noon
Finland....... April 6, 10:00 A. M.
Minnehaha.. April 6, 10:30 A. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Paul...... May 4—St. Louis......May 11

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct, Pier 58, N.R.
Minnetonka....Apr. 3, 9 AM | Minnewaska.Apr.13
Minnehaha.Apr. 6, 10:30 AM | Minnetonka.May 4

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
*Finland ......Apr. 6 | Lapland.........Apr. 20
Vaderland......Apr. 13 | Kroonland......Apr. 27
*Will call at Plymouth in place of Dover.

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Olympic(new) Ap.13,3PM | Oceanic ....Apr. 27
Titanic (new).Ap. 20, n'n | Olympic (new)..May 4
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Adriatic....Apr. 4, noon | Cedric ....Apr. 18
Baltic,...Apr. 11, noon | Celtic ....Apr. 25
FROM BOSTON To The MEDITERRANEAN
CRETIC.Ap.8,3 PM. CANOPIC.Ap.27,5 PM

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Largest Steamers from Canada
FROM MONTREAL VIA QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL
*CANADA May 4, June 1, June 29
MEGANTIC May 11, June 8, July 6
*TEUTONIC May 18, June 15, July 13
LAURENTIC May 25, June 22, July 20
*Only one class of Cabin (II) Passengers

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Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse Tues. Apr. 2
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm.......Thur. April 11
Kronprinz Wilhelm............Tues. April 16.
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*La Provence ...April 11 | ‡France (new)...May 2
La Bretagne......April 18 | *La Provence.....May 9
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
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*Noordam ....April 9
*Ryndam.................April 16
†Rotterdam..............April 23
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TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

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NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; week days only. Str. RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Lv. Pier 27, E. R., week days only 11:00 A.M. Str. BRIDGEPORT.
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SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:45 | Sun sets..6:24 | Moon rises...

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:07	7:28	0:58	1:17
Governors Island	7:40	8:03	1:38	1:56
Hell Gate	9:30	9:53	3:13	3:32

Arrived—Sunday, March 31.

SS Canadian, Liverpool, Mar. 16.
SS Matanzas, Matanzas, Mar. 27.
SS Lucigen, Bremen, Mar. 8.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, Mar. 28.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, Mar. 30.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Iroquois	London	Mar. 18
Lord Sefton	Liverpool	Mar. 15
Caledonia	Glasgow	Mar. 23
Marengo	Hull	Mar. 16
Ancon	Cristobal	Mar. 25
Prins Willem V	Haiti	Mar. 25
Crown of Navarre	Trinidad	Mar. 22
Prinz Freidrich Wilhelm	Bremen	Mar. 23
Atlanta	Palermo	Mar. 18
Miramichi	Seville	Mar. 16
Bermudian	Bermuda	Mar. 30
Oceana	Bermuda	Mar. 30
Vigilancia	Progreso	Mar. 24
Guiana	St. Thomas	Mar. 25
Albingia	Kingston	Mar. 25
Colon	Cristobal	Mar. 25
Clothilde Cuneo	Jamaica	Mar. 26
El Oriente	Galveston	Mar. 26
Momus	New Orleans	Mar. 27
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Mar. 29
Touraine	Havre	Mar. 23
Minnehaha	London	Mar. 21

DUE TO-MORROW.

Finland	Antwerp	Mar. 23
United States	Christiansand	Mar. 23
Pennsylvania	Hamburg	Mar. 21
Berlin	Gibraltar	Mar. 26
Bermuda	Hamburg	Mar. 17
Coppename	Trinidad	Mar. 26
San Juan	San Juan	Mar. 27
Saratoga	Havana	Mar. 28
Sixaola	Port Limon	Mar. 25
Brazos	Galveston	Mar. 27

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Estonia	Libau	Mar. 18
Hudson	Corunna	Mar. 20
Fitzclarence	Antwerp	Mar. 19
Clan MacMillan	Dundee	Mar. 18
Ucayala	Para	Mar. 22
Noordam	Rotterdam	Mar. 23
Maracas	Trinidad	Mar. 26
El Dia	Galveston	Mar. 25

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

Marowijne, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Allianca, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW

Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	9:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mavaro, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
El Rio, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Hungarian Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Mauretania, Liverpool	9:30 P.M.	1:00 A.M.
Marchioness of Bute, Montevideo	5:30 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Zacapa, Colon	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cherokee, San Domingo	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Santa Anna, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
Minnetonka, London	———	9:00 A.M.
Canada, Marseilles	———	3:00 P.M.
Oceania, Naples	———	1:00 P.M.
America, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Jefferson, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAR. 31, (MARCONI.)

SS Berlin, Naples to New York, 795 miles E. at 2:10 P. M.; due April 2, 4 P. M. North German Lloyd.
SS United States, Copenhagen to New York, 775 miles E. at 10:24 A. M.; due April 2, 3 P. M. Scandinavian-America Line.
SS Finland, Antwerp to New York, 600 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due April 2, 10 A. M. Red Star Line.
SS Minnehaha, London to New York, 300 miles E. at noon; due April 1, 11 A. M. Atlantic Transport Line.
SS Laura, Trieste to New York, 740 miles E. at 10:10 A. M.; due April 2, 5 P. M. Austro-American Line.
SS Caledonia, Glasgow to New York, 193 miles E. at 2:45 P. M.; due April 1, 8:30 A. M. Anchor Line.
SS Baltic, Liverpool to New York, 1,209 miles E. at 7:15 P. M.; due April 4, 9 A. M. White Star Line.
SS Iroquois, London to New York, 775 miles E. at 7:12 P. M.
SS Albingia, Haiti to New York, 230 miles S. at 10 A. M.; due April 1, 9 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, (UNITED.)

SS Alamo, Brunswick to New York, 560 miles S. at 8 A. M. Mallory Line.
SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, 860 miles S. at 8 A. M. Ward Line.
SS San Marcos, Mobile to New York, 505 miles S. at noon. Mallory Line.
SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, 120 miles W. of Havana at 8 P. M. Ward Line.
SS J. M. Guffey, Port Arthur to New York, 10 miles W. of Sand Key at 7 P. M.
SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, 6 miles N. W. of Tortugas at 7 P. M. Morgan Line.
SS Winifred, Port Arthur to New York, 46 miles W. of Sand Key at 7 P. M.
SS Verdi, South American ports to New York, 1,140 miles S. at 8 P. M. Lamport & Holt Line.
SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, 383 miles S. at 8 A. M. Clyde Line.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah to New York, 497 miles S. at 8 A. M. Savannah Line.
SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, 302 miles off at 8 A. M. Morgan Line.
SS Guiana, Demerara to New York, 45 miles S. at 8 P. M. Quebec S. S. Co.
SS S. V. Luckenbach, San Juan to New York, 100 miles S. at 8 P. M. Insular Line.
SS Colon, Cristobal to New York, 110 miles S. at 7 P. M. Panama R. R. & S. S. Co.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda to New York, 210 miles S. E. at 8 P. M. Quebec S. S. Co.
SS Ancon, Cristobal to New York, 92 miles S. at 7 P. M. Panama R. R. & S. S. Co.
SS Vigilancia, Nassau to New York, 263 miles S. at noon. Ward Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS George Washington, at Bremen, Mar. 31.
SS Prinzess Irene, at Genoa, Mar. 31.
SS Niagara, at Havre, Mar. 31.
SS Lapland, at Dover, Mar. 31.
SS California, at Moville, Mar. 31.
SS Noordam, at Halifax, Mar. 31.

Sailed.

SS Ryndam, from Boulogne, Mar. 30.
SS Caronia, from Queenstown, Mar. 31.
SS Columbia, from Moville, Mar. 31.
SS Melbourne, from London, Mar. 31.
SS Cedric, from Naples, Mar. 30.
SS Victorian, from Liverpool, Mar. 30.

Passed.

SS Mesaba, New York to London, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.		Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Inaba Maru	Apr. 4	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco—Mongolia	Apr. 5	———
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	Apr. 5	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via Tacoma)—Mexican	Apr. 6	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Lucerie	Apr. 7	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Zealandia	Apr. 12	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru	Apr. 13	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Mexico Maru	Apr. 13	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle	Apr. 24	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Matai	Apr. [illegible]	[illegible]
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—	May [illegible]	[illegible]

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that [illegible] the following dates—Kobe, March 12, and Yokohama, March 13—which arrived at Seattle [illegible] steamer Inaba Maru, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M. March 28. Due in New York the morning of Tuesday, April 2.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, March 1; Sydney, March 2; Auckland, March 7, and Wellington, March 8—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Tahiti, were dispatched east at 8:20 P. M. March 28 and 10:20 A. M. March 29. Due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, April 2.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

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Jersey City..........415 Fuller Building
Hoboken..........34 Hudson Street
Newark..........794 Broad Street
WASHINGTON..........Post Building
PHILADELPHIA..........Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO..........122 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON..........2 Pall Mall East, S. W.
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NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 1, 1912.

MR. ROOSEVELT AND THE TARIFF.

Mr. ROOSEVELT has at last made up his mind to say something on the tariff. It is noteworthy that he does not and cannot say anything that makes an issue between him and the President, whose renomination he is seeking to prevent.

He touches on two chief points only. One is the need of careful investigation before making tariff rates instead of fixing them at the "bargain counter" of Congressional Committees. On this the President agrees in theory, and has the great advantage of having put his theory in practice. Mr. ROOSEVELT talked about it at intervals for seven years; Mr. TAFT secured a tariff board in his first year and, with courage and resolution, has made it an instrument of considerable value in the task of tariff revision.

The second point made by Mr. ROOSEVELT is the stale one, intended for local influence on the Northwestern border, that farmers should not be made to suffer all the ill effects of tariff revision. No sane man proposes that they shall. They would get more benefit from a just general revision than any other class, because they suffer most from the unfair exactions of the tariff as it is. It is very late in the day for Mr. ROOSEVELT to champion the interest of the farmers whose need of relief from tariff oppression he ignored when in office at the dictation of the protected interests who controlled the party machinery.

THIS YEAR'S DIRECT TAX.

The Legislature has increased the direct tax by one mill, and the expected revenue from the tax this year will be $11,000,000. The tax was abolished in 1905, and when it was revived last year this city paid $4,301,343, against payment by the rest of the State of $1,771,420. A contribution in like ratio will appreciably affect the rate of the local tax, and gives this city especial standing to criticise the course of events which has resulted in the necessity for the imposition of this tax after it was once abolished. Its revival was hardly imaginable, when Controller GLYNN'S report for 1907 showed a cash balance in the State Treasury of $20,771,571 and an annual surplus of $13,678,138.

Those were the conditions which are responsible for the present conditions of a recurring deficit and a revival of an unpopular tax, which embroils the city with the rest of the State through the injustice of its incidence, due to the manner of the levy as well as to the disproportion of wealth between the city and the State. It was because the State's purse was thought to be inexhaustible that the State embarked upon a spendthrift policy which has resulted in robbing the cradle and the grave and in laying all taxes upon wealth in the form either of accumulated capital or of corporate franchises or processes of trade. Now we have again a general direct property tax, falling upon all classes, and perhaps with the happy result of making all classes thoughtful of how much money the State is spending as well as how it pays the bills.

In 1901 the State was practically without debt, and the debt charge was $44,581. So recently as 1906 the State's debt was $10,630,660, but the people by their votes have authorized bond issues of $180,300,000. The items are the barge canal and its terminals, highway improvement, and forest reservation, which good things the rich were to present to the people through what has been called by responsible legislators the Robin Hood method of raising taxes. The idea caused a smile so long as the burden fell on wealth, but now up-State farmers are likely to be [illegible], "How about it?" They [illegible] Democratic Governor lay the un[illegible] tax, and will lay the blame [illegible] unless they are forestalled by [illegible] statement of the facts.

[illegible] was the Republican administrations which emptied the Treasury, and the burden of filling it falls upon the administration of the moment. Instead of seeking some overlooked source of revenue, or inventing some tax fad, Gov. DIX proposes a general tax in the old-fashioned way. If that method had prevailed when the debt was being increased so light-heartedly, and if the suitable number of mills had been levied with each fresh authorization, it may be doubted whether New York would be in the way of leading all the States in its debt, as once it was in the way of leading all States in the amount of its bank balance.

This episode recalls two utterances in the best manner of Republican finance. "God help the surplus!" said Corporal TANNER, and the pension orgy followed. "A surplus is easier to deal with than a deficit," said Gen. FREDERICK D. GRANT. New York finance borrows something of each. The State is incurring annual deficits in the manner of the Federal Treasury, and by the same sort of reckless prodigality. Because money came so easily, without apparently increasing the tax rate, it was thought that money could be spent in any amount for any purpose without anybody in particular paying. If the Stock Exchange suffered, or the holders of mortgages, or those bequeathing something to their families, why, it was because they were wealthy, and ought to be bled for their own good as well as for the needs of the State. On such a record it is an easy suggestion that there ought not to be any taxation for a surplus. If the State runs behind a little it can do no harm. The credit of New York is good, and a debt to fund a debt is more easily borne than taxes to encourage fresh expenditures. Having thought of ways to spend a couple of hundred millions, ingenuity in that line may take a rest along with the taxpayers.

THE NEWS FROM CAPT. SCOTT.

The whole world will be both disappointed and cheered by the news this morning from Akeroa, New Zealand, in a special cable dispatch sent exclusively to THE NEW YORK TIMES. Capt. SCOTT'S ship, the Terra Nova, arrived at that port without the English explorer and his associates in his perilous journey southward from McMurdo Sound. But it brought news of SCOTT, assurance that he probably reached the pole some time in January, and an announcement of his determination to pass another Winter in the antarctic to continue and complete his work.

The message thus received was sent back Jan. 3 from a point 150 miles north of the pole, showing that seventeen days after the Norwegian explorer, Capt. AMUNDSEN, had set foot on the southernmost point of the earth and planted there the flag of his country Capt. SCOTT was still 40 miles north of Sir ERNEST SHACKLETON'S "farthest south" in 1909. This removes all doubt, if any existed, that AMUNDSEN is the discoverer of the pole. It also indicates that SCOTT probably finished his quest. His was clearly the more difficult route, and he must have found the journey, with his equipment of ponies instead of dogs, much more laborsome than AMUNDSEN'S on the western edge of the ice barrier. The return to his base also, through the growing darkness, with the antarctic Winter setting in, must have been perilous. But his message indicates that he felt no fear, and once returned, the darkness and storms of the Winter would have no terrors for him.

It was necessary to send back the message so that the Terra Nova could leave its mooring before the freezing in of the Ross Sea. As it is, the ship could have had little time to spare. Surmises that SCOTT and his party had been frozen in, and the world might not hear from them until late in the Autumn, have been frequently heard in the last fortnight. Fears for SCOTT'S safety now are unwarranted. He had nearly reached his destination, while his messengers returned safely. We may sympathize with his inevitable disappointment that he was not the actual discoverer of the South Pole, which AMUNDSEN reached by another route with comparative ease, but the results of his observations and explorations will surely be of great scientific value.

THE NEW HONDURAS LOAN.

The Honduran loan in a new form has again been placed before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations for its approval. The ratification of the treaty under which this loan can be made is one of the steps which President TAFT thinks needful to place Central American Governments on a sound basis. A similar treaty, involving a similar loan, with Nicaragua has long been pending. The treaties have been opposed in Washington, so far as we can learn, on the ground that to approve them would be "doing something for Wall Street." They have also been opposed in Washington by certain unofficial representatives of Honduras and Nicaragua for the sole reason that they would strengthen the existing Governments of those republics.

Obviously both Honduras and Nicaragua need financial help, and if they are to borrow money they must borrow from people who have money to lend. They need money to refund their national debts, to clear off annoying claims of European residents, and to make a fresh start in the direction of sound finance and prosperity. The Wall Street bugaboo has served to hold up the treaties in the Senate for a year or more. It is not conceivable that the arguments against the loans advanced by disgruntled Central Americans, who have had political disappointments, have had weight with the members of the Foreign Relations Committee.

Nevertheless, the original proposition as regards Honduras has been changed, a group of New Orleans bankers having taken the place of the New York financiers, although a prominent New York house is connected with them. In its new form the proposition has been accepted by the State Department. Instead of $10,000,000 the sum of $6,000,000 will be advanced, and the interest required of Honduras will be 5 per cent. instead of 4½. The loan is to be used exclusively to refund the Honduran foreign debt, and none of it is to be applied to railroad building and other internal improvements. There is more or less disapproval in Honduras of all loans, based on unpleasant experiences. But it is believed that the acceptance of the new convention by the Senate will "dissipate blind prejudice." The bonds are to be secured by the customs revenues of Honduras, collected by Americans appointed by the Honduras Government with the approval of the President of the United States.

The public interest in this matter in this country is due solely to the fact that it will tend to restore peace to Honduras. With the Custom Houses strongly protected there will be little danger of revolutions. What the revolutionists want most of all is money.

TOO MUCH APPREHENSION.

Some remarks of Dr. LEONARD L. B. WILLIAMS of England, quoted in the foreign news of THE SUNDAY TIMES, on the suffragette agitation, seem more germane to the subject and less open to contradiction from many sources than the entertaining outburst against hysteria of Sir AIMROTH WRIGHT. Commenting on the symptoms of social maladies he observes and the peculiarities of the afflicted, Dr. WILLIAMS says: "The danger is, not that these "unlovely characters exist, but that "they are now being manufactured in "enormous numbers."

His remark applies equally well to other forces working to the derangement of our social system. It is true that widespread popular education and the perpetual ferment of growing democracy has developed much foolish discontent, and that the discontent makes the food it feeds on. Quick means of communication throughout the world help to spread all sorts of heresies, and undoubtedly tend to some evil results.

But the hope of the world is that the good produced will in time overcome the evil. Because more people talk loudly and try to think, because more are restless and try to act, than in the good old days when the country Squire was the representative of English solidity and things went generally to the liking of Mr. Podsnap, we must not infer that the world is going to the bad. Education is not a failure. All intelligent women are not clamoring for a vote, and not nearly all who give more or less support to their battling and frequently silly sisters are unintelligent or unmindful of the laws of nature and civilization.

On the whole, it is a privilege, not an affliction, to live in an age of ferment, of social discontent which may lead to some social improvement, though it may seem to the timid to threaten the upheaval of society. In politics, in literature, art, and in the field of labor all over the world new forces are active, and many of them are ill-regulated and ill-controlled. But there is no lack of sanity where there is so much patient endurance. Things will come out all right in the end. The women will not be unsexed. Governments will prevail, and the demagogues, though they may not be suppressed, will still be demagogues. If "unlovely characters" are being manufactured in enormous numbers so are lovely ones. Let us take comfort in that.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Much Like Other Criminals. When the ALLENS, after making such horrible use of their revolvers in the Hillsville Court House, fled for refuge to the mountains of which they have been at once the masters and the victims, it was taken for granted that they would fight to the death in resisting capture, and it was feared that many lives would be sacrificed before they could be hunted down. Expectation and fear have alike proved unfounded, and one after another the dreaded outlaws have surrendered without firing a single shot.

Apparently they are not such dreadful fellows, after all, for a few days of hardship in the wilds have brought to them a realizing sense of helplessness as well as full appreciation of the fact that, desperate as their case is, any more killing would make it so much worse that the thought cannot be entertained.

This display of wisdom on the part of the ALLENS is, of course, in every way satisfactory, but it deprives them of the reluctant approach to sympathy which they did receive, in spite of their crimes, on the theory that they were survivals of another age and no worse than many a figure in history and legend who is viewed as picturesque rather than vicious, though he did things quite as hideous as were the acts of these wild mountaineers.

The impulse to leniency in judging the ALLENS is weakened by their failure to prove themselves particularly wild, or even wild at all. Since the day of their flight they have behaved much as do the common criminals who escape from Sing Sing, and several of them have shown a most unheroic inclination to save their own necks, if possible, by betraying the others.

This Favor Cannot Be Granted. Breaking for once the rule of ignoring anonymous letters—and no rule should ever stand for a moment when good, or even reasonable, cause for breaking it arises—a few remarks shall be devoted to a curious communication which has come to us with no other signature than "One of Them."

As a part of the school news which has occupied considerable space in THE TIMES of late, we have printed the names of teachers who have applied for retirement, and with each name has appeared the number of years that teacher has served, on which, of course, is based his or her right to retire on a pension. Hence the letter, which reads:

> The teachers of New York would fully appreciate the consideration of your paper by not giving the years of service in asking to be retired, as it is a personal matter and of no interest to an outsider.

We sincerely hope and gladly believe that "the teachers of New York," as a class, can express themselves in writing less clumsily than does their self-appointed spokesman. If they could not, the children under their instruction would have but a poor chance to learn elegant, correct, or even decent use of the English language.

That a teacher should have written a bad sentence is of no great significance, however, for we all do that now and then. Really important is it that even one teacher does not see the closeness of relation between retirement and years of service, and that the public certainly has a right to know, and at least ought to be interested in knowing, how much it is getting from these estimable servitors. As regards school matters, the public is not "an outsider," nor is it composed of outsiders.

Presumably our innominative correspondent objects to revelation of the service term because it makes possible a rough guess at the retiring teacher's age. Further thought on the subject will probably disclose even to those most amusingly and absurdly sensitive on this point that the reason is inadequate to enforce the granting of the request so ineptly presented.

The Jungle a Poor Defender. As a means—more probably as one means—of fortifying the Panama Canal, Col. GOETHALS is reported to have suggested to the Isthmian Canal Commission that all inhabitants be driven from the Zone and that the jungle be allowed again to take possession of the whole strip. This, in that climate, the jungle, if permitted, would undoubtedly do within a very few years, and anybody who has ever seen what vegetation can accomplish in Panama can well understand that the Colonel was right in saying that thus would it be made impossible for an enemy to conduct military operations or to exist in the Zone.

Nevertheless, the probability that the suggestion was made seriously is not great. It has cost an enormous amount of money to drive the jungle back from the canal and to make the land contiguous to it safely habitable. The reason for this expenditure—to save the lives of the men engaged in building the canal—will cease, of course, after its construction has been completed, but then another reason for not restoring the old conditions will at once be created. The passengers and crews of the steamers using the canal, and the large force required for its maintenance and operation, will have to be protected, and that would be difficult or impossible if the land which has been cleared and drained and guarded by a dozen scientific devices were abandoned to vicious and cruel "nature."

The present healthfulness of the Zone, and incidentally of Colon and Panama, which are just outside its limits, is a National triumph little if any inferior to the canal itself, and the improvements made must be continued and extended, not abandoned. As Col. GOETHALS knows this better than anybody else, it cannot be that he really wants to let the jungle in again on his small but magnificent domain. Either he was jesting or what he said was misunderstood.

Militancy of a New Kind. One of the English suffragettes bears the ominous name of DESPARD and lives up to it by advising her sisters to abandon such mild forms of militancy as the breaking of windows, and to adopt, among other really strenuous methods, that of refusing to buy any more hats until the vote is granted to them.

That, now, is a great idea. It would bring an enormous pressure to bear upon one large and important trade, and, by proper extension and adaptation of the scheme, great numbers of British tradesmen could be made to see the wisdom of giving the women what they want.

Of course, the number of garments that could, like hats, be safely renounced, even for a brief period of storm and stress, is comparatively small, but there is many another joy and luxury without which anybody can do who chooses. And the beauty of such renunciations is that while they would cause an enormous amount of pain to many men, they would get no women into jail, with or without hard labor, and the resulting accumulations of saved money would double the effectiveness of the argument because the eager tradesmen would know when and how they could get it all.

Mrs. DESPARD is grimly wise, and Mrs. PANKHURST'S leadership is seriously endangered.

SHORT BALLOT PUT FIRST.

Col. Roosevelt Has It Lead All the Other Progressive Plans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter which you published to-day by Alice Riggs Hunt regarding Mr. Roosevelt and the short ballot is unfair to Mr. Roosevelt and shows a shallow conception of the short ballot. It is unfair to Mr. Roosevelt because it suggests that he is trying to suppress his own short ballot plank in the Progressive platform. In the current issue of The Outlook, however, the short ballot is put first of all by Mr. Roosevelt. If he were bent on suppressing his notions on this subject it is reasonable to suppose that he would not have mentioned it at all.

Your correspondent seems to take it for granted that the short ballot is oligarchical. On the contrary, it is the long ballot which is oligarchical, since it automatically throws power into the hands of that ruling class we call the politicians, and by its complexity disfranchises the ordinary citizen from effective participation in politics.

The short ballot is the only kind that is democratic. To make County Clerks, Coroners, and all the other small fry appointive will clear the way for the initiative and referendum and make such things considerably more practical. The Ohio Progressives consider that the two things go hand in hand, while many other short ballot advocates consider that the short ballot, by clarifying politics, will give the people so much better control over the representative system as to make the system obedient to the popular will and thereby render initiative and referendum devices superfluous.

RICHARD S. CHILDS.

New York, March 30, 1912.

An Instance for Socialists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to say a few words regarding Allen Benson's article on "Socialism" in an April magazine.

Mr. Benson says:

> Private property is therefore a creature of society, and is subject to the calls of that society whenever its necessities require it, even to the last farthing.

I have in mind a man who, having no capital to start with, has worked with his hands and his brains, fairly and earnestly, often far into the night.

Now that he is becoming a capitalist, is it perfectly fair for some neighbor of that man—maybe a lazy, envious, slow-witted fellow—to step up and take half or "even to the last farthing"?

LUCINDA HOWES.

New York, March 29, 1912.

BETTER ARTIFICIAL BUTTER.

Mr. Aldrich Says the Product To-day Is Rigorously Inspected.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In replying to my recent communication to THE TIMES concerning pure oleomargarine, the agent of the butter interests at Washington displays some testiness, which is probably caused by the prospect of the enactment of legislation which will give oleomargarine a square deal on the market. As THE TIMES well said in a recent editorial, "No innocent commodity made by man has been more maligned" than oleomargarine.

The butter man finds it necessary to go back twelve years to find something to say against the wholesome character of oleomargarine. He does not tell us that oleomargarine is made to-day under the most rigorous Government inspection, which supervises every step of the process and every feature of the factory surroundings. Neither does he tell us that butter is made without any such safeguards, nor that every suggestion looking toward Government inspection of dairy products is bitterly resented and opposed by butter interests.

He says nothing about his bill now before Congress which not only imposes a revenue tax on the manufacture of oleomargarine, and denies it the right to the yellow color—most butter makers freely use "butter color"—but adds a requirement that all "servers of oleomargarine" (meaning hotels, restaurants, boarding houses, &c.,) must post signs in letters a foot high announcing "margarin served here," and then goes a step further and imposes a tax of $10 a year on such "servers" of oleomargarine.

If this is not discrimination not only against the manufacturer and purveyor, but also against the consumer, what would you call it?

PAUL F. ALDRICH,
Editor The National Provisioner.

New York, March 23, 1912.

SPEEDY CIVIL COURTS.

Law's Delay in This City Is Said to be Much Reduced.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The subject of law's delay is not new to this country or generation. It is probably the oldest and most frequent of all evils in civilized communities. The royal philosopher wrote in Ecclesiastes: "Because sentence against an evil work is not executed speedily, therefore the hearts of the sons of men are fully set in them to do evil." This does not, however, apply to conditions in the City of New York as far as our civil courts are concerned, and at the risk of running counter to prevailing public opinion I venture to say that there is no large city, either in this country or abroad, where a litigant can submit his claim for decision and get speedier justice than in this city, as the following facts will show:

In any claim of $500 or less, such as a small merchant or laborer is usually interested in, the action can be commenced and a trial had in our Municipal Court within a month; an appeal may be taken from such a decision to the Appellate Term of the Supreme Court and the appeal decided by three Judges of the Supreme Court within two months at the most after the appeal is argued, and all appeals are argued or submitted during the first three or four days of every month excepting the Summer months.

An action involving $5,000 or less, either in money or damages, may be tried in the City Court within seven or eight months, and if the case can be tried in two hours a trial can be had in a few weeks. Similarly, in our Supreme Court, an action on contract which can be tried in two hours can be reached within a few months. Trials before a Judge without a jury are also reached very speedily, and actions to foreclose mortgages, which may be preferred issues of law, and undefended divorce cases can be tried frequently during the month for which the action is noticed for trial.

If a plaintiff has a bona fide claim he can try it on the merits in any of our courts within a remarkably short time if he will only press it for trial and let technicalities go by the board.

LOUIS LANDE.

New York, March 27, 1912.

Pawnbrokers and Stolen Goods.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice that some pawnbrokers, with tears in their voices, are again complaining about the "harsh interpretation of the law by Mayor Gaynor" which compels them to return stolen goods to the owner, and the delightful innocent position those gentlemen assume is really amusing.

They not only give the Mayor credit for the interpretation of the law in question, which as a matter of fact was interpreted in this city long before the Mayor was born, (Saltus et al. vs. Everett, 20 Wendell 267-1838,) but they further claim that in the light of "his interpretation" they have no means to protect themselves against crooks.

Banks and other money-lending institutions seem to have very little trouble with strange payees. There is no valid objection to the pawnbrokers employing the same system.

On what principle do these people deem themselves bona fide holders of pledges for which they advance between 25 per cent. and 50 per cent. of the value of the chattel without attempting to establish the identity of the pledger? It is a pity these people do not see the distinction between existence and enforcement of the law.

While they object to the old fundamental principle of our law being enforced against them, they have no scruples in demanding that an old English statute (21 Henry VIII., Ch. XI., which provides that goods sold in "Markets Overt" are to be restored to the owner only upon conviction of the thief) be employed in their favor.

HENRY SCHWAMM.

New York, March 27, 1912.

THE EYES OF YOUTH.

This brook, my lad, that once I knew
When I was young and played like you,
Was deeper, wider here by far;
And where those little ripples are
A white-capped torrent roared its way
And covered all these stones with spray;
And you, my lad, may look and see
The roaring stream that used to be.

These hills, my lad, where once I played—
What pity they could not have stayed,
Their tops among the clouds as when
A boy I played among them then.
For once they seemed to me so high
I fancied they came near the sky;
And you, my lad, pray look and see
The towering peaks that used to be.

These trees, my lad, that once I knew
Were twice as tall, when I, like you,
Among these branches climbed and hid
In those thick leaves, as oft I did.
These trunks were twice as far around,
These low limbs further from the ground—
Look, lad, and tell me that you see
Those giant oaks that used to be.

This field, my lad, oh, it was far
From pasture spring to this stout bar
That I let down when in the gloom
I drove the glossy cattle home;
'Tis now so small it seems as though
'Twas not the field I used to know,
But you, lad, at the dusk may see
The field, just as it used to be.

So, lad, this tiny pasture spring
Once gushed up here, a monster thing,
Where all the world might come and lie
And drink, and never drink it dry.
And now 'tis such a tiny stream
The other must have been a dream;
Yet you, lad, look—I know you see
The bubbling stream that used to be.

So, lad, we wander, you with me
Where all these wonders used to be,
When I was young and life was new,
And where to-day they are for you.
Aye, love them, then, with all thy heart,
See wonders, lad, where'er thou art,
For one day you will come and see
But where these wonders used to be.

J. W. FOLEY.

FOR MORE FACTORY LAWS.

Those Passed Not Enough—Fight for Safe Buildings to Continue.

The Legislature, in the closing hours of the session last week, passed eight of the eighteen measures recommended by the State Factory Investigating Commission for the better protection of factory workers from fire and unsanitary conditions now prevailing in manufacturing establishments throughout the State. It is expected that these eight measures will receive the signature of the Governor within the next few days.

Although these new laws will do much to relieve the deplorable conditions existing at present and prevent a repetition of such a holocaust as occurred in the Triangle fire a year ago last week, the battle for safe factories is by no means ended. The State Factory Investigating Commission, the Committee on Safety, and other organizations that have been actively engaged in fighting the fire peril the past year are planning to continue the campaign along even more radical lines. The passage of eight of the factory bills is regarded by these organizations as only a beginning.

If a special session of the Legislature is called the Governor will be urged to embody in his message a plea for the passage of all the other bills recommended by the Factory Commission and introduced by Assemblyman Smith and Senator Wagner.

It is deeply regretted by the Committee on Safety that the bill requiring all existing factory buildings and all buildings hereafter erected of more than two stories in height, and in which more than twenty-five persons are employed, to be of fireproof construction was defeated in the Senate. Powerful opposition from factory owners and building interests developed against this measure. The same thing is true of a measure which proposed to amend the labor law in relation to bakeries. This bill would have required all bakeries to be licensed by the State Labor Department. Licenses would only have been granted after a rigid sanitary inspection.

The eight measures passed are regarded as extremely important. They provide that every factory be equipped with properly covered fireproof receptacles to hold all inflammable waste; that all gas jets or lights be properly inclosed by globes or wire cages; that smoking in factories be strictly prohibited; that fire escapes deemed necessary by the authorities be placed on the outside of every factory building; that when more than twenty persons are employed on any one floor of a factory all doors leading to exits must open outwardly or be so constructed as to slide freely, and that no doors be locked in working hours. They also require fire drills under the supervision of the Fire Department, automatic sprinklers, and that factory owners register with the State Labor Department information concerning the location and nature of their business and describe conditions under which the work is carried on.

PASSOVER BEGINS TO-NIGHT.

Eight-Day Festival Commemorates the Deliverance of the Israelites.

Beginning this evening, and continuing for eight days, the festival of the Passover, the first festival of the Hebrew ecclesiastical year, will be celebrated. It begins on the fourteenth day of the month of Nisan, and in Biblical times it was one of three feasts for which the people came up to Jerusalem from the outlying districts to take part in the services at the Temple and make their offerings on the altar. In those days all adult males were bound to keep the Passover at Jerusalem. The festival commemorates the deliverance of the Jewish Nation from the captivity in which it had been held, and the persecutions to which it had been subjected for four hundred years in Egypt, and the departure of the liberated people from the land of their oppressors. Among the orthodox Jews the festival continues for eight days. The first two days and the last two days are observed as holy days, in which all work, except that of necessity and charity, is prohibited. But the intermediate days are not observed as holy days. The reformed branch of the sect keep only the first day and the last day of the festival.

During the eight days Jews are forbidden to eat any bread or other leavened food, or even to have such food in their homes. The place of bread is taken by matzoth, or unleavened cakes, and from this fact the festival is also known as the Feast of Unleavened Bread. The substitution of matzoth had its origin in the haste in which the Israelites left Egypt. The anxiety of the Egyptians to send them away was so great that they had not time to bake their bread for the journey, but were obliged to take the dough with them before it was leavened, and out of this dough they baked unleavened cakes as a substitute for bread.

The celebration of the festival begins on the first evening with the Seder service. All the members of the household gather about the table on which is displayed a quantity of matzoth, a dish containing a part of the shank bone of a lamb roasted, symbolical of the Paschal lamb, and a dish containing bitter herbs in remembrance of the oppression which the people of Israel endured in Egypt. The head of the household recites a history of the bondage in Egypt, and the deliverance from slavery under the leadership of Moses. Then follows the evening meal, and the service concludes with songs of praise.

SLAPS AT WICKERSHAM.

Lawyers' Magazine Resents His Interference in the Lewis Case.

In an editorial in its current issue, Bench and Bar, a monthly magazine for lawyers, jumps bodily into the controversy that has arisen over the membership in the American Bar Association of William H. Lewis, a negro lawyer who is an assistant on the staff of Attorney General Wickersham. It sides very earnestly with those opposed to Mr. Lewis's membership and while it refers to Mr. Wickersham as an "amiable gentleman," it calls his activity in the matter "indelicate." It says:

> Membership in the American Bar Association confers certain privileges of a character which imply social intercourse upon a basis of equality. To a very large proportion of the membership of the association, however thoroughly each one might respect the attainments, ability, and character of a colored man, this sort of association would be violently distasteful. Certainly in this sense, and to this extent, the introduction of a colored man to membership is unfortunate, and it seems to be a mistake so serious as that it should be corrected, if this may now be done.

After expressing regret that any controversy should have arisen over the "personality and qualificatitons" of one elected to the association, Bench and Bar observes:

> We are sorry that the amiable gentleman who is now the Attorney General of the United States should have gone at this recent matter precisely as he has. * * * Perhaps the idea for the protesting postcards, so widely distributed, all printed and addressed to Secretary Whitelock, just ready to drop in the mail box, was the suggestion of one of the Attorney General's subordinates or assistants.
>
> Of course the association, after deliberation free from haste or nervousness or sense of coercion, will in its own time decide the question in such a manner as may seem wise and right, and consistent with the best interests of the association, influenced by the same enlightened and disinterested counsel under the guidance of which the American Bar Association has now become the largest, most dignified, most influential body of lawyers in the world.

Lewis is an Amherst man of the class of 1892. There was much talk of opposititon to his appointment by Mr. Wickersham, but it finally faded from sight.

WANT CLEANER CARS.

Homeopathic Society Passes Resolutions Against Conditions Here.

A resolution was adopted by the members of the Homeopathic Medical Society of this county, yesterday, protesting against the uncleanliness and disregard for ventilation alleged to have been found in the surface cars of this city.

Members of the society also voted to call the conditions to the attention of the Public Service Commission and the Department of Health.

MILLION A YEAR TO AID THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

It Is Spent by Outside Agencies, the Bureau of Municipal Search Reports.

BUT THEIR WORK OVERLAPS

Board of Education Is Told That This Is Due to a Lack of Co-operation by the School Authorities.

One million dollars is spent each year by public, semi-public, and private organizations for the public school children of the City of New York, according to a report of the Bureau of Municipal Research that is to be submitted to the Board of Estimate's Committee on School Inquiry. The money thus expended by outside sources for the schools, the report points out, represents a capital outlay equal to the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancing of Teaching and the Russell Sage Foundation, and it is nearly half the income of the General Educational Board.

In presenting the report the Bureau of Municipal Research suggests that "at this time, when its experts are studying both educational and business aspects of school problems, the committee call a conference or arrange communication with agencies, public and private, which are co-operating with public schools, to consider questions and opportunities arising from available citizen co-operation and to consider the advisability and methods of conducting a central agency, through which all other agencies shall co-operate."

The report shows that, notwithstanding the immense amount of money devoted to helping the schools, co-operation has not been encouraged by school officials. The investigation has brought out the fact that in no school document have opportunities for civic co-operation been listed, and the report cites that of 317 communications considered by the Board of Education and referred to committees, no later account appears in the minutes of the action taken on these matters. So agencies that are under considerable expense in their school co-operation are not informed whether the matters they are presenting are important or what formal action is taken by the board. Many agencies reported lack of encouragement, difficulties encountered, and undue delay on the part of school officials. The committee found there was no regular system of treatment for outside communications.

Co-operation Is Lacking.

This reticence is shown also in the annual reports of the City Superintendents of Schools, for in the last ten years the outside interests are mentioned only 158 times, and of 104 agencies only 4 are mentioned more than once by any school official, and 87 are not mentioned at all. Questions which might be settled at once are delayed for committee meetings and particular sessions. As to the co-operative agencies, the report has this to say:

"Co-operation among outside agencies is lacking; they are at present duplicating and overlapping each other's work to a large degree; organizations dealing with sections of the same problem are less forceful for want of co-ordination. For example, no comprehensive health programme has been worked out by the sixteen volunteer agencies which report interest in school health. Agencies have not outlined, either for themselves or for the public, 100 per cent. of the work which ought to be done, nor have they made known what percentage of the needs they are unable to meet."

Many agencies are found to be less effective than they might be because of their dependence on unsupervised volunteer work, inadequate records of their dealings with school officials, because of unsympathetic presentation of their "wares" to school officials, lack of concentrated effort at budget time, and because of little constructive follow-up work.

"The one central agency, the Public Education Association," the report continues, "has been hampered in its usefulness—so effectively and dramatically shown upon special occasions, such as the 'charter fight' of 1911—by lack of facts, lack of funds, lack of continuity, lack of supervision for volunteer work, and lack of a comprehensive, definite, all-borough programme."

The lack of proper publicity is shown, the report finds, by the fact that the public sends communications to wrong officials, and then is forced to wait for the slow-moving mechanism before action can be taken. Then, again, prospective givers have no way of finding out the truth regarding the amount and efficiency of the different outside agencies which base appeals on their helpfulness to schools.

Suggestions Made to the Board.

Some of the suggestions for bringing about better co-operation between the schools and the outside agencies are:

The delegating of an individual or the Board of Superintendents or a committee from the Board of Education to keep on file the needs of the schools, headquarters records telling how much co-operation is available from each agency; distributing that information among school officials; receiving protests and recommendations; to act as a bureau of information; to note action taken in cases; to "follow up" cases; to notify agencies of action taken; to dispose of communications; to obtain publicity.

It is also suggested that teachers and Principals keep record of help given and pass on to headquarters facts as to help needed and help received. The report also declares that City Superintendents' interim and annual reports might be improved, so as to become stimulating sources and guides to co-operation. Many other suggestions are made by which co-operation between the Department of Education and those outside organizations working for the good of the school children could be strengthened and all work more as a unit, instead of overlapping, as at present.

In the city seventy-six different outside agencies are offering direct, continuous, and gratuitous co-operation to the public schools; thirty-seven agencies are co-operating indirectly through investigations, lectures, and publicity, and four newspapers, including THE NEW YORK TIMES, through their news columns, editorials, and special articles upon educational subjects, are advancing the cause of education. Special opportunities for instruction and recreation are offered to pupils and teachers by outside organizations; there are parents' meetings, and hospitals and dispensaries are treating school children. As an indication of the variety and helpfulness of the outside co-operation the report calls attention to these facts:

> Special classes for crippled children in both public and private buildings have been formed and helped since 1899 by the Association for the Aid of Crippled Children.
>
> Physical examination of school children with co-operative and follow-up work has been promoted by the Bureau of Municipal Research.
>
> Athletics for over 200,000 boys and 20,000 girls have been promoted by the Public Schools Athletic League.
>
> The Russell Sage Foundation is conducting backward children studies.
>
> The Museum of Natural History affords opportunity for nature study work. There are lectures in the Botanical Gardens and the Metropolitan Museum of Art.
>
> Scholarships and other awards are given by the School Art League.
>
> Commercial training is being fostered by the Chamber of Commerce.
>
> Self-government instruction is given in fourteen schools by the School Citizens' Committee.

Other organizations are contributing their share to the care and training of the school children, and the report gives a list of them.

FRENCH ART WORKS TO VISIT AMERICA

Free Loan Exhibitions of Paintings and Sculptures in the Large Cities.

CAN COME IN DUTY FREE

Secretary Knox Assures This—French Government Co-operates with an Association Formed Here.

In order that Americans may see the art treasures of France's many museums without the necessity of taking trips overseas, the French Government, in co-operation with an art organization just formed in this country, is planning to lend for free exhibits in the United States the more noted paintings and sculptures of the Louvre, the Gobelins, the Cluny, the Carnavalet, and the museums at Lyons, Versailles, Fontainebleau, and Tours.

It is declared by American artists who are arranging for the opening Government exhibit here that none of the French art treasures will be held in reserve, but that practically all that are transportable of the famous paintings Americans may wish to see will be shown first in this city, then in Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, and San Francisco.

After short exhibits in each city the works of art will be returned to the French museums, but new exhibits will be continually sent out, so that each of the cities should have two or more such art exhibits a year.

No effort will be made to raise revenue from the exhibits, which will be a tribute "from the French to the Americans whose love of French art treasures France has always duly appreciated."

The plan is said to have originated on the part of the Frenchmen participating in it in the fact that the French museums have always been thronged with Americans who spent more time studying the works of art than visitors from any other nation. On the part of the Americans interested it was suggested by the fact that a large proportion of famous American painters, sculptors, and architects received their education in Paris, and in their work have already exemplified here the domination of the French schools over the art of this country.

Through the co-operation of Secretary of State Knox it has been arranged that all works of art brought over for temporary exhibition purposes are to be admitted "through the courtesy of the port" duty free.

The American organization which will be responsible for the art works brought here has the name of "the French Institute and Museum of French Art in the United States." Its articles of incorporation were filed at Albany a few weeks ago.

The organization's plan is to build its own museum here for exhibition purposes and to establish a permanent French art exhibit as a background for the special collections which will be sent over by the French Government from time to time.

Until the building plans are fully drawn up the exhibits will be held in the rooms of the Sculpture Society in West Fifty-seventh Street. A first exhibit, to open in the Sculpture Society's rooms on April 22 has already been arranged. It will consist of some 500 etchings, engravings and prints comprising the work of French artists of the seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. These are from the Louvre, the Carnavalet and the collection of George Hartmann, said to be the most extensive private collection in the world.

The plans for the association's work were were announced yesterday at the offices of William Francklyn Paris, 53 West Thirty-ninth Street. Mr. Paris is Chairman of the Committee on Literature, which is planning to found a magazine to record data connected with the progress of art in America that shows French influence.

In the committee's statement credit for first suggesting the idea of borrowing French art treasures for exhibit here is given to McDougall Hawkes, who will visit Paris this Spring to superintend the work of gathering exhibits for the Fall season.

Closely associated with Mr. Hawkes in the movement to finance the museum and make its work a success are Otto Kahn, Le Roy White, J. W. Alexander, Edward Tuck, Thomas Hastings, William B. Osgood Field, Whitney Warren, J. H. Stillman, Dr. G. F. Kunz, T. Tileston Wells, Lloyd Warren, Breck Trowbridge, President Finley of City College, and Chancellor MacCracken of the New York University.

MR. FRIEDHEIM'S RECITAL.

An Unusual Programme Presented by the Well-Known Pianist.

Arthur Friedheim, who made his first appearance in New York as one of the most distinguished pianists of Liszt's school, twenty-one years ago last month, and who has in recent years given several though not frequent recitals here, played yesterday in Carnegie Hall. A large audience had been provided for the occasion, which indicated pleasure at much of Mr. Friedheim's playing. He began with Beethoven's thirty-three variations on a waltz by Diabelli, less a favorite of pianists than the thirty-two on his own theme. These appeared decked out on the programme with descriptive titles. Von Bülow once called the work "the microcosm of Beethoven's genius; even a representation of the whole world of music in miniature." Opinions have differed much about this valuation, as well as about other of Beethoven's later works. Some have gone so far as to recognize in these variations all that Von Bülow found in them, but to declare them unplayable, written for an instrument that has never existed and never will exist, moving in a wholly abstract world of tone.

Mr. Friedheim evidently did not speculate in this philosophical vein upon them. He took the more daring course of playing them. Some of them he played charmingly; as the "fughetta" (No. 24), the "fairy dance" (No. 26), and the serious ones called "Mourning," "Lament" and "Elegie" in the programme's nomenclature. But it needs an artist of a higher flight of imagination, a wider sweep, a greater technical accomplishment and command of tonal values, to give an interpretation of these variations nearly approximating to their reality.

The programme was in other respects unusual. Mr. Friedheim's playing of Weber's "Moto Perpetuo," a "song without words" by Mendelssohn, Chopin's Étude in A flat (the second of the posthumous études neglected by pianists) the Prelude in G major and especially Rubinstein's poetical and tender Barcarole in G minor was the best of what he did. Some of his other performances were marred by occasional rhythmic uncertainty, and by lack of tonal beauty. His last group of pieces consisted of six Paganini caprices by Liszt, and of the music of his master Mr. Friedheim is considered to be an authoritative exponent.

KAHN AIDS BOSTON OPERA.

Hears "Pelleas" and Then Contributes to the Guarantee Fund.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., March 31.—Otto Kahn of New York attended the performance of "Pelleas and Melisande," which brought the third season of the Boston Opera Company to a close last night, and was very enthusiastic, and afterward expressed himself as greatly pleased with the individual work of the Boston singers. Mr. Kahn contributed $1,000 to the guarantee fund of the opera in this city.

"This is the best performance of 'Pelleas' I ever heard, and I have heard it in London and Paris, as well as in New York," he said. "I believe you have caught the spirit and poetry of it here better than elsewhere. I also believe that in Caplet you have the greatest French conductor.

"I am a lover of French opera. I would like to see it more frequently in New York, but the Metropolitan auditorium is not intimate enough for most of these works, a fact which is to be regretted. I am glad to add my mite to your guarantee fund, and I wish the Boston opera continued success, both artistic and financial."

WHY THE ELEPHANT IS SAD.

Friendship with Prue, the Wild Duck Is Ended—Alice Stepped on an Egg.

Alice, the benevolent-looking elephant, favorite of hundreds of youthful visitors to the Zoological Park in the Bronx, is ill. Not, as Charlie Snyder, the keeper, explained yesterday, that Alice is under the veterinary's care. It is a case of melancholia. It all came about through Prue, a wild duck, and one of Alice's closest friends. Curator Raymond L. Ditmars told the story yesterday as he stood beside the melancholy elephant stroking one big ear.

In the very long ago Prue was one of a flock of ducks bound North after a Winter in the South. The bird had been disabled by a hunter, and when the flock stopped for a night rest on the Bronx Park lake, Prue gave up and the flock went on without her. She was caught at feeding time by a keeper, and her wing was clipped to prevent her from continuing northward. So Prue stayed, and now she does not want to leave the calm, tame life.

But at times her waning wanderlust manifests itself in long walks about the great park, and Prue will be gone for a day or so, and turn up in unexpected places. When Alice was a newcomer at the Zoo the duck wandered into the corral one Spring day. Upon the first meeting the duck was more self-composed than the elephant, but after the first shock of surprise both became good friends. They got so friendly as the days wore away that when Alice would lie down in the corral Prue would seek a comfortable resting place upon her back. Prue liked both place and companion, so after a few days she built a nest in one corner and, laying several eggs, sat comfortably down to hatch them.

That was three seasons ago, but every Spring since then Prue has waddled up to the corral, and there is an affectionate meeting of the friends.

"The old girl is up to see Alice again," is usually the brief report that reaches Mr. Ditmars. No one has to ask who the "old girl" is.

Prue made the trip to the elephant inclosure from the lake a few days ago, and when, for the first time since Winter began, Alice was allowed in the open, the old duck was there to welcome her. The duck quacked her greeting and Alice lifting up her trunk trumpeted. Prue then set about the more serious business of nest building. Prue, the nest completed, laid two eggs.

Mr. Ditmars is responsible for the statement that such is friendship between the two that Alice brings food for the duck while she is engaged in her home making, but he offered no affidavit to support his assertion.

A day or two ago came tragedy and separation. In ambling about the corral Alice inadvertently stepped upon one of Prue's eggs. In sorrow the big animal stood beside the nest, her great body swaying and her trunk tapping the eggshell as though hoping to repair the damage. Then the duck arrived. She saw what had happened, and at once became an angry, ruffled bunch of feathers. In vain Alice looked apologetic, but the duck would not be appeased. The elephant knew she had done wrong, but apparently could not understand the continued anger of her feathered friend.

Reaching out her trunk she attempted to pat Prue. The duck saw the trunk swing toward her, and in an instant she got into action. With a loud quack she hurled herself at the elephant's trunk and gave it a vicious peck. The swing stopped half way, and Alice, overcome by the conduct of her friend, backed away and leaned up against the elephant house regarding the duck through her little eyes with her head held on one side.

Prue went back to the nest, and after regarding the broken egg for several seconds took one last disdainful look at the elephant and went stalking off in the direction of the lake. Alice was still depressed when the keeper came, and ever since the accident she has been morose and gloomy. Attmpts have been made to cheer her up, but she seems to miss Prue. Choice food has been given her, but she remains "off her feed" and refuses to be comforted.

Mr. and Mrs. Ring Tail Lemur were about the happiest pair in the Zoological Park yesterday. The little visitors from Madagascar rejoice in a son. The baby Lemur was born on Saturday night. The Lemurs are cousins of the monkeys. The keeper, coming into the house in which the pair are kept, found the mother Lemur holding her baby and rocking it to and fro. Father Lemur was pacing up and down in front of the bars ready to go on the instant to the defense of his family.

The pleasant weather brought great crowds to Bronx Park and the Central Park Zoo yesterday. All day long the walks of the Central Park Zoo were crowded, and Keeper Billy Snyder put Hattie, the elephant, through her paces several times in the afternoon. At the Bronx Park it was estimated that 30,000 visited the Zoo.

WALK EXHAUSTS MISS SEARS.

Faints at the End of Her 109-Mile Tramp.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 31.—After her walk of 110 miles from the Burlingame Country Club to the Hotel Delmonte, Miss Eleonora Sears of Boston, was a spectator at a polo game at Burlingame to-day and was as chipper as a bird.

Miss Sears did not finish her long hike Saturday night in quite as good condition as first reports indicated. Inside the hotel grounds and within less than a mile of the hotel steps, the athletic young woman fell on the road from sheer exhaustion. She was revived with brandy and in spite of her objections was put into the automobile of Mrs. Francis Carol, her hostess, and was taken to the hotel and put to bed. She covered 109½ miles in forty-one hours and thirty minutes, and her friends thought she had done enough.

Miss Sears said to-day that her breakdown was purely mental. She saw a sign post eight miles from Delmonte which read, "Eight miles to Delmonte." She covered the eight miles at good pace and then she saw another sign which she thought in the dim light said the same thing, at which she collapsed.

PHILHARMONIC SEASON ENDS.

Jan Kubelik the Soloist, at Orchestra's Pension Fund Concert.

The Philharmonic Society, with Jan Kubelik, the Bohemian violinist, as soloist, under the baton of Josef Stransky, its Bohemian conductor, and with a symphony by the Bohemian composer Dvorak as its principal programme number, ended its New York season last evening with a concert at the Hippodrome, given for the benefit of the pension fund of the society. The audience was of good size, but did not crowd the vast auditorium.

Mr. Kubelik played the Beethoven violin concerto and Paganini's "Witches' Dance." Mr. Stransky conducted the orchestra through Liszt's "Tasso," which he had played at the first Philharmonic concert he conducted; Weber's overture to "Der Freischütz," and Dvorak's "New World" symphony.

To Present Strindberg Plays.

Oland & Burt, a new firm of theatrical producers, announced yesterday that they would present August Strindberg's drama, "The Father," at the Berkeley Lyceum on April 9. The production of this play will be followed by the presentation of other Strindberg dramas, including "Countess Julia," "The Outlaw," "Easter," and "The Stronger." All of them will be done in English. The translation of "The Father" was made by Warner Oland and Edith Shearn Oland.

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PLANS PUBLIC MART FOR THE DRAMATIST

National Federation of Theatre Clubs to Produce Meritorious New Plays.

MASS MEETING ON MAY 5

Managers Will Be Enabled to Judge a Play Without Risking Any Money on It.

The plans of the recently organized and incorporated National Federation of Theatre Clubs have begun to take shape along lines that the organizers believe will make the federation of solid and practical value in the development of the drama in America. Its purpose is to combine the membership of the existing theatre clubs, such as the Drama League with its numerous branches, the Playgoers, the Century Theatre Club, the New York Theatre Club, the Actors' Society, the Actors' Church Alliance, the Players, the Lambs, the Green Room Club, and other organizations interested in the stage, to aid in the production of plays and to help the stage constructively. Sydney Rosenfeld, the dramatist, who is President of the federation and one of its organizers, explained at length yesterday the objects of the association.

"The federation," he said, "is not to take the place of any one of the existing organizations, and is to do its work along different lines. It is to be 'professional' first of all, and to do things in a professional way. Where most of the other clubs may talk about plays, it is our purpose to present plays themselves, not for educational purposes but because we believe in good plays. Our first step will be to take a theatre for Sunday evening, May 5, for a mass meeting and entertainment, when speeches outlining the purposes of the federation will be made and the audience entertained.

Will Be Presented Adequately.

"It is the federation's idea to supply opportunities, not only to playwrights, but to managers. Plays will be adequately produced by the best of technicians, and not by dilettantes and visionaries, and the author will have the advantage of a truly critical audience that will be more ready to give a helping hand than to push him back. Managers will have the opportunity of judging of a play's possibilities without going to the expense of a production. It goes without saying that there will be no lack of purchasers for a successful play.

"I may put it this way: We intend to wash the window while the existing clubs are engaged in spelling the word. The federation will be in no way censorial. It will only try to show what it likes in the way of plays by presenting these plays. It will have no fault to find with the manager who thinks of the box office first, for the box office is not to be disdained.

"Although the plans have not been formulated definitely, yet the general idea is to have a reading committee that will pass upon play manuscripts submitted and select those that seem to promise success. The cost of the production will be defrayed by the federatiton, and the cast will be drawn largely from its membership. The play will be presented at some theatre—our own, we hope—and the members will judge of its merits. There will be a small admission charged to members, sufficient to more than defray expenses, so that a fund may be established in this way. At present, the dues or the federattion are only nominal.

An Aid to Managers.

"I wish to emphasize that there is nothing 'highbrow' about the federation and no pretense at being 'educational.' Our aim is directly practical. We believe by carrying out our plans we can show what kind of plays the public wants, and thereby assist the managers in their selection of plays. We expect to find the managers and the playwrights with us in the undertaking. Certainly they will not be against us."

Several of the local theatre clubs, Mr. Rosenfeld explained, are already affiliated with the federation, and others are expected to come in. All clubs that are made up principally of people connected with the stage or specifically interested in the stage are eligible.

The officers of the federation at present are: Sydney Rosenfeld, President; Belle de Rivera, First Vice-President, and Edith Totten, Corresponding Secretary. A committee in charge of the mass meeting to be held on May 5 consists in part of Mrs. Doré Lyon, Mildred Holland, Howard Kyle, Joseph Green, Mary Shaw, and Mrs. Von Klenner. A business meeting will be held on April 9, when more definite announcement of plans for the mass meeting will be announced.

MOROSCO PLAY TO CLOSE.

Hawtrey in "Dear Old Charlie" to Replace "The Bird of Paradise."

The long run of Oliver Morosco's production of "The Bird of Paradise," at Maxine Elliott's Theatre, will end on Saturday, April 13, as several members of the company are required for new productions at Mr. Morosco's theatres in Los Angeles. Laurette Taylor will originate the principal rôle in Hartley Manners's "Peg o' My Heart," at the Burbank Theatre in May, and Lewis Stone will have the principal rôle in a new play at the Blackwood Theatre. Albert Perry and Jane Meredith also will be in the cast of this play.

Following "The Bird of Paradise" at Maxine Elliott's Theatre will be Charles Hawtrey, in "Dear Old Charlie," coming direct from the Prince of Wales Theatre, London, for a limited engagement of four weeks. Mr. Hawtrey and his company sailed on the Minnewaska last Saturday, and are due in New York a week from to-day.

DAMROSCH IN COMIC OPERA.

Shuberts to Produce Composer's "The Dove of Peace" Next Fall.

Walter Damrosch's first and only comic opera, "The Dove of Peace," will be produced early next Fall for a run in one of the Shubert theatres. The first performance will be given in Philadelphia about Oct. 1, and then the piece will be brought to New York. Mr. Damrosch has already begun to select the cast, which is unusually large, and is making great preparations for the production.

"The Dove of Peace" is in three acts, with scenes in a Summer hotel on the Atlantic coast, the Island of Guam, and in the United States Senate chamber. The story is about the capture of Guam during the Spanish-American war. The plot has been developed by Mr. Damrosch and Wallace Irwin, who has written the book and the lyrics. The score of the piece contains thirty numbers, and an extraordinarily large orchestra will be required.

MISS DAGMAR RUBNER PLAYS.

Columbia Professor's Daughter Heard in Piano Concerto at Metropolitan.

Miss Dagmar Rübner, planist and daughter of Prof. Rübner of Columbia University, was the special feature of last night's concert at the Metropolitan Opera House. She played Tschaikowsky's B minor piano concerto. Mrs. Gluck sang Rameau's "Rossignols Amoreux" and an "Ave Maria" of Belluci, who is a member of the Metropolitan Opera House orchestra; and later a duet from "Don Giovanni," "La ci Darem," with Mr. Gilly, and the quartet from "Rigoletto" with Messrs. Murphy and Gilly and Mme. Duchene.

Mmme. Duchene sang "Plus Grand Dans Son Obscurité," from Gounod's "La Reine de Saba;" Mr. Gilly sang "Vision Fugitive," from "Herodiade," and Mr. Murphy sang an air from "Romeo et Juliette." Carlos Salzedo was heard in harp solos and the orchestra was under the direction of Adolph Rothmeyer.

Mrs. Haynes to Entertain on April 8.

Mrs. D. Oliphant Haynes of 11 West Ninety-fourth Street will entertain, not this afternoon, as previously announced, but on April 8, from 4 until 7, for her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hasbrouck Haynes of Detroit.

BURRAGE-BAXTER WEDDING.

To Be Celebrated on April 9 in Church of the Heavenly Rest.

Plans have been completed for the wedding of Miss Katharine Lee Baxter, daughter of ex-Governor and Mrs. George White Baxter of Tennessee, to Russell Burrage, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert C. Burrage of Boston, Mass., which is to be celebrated at 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, April 9, in the Church of the Heavenly Rest.

Mr. and Mrs. Burrage are to give a dinner for the entire bridal party at the Ritz-Carlton on Monday night preceding the wedding, and Miss Mary Condon of Pelham Manor, one of the bridesmaids, will give a luncheon also at the Ritz for Miss Baxter and her attendants on Easter Sunday.

Miss Margaret Baxter will act as maid of honor for her sister, and the Misses Elizabeth Burrage, a sister of the bridegroom; Eleanor Baxter, another sister of the bride; Mildred Eddy of Morristown, N. J.; Priscilla Rand of Minneapolis, Minn.; Catherine Britton of Washington, D. C., and Mary Condon are to be the bridesmaids.

Hamilton Large of Boston is to be best man, and the ushers selected include Charles McGhee Tyson, a cousin of the bride; Frederick H. Wooley, Charles McGhee Baxter, a brother of the bride; Marshall Whinpenny of Philadelphia, and Curtis Hanson and Morgan Butler of Boston.

A reception is to follow the church ceremony, and will be held at Sherry's. After returning from their honeymoon Mr. Burrage and his bride will spend the Summer at their newly acquired cottage at Marblehead, Mass.

Miss Baxter's home is in Knoxville, Tenn., but she spends her Winters here, as also do her parents, who are now staying at the Hotel Webster, in West Forty-fifth Street. She graduated from Miss Spence's School, and is well known here among the younger set. Her grandfather, Judge John Baxter of the United States Circuit Court, was a distinguished jurist, and her maternal grandfather was Col. Charles M. McGhee, who spent much of his time in New York, and was associated with the late R. T. Wilson in the organization of Southern railways. He presented Knoxville with a $40,000 library.

FATHER VAUGHAN'S LECTURE.

He Will Speak This Evening on the Life of "Joan of Arc."

Father Vaughan will deliver a lecture on "Joan of Arc" at 8 o'clock this evening in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria. Guglielmo Marconi, the inventor of wireless, who is interested in the Catholic charities for the benefit of which the lecture will be given, will be Chairman.

The lecture has been arranged under the auspices of Cardinal Farley and assisting him are a number of patronesses, including Mrs. Henry W. Taft, the Countess Leary, Mrs. Mason Renshaw Jones, Mrs. G. Stanton Floyd-Jones, Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien, Mrs. W. J. Sheehan, Mrs. Herbert Robbins, Mrs. Lewis B. Gawtry, Mrs. De Lancey Kane, Mrs. N. F. Brady, Mrs. Charles Welch, Mrs. James Wallace, Miss Elizabeth Marbury, Mrs. George B. Cortelyou and Mrs. M. J. Keogh.

Tickets are being distributed by Walter Newmiller, 53 Duane Street, and a special telephone, 3033 Worth, has been installed in his office so that all requests may be handled quickly. Arrangements have also been made to have the tickets placed on sale at Tyson's at the Waldorf-Astoria.

"Bud" Williams, Old Gambler, Dies.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., March 31.—"Bud" Williams, dean of the city's gambling fraternity, who several times during his life counted his wealth by the hundreds of thousands of dollars, is dead. Virtually penniless, he died on Friday at the home of a friend here. Williams was 80 years old. For more than 50 years he was a player of games of chance. He had a wide acquaintanceship throughout the country, and several times during his career he accumulated a million, but for the last ten years he had been "broke," depending upon friends of more prosperous times to help him.

LEDERLE AGAINST MILK BILL.

Filed Objections to Measure Letting Dealers Escape Punishment.

Health Commissioner Lederle got back to his home in Brooklyn last night after a week-end out of town. He said that he was opposed to the Wheeler bill, which was jammed through in the Assembly during the closing hours. By the provisions of this bill a milk dealer accused of selling impure milk can go into court with a sample of milk from his "source of supply" and if the sample is up to par he escapes prosecution.

"I am opposed to the bill and I have been ever since I first learned that such a measure was contemplated," said the Commissioner. "I wrote to the Corporation Counsel, who looks after bills affecting the city, and set forth my objections. This is all I care to say until I study the bill as it was passed."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Shelley Hull has been engaged as leading man for Sherman Brown's stock company at the Milwaukee Theatre.

According to a cablegram received at the offices of Liebler & Co., "Disraeli," now running at Wallack's Theatre, is to be produced in Italy and Germany. In Italy the title role will be played by Ruggiero Garavaglia, and Louis N. Parker, the author, will stage the play.

David Belasco personally conducted the final dress rehearsals of "Madame Butterfly" at the Republic Theatre last night, previous to the departure of the company for St. Paul, where they will open at the Orpheum Theatre on April 7, under the direction of Martin Beck.

A "second edition" of the Durbar in Kinemacolor will be put on at the Garden Theatre to-night. The series will be entirely new and will show some of the most gorgeous of the pageants at Delhi and other Indian cities. The complete series of the burial of the Maine will also be given.

Winthrop Ames has decided to make no more new productions at the Little Theatre this Spring, but to continue John Galsworthy's "The Pigeon" as the principal attraction until the end of the season.

The one-hundredth performance of Eddie Foy in "Over the River" will be celebrated at the Globe Theatre to-night by the introduction of several new specialties in the cabaret scene in the first act, and the addition of some more topical verses to Mr. Foy's songs.

Charles Frohman has completed arrangements for starring Charles Cherry in "Passers-By" next season by arrangement with Daniel Frohman. Mr. Cherry will play the role originated here by Richard Bennett, and will begin his season at the Garrick Theatre, New York, on Aug. 20.

Blanche Ring in "The Wall Street Girl," a musical comedy by Margaret Mayo, Edgar Selwyn, and Hapgood Burt, with music by Karl Hochna, will come to George M. Cohan's Theatre on April 15 for a Spring engagement. On the same date Mr. Cohan will begin an out-of-town tour in "Forty-five Minutes from Broadway," starting at Bridgeport, Conn.

MUSIC NOTES.

Emmy Destinn has arranged to give a concert at the Waldorf-Astoria, on Monday evening, April 15 at 8:30 o'clock, the proceeds of which are to be devoted to the fund for scientific research of the Berlin Treptow Observatory, of which Dr. Friedrich S. Archenhold is director. Prominent artists will assist Miss Destinn.

Charles Frederick Naegele, Jr., will give a piano recital at the Salmagundi Club, 14 West Twelfth Street, on Thursday evening.

Marguerite and Paul Kefer will give a concert at the Hotel Astor on April 11.

Maurice Nitke, the Polish violinist, will be heard in a concert at the Hotel Majestic on April 20.

EASTER

Prayer Books and Hymnals make especially fitting Easter gifts. We have a large variety of bindings to choose from,—also the best Easter Card display in the city.

Ask to see the new Mary Low Easter Letters.

E. P. DUTTON & CO.
31 West 23rd Street, N. Y.

W. W. McINTIRE DEAD.

Ex-Congressman Stricken by Apoplexy While Alone in a Boat.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 31.—William Watson McIntire, ex-Congressman and a member of the Sewerage Commission, was stricken by apoplexy while alone in a boat, fishing pike in the Gunpowder River yesterday.

He was brought to shore by friends, but died late in the evening without having regained consciousness. His remains were brought to his city home to-day. Mr. McIntire was 62 years old, and a native of Chambersburg, Penn. While engaged in the railway mail service he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1884.

In 1897, when Maryland sent a solid Republican delegation to Congress, Mr. McIntire was chosen to represent the Fourth District. He served with distinction in Congress, and was usually accorded the credit for obtaining the first appropriation for the new Custom House in Baltimore and for the defeat of the bill to move the Naval Academy to a Northern city. For many years he had been prominent in Republican politics.

Last year he was strongly put forward to take the place on the Sewerage Commission left vacant by the death of Gen. Peter Leary, Jr. He was appointed by Mayor Mahool, and the appointment was such a popular one that the City Council suspended its rules in order to confirm it unanimously.

MRS. MARY ELLEN JAMES.

Widow of D. R. James, Sr., Long Prominent in Church Affairs.

Mrs. Mary Ellen James, widow of Darwin R. James, Sr., died yesterday at her home, 226 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, after an illness of more than three years. She was for years prominent in Brooklyn church life. Her son, Darwin R. James, Jr., is President of the Brooklyn Young Republican Club. She was born in Curtisville, Mass., July 21, 1834.

The funeral services, at her late home to-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock, will be conducted by the Rev. Allan D. Carlile of the Throop Avenue Church, and the interment will be in the cemetery at Williamsburg, Mass. The Rev. Edward A. Collier, pastor emeritus of the Kinderhook (N. Y.) Presbyterian Church, a relative of the family, will officiate at the burial.

James S. Connell.

James S. Connell for fifty years a resident of Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, and a prominent figure in the sugar brokerage business in Manhattan, died yesterday at his home, 140 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Connell, who was 88 years old, was born in Manhattan on Oct. 15, 1824, and in 1851 entered the sugar brokerage and commission business with the late Henry Eddy at 105 Wall Street, where he was the senior member of the firm at the time of his death. In the same year he married Miss Margaret Eleanor Rich of New York, who died in 1898.

Mr. Connell was known as the "dean of the sugar trade."

Jersey Postmaster Drops Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., March 31.—Daniel E. Wardell, Postmaster at West End and a member of the real estate firm of Wardell & Burke, dropped dead this afternoon in his office. He had been writing when he was stricken by heart disease. He was the son of the late Capt. Asher Wardell and was born at Long Branch forty years ago. He was a graduate of Lehigh University and a Mason and Odd Fellow.

Mexican War Veteran Dead.

John Cornack, who served through both the Mexican war and the civil war and was a "Forty-niner," died on Saturday at his home, 114 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn. As a boy Mr. Cornack ran away from his home in Albany to enlist in the Mexican war. He entered the ranks at Fort Hamilton, and later was one of Gen. Scott's bodyguard when the entrance to Mexico City was effected. He then joined the rush to California, and later enlisted in the civil war, where he served with distinction. Mr. Cornack was 84 years old and was married last year to a woman many years his junior. His wife and a sister survive him.

Public Sales of Art and Literary Collections at the Anderson Galleries
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The Art Collection of John L. Graves OF BOSTON

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To be Sold in Ten Afternoon and Evening Sessions, at 2:30 and 8:15 o'clock, beginning on the afternoon of Monday, April 8th.

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Collection of Prints

THIS EVENING and To-morrow Evening at 8:15 o'clock—Sale of Rare Engravings, many in Color or Proof State by the Best Artists. Catalogues on application.

Two Fine Private Libraries

AFTERNOONS AND EVENINGS of Thursday and Friday, April 4th and 5th, at 2:30 and 8:15 o'clock—Sale of the Libraries of ELMER H. CLOSE, of Toledo, Ohio, and the late ANDREW L. GARDINER of New York, with valuable additions from other Collections. Standard Sets of English and American Authors, Sporting Books and Prints, Rare Americana, and other Books of interest and value. Catalogues on application.

The Robert Hoe Library

Part III., now on Exhibition, will be sold in twenty Afternoon and Evening Sessions, beginning on the Afternoon of Monday, April 15th. Catalogues in two volumes, $1.50.

THE Anderson Auction Company
NEW YORK

John M. Robinson.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, March 31.—John M. Robinson, for many years manager of the real estate interests of the D. O. Mills estate, died at his home in Prospect Avenue last night. He was 63 years old. For a number of years Mr. Robinson lived at Teaneck, where he served on the Board of Education and the Township Committee, and represented that district on the Bergen County Board of Freeholders. He was sent to San Francisco immediately after the earthquake to straighten out the Mills matters there.

John B. Seguine Dead.

John Britton Seguine, 89 years old, died at his home, 130 St. Paul's Avenue, Tompkinsville, S. I., yesterday. He was born at Tompkinsville and lived there all his life. In his earlier years he was employed at the Quarantine Station, and with his family was driven from that place in 1857 when it was burned by a mob. He was later employed in the ship news service of the Associated Press and The New York Herald, the service taking him outside the lightship to board incoming vessels. Afterward he was for many years in the service of the Brooklyn Ferry Company.

Eugene K. Lodewick.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 31.—Eugene K. Lodewick, who served as Secretary General of the Dakotas during President Cleveland's Administration, is dead at his home in Rensselaer, where he was born 62 years ago. For a long term he conducted the Hill Crest Inn at East Greenbush, but two years ago sold out his interests because of poor health.

Prof. Finch of Cornell Dead.

William Albert Finch, Professor of Law at Cornell University, died yesterday at 58 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, after an illness of several months. He was born in Newark, N. J., in 1855, and was graduated from Cornell University in 1880. After practicing law for several years he joined the Cornell Faculty in 1891. He was the author of "Finch's Cases on the Law of Property in Land."

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. EUGENE V. CONNETT, widow of a hat manufacturer of the Oranges, is dead at her home, 56 Scotland Road, South Orange, at the age of 74 years. Her death occurred on Saturday night, only a few hours after her son, Albert M. Connett, had arrived home after a hurried trip from London, summoned by word of his mother's serious condition.

The Rev. BENJAMIN O. HARWIN, a retired minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died on Saturday at his home in Rahway, N. J. He was seventy-eight years old and a member of the Newark Conference.

SUMNER E. GLINES, prominent in municipal politics in Beverly, Mass., died on Saturday at his home in North Beverly. He had been three times a nominee for Mayor of Beverly.

Dr. THOMAS J. BACKS, who for many years owned a drug store on the site of the Hotel Astor, is dead at his home, 117 Manhattan Avenue, after a year's illness. Dr. Backs was a graduate of Bellevue Medical College. A widow and a son survive him.

ISABELLE BORROWE OSGOOD, widow of Franklin Osgood, who was the owner of well-known yachts, is dead at her apartment in the Manhattan Hotel. Mrs. Osgood was eighty-one years old.

JULIAN ROPIQUE, a teacher of singing in Paris, generally known as Juliani, died on Friday at the age of eighty-seven years. Many American girls had studied with him in the last fifty years.

WILLIAM L. YOUNG, a retired undertaker who lived in Brooklyn for half a century, is dead at his home, 816 Marcy Avenue, Brooklyn, of heart disease. He was born in Pittsburgh in 1844 and came to Brooklyn with his father, A. P. Young, when a boy.

STEPHEN L. THURLOW, a retired mine operator, who lived in Brooklyn for more than thirty years, is dead at his home, 751 Rugby Road, Brooklyn. Mr. Thurlow was born in Massachusetts eighty years ago.

ANDREW REED, a civil war veteran, with the rank of lieutenant, died on Saturday at his home, 314 Carroll Street. He was born in Ireland, eighty-seven years ago and came to Brooklyn when a boy. His service in the war was with Company E of the Sixty-ninth Regiment.

MARY S. ECKENROTH, the wife of Francis Eckenroth, died on Friday at her home, 770 Driggs Avenue, Brooklyn. Mrs. Eckenroth was born in New York fifty-seven years ago.

JOSEPH E. HAUGH died on Friday at the home of his mother, Mrs. Catherine Haugh, 115 Third Place, Brooklyn. A widow and two children survive him.

JAMES HANDY, the father of Morris Handy of 92 Monroe Street, Brooklyn, died on Friday in Utica, N. Y. Mr. Handy was eighty-three years old and lived in New York until five years ago. He was a member of the old Manhattan Company No. 8, Volunteer Fire Department, which had its headquarters years ago in Ludlow Street. He had been a Mason for fifty-seven years.

SARAH B. ROBERTS, a member of the Hickle Friends Meeting in Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, died on Thursday at her home, 63 St. Paul's Place. Mrs. Roberts was born near Philadelphia in 1850 and lived in Brooklyn for fifteen years.

JOHN COLLINS, who was born in Birmingham, England, in 1835, and came to this country sixty years ago, died on Friday. His home was at 108 Oak Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Collins was the Superintendent of the Columbus Distilling Company.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

COHEN.—March 30, 148 West 118th St., to Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Cohen, a son.

CORN.—March 27, 264 Riverside Drive, to Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Corn, a daughter.

KASSELL.—March 25, 1,106 Simpson St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Kassell, a daughter.

LEAVY.—March 26, 1,439 East 17th St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. L. Leavy, a son.

SALOMON.—March 30, 1,851 7th Av., to Mr. and Mrs. M. Salomon, a son.

SCHWARTZ.—March 28, 314 East 4th St., to Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Schwartz, a daughter.

ZIMMERMAN.—March 30, 788 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Zimmerman, a daughter.

ZIPSER.—March 29, 65 East 84th St., to Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Zipser, a son.

Married.

BENENSON—SHAPIRO.—March 25, Frances Shapiro to Benjamin Benenson.

HARRISON—SCHWEITZER.—March 28, Florence Schweitzer to Samuel Harrison. Brooklyn.

THEOBALD—METZGAR.—March 26, Harriett Metzgar to Harold D. Theobald.

WIGHT — BROWN.— March 29, Nathalie R. Brown to Walter A. Wight.

Died.

AGOSTINI.—On March 30, after a long illness, Joseph Agostini, in his 73d year. Funeral services from his late residence, 17 West 47th St., on Monday, April 1, at 10:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment at convenience of family.

BLOCK.—Suddenly, at his residence, 305 West 97th St., on March 30, 1912, John W. Block, beloved husband of May F., in his 70th year. Funeral private. Cape Girardeau, Mo., papers please copy.

CHALMERS.—James P. Chalmers, aged 48. Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Campbell Building.)

CLEVERLEY.—On Sunday, March 31, 1912, at her late residence, 406 West 29th St., Martha Jane, widow of John Cleverley, in the 80th year of her age. Funeral service from Thirty-fourth Street Reformed Church, west of 8th Av., Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

CONNELL.—On Sunday, March 31, at his residence, 140 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn, James S. Connell in the 88th year of his age. Funeral from the Church of the Holy Trinity, Montague and Clinton Sts., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 2, at 2 o'clock.

CONNETT.—At her home, 56 Scotland Road, South Orange, N. J., March 30, 1912, Sophia Rutan, widow of the late Eugene V. Connett, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange, N. J., Tuesday, April 2, at 3 o'clock.

DURKEE.—On March 28, at West Park, N. Y., Harriet Carlton, daughter of Col. Rowland and Susan Merrill Carlton, and wife of the late Eugene R. Durkee. Services at Greenwood, Monday, at 11:30.

FINCH.—On Sunday, March 31, 1912, at Brooklyn, N. Y., Prof. William A. Finch, Cornell University, in his 57th year. Funeral services and interment at Ithaca, N. Y.

FRANCIS.—On Palm Sunday, March 31, 1912, Abbie Sutherland, widow of Dr. Charles E. Francis of Stamford, Conn., aged 82 years. Funeral private. Interment at Hartford, Conn.

HARTMAN.—Fredericka Hartman, aged 82 years, at her residence, 1,286 Lexington Av., mother of Frank Hartman, Mrs. Caroline Cavereaux, Mrs. P. Wagner, and Mrs. J. Schmitt. Interment Hillside Cemetery, Philadelphia, Penn. Philadelphia papers please copy.

HINDS.—Sunday, March 31, 1912, Olivia Jane, widow of Thomas Hinds. Services will be held on Tuesday, April 2, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, 590 Bergen Av., Jersey City. Kindly omit flowers.

Died.

HOYT.—At Stamford, Conn., on Saturday, March 30, 1912, Mary C. Quintard, widow of Rufus Hoyt. Funeral will be held at St. Andrew's Church Tuesday, April 2, at 11:15 A. M. Carriages waiting the arrival of 10:02 train from New York.

JAMES.—On Sunday, March 31, Mary Ellen Fairchild, wife of the late Darwin R. James. Services at her late residence, 226 Gates Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday afternoon, at 5 o'clock. Interment at Williamsburg, Mass. Kindly omit flowers.

MARTIN.—On Sunday, at residence of her niece, Mrs. Curtis Wilcox, 2 Badeau Place, New Rochelle, N. Y., Harriet D. Martin. Funeral private. Interment at Bound Brook (N. J.) Cemetery on Wednesday, April 3, on arrival of train due 2:56 P. M. from Jersey City.

McCABE.—On March 30, at her residence, 78 Washington Place, Mrs. Jennie, beloved wife of the late John McCabe. Services Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock.

McCABE.—March 29, Peter McCabe, aged 49. Funeral from Stephen Merritt's New Chapel, 8th Av., near 21st, Monday, 2 o'clock.

MEEKS.—Suddenly, on Thursday morning, at Hotel Bonta, 94th St. and Broadway, New York City, Emma, wife of Edwin B. Meeks, in the 66th year of her age. Funeral service in All Souls' (Anthon Memorial) Church, St. Nicholas Av. and 114th St., on Monday, April 1, at 11 o'clock.

OSGOOD.—On Saturday, March 30, at Hotel Manhattan, Mrs. Isabella Borrowe Osgood, widow of Franklin Osgood. Funeral services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest on Tuesday, April 2, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

PALMER.—Friday, March 29, Mary Palmer, widow of the late Frederick Palmer, in the 61th year of her age. Funeral from the residence of her son, Broadway and 35th St., Woodcliff, North Bergen, N. J., Monday, April 1, at 2 P. M., thence to Grove Reformed Church.

PIERSON.—Suddenly, at Glen Ridge, N. J., March 30, Clara J., wife of John T. Pierson, nee Frasse. Funeral services from her late home, 19 Hamilton Road, Tuesday, April 2, on arrival of 2:10 train from New York, D., L. & W. R. R. Interment at convenience of family.

ROBINSON.—At Hackensack, N. J., on March 30, 1912, John M., husband of Carrie E. and father of Myron W. Robinson, in his 63d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 307 Prospect Av., Hackensack, on Tuesday, April 2, at 3 o'clock, on the arrival at Prospect Av. Station of train leaving Erie Station, Jersey City, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private.

ROBINSON.—Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, N. M. J. U. S. A.—Brethren: You are invited to attend the Scottish Rite funeral ceremonies of Brother John M. Robinson, 32°, at his late residence, 307 Prospect Av., Hackensack, N. J., Tuesday, April 2, at 3 o'clock.

JOHN LLOYD THOMAS, 33°,
Commander in Chief.
JAMES BELKMAP, 33°, Secretary.

SANGER.—Suddenly, at her residence, 119 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday evening, Mrs. Sarah E. Sanger, beloved wife of Abraham Sanger. Funeral services at the above address at 8 o'clock, Monday evening, April 1, 1912. Kindly omit flowers.

SHOTWELL.—On March 31, 1912, Rosetta Ebert, widow of Abel Vail Shotwell, in her 84th year, at her late residence, 180 Elm Av., Rahway, N. J. Funeral private.

SIMPSON.—On Saturday, March 30, 1912, at Edgemere Hotel, East Orange, N. J., Mary Loretta, daughter of the late Charles and Mary A. Simpson. Funeral service at Central Presbyterian Chapel, 57th St., between Broadway and 7th Av., N. Y. City, on Tuesday, April 2, at 1 P. M. Interment Trinity.

STANTON.—Very Reverend Louis Stanton of the Franciscan Order, died March 30, at St. Joseph's Church, Winsted, Conn. Funeral mass on Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Allegany, N. Y., Wednesday morning.

SULLIVAN.—On Friday, March 29, 1912, Simeon F., beloved son of Elizabeth Vaughan and the late Denis J. Sullivan. Funeral from his late residence, 272 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, April 1, at 10:30 A. M. Requiem mass at St. Joseph's Church, Pacific St., near Vanderbilt Av., at 11 o'clock A. M.

UNNA.—Suddenly, in Berlin, Germany, on March 30, 1912, Helen Unna, beloved sister of Mrs. Edward Rothschild, Mrs. Maurice Stransky, and Mrs. S. C. Weiskopf.

WILLIAMSON.—On March 30, 1912, at his late residence, 182 West 47th St., Richard Williamson. Funeral services will be held at the Marble Collegiate Church, 5th Av. and 29th St., on Monday, April 1, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

AHLES.—Frederick J., March 30, aged 57. Funeral 994 2d Av. to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

BACKES.—Thomas J., 117 Manhattan Av., March 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

BAEHR.—Julius, 60 7th Av., March 29, aged 67. Funeral to-day, noon.

BEATTIE.—Hugh, 167 East 53d St., March 30. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

BRESSLER.—Sarah, 1,112 Forest Av., Bronx, March 29.

CLARK.—Kate, 236 East 36th St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

DEMMER.—Joseph A., 2,486 Elm Place, Fordham, March 29. Funeral to-day.

DIABLE.—Julia, 769 East 224th St., March 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DONALDSON.—William J., 305 West 42d St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DOYLE.—Eliza A., 891 Jackson Av., March 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

FINLEY.—Maud E., 609 West 187th St., March 30. Funeral service to-morrow.

GERHARD.—Louise, Fort Wadsworth, S. I., March 29. Funeral service to-day.

GRIFFIN.—Rose, 56 King St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HAMBURGER.—Mina, 122 West 94th St., March 30, aged 95. Funeral private.

HARTMAN.—Cornelius J., 145 West 31st St., March 29. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

HAYS.—Leah, 28 West 120th St., March 29, aged 74.

HERTZFELD.—Morris, Mount Sinai Hospital, March 30. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

KALAT.—Mrs. Gottlieb, 1,908 Hughes Av., Bronx, March 30. Funeral service to-day.

McBRIDE.—Margaret, 958 3d Av., March 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MITCHELL.—William P., 601 West 110th St., March 30, aged 65.

MULLIGAN.—Elizabeth, 164 West 110th St., March 30. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

O'MEARA.—Patrick J., 322 East 90th St., March 30, aged 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

OEHLER.—Katharine, 1,823 Amethyst Av., Bronx, March 30. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

OWENS.—John, March 30, aged 60. Funeral, 241 West 23d St., to-day, 2 P. M.

PETERS.—Mary, 2,394 7th Av., March 30, aged 72.

PURCELL.—Patrick J., 310 West 4th St., March 30, aged 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ROACH.—Honora, 886 Southern Boulevard, March 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

SULLIVAN.—Alexander, 121 East 119th St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WALSH.—Madeline, 853 Amsterdam Av., March 30.

WATERS.—Thomas, 139 West End Av., March 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

FOLEY.—Thomas, 434 Pacific St., March 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

HANDY.—James, 92 Monroe St., March 30, aged 83. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HICKMAN.—Priscilla, 494 Monroe St., March 29.

KELLEY.—Michael, 656 51st St., March 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

LIVINGSTON.—Jacob A., Sr., 134 Hale Av., March 29, aged 71. Funeral to-day.

McCADDEN.—Annie, 245 Front St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

McGRATH.—William J., 1,312 Putnam Av., March 29, aged 59. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MEHL.—Bertha G., Hunterfly Road and East 98th St., March 30, aged 31.

RATIGAN.—Bridget, 391 16th St., March 29, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

Connecticut.

HERNON.—Franklin D., Darien, March 29. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

Long Island.

NOWLIN.—Julia A., Flushing, March 30, aged 81.

RUSSELL.—Herbert, 14 Ely Av., Long Island City, March 29, aged 8. Funeral to-day.

New Jersey.

BURRELL.—Adelia M., West Hoboken, March 30, aged 80. Funeral service to-day.

VAN DYK.—Cecile, Montclair, March 29. Funeral to-day, 4:30 P. M.

New York State.

HOUSTON.—Helen S., Middletown, March 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

LAY.—Mary E., White Plains, March 30. Funeral service to-day.

In Memoriam.

DE NAOULEY.—Solemn high month's mind mass, St. Gabriel's Church, 308 East 37th St., Tuesday, April 2, at 10 A. M., for repose of soul of late Hannah De Naouley, who departed this life March 1, 1912. Wife of Thomas, mother of Catherine E., Dr. Thomas F., George A., late Mary F. Relatives and friends kindly invited.

COHEN.—Charles N., in memory of; died April 1, 1910.

DIPPEL.—John, in memory of; died April 2, 1911.

DUGAN.—Elizabeth, in memory of; died April 1, 1898.

KELIHER.—Anna; mass, Our Lady of Solace Church, Bronx, to-day, 8 A. M.

LEONARD.—Sister Athanasia; mass St. Francis Xavier Church, Brooklyn, to-day, 9 A. M.

MURPHY.—John, in memory of; died April 1, 1911.

OESTRINGER.—Caroline, in memory of; died April 3, 1900.

RICHHEIMER.—Caroline, in memory of; died April 4, 1909.

SHERIN.—Eliza, mass St. Francis of Assisi Church, to-morrow 9:30 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d.
Chapels, Ambulance Service. Tel. 1324 Chelsea

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Prices halted last week after the general level of quotations had moved to new high figures for the year, representing in the case of the railroad stocks an average advance of 5½ points and in the case of the industrial stocks of about 7¾ points over the low level established at the beginning of February. Thereafter the volume of trading diminished and the movements on the Stock Exchange showed more irregularity than at any time since the beginning of the very noteworthy improvement which has taken place in recent weeks. A broad survey of the situation appears to warrant the statement that there has been no setback in the movement toward improvement in the industrial and commercial world, nor in the growth of the more confident view of the outlook inseparably connected with the increasing conviction that the outcome of the National elections will fully bear out the belief that the great body of the people are in no way minded to allow ultra-radicalism to prevail over common sense in Governmental matters. At the same time the views expressed last week and, indeed, the action of the market itself indicated that there were many asking themselves whether or not the improvement in the stock market had not been running at a pace so much more rapid than the upturn in general business conditions that reaction in prices was to be looked for. The prevalence of this view led to a great deal of profit taking, and it must be put down to the credit of the market that the stock so disposed of was absorbed very readily and without costing more than a very moderate setback in prices. Toward the close of the week the market seemed to have moved into an uncertain position, representing the conflict of views of those who felt that prices had reached a level at which they were likely to decline and of those, on the other hand, who believed that the market had clearly been discounting the future rather than taking its inspiration from the immediate situation, and that on this score it could not reasonably be argued that prices had seen their full movement. It need hardly be emphasized, however, that the general truth of the latter of these two views would not be disproved merely by a reaction in prices such as might take place on the change in the technical position of the market which has come about as a result of the operations of recent weeks. Be that as it may, the gratifying fact remains that the general course of events continues apparently to bear out the hopeful views of the business outlook which have lately been gaining ascendancy.

So far as the immediate outlook is concerned current events are likely to emphasize the labor problems, which present themselves as one of the chief of the restrictive influences with which business has to contend. It is necessarily with a feeling of reserve at least that the financial markets and the business world generally face suspension of work at the coal mines to-day upon the termination of the agreement between the anthracite miners and their employers, which comes to an end to-day. Events moved rapidly last week toward a general resumption of coal mining in Great Britain, but the great hardship and enormous losses which were brought about by the British strike cause a clearer realization than might otherwise prevail of the disastrous character of a prolonged industrial struggle. Fortunately there is no apprehension of the controversy between the miners and their employers here running to any such length as has the English struggle. So far as the demands of the locomotive engineers, which were formally refused by the railways last week, are concerned there is every reason to believe that an adjustment will be reached without resort by the men to the extreme measure of a strike. At the same time, it is not without hesitation that the railways can accept any compromise which would involve an increase in the cost of operation. The income account of the railways shows very clearly the effect of the increases in wages allowed two years ago. With a good deal of frankness the railways in making their reply to the engineers point out that to grant the increase in wages demanded by the engineers would put a further serious difficulty in the way of the railroads maintaining their facilities up to the requirements of the country's constantly increasing traffic. In the case of some roads it is argued that consent to the increases asked for with the corresponding increases in the other classes of railroad labor, which would almost certainly be demanded if the engineers were successful in their quest for higher pay, could not be given except at the risk of financial embarrassment. In view of these facts may it not well be that it is not altogether fortuitous that in this recent movement of the market the railroad stocks have improved on the average only to about two-thirds of the extent of the advance in the industrial issues.

It is the habit of the Stock Exchange to attribute to some particular event a movement in prices which might well have occurred on general conditions irrespective of such particular happening. Thus it was that the reaction in quotations, which followed the announcement last Wednesday of an issue of $30,500,000 bonds by the United States Steel Corporation, was pointed to as a reason for that reaction. It may have had something to do with it, particularly in view of the interpretation which the Stock Exchange put on this financing by the Steel Corporation, but the chances are that that reaction represented a movement in the main altogether independent of this particular item of news. This financing by the Steel Corporation would have aroused much less comment had it occurred during a period of large earnings. The corporation through this bond issue is capitalizing the equivalent amount of expenditures heretofore made for additions to the company's property, and it was perfectly natural that this fact should be linked with the present relatively small earnings of the corporation and the recent decline in its cash balances to a figure below that which the corporation has been accustomed to maintain. The fact remains, however, that there is little or no merit in the contention that the money to be provided through the sale of these bonds would better have been provided by keeping down the dividend disbursements on the common stock. The rate of dividend should be covered by the earnings of the corporation, and the policy which the management may pursue in respect to capitalizing actual additions to the company's property is but a secondary consideration in the discussion of the dividend question, particularly in view of the fact that the bond issue now announced amounts to but a small percentage of the money which has been expended upon the property out of earnings. While the influence of this incident upon the market, as a whole, and upon the course of United States Steel in particular, was apparently much exaggerated, it is true that United States Steel lagged behind the market even before the reactionary tendency set in at midweek. This may have been due in part to the realization that recent over-optimistic predictions regarding the probable earnings of the Steel Corporation during the first quarter of the year failed to take count of the known facts in reference to the prices at which the output of the steel mills have been sold the past three months. It has come to be known too that the volume of orders received during March was below the average of the two previous months and this, too, has to be taken into account. Some of the best informed judges of the steel trade are hoping with a fair degree of confidence that before the close of this month enough improvement in prices will have taken place to establish a more profitable basis for the contracts, which in the ordinary course of events will be made with many large consumers during May. Up to the present, however, but relatively little business has been placed at the higher prices which a number of the principal producers are asking for their product. The price record in the copper trade continues of a very different sort for their quotations rose to still higher figures, bringing the current operations of the copper producing companies to the most profitable basis which they have enjoyed in several years. In due time similar conditions will prevail in the steel trade.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE

MONEY TIGHT IN LONDON.

Only Temporary Ease This Month Expected—Stocks Remain Firm.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 31.—The week ended yesterday being the last of the month and of the financial year, the strain on the money market was naturally increased, and the market borrowed largely at the Bank of England in loans for the week. At first there was a downward tendency in discounts, but in the latter part of the week the rate hardened to 3⅝, which rate was generally quoted yesterday.

With a big maize harvest in Argentina, signs of a trade revival in America, and a severe monetary strain in Berlin, the prospects of anything more than temporary ease in April are not good. On the other hand, more gold than usual is being retained, on account of the coal strike, which will dribble back again when conditions become normal.

The firmness of the Stock Exchange under the strain of the strike has been extraordinary. It is accounted for largely by the strength of consols, which have been well maintained by Government purchases, and by the prospects of an unusually large surplus which the Budget will disclose on Tuesday.

Americans showed a firm tone for leading speculative favorites, although considerable caution was displayed owing to the American coal situation.

LITTLE BUSINESS IN PARIS.

European Political Conditions Exercise Restraining Influence.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 31.—Despite the fact that the Bourse retained a somewhat firm tone throughout the week, which was largely due to the great buoyancy of Rios, the troubled political situation in Europe continued to exercise a restraining effect on the market, and business was almost at a standstill. The better news regarding the coal strike in England caused a slight rally at the end of the week, but investors were still reluctant to enter the field.

There is no apprehension in regard to settlement day to-morrow, although the extraordinary result of the issue of the new French railroad loan, which was covered some thirty times over, is not regarded by the Bourse as having been as successful as the figures seem to imply. It is pointed out that the huge figures arrived at were due in great measure to the action of three of the leading banks, which between them applied for nearly four times the amount of the whole issue.

Owing chiefly to the uncertain outlook in the Italian-Turkish struggle no renewal of activity is expected in the near future.

A GOOD WEEK IN BERLIN.

Prices of Various Securities Rise—Canadian Pacific Strong.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 31.—A week which began on the Boerse amid stagnation and depression ended firm and buoyant. As soon as the market realized that the monthly settlement was proceeding without difficulties the speculative element indulged in wholesale purchasing operations, with a resultant advance in prices.

A good impression was caused by the report of improved conditions in the American iron trade. Canadian Pacifics were strong on the rumor of an impending German-Canadian reciprocity treaty. Bank shares were active and higher on the strength of reports of general improvement in domestic business.

The shares of shipping lines were also in demand at increased prices in consequence of the favorable annual reports of both the Hamburg and Bremen companies.

SOFT COAL OUTLOOK HELPS STEEL TRADE

Prospects for New Business Brighten Now That Fear of Strike Is Over.

LAKE ORE IS MUCH LOWER

Prices for Crude and Finished Steel Firmer—Tube Mills Active—Increased Demand for Bar Iron.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., March 31.—Fears of a prolonged mining suspension in the soft-coal region, which would have been a severe blow to the iron and steel trades, have been removed by the agreement between the coal operators and miners, and the last possible handicap on the second quarter's prospects has vanished. The rush for prompt suplies of coal and coke, in anticipation of a possible strike, caused a car shortage, more or less severe, throughout the district; but this will be remedied with the return of the miners. Pittsburgh steel interests had stocked up heavily on coal, taking much of it at high prices.

Consumers of pig iron already are using the lower ore prices quoted by the Lake Superior interests as a lever to secure cheaper pig iron for the last half of 1912. It is recognized that the blast furnace industry will run practically to July 1 on stocks of ore brought over from last year, representing the higher ore price levels. The character of the buying movement in pig iron, which has extended to the very close of March, has convinced consumers that present minimums cannot be lowered appreciably during the first half of the year; but they are not ready to pay the 25 to 40 cents' advance asked by the furnaces over present prices on contracts for the last half of the year.

Foundry iron, of which there was a liberal tonnage closed during the week just ended, is quoted firmly at $13.25, valley furnace, for prompt or second quarter and $13.50 for last half. Makers of basic iron are willing to sell prompt at $13, valley furnace, but are asking up to $13.40 and $13.50 for any deliveries past July 1. Thus far the present minimum on Bessemer iron, $14.25 valleys, is available for any delivery up to Oct. 1, but forge iron shows a spread of 25 to 50 cents between quotations for prompt shipment and for extended deliveries.

Non-Bessemer Mesaba ore has sold, during the past ten days, down to $2.85 a ton (this being the delivered price at Lake Erie docks), which is a full 65 cents under last year's quotation on this grade of ore. This means a reduction of $1.30 per ton of pig iron, in the furnace's raw material costs. The consumer argues that, under present conditions of small margins, the blast furnaceman should not keep all this as profit. However, if the present pace in the pig iron industry is maintained until the middle of the year, there is little doubt that ore prices will strengthen, notwithstanding the large stocks of Lake ores carried over from last year by ore and furnace interests.

Connellsville coke fluctuated in sympathy with coal, throughout the week, furnace coke selling down to $2.20 and up to $2.60 a ton, according to the tenor of the coal market. Spot furnace coke on Friday commanded $2.45 and $2.50 oven, dropping to $2 on Saturday on the news of the bituminous coal settlement. Large stocks of coke had been accumulated all through this district as a precaution against a shortage in event of the coal strike causing a heavy drain on the non-union mines of the Connellsville region for coal, so that a reaction in prompt coke may be expected the coming week.

Prices in crude and finished steel are firmer than a week ago, the minimum of the local market on Bessemer or open hearth billets being $20, as against $19 and $19.50 a week ago. Bars, plates and shapes showed increased demand for prompt shipment at the close of the week. Wire mills are still operating at top notch although demand for forward deliveries is a little short of what it was at the opening of the present month. Sheets show less shading, and tin plate makers have started on a steady five months' run, assured by specifications already on the books.

Heavy lettings of large-size line pipe have resulted in greater activity in the tube mills.

Bar iron mills have put on additional capacity, the demand having grown with the more open weather, and the active buying of the railroad equipment makers, always heavy users of refined iron bars.

POTATOES AGAIN ADVANCE.

Local Dealers Unable to Explain the Market's Growing Strength.

Another advance in the price of potatoes featured the week in the New York produce market. Offerings of Maine and New York State stocks were small, and prices touched record levels for this time of the year. Desirable stocks of Maine potatoes were offered at $4.25 to $4.50 a sack (180 pounds), and New York State offerings brought on the average about 25 cents less. Local dealers are unable to explain the growing strength of the market, and it is predicted in some circles that an advance to $2 a bushel is due in the near future. Foreign shipments received in the market during the week totaled slightly over 100,000 bags.

Considerable activity in asparagus was noted, all the shipments received, about 20 cars, being easily disposed of. The demand in some instances was so great that not more than five or six crates were sold to any one customer.

The onion market is reported to have maintained its strong position. The present season has only three weeks more to run, and no break in prices is expected. Western stocks are rapidly becoming depleted.

Buyers of fancy tomatoes, cauliflower and kale are said to have been active, and prices on desirable stocks were generally high. Considerable fluctuation in the price of lettuce was noted, and good quality Florida peas were scarce and high.

BIG DEMAND FOR APPLES.

California Oranges Also Retain Their Strong Position.

The demand for fancy apples, which has been the feature of the New York fruit market in the last three weeks, continues practically unabated. Receipts of desirable stocks were light, and under the demand fancy cold-storage greenings and Spitzenbergs brought as high as $5 and $5.50 a barrel, respectively.

California oranges retained their strong position, particular attention having been given to the larger sizes early in the week. Some improvement in the quality and condition of the fruit offered was noticed, although as a whole offerings were irregular. Sales for the week approximated 150 cars. Florida oranges also advanced under a good demand and light shipments received.

Porto Rico grapefruit, pineapples, and oranges were in active demand. Shipments received in the course of the week were light, and prices consequently showed an upward trend. A slight falling off in the call for Sicily lemons caused the market to close with prices close to the level of the previous week.

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March 18, 1912.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED MARCH 30. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 4,752,137.

Range for Year 1911.		Range for Year 1912.				Closing Saturday, March 30.		Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended March 30.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended March 30, '12.
High	Low	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.					Date.	Per Cent.		First	High	Low	Last		
245	235	200	Mar. 27.	200	Mar. 27.	200	210	−42	**Adams Express Co.**	100	$12,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	3	Q	200	200	200	200	..	492
9¾	1⅛	3	Mar. 30.	½	Mar. 26.	2½	2⅝	+1⅞	Allis-Chalmers Co.	100	19,820,000	....	..	..	⅝	3	½	2⅝	..	24,200
34	6⅝	8	Jan. 2.	3¼	Mar. 25.	6	6¼	+2⅝	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	3½	7	3¼	6¼	31	8,200
71⅝	44¾	81⅜	Mar. 26.	60	Feb. 1.	80¾	80⅞	+¾	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Feb. 26, '12.	50c	Q	81	81⅜	78½	80¾	63¼	409,000
63⅜	46	63⅝	Mar. 22.	58¼	Feb. 27.	61⅜	62	+1¼	American Agricult. Chem. Co.	100	18,330,900	Jan. 15, '12.	1	Q	63¼	63¼	62	62	57½	1,200
105	99½	104¼	Mar. 20.	100⅞	Jan. 10.	101½	101¾	−1	American Agricult. Chem. Co. pf.	100	20,907,000	Jan. 15, '12.	1½	Q	103	103	101¾	101¾	..	400
59¾	39⅝	62⅝	Mar. 27.	53	Feb. 26.	60¼	60¾	+1⅜	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	Feb. 15, '12.	1¼	Q	59	62⅝	58¾	60⅝	44¼	64,500
101	92½	100	Mar. 12.	97½	Feb. 28.	97½	98⅞	..	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1½	Q	99	99	99	99	..	100
12½	8⅞	23¼	Mar. 26.	11¼	Feb. 1.	20¾	21	+1¼	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	20	23¼	19⅞	21	9¼	178,305
93⅞	77	106⅝	Mar. 26.	90⅝	Feb. 1.	104⅝	104½	+⅛	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Jan. 2, '12.	1¼	Q	105	106⅝	102	104⅝	80½	28,880
58¼	42⅝	58	Mar. 25.	49⅝	Feb. 1.	56⅛	56¼	−1¼	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	½	Q	57⅞	58	56¼	56¼	53½	9,700
120	113	118	Mar. 18.	115	Feb. 14.	115	117½	−¼	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	117	117	117	117	..	110
62⅝	41⅝	55¼	Mar. 25.	45⅛	Jan. 19.	52½	53⅛	−1	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	June 1, '11.	2½	..	55	55¼	52½	53	60	4,200
105½	92	99¼	Feb. 13.	95	Jan. 19.	98⅞	100	+¾	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '11.	3	SA	99	99	99	99	..	100
245	201	216	Mar. 27.	200	Feb. 2.	216	222	+4	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	3	Q	216	216	216	216	245	125
5	3½	4¼	Mar. 30.	3	Feb. 19.	4¼	4½	+¼	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	4¼	4½	4⅛	4½	4	2,000
26⅝	18	25⅛	Mar. 30.	20	Feb. 26.	25¼	26	+1⅞	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	23¼	25⅛	23	25⅞	..	1,500
25¾	16½	23¼	Mar. 9.	18	Jan. 2.	22	22¼	−1	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,045,100	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	22¼	22½	21¾	22	24¼	2,350
12⅜	8	12¾	Mar. 25.	9¼	Mar. 6.	11¼	12	−½	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	12¼	12¾	12	12	..	1,050
34½	26¼	35	Jan. 3.	30	Feb. 20.	32¾	34	..	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	34¾	34¾	33	33	32	900
43¼	32⅛	40	Mar. 25.	31¾	Feb. 27.	38½	39	..	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1¼	..	39¼	40	38¾	39	38	6,100
110¾	102	109	Mar. 25.	103	Jan. 9.	108	110	+1	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 22, '12.	1¾	Q	109	109	109	109	107½	210
5⅜	3	12¾	Mar. 26.	4¾	Jan. 10.	11⅞	12¼	+⅛	American Malt Corporation	100	5,664,600	....	..	..	12¼	12¾	12¼	12¼	..	2,000
43⅝	31¼	57½	Mar. 15.	42	Jan. 6.	56	56⅝	−⅛	American Malt Corporation pf.	100	8,712,100	Nov. 2, '11.	2	SA	57	57	56½	56⅝	38	700
83⅞	56⅝	89⅜	Mar. 25.	67⅞	Feb. 1.	85¾	85⅞	−⅞	American Smelt. & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Mar. 15, '12.	2-3	..	87¼	89⅜	84½	85¾	74⅞	198,000
108½	98¾	108	Mar. 25.	102⅜	Jan. 2.	106¾	107¼	−1	American Smelt. & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	..	107¾	108	106½	106¾	104½	2,400
89⅛	82	87⅛	Mar. 4.	85	Mar. 11.	87	88	+1⅛	American Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Feb. 1, '12.	†5-12	M	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	88⅛	200
325	225	144⅞	Jan. 27.	123	Mar. 6.	125	127	−2½	American Snuff Co.	100	11,001,700	....	..	..	126	126	126	126	..	100
105	96	111	Jan. 20.	102⅛	Jan. 16.	106½	108	+1	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1½	Q	106½	106½	106½	106½	..	100
..	..	101⅞	Mar. 29.	99	Feb. 9.	100	..	+1⅞	American Snuff Co. pf., new	100	3,250,400	....	..	..	100	101⅞	100	101⅞	..	200
52½	25	35½	Jan. 4.	26	Jan. 19.	31	32	+⅛	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	May 15, '11.	1¼	..	31⅝	32	30¼	31⅜	47	810
122½	112¼	129½	Mar. 27.	114¾	Jan. 12.	128	128½	+½	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	128½	129½	126½	128½	119	21,500
119½	111	122¼	Mar. 22.	115½	Jan. 5.	121½	122⅛	−⅜	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	121½	122⅛	121⅛	122⅛	116	400
153⅞	131½	149⅛	Mar. 25.	137⅞	Jan. 2.	146½	146¾	+½	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	324,090,000	Jan. 15, '12.	2	Q	148⅝	149⅛	146⅝	146½	144¾	14,411
..	..	287	Jan. 26.	241⅛	Feb. 29.	256	260	−3⅛	American Tobacco Co.	100	49,314,700	....	..	..	263	263	256⅞	259⅞	..	2,370
105¼	87	108¾	Jan. 19.	102	Jan. 9.	104½	106	−¼	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	37,827,400	Jan. 2, '12.	1½	Q	105⅛	105⅛	105	105	97½	700
105	92½	108¼	Jan. 18.	102	Jan. 10.	106	107	−½	American Tobacco pf., tr. rcts.	...	....	Jan. 2, '12.	1½	Q	106	106	106	106	..	1,500
..	..	106⅜	Jan. 19.	101¼	Jan. 11.	102¼	102½	−¾	American Tobacco pf., new	100	49,586,900	....	..	..	103¼	103¼	102½	102½	..	2,200
36½	25½	30	Jan. 11.	25¼	Feb. 6.	28¼	29¼	−⅝	American Woolen Co.	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	29⅞	29⅞	29½	29½	33¼	200
96¼	85¼	94½	Mar. 21.	86	Feb. 7.	91	92	−1½	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Jan. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	92¼	92¼	92	92	89½	548
34½	24½	31	Feb. 26.	25⅛	Jan. 25.	29⅛	30	+1	American Writing Paper pf.	100	12,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1	SA	29¼	29⅝	29⅛	29⅝	29½	724
41⅛	29	41¾	Mar. 25.	34	Feb. 1.	40⅝	41	+¼	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	108,312,500	Jan. 17, '12.	50c	Q	41⅝	41¾	40¼	40¾	38⅝	83,056
108	106½	113	Mar. 27.	105½	Feb. 1.	111	112	+1¾	Assets Realization Co.	100	9,958,700	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	112¼	113	111½	111½	..	800
104	104	103	Mar. 26.	102½	Mar. 26.	..	..	+½	Associated Merchants 1st pf.	100	4,542,600	Jan. 15, '12.	1½	Q	102½	103	102½	103	..	200
116	99⅞	109⅜	Mar. 29.	103¼	Feb. 1.	108¾	108⅞	+¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	169,392,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1½	Q	108½	109⅜	108¼	108¾	109⅞	86,500
105½	100¾	104¼	Feb. 10.	101¾	Jan. 2.	103½	103⅝	..	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '12.	2½	SA	103⅜	103⅝	103⅛	103⅝	102⅜	1,540
139¼	117	139½	Mar. 27.	133⅛	Jan. 10.	139	139⅝	+¾	Atlantic Coast Line	100	57,204,200	Jan. 10, '12.	3½	SA	139¼	139½	139	139¼	118⅞	2,900
107	103¼	105½	Mar. 29.	102¾	Feb. 2.	105	105¾	+¾	**Baldwin Locomotive Works pf.**	100	20,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	3½	SA	105	105½	105	105½	..	1,000
109¾	93½	106⅞	Jan. 20.	101¼	Feb. 1.	106⅝	106¾	+1⅛	Baltimore & Ohio	100	152,306,800	Mar. 1, '12.	3	SA	105⅞	106⅞	105¾	106¾	103⅜	20,800
91	85½	91	Jan. 23.	88	Feb. 20.	88	89	−½	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	2	SA	88⅛	88¼	88⅛	88¼	..	400
2⅛	1¼	1⅞	Jan. 2.	⅞	Mar. 23.	1½	1¾	+¼	Batopilas Mining	20	8,931,980	Dec. 31, '07.	12½c	..	1⅜	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	..	1,000
38⅛	26	34¾	Mar. 26.	27¾	Feb. 27.	33½	33¾	+2	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	31⅝	34¾	31½	33½	32	18,850
66¾	54	63⅝	Mar. 26.	56½	Feb. 27.	61¾	62⅛	+1½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	60¾	63⅝	60¾	62	61½	8,500
84⅝	72	84⅝	Mar. 29.	76¾	Jan. 2.	83¾	83⅞	+1	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	1¼	Q	83	84⅝	82⅝	83¾	77¾	36,835
148¼	129	142	Mar. 27.	137½	Mar. 21.	141	142½	+4½	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,998,500	Jan. 2, '12.	‡2½	Q	140	142	140	142	..	1,200
126	100	105	Jan. 16.	105	Jan. 16.	100¼	108	..	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	100	10,500,000	Feb. 15, '12.	2½	SA	105	105	105	105	..	100
31	28	30½	Feb. 9.	29½	Mar. 18.	30	30½	+⅛	Butterick Co.	100	14,647,200	Mar. 1, '12.	¾	Q	30	30⅛	30	30⅛	31	200
247	195⅝	240	Mar. 29.	226½	Mar. 4.	238¾	239	+4⅞	**Canadian Pacific**	100	180,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	2½	Q	233¼	240	233¼	238¾	222¼	28,795
..	..	233	Mar. 29.	225	Mar. 7.	..	..	..	Canadian Pacific cfs., 1st in. pd.	..	....	....	..	..	233	233	233	233	..	300
33⅜	18¾	24½	Mar. 27.	16¾	Feb. 27.	23¼	23½	−⅝	Central Leather Co.	100	39,579,000	....	..	..	23⅞	24½	23	23½	28⅝	11,200
105	91⅛	92¼	Jan. 2.	80	Feb. 27.	89	89½	+½	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,275,600	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	88⅞	89⅝	88½	89	99¼	1,300
320	260	380	Feb. 7.	305	Jan. 9.	355	365	−5	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Feb. 1, '12.	2	Q	365	365	365	365	..	*213
120	115	121½	Jan. 25.	115¼	Jan. 8.	118¾	121	−¼	Central & South Am. Telegraph	100	10,000,000	Jan. 9, '12.	1½	Q	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾	..	117
86¾	68⅝	78¾	Mar. 23.	68¼	Feb. 1.	77¾	78	−½	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Mar. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	78⅝	78¾	77⅛	78⅛	81⅛	20,150
31½	15	22½	Mar. 25.	17	Jan. 25.	23	24	+2¾	Chicago & Alton	100	19,537,800	Feb. 15, '10.	2	..	22½	22½	22½	22½	..	100
25¼	17¼	19¾	Mar. 23.	17½	Jan. 29.	19¼	19½	−⅜	Chicago Great Western	100	45,143,700	....	..	..	19¾	19¾	19	19⅝	21¼	1,700
49¼	35½	38	Mar. 25.	35	Jan. 31.	37	37½	−¾	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	40,995,400	....	..	..	37¾	38	37	37	44¼	1,600
133½	105¾	111⅝	Jan. 3.	103½	Feb. 5.	109½	109⅝	−⅞	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '12.	2½	SA	110¾	110¾	108¾	109⅜	120¾	23,095
155½	141	146	Jan. 2.	144	Jan. 12.	145	145¼	−½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '12.	3½	SA	145	145¼	144⅞	145	147	910
150½	138½	144	Mar. 30.	140¼	Mar. 1.	143¾	144½	+1½	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	143	144	142	144	144½	3,000
201½	191	198	Mar. 26.	194	Feb. 29.	195	200	+4	Chicago & Northwestern pf.	100	22,395,100	Jan. 2, '12.	2	Q	198	198	198	198	..	100
144	130½	144	Jan. 3.	135	Mar. 25.	135	140	−1	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha	100	18,556,200	Feb. 20, '12.	3½	SA	135	137	135	137	..	550
3⅜	1⅝	2⅜	Mar. 30.	1⅛	Feb. 16.	2⅜	2½	+⅞	Chicago Union Traction tr. rcts.	100	8,523,000	....	..	..	1½	2⅜	1¼	2⅜	..	1,450
7¼	4¾	5¾	Mar. 30.	4	Mar. 21.	5¾	6	+1⅝	Chi. Union Traction pf., tr. rcts.	100	4,571,700	....	..	..	4¼	5¾	4¼	5⅝	..	2,200
27½	16½	29½	Mar. 27.	25	Jan. 15.	28¾	28⅞	+1⅝	Chino Copper	5	3,500,000	....	..	..	27½	29½	27⅜	28⅞	22⅜	39,430
66	48⅛	60	Jan. 2.	55	Jan. 15.	54	58	−2	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	47,056,300	Sept. 1, '10.	2	..	56	56	54½	54½	..	200
98	94¼	97½	Mar. 27.	96	Jan. 31.	97½	100	+1½	Cleve., Cin., Chi & St. Louis pf.	100	10,000,000	Jan. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	97½	97½	97½	97½	..	100
36⅜	25	31¼	Mar. 27.	23⅛	Feb. 28.	30	30¼	+¾	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	30	31¼	28¾	30¼	31½	6,300
60	43	45	Feb. 2.	42	Mar. 14.	44	45½	+1	Colorado Southern	100	30,345,000	Dec. 31, '11.	2	A	44	45	44	45	..	200
82	70	76⅞	Jan. 19.	74½	Mar. 28.	74	75	−2¼	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	2	SA	76½	76½	74½	74½	75¼	715
75½	63	70	Jan. 31.	68	Mar. 1.	66	72	..	Colorado Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	2	SA	66	66	66	66	..	15
148½	128¾	146	Mar. 28.	138¼	Feb. 17.	144½	145	+2¼	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,500	Mar. 15, '12.	1½	Q	142¼	146	142¼	144½	144½	51,375
15¾	9⅝	16¾	Mar. 26.	10	Jan. 16.	14¾	14⅞	+⅞	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	14	16¾	14	14⅝	14½	46,755
85	73	84½	Mar. 26.	76¼	Jan. 3.	81	81½	+½	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,818,600	Jan. 15, '12.	1	Q	82½	84½	81⅛	81⅛	78	5,050
75	60	75	Jan. 2.	72	Mar. 30.	70	73	−2	Crex Carpet Co.	100	2,995,400	Dec. 15, '11.	3	SA	72	72	72	72	..	100
97	88½	96	Jan. 8.	94¾	Mar. 22.	93½	95	+¼	Cuban American Sugar Co. pf.	100	7,893,800	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	95	95	95	95	..	200
174⅞	159½	175½	Feb. 6.	167	Jan. 10.	170	170½	−¼	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,503,000	Mar. 20, '12.	2¼	Q	171½	171½	169½	170	167	3,640
570	505	569	Jan. 29.	540	Jan. 16.	545	550	..	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	50	30,277,000	Jan. 23, '12.	2½	Q	560	560	560	560	..	15
35	17⅝	24	Mar. 27.	19⅝	Jan. 2.	23½	23⅝	+1¼	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	22¾	24	22¾	23½	32	2,200
74	36¾	46¼	Jan. 24.	40	Mar. 15.	43½	44½	+2½	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,778,400	Jan. 15, '11.	2½	..	42½	44½	42½	44	71	2,910
38¼	29	34	Mar. 25.	28	Feb. 5.	32½	32½	−1⅜	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,808,500	Jan. 31, '12.	½	Q	34	34	32	32¼	35	3,710
15⅝	9	11½	Mar. 29.	8½	Mar. 4.	10½	12	+1¾	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	10	11½	10	11½	15	1,100
30⅛	17⅛	21¾	Mar. 30.	16	Mar. 8.	21	22	+1⅜	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	20½	21¾	20¼	21¾	28	950
38⅜	27¼	38	Mar. 15.	30¼	Jan. 11.	37	37⅛	+¼	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	36⅜	37⅞	36⅛	37⅛	30¼	134,000
61¼	45⅝	57¾	Mar. 15.	50⅛	Feb. 3.	56	56⅝	−⅛	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,802,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	56½	57	55	56¼	48½	14,950
49¾	35	47¼	Mar. 15.	40	Feb. 3.	45½	46¾	−½	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	46	46¾	46	46½	38½	1,100
36	13	18¾	Mar. 26.	11¼	Feb. 28.	14	20	+3¾	**Federal Mining & Smelting**	100	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '09.	1½	..	18½	18¾	18½	18¾	..	200
66½	37	46	Mar. 25.	37⅛	Jan. 23.	43	46	+4⅞	Federal Mining & Smelting pf.	100	12,000,000	Mar. 15, '12.	1½	Q	43	46	43	45½	60	1,350
108	103⅝	111	Feb. 13.	106¼	Mar. 30.	106¼	108	+3¾	**General Chemical Co. pf.**	100	12,500,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1½	Q	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	107¾	165
..	..	21-32	Feb. 19.	½	Feb. 29.	..	..	+⅛	General Chemical Co. pf., rights	...	....	....	..	..	½	½	½	½	..	1,000
168⅜	142	168½	Mar. 27.	155	Jan. 2.	165¼	166¼	−1¼	General Electric Co.	100	77,575,700	Jan. 15, '12.	2	Q	167¼	168½	165	165¾	148¾	13,823
51¾	35	35¼	Jan. 19.	30	Feb. 26.	30⅛	30⅞	+⅛	General Motors	100	15,459,000	....	..	..	30⅛	30¼	30¼	30¼	..	950
86⅝	74½	78⅛	Mar. 15.	74	Feb. 28.	76	77	−1⅛	General Motors pf.	100	13,692,900	Oct. 1, '11.	3½	SA	76½	78	75¾	76	..	600
7⅞	3½	5	Mar. 18.	4¼	Jan. 3.	4¼	4⅜	..	Goldfield Consolidated Mine	10	35,591,480	Jan. 31, '12.	50c	Q	5	5	4⅜	4⅜	5⅞	11,175
..	..	171⅛	Mar. 13.	159	Feb. 13.	155	170	−6⅛	Geo. W. Helme Co.	100	4,000,000	....	..	..	165	165	165	165	..	200
140	119	134½	Mar. 20.	126	Jan. 15.	133⅛	133½	−¼	Great Northern pf.	100	209,989,900	Feb. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	134	134½	132½	133⅜	126⅜	27,100
63¾	33¾	44⅞	Jan. 2.	36	Jan. 31.	42	42¼	+1¼	Gt. Northern cfs. for ore prop.	...	1,500,000	Mar. 1, '11.	50c	..	42	44	41	42¼	60½	36,625
98	93½	110	Mar. 29.	110	Mar. 29.	112	..	+15	**Havana Electric Railway**	100	7,500,000	Feb. 10, '12.	1½	Q	110	110	110	110	..	100
102⅝	93¾	120¼	Mar. 30.	110	Feb. 20.	120¼	..	+¼	Havana Electric Railway pf.	100	5,000,000	Feb. 10, '12.	1½	Q	120¼	120¼	120¼	120¼	95½	100
87½	81¾	91½	Mar. 20.	86¼	Mar. 9.	91	95	+1	Homestake Mining	100	21,840,000	Mar. 25, '12.	50c	M	91	91	91	91	85¾	550
147	132	141⅛	Jan. 23.	125¼	Mar. 18.	132	132½	+2	**Illinois Central**	100	109,296,000	Mar. 1, '12.	3½	SA	131½	132½	131	132½	138⅛	1,900
20⅜	13⅛	21⅛	Mar. 27.	16⅜	Jan. 3.	20¼	20⅜	+1¼	Interborough-Met. vot. tr. cfs.	100	60,419,500	....	..	..	19	21⅛	18¾	20¼	18½	68,060
58⅜	39¾	62	Mar. 26.	53⅝	Jan. 3.	60	60⅛	+1½	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	16,955,900	....	..	..	59¼	62	58⅜	60¼	53	74,040
129⅝	99⅛	117¾	Mar. 14.	105¼	Feb. 1.	114	115¼	−1⅞	International Harvester	100	79,999,700	Jan. 15, '12.	1¼	Q	115⅝	116	113⅜	114¼	118½	6,725
128¼	115	121	Feb. 8.	116½	Jan. 17.	121	121⅜	..	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	120¼	121	120¼	121	124¼	500
13⅜	9	14¼	Mar. 25.	9⅜	Jan. 17.	12⅛	12½	−2	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	14	14¼	11⅜	12	10⅜	4,650
56⅜	44⅝	59½	Mar. 22.	45⅞	Jan. 3.	54⅜	54½	−5	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Jan. 15, '12.	½	Q	59	59½	52½	54⅜	49	5,825
44	23	34	Jan. 2.	28	Feb. 23.	29½	30	−½	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	30½	31⅜	30	30	40⅝	5,100
90½	80	83¾	Jan. 9.	79	Feb. 1.	82¾	83	+½	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	Feb. 1, '12.	1½	Q	82¼	82⅞	81⅞	82⅞	88½	645
42	28	30	Jan. 4.	24	Mar. 15.	25	26	−½	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,700	May 1, '00.	1½	..	25	25½	25	25½	31¼	200
80	74	81	Mar. 21.	77¾	Jan. 4.	78½	80	−½	**Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. pf.**	100	13,510,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1	Q	80	80	79	79	..	200
37⅝	25¼	29¼	Mar. 25.	25	Feb. 9.	27¾	28¼	−¾	Kansas City Southern	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	29	29¼	27¾	28	34½	2,700
69⅝	61½	65⅝	Mar. 25.	62	Feb. 1.	63	65	+1⅝	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Jan. 15, '12.	1	Q	65	65⅝	65	65⅝	68	600
7¾	6½	8	Jan. 4.	6	Mar. 18.	6	8	+⅝	Keokuk & Des Moines	100	2,600,400	....	..	..	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	..	100
114½	101¼	108¾	Jan. 4.	104	Mar. 16.	107	107¼	+1½	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	9,500,000	Mar. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	106	107¾	106	107¼	103	1,850
17	10	15	Mar. 27.	11¾	Mar. 11.	15	16	+2	Lake Erie & Western	100	11,840,000	....	..	..	13¾	15	13¾	15	..	900
40	25	36	Mar. 27.	30	Jan. 8.	36	38	+4¼	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08.	1	..	33¼	36	33¼	36	35¼	250
186⅞	151	185¾	Jan. 15.	155⅞	Feb. 5.	164⅝	164⅞	−2⅛	Lehigh Valley	50	60,501,700	Feb. 26, '12.	10	Ex	167¼	167¾	163	164⅞	174⅛	79,400
..	..	185	Jan. 26.	156⅞	Jan. 15.	180	182	+½	Liggett & Myers	100	21,496,400	....	..	..	179⅞	180	177	180	..	1,030
..	..	113½	Jan. 18.	105¼	Jan. 12.	109½	110	−⅝	Liggett & Myers pf.	100	14,495,700	....	..	..	109⅞	110	108	109¾	..	1,000
63	45	45	Mar. 25.	43½	Feb. 13.	44	48	..	Long Island	50	12,000,000	Nov., 1896.	1	..	45	45	45	45	..	100
160¾	136½	157⅞	Mar. 27.	149⅞	Feb. 1.	155¾	156¼	−⅝	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Feb. 9, '12.	3½	SA	157	157⅞	155½	156⅜	144	6,200
95	74½	83¼	Feb. 19.	75¼	Jan. 31.	80½	83	+½	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	Jan. 2, '12.	1¼	Q	80	80	79½	80	93	800
77	68	70⅞	Jan. 23.	68½	Jan. 11.	69	69¾	−¼	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1	Q	70	70	69¾	69¾	77	594
142½	131¼	138⅝	Mar. 13.	135	Jan. 2.	136	137	−1	Manhattan Elevated gtd.	100	55,815,100	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	136	136	136	136	136¼	100
87	70	74¼	Feb. 7.	70⅝	Mar. 25.	70	71¼	+1	May Department Stores	100	15,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1	Q	70¾	71	70⅝	71	..	200
113¼	107⅞	112	Jan. 11.	110	Jan. 8.	109½	110⅞	−1½	May Department Stores pf.	100	5,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	110	110	110	110	..	100
5⅞	3¼	7⅞	Mar. 29.	4	Mar. 7.	6⅞	7	+2	Mercantile Marine	100	49,921,800	....	..	..	5	7⅞	5	7	5	23,700
22½	14	26	Mar. 29.	19¼	Mar. 12.	25⅛	25¼	+3	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	22¾	26	22¼	25	18	18,630
24½	16⅝	26¼	Mar. 29.	23⅞	Feb. 14.	26¼	26⅜	+2	Miami Copper	5	3,328,210	....	..	..	25	26¼	24⅞	26¼	..	36,900
42½	21½	27½	Jan. 23.	21	Mar. 14.	21½	22	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	8,850,100	July 15, '04.	2½	..	23	23	22	22	23¾	1,253
68½	35	48½	Mar. 13.	44¾	Mar. 28.	45	47½	−3¼	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	5,533,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	..	45	45¼	44¾	45¼	39¾	600
152¼	124⅝	140½	Mar. 21.	129	Feb. 3.	137⅝	138⅝	+1¼	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	25,206,800	Oct. 16, '11.	3½	SA	136	138⅛	135½	137⅝	146⅛	4,260
38⅛	27	31⅝	Mar. 27.	26¼	Feb. 7.	31	31⅛	+1¼	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	30¼	31⅝	29⅞	31⅛	33½	11,200
70	62⅞	65	Jan. 25.	61	Feb. 29.	64	65½	+⅞	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 1, '11.	2	SA	64¼	64¼	64¼	64¼	68	100
63	33¾	47⅞	Mar. 27.	38⅞	Feb. 24.	45⅝	45¾	+1⅞	Missouri Pacific	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	44½	47⅞	44¼	45½	51⅞	95,060
143¾	117¼	154¼	Mar. 22.	139½	Jan. 2.	149	150½	+⅞	**National Biscuit Co.**	100	29,236,000	Jan. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	150	151⅝	149⅞	150⅞	135¼	1,400
130	124	129	Mar. 1.	126¾	Feb. 20.	127½	129	..	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	Feb. 29, '12.	1¾	Q	127½	129	127½	129	129⅜	22
22	12½	17¾	Mar. 26.	12¼	Feb. 29.	16⅞	17⅝	+⅝	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05.	½	..	16⅞	17¾	16⅞	17	18½	6,400
100⅝	85	95¼	Jan. 2.	88	Feb. 27.	91	94	+⅜	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co. pf.	100	8,546,600	Jan. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	93	94	93	93⅜	..	1,103
59	42½	59⅝	Mar. 25.	51⅛	Jan. 8.	57	57½	−⅞	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Mar. 30, '12.	¾	Q	58¾	59⅝	56⅞	57¼	52⅜	8,540
109⅝	104	109⅝	Feb. 15.	105½	Feb. 1.	107⅛	108	..	National Lead Co. pf.	100	24,463,600	Mar. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107	100
72⅜	60	71	Jan. 4.	64⅞	Mar. 30.	63	64¼	−2⅜	National Rys. of Mexico 1st pf.	100	28,831,000	Feb. 10, '12.	2	SA	64½	64½	64⅞	64⅞	..	700
38⅜	25⅞	36⅞	Jan. 20.	29	Mar. 7.	28¾	29½	−1⅜	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	124,480,900	....	..	..	30⅜	31	29⅜	29⅜	35	1,600
21¼	15½	20⅜	Mar. 25.	18¼	Jan. 29.	19⅞	20	−1	Nevada Consolidated Copper Co.	5	9,996,970	Mar. 30, '12.	37½c	Q	20½	20⅝	19⅞	20	18⅞	24,750
76	45	56⅝	Mar. 25.	50	Feb. 17.	53½	59	−1½	New York Air Brake	100	10,000,000	July 28, '11.	1½	..	56	56⅝	53⅝	53⅝	..	1,300
115½	99⅝	114	Mar. 20.	106½	Jan. 9.	112½	112⅝	−1½	New York Central	100	222,729,300	Jan. 17, '12.	1¼	Q	113¾	114	112	112½	107	13,475
65	48	61	Jan. 30.	54	Feb. 29.	55	56½	+7	New York, Chicago & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	3	A	56	56	56	56	60	100
101⅝	98½	103	Mar. 26.	102½	Mar. 26.	103	110	+7	New York, Chi. & St. Louis 1st pf.	100	5,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	2½	SA	102½	103	102½	103	..	200
25	24⅞	23	Jan. 25.	20	Jan. 29.	20½	..	..	New York Dock Co.	100	7,000,000	....	..	..	20½	20½	20½	20½	..	100
*340	*340	355	Mar. 28.	350½	Jan. 30.	..	..	+4½	New York & Harlem	50	8,638,650	Jan. 23, '12.	7	Sp	355	355	355	355	..	100

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For this purpose the undersigned, at the request of holders of large amounts of the stock of The Wabash Railroad Company, have consented to act as a Committee under an agreement dated December 19, 1911, (a copy of which is on file at the office of the **Knickerbocker Trust Company, Depositary, 60 Broadway, New York City**), and request the deposit by stockholders of their shares, under said agreement, with said Depositary. Stock certificates so deposited should be properly indorsed in blank or be accompanied by properly executed instruments for transfer, and properly stamped so as to comply with the laws of the State of New York in respect to the transfer of shares of capital stock. Against such deposit there will be issued certificates of deposit therefor under the agreement above referred to, copies of which agreement may be obtained upon application to the Depositary.

Application will be made in due course to list the certificates of deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.

New York, January 15, 1912.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS (Continued)

Range for Year 1911. High	Range for Year 1911. Low	Range for Year 1912. High.	Date.	Range for Year 1912. Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday, March 30. Bid.	Ask.	Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent.	Period.	Range for Week Ended March 30. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended March 30, '12.
151¼	126⅞	140⅜	Mar. 30.	136	Feb. 1.	140¼	140½	+ 1⅜	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	179,348,100	Mar. 30, '12.	2	Q	139¾	140⅜	139	140⅜	148¾	2,213
46⅞	37¾	39½	Mar. 22.	35½	Mar. 7.	38½	39½	− ⅝	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 14, '11.	2	A	39⅜	39½	38¼	39⅛	41¾	3,700
111¼	99¾	111¼	Feb. 27.	107⅝	Feb. 1.	110⅞	111	+ 1⅜	Norfolk & Western	100	84,142,000	Mar. 18, '12.	1½	Q	109¾	111¼	109⅝	110⅞	108¾	26,450
76⅝	64	80⅞	Mar. 15.	74½	Jan. 3.	79⅛	79¼	..	North American	100	29,779,700	Jan. 2, '12.	1¼	Q	79¼	79⅞	78⅛	79¼	72	5,100
55⅝	39½	62¾	Mar. 28.	56	Mar. 11.	60¼	75	+ 4⅝	Northern Ohio Traction & Light	100	9,000,000	Mar. 15, '12.	1	Q	59	62¾	59	62	42¼	600
137⅞	110¾	123⅝	Mar. 25.	115⅝	Jan. 11.	122¼	122½	− ⅝	Northern Pacific	100	247,998,300	Feb. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	122⅞	123⅝	121½	122¼	123½	49,630
3	1	2⅜	Mar. 26.	1	Feb. 10.	1¾	2	− ¼	**Ontario Mining Co.**	100	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02.	30c	..	2⅜	2⅜	1¾	1¾	..	310
33⅝	23⅛	35	Mar. 27.	30	Jan. 8.	33½	33¾	+ 1⅜	**Pacific Mail**	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1	..	33	35	32¾	33½	24¼	9,800
54⅝	35	51⅝	Jan. 4.	47	Feb. 5.	47	47½	− 1	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	48⅛	48⅛	47	47	51⅝	2,550
130⅞	118⅝	125⅛	Mar. 25.	122½	Jan. 9.	123⅞	124	− ¾	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	453,877,900	Feb. 29, '12.	1½	Q	125	125⅛	123¾	123⅞	126½	24,327
109	101½	108⅝	Mar. 29.	103	Jan. 8.	108¼	108¾	+ 1⅛	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Feb. 26, '12.	1¾	Q	107½	108⅝	107½	108½	107⅞	3,500
..	..	14¾	Mar. 20.	14	Mar. 28.	13	15	− ¼	Peoria & Eastern	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	14	14½	14	14½	..	500
*220	*204	*212	Mar. 25.	*212	Mar. 25.	210	..	..	Phelps, Dodge & Co.	100	45,000,000	Mar. 29, '12.	2½	Q	212	212	212	212	..	20
118½	99	111¼	Feb. 16.	104	Jan. 29.	108¼	109¼	− ⅝	Philadelphia Co.	50	38,951,000	Feb. 1, '12.	1½	Q	109	109	108½	109	108¼	1,200
100	90⅛	107½	Feb. 27.	98½	Jan. 2.	105¾	106	− ½	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	35,675,800	Jan. 25, '12.	1¼	Q	106	106¼	105	106	96⅝	8,500
112	102⅝	117	Feb. 20.	108½	Jan. 2.	110	116	+ 4½	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf.	100	27,476,200	Jan. 25, '12.	1¼	Q	116½	116½	116½	116½	..	150
33¼	17	20⅜	Mar. 26.	16¾	Feb. 28.	19¾	20¼	+ ¾	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J.	100	31,884,700	....	..	..	19	20⅜	19	19¾	21¼	7,200
90⅞	67¾	83⅞	Jan. 2.	77	Feb. 8.	81⅞	82¼	+ 2⅜	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Jan. 25, '12.	1¼	Q	79¾	82	79¾	82	79⅛	3,350
..	..	189	Jan. 26.	167	Mar. 7.	180	185	..	P. Lorillard Co.	100	15,155,600	....	..	..	178½	184½	178½	184	..	645
..	..	115	Jan. 19.	107¾	Jan. 12.	109½	110	− ¼	P. Lorillard Co. pf.	100	10,665,200	....	..	..	110	110	109¾	109¾	..	500
37⅝	25	35⅝	Mar. 22.	28¾	Feb. 27.	33	34	− 1⅛	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	35	35¼	33	33	33¼	2,220
102¾	91	102	Jan. 2.	96	Feb. 28.	101	102	+ ⅛	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Feb. 21, '12.	1¾	Q	102	102	101⅜	101⅜	98	400
120	108	111¾	Mar. 28.	106¾	Feb. 17.	109	111½	+ ½	Public Service Corporation, N. J.	100	25,000,000	Mar. 30, '12.	1½	Q	111½	111¾	111½	111¾	118½	300
163	154	161½	Mar. 14.	158½	Feb. 2.	160	161	+ ⅞	Pullman Company	100	120,000,000	Feb. 15, '12.	2	Q	160	160⅞	160	160⅞	160	1,692
4½	2	4⅜	Mar. 6.	3	Jan. 4.	3	3½	− ⅛	**Quicksilver**	100	5,708,700	....	..	..	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	2¼	800
5½	2½	5	Mar. 6.	3½	Feb. 28.	4	5	− ⅞	Quicksilver pf.	100	4,291,300	May 8, '01.	½	..	4¾	4¾	4	4	..	250
39	26	33	Mar. 25.	27½	Feb. 8.	31⅜	33	− ⅝	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	32⅝	33	31½	31½	34	2,752
103	92	103	Feb. 21.	100	Mar. 12.	100½	101	+ ⅜	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	13,500,000	Mar. 20, '12.	1¾	Q	100½	100½	100½	100½	99	300
19	12	19¾	Mar. 30.	16	Jan. 29.	19⅝	19¾	+ 1½	Ray Consolidated Copper	10	15,054,320	....	..	..	18½	19¾	18¼	19⅜	17	48,365
161⅞	134	163¾	Mar. 30.	148⅛	Jan. 11.	163⅛	163¼	+ 4½	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 8, '12.	1½	Q	159⅝	163¾	159¼	163¼	156	804,660
92	88	92	Jan. 17.	89¼	Mar. 5.	90	91½	+ 1½	Reading 1st pf.	50	28,000,000	Mar. 14, '12.	1	Q	90⅛	91	90	91	90	850
101	90½	98¾	Jan. 20.	94	Jan. 11.	97⅛	97½	+ 1⅛	Reading 2d pf.	50	42,000,000	Nov. 10, '11.	2	SA	97	97¾	96½	97⅝	97⅞	1,300
35¼	18	27	Jan. 2.	15¾	Feb. 26.	22	22½	..	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	22¼	23	21	22	33½	10,100
99⅝	74⅛	85⅝	Jan. 8.	64½	Feb. 27.	72	72¾	− 1¼	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	74	74¾	71⅝	72	97¾	6,102
34⅝	22¾	28⅛	Mar. 25.	22¾	Feb. 26.	27	27⅛	− ⅞	Rock Island Co.	100	90,888,200	....	..	..	28	28⅛	26⅝	27	29¼	88,070
68⅞	43¾	55¾	Mar. 29.	48	Jan. 3.	54¾	55	..	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,947,400	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	55	55¾	53½	54¾	60½	21,950
27	23	29½	Mar. 26.	23	Jan. 5.	28	29½	− ½	**St. Louis & San Francisco**	100	29,000,000	....	..	..	29¼	29½	27½	28½	..	1,300
69¼	59	69½	Mar. 23.	65	Jan. 19.	67½	69½	..	St. Louis & San Francisco 1st pf.	100	5,000,000	Feb. 1, '12.	1	Q	69½	69½	69¼	69½	..	400
49½	37	43¼	Mar. 25.	38½	Feb. 5.	41⅜	42¼	− 1¼	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	43	43¼	41⅝	41¾	41½	8,085
62	54	57	Feb. 14.	53	Feb. 1.	54¼	60	..	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new st. cfs.	1000	13,694,000	Jan. 2, '12.	2	SA	56	56	56	56	..	15
34	24	33½	Mar. 20.	29¾	Jan. 22.	33	33¼	− ½	St. Louis Southwestern	100	16,356,200	....	..	..	32⅝	33½	32⅜	33½	30	1,200
72	59¾	75	Mar. 22.	68½	Jan. 17.	73½	74	− ⅝	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '12.	2	SA	74⅝	74⅝	74	74¼	67¼	1,300
[illegible]	125½	160¼	Mar. 4.	140	Jan. 15	156	156¼	+ 2⅞	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	40,000,000	Feb. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	154	156½	153¾	156	..	1,533
56¼	34	49⅛	Mar. 22.	39¼	Jan. 30.	44	46	− 4⅝	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1¼	..	46⅞	46⅞	44⅛	44⅛	53	400
126⅝	104½	115⅛	Mar. 29.	105½	Feb. 1.	114⅞	115⅛	+ 2⅝	Southern Pacific	100	272,672,400	Jan. 2, '12.	1½	Q	112¾	115⅛	111⅜	115	115⅝	84,200
[illegible]	24¾	30⅜	Mar. 21.	26½	Jan. 31.	30	30⅛	+ ⅛	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	30½	30⅜	29½	30⅛	26⅞	87,730
75¾	61¼	76½	Mar. 28.	68¼	Feb. 3.	74¼	74½	+ ¾	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 30, '11.	1	SA	75⅞	76½	74	74½	68½	9,400
17½	15	21½	Mar. 11.	16¼	Jan. 19.	20	21	..	Standard Milling	100	4,600,000	....	..	..	21	21	20½	20½	..	300
58	50	61⅝	Mar. 6.	53	Jan. 8.	59	62	+ ⅛	Standard Milling pf.	100	6,900,000	Oct. 31, '11.	2	SA	60⅝	61⅛	60⅜	61⅛	..	210
44	30¼	40⅜	Mar. 25.	34½	Feb. 1.	40¼	40½	− ¼	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Feb. 20, '12.	$1.50	..	40¼	40¾	39¼	40¼	38⅜	10,130
136½	74½	99¼	Feb. 8.	81	Jan. 16.	94	94½	..	Texas Co.	100	27,000,000	Mar. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	94	94	94	94	129	100
30¼	19⅞	25⅝	Mar. 29.	20½	Jan. 3.	25⅛	25⅝	+ 1⅝	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	24	25⅝	23⅞	25¼	28½	9,900
41	31	49⅜	Jan. 9.	39½	Feb. 7.	42⅜	42½	− ⅛	Third Avenue, new	100	11,808,900	....	..	..	42½	42⅞	40⅝	42⅜	..	6,300
8½	4	5¼	Mar. 30.	3	Jan. 15.	4⅞	5¼	+ 1⅜	Toledo Railways & Light Co.	100	13,875,000	May 1, '07.	1	..	3½	5¼	3½	4⅞	7¼	2,600
24¾	12	16⅜	Mar. 27.	12¾	Mar. 4.	15⅛	15½	+ ¾	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	15	16⅜	15	15½	21⅛	2,050
53⅞	34⅞	34⅞	Jan. 2.	32	Mar. 5.	32	33	− 1⅜	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	..	33⅝	34½	32	32	48¾	2,150
111	104	106½	Feb. 17.	104½	Jan. 5.	105	105¼	− ¼	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1½	Q	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	..	205
*140	*140	145	Mar. 9.	145	Mar. 9.	142	145	..	Twin City Rapid Transit pf.	100	3,000,000	Jan. 2, '12.	1¾	Q	141½	141½	141½	141½	..	50
111	63	105⅜	Feb. 23.	99½	Mar. 25.	100½	101	− ⅛	**Underwood Typewriter**	100	8,500,000	Jan. 1, '12.	1	Q	99½	100	99½	100	63½	350
113⅞	103	112¾	Feb. 13.	111	Feb. 26.	109	111½	..	Underwood Typewriter pf.	100	5,000,000	Jan. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	111½	111½	111½	111½	103½	50
9	4¾	7⅞	Mar. 27.	4⅝	Jan. 5.	7	7⅛	+ ¼	Union Bag & Paper Co.	100	16,000,000	....	..	..	7	7⅞	7	7¼	..	2,900
59½	50⅛	54½	Mar. 25.	49¾	Feb. 21.	55	58	+ 4½	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	11,000,000	Jan. 15, '12.	1	Q	54½	54½	54½	54½	58¼	100
192⅝	153½	174¼	Jan. 2.	160	Feb. 1.	171⅝	171¾	+ 1⅜	Union Pacific	100	216,646,300	Jan. 2, '12.	2½	Q	171	172¼	169½	171¾	176⅝	311,350
96	89	93⅝	Feb. 27.	91	Mar. 5.	91½	91⅞	− ⅛	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Oct. 2, '11.	2	SA	92	92⅛	91½	91¾	93¼	1,830
106⅛	100¼	109	Feb. 15.	105	Jan. 10.	105¾	106⅝	− 1	United Cigar Manufacturers pf.	100	5,000,000	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	106	106	106	106	..	100
108	97½	101	Mar. 28.	97	Feb. 10.	100½	101½	+ 1	United Dry Goods	100	14,427,500	Feb. 1, '12.	2	Q	100	101	100	101	105¾	650
107½	100¾	106	Jan. 4.	103⅜	Feb. 24.	104⅞	105¼	+ ⅝	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,849,100	Mar. 1, '12.	1¾	Q	104⅝	105⅛	104⅝	105⅛	105	491
49	28½	37¼	Feb. 14.	30¾	Jan. 5.	33¼	33¾	− 1¼	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....	..	..	34¼	34¼	33½	33¾	45⅞	500
76¼	52	65½	Feb. 14.	58	Jan. 2.	61½	62	− 1¾	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	63½	63¾	62	62	74¾	2,150
19	11	17	Jan. 3.	13	Feb. 16.	16¼	16⅜	+ ⅜	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fy. Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	16⅜	16⅝	16⅜	16⅝	17⅜	200
61	40½	53⅞	Mar. 21.	50	Jan. 4.	52¼	53½	+ ½	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fy. Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	June 1, '11.	1¼	..	53½	53½	53½	53½	58¼	100
104	84	96	Mar. 15.	84	Jan. 31.	98	100	..	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '11.	3	SA	96	96	96	96	99	239
30	24	35	Mar. 23.	26	Jan. 8.	32	35	− 1¼	U. S. Industrial Alcohol	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	34¾	34⅞	32	32	..	465
97⅝	90	102⅜	Mar. 23.	95	Jan. 5.	101	102	− ⅝	U. S. Industrial Alcohol pf.	100	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	101⅜	101¾	101⅜	101¾	..	602
79¾	65⅛	77⅞	Mar. 30.	67	Jan. 31.	77¼	78	+ 2⅞	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Feb. 1, '12.	1¼	Q	75¼	77⅞	75	77⅞	72¾	5,300
48½	30½	56	Mar. 27.	45¼	Feb. 1.	54½	54¾	+ 1⅞	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Jan. 31, '12.	1	Q	53	56	52⅝	54¾	48	29,700
115½	104	114½	Mar. 27.	109	Jan. 30.	114	114½	+ ⅜	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	39,824,400	Jan. 31, '12.	2	Q	113⅞	114¼	113⅞	114¼	114	1,500
79	66	79½	Mar. 28.	75	Jan. 23.	79	79¼	+ ⅞	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	9,965,000	Jan. 31, '12.	1½	Q	78	79½	78	79⅛	77½	2,300
82⅛	50	70⅛	Mar. 25.	58¼	Feb. 13.	67⅝	67¾	− 1	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Mar. 30, '12.	1¼	Q	69½	70⅛	67⅛	67⅞	77⅞	790,600
120⅞	103	113⅝	Mar. 25.	107⅝	Feb. 13.	111¾	112	− 1⅞	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	Feb. 28, '12.	1¾	Q	113½	113⅝	111⅝	111⅝	119	8,850
57⅞	38	62⅜	Mar. 25.	52½	Jan. 29.	61	61¼	+ ⅛	Utah Copper	10	15,750,500	Mar. 30, '12.	75c	Q	61½	62⅜	60⅛	61⅛	44¼	96,955
70⅝	43⅛	57¼	Jan. 26.	52⅝	Jan. 9.	53¼	53½	− 1¾	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Feb. 15, '12.	1½	SA	55	55⅝	53¼	53¼	66¾	5,100
128½	114	122⅜	Mar. 20.	119	Feb. 14	119	122	+ ⅜	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf.	100	20,000,000	Jan. 15, '12.	2	Q	121¾	122	120¼	120¼	126	900
97	52	90	Jan. 2.	54	Mar. 4.	62½	65	− 1	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	62	63	62	63	..	300
45	37	49	Mar. 29.	41	Jan. 4.	47½	49	+ 2	Virginia Ry. & Power	100	11,926,200	Oct. 20, '11.	1	SA	47	49	47	49	..	2,200
16	13	27½	Feb. 20.	15	Jan. 17.	21	23	..	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	2,000,000	....	..	..	24½	24½	24	24	..	350
70	51	85	Mar. 25.	70	Jan. 8.	80	85	− 1⅜	Vulcan Detinning Co. pf.	100	1,500,000	Jan. 20, '12.	1¾	Q	85	85	83½	83½	..	510
18⅝	5¾	7⅝	Feb. 8.	6	Jan. 4.	7⅛	7¼	+ ⅞	**Wabash**	100	53,200,200	....	..	..	6¾	7¼	6½	7⅛	17	4,700
40⅝	14¼	20¼	Mar. 27.	16⅞	Jan. 2.	19⅞	20	+ 1⅞	Wabash pf.	100	39,200,200	....	..	..	18⅛	20¼	18⅛	20	38	10,800
177	139	151	Jan. 3.	143¼	Mar. 4.	143	146	+ ¾	Wells Fargo Express Co.	100	23,967,300	Jan. 15, '12.	5	SA	146½	146½	144	144	164	200
66	48⅞	64¼	Mar. 25.	55¾	Jan. 9.	62½	63½	..	Western Maryland	100	40,949,000	....	..	..	64	64¼	62½	63	50	6,867
88¼	75	80⅛	Mar. 20.	75	Jan. 9.	79½	80½	..	Western Maryland pf.	100	10,000,000	Jan. 20, '12.	1	Q	80	80	80	80	75	300
84½	71⅝	86¼	Jan. 18.	79	Jan. 2.	83½	84	− ½	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,737,500	Jan. 15, '12.	¾	Q	84¾	84¾	83⅛	84	73½	2,562
79	58⅝	81⅞	Mar. 27.	66¼	Jan. 3.	76½	77⅛	− 2½	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	24,704,850	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	79	81⅞	76½	76½	66½	51,250
123	110½	122	Mar. 23.	114⅞	Jan. 5.	117	122½	− ⅛	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf.	50	3,998,700	Jan. 15, '12.	1¾	Q	121½	121⅞	121½	121⅞	121	800
..	..	190¼	Mar. 29.	170	Jan. 25.	180	193	+ ⅛	Weyman-Bruton	100	4,000,000	....	..	..	190	190¼	190	190¼	..	200
6¼	2½	9¼	Mar. 13.	4	Jan. 10.	7¾	8	− ½	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	8½	8¾	7¼	8	..	1,950
17⅝	7	22⅞	Mar. 7.	11	Jan. 3.	21	21½	− 1	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	4,986,900	....	..	..	22	22	20½	21	14½	2,775
8	8	14	Mar. 13.	6	Jan. 18.	11	11½	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	11,993,500	....	..	..	11¾	12	11½	11½	..	1,000
72⅛	48	56½	Mar. 13.	48	Feb. 5.	55	55½	− ½	Wisconsin Central	100	16,147,900	....	..	..	55½	55¾	55⅜	55½	70¼	800

Statement of Condition

on March 21st, 1912

Resources		Liabilities	
Bonds and Mortgages,	$ 360,000.00	Capital,	$ 1,250,000.00
N. Y. State and City Bonds,	1,805,215.94	Surplus,	500,000.00
Other Stocks and Bonds,	4,813,150.30	Earnings Undivided,	720,539.23
Time Loans,	5,428,159.32	Accrued Interest Payable,	164,328.28
Bills Purchased,	4,216,126.46	Deposits,	23,154,363.12
Demand Loans,	2,418,239.76		
Accrued Interest Receivable,	174,939.55		
Cash in Vault and Banks,	6,573,399.30		
	$25,789,230.63		$25,789,230.63

Directors

BENJAMIN ALTMAN, B. Altman & Co.
JOHN JACOB ASTOR
GEO. F. BAKER, Chairman First National Bank
STEPHEN BAKER, President Bank of the Manhattan Co.
GEO. B. CASE, White & Case, Attorneys
JOHN CLAFLIN, Pres. United Dry Goods Companies
THOMAS COCHRAN, Jr., Vice-President
E. C. CONVERSE, President
H. P. DAVISON, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
JOHN I. DOWNEY, Building Construction
ELBERT H. GARY, Chairman U. S. Steel Corporation
ROBERT WALTON GOELET
FRANCIS L. HINE, President First National Bank
THOMAS W. LAMONT, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
RANALD H. MACDONALD, Real Estate
EDGAR L. MARSTON, Blair & Co., Bankers
JOSEPH B. MARTINDALE, President Chemical National Bank
GATES W. McGARRAH, Pres. Mechanics & Metals Nat. Bank
CHAS. A. PEABODY, Pres. Mutual Life Ins. Co.
D. E. POMEROY, Vice-Pres. Bankers Trust Co.
WILLIAM H. PORTER, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
SEWARD PROSSER, President Liberty National Bank
DANIEL G. REID, Rock Island System
DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Real Estate
ARCHIBALD D. RUSSELL
ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, Vice-President
BENJAMIN STRONG, Jr., Vice-President Bankers Trust Co.
CHAS. L. TIFFANY, Vice-President Tiffany & Co.
THEODORE N. VAIL, Pres. American Tel. and Tel. Co.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, President Chase National Bank

Officers

E. C. Converse, President
Alexander H. Stevens, Vice-Pres.
Henry J. Cochran, Vice-Pres.
Barkley Wyckoff, Cashier
Thomas Cochran, Jr., Vice-Pres.
James R. Trowbridge, Secretary
Howard Boocock, Treasurer

Trustee for Personal Trusts

Astor Trust Co.

FIFTH AVENUE & 36TH STREET, NEW YORK

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY
Allows Interest on Deposits, Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
of the City of New York
49 Wall Street
Transacts banking and trust business

Guaranty Trust Co. of New York
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Office, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus . $23,000,000
Deposits 178,000,000

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society

Savings institution, founded 1888, under New York State Bank Law. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before April 3d earn from April 1st. Write for Booklet A, or start at once. 38 Park Row, New York City.

4½%

United States Mortgage & Trust Company

B'way at 73d St. 55 Cedar St. 125th St. at 8th Ave.

Statement of Condition March 21, 1912

Assets		Liabilities	
N. Y. City Mortgages	$1,000,000.00	Capital	$2,000,000.00
N. Y. City & State Bonds	2,867,378.07	Surplus	4,000,000.00
Other Bonds & Stocks	12,902,348.02	Undivided Profits	564,483.36
Loans, Demand & Time	17,046,746.13	Reserve for Taxes, etc	163,094.44
Bills Purchased	9,509,712.00	Deposits	59,068,802.82
Cash on Hand and in Bank	12,258,925.45	Treasurer's Checks	558,864.43
Clearing House Exchanges	2,253,805.75	Mortgage Trust Bonds	8,129,800.00
Foreign Exchange	6,294,034.27	Accrued Interest Payable	237,624.14
Mortgages	10,093,196.74		
Accrued Int. Receivable	496,522.76		
	$74,722,669.19		$74,722,669.19

Deposits March 21, 1911 . . $44,997,809.06

OFFICERS

JOHN W. PLATTEN . President
CALVERT BREWER . . . Vice-President
CARL G. RASMUS . . . Vice-President
FRANK J. PARSONS . . . Vice-President
JOSEPH ADAMS . . . Treasurer
ALEXANDER PHILLIPS . . Secretary
HENRY L. SERVOSS . . Ass't Treasurer
T. W. B. MIDDLETON . . Ass't Secretary
VICTOR EHRLICHER . . Ass't Secretary
HARRY W. HADLEY . Ass't Treasurer

Member New York Clearing House Association

$5,000,000

The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York

FIVE PER CENT. 10-20 YEAR GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS

(SERIES III)

Dated January 1, 1912 Due January 1, 1932

Redeemable at par, at the option of the Company, on and after January 1, 1922
Interest payable January 1 and July 1

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
TRUSTEE

Free of Tax in New York State

Coupon bonds, registrable as to principal, in denomination of $1,000 United States gold coin, or the equivalent in sterling of £205-15-2. Coupons $25 United States gold coin or the equivalent in sterling of £5-2-11

These bonds are the direct obligation of The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York, which is paying six per cent. dividends on its stock

CAPITAL $2,000,000
SURPLUS $400,000

FEATURES OF STRENGTH

1. This Company was organized in 1905 under the Banking Laws of the State of New York and is therefore subject to periodical inspection by the Banking Department.
2. Since its formation the company has made 54 loans, amounting to $2,116,750, in New York City, of which one loan of $18,000 has been foreclosed, the property securing this having been promptly sold without loss. It has also made 2,102 loans, amounting to $7,523,351.30, in cities outside of New York, none of which have been foreclosed.
3. First mortgages are deposited with the United States Trust Company, Trustee, equal in face value to the face value of the bonds outstanding on improved real estate in cities of the United States having a population of not less than 40,000, as defined in the Trust Agreement.
4. No loans can be deposited as security for the bonds which are secured by farm property, unimproved property, an undivided interest in property, leaseholds, churches, factories, clubs or theatres.
5. All mortgages used as security are to be limited to one-half the value of the property mortgaged, as appraised for the Company, except that in cities of 300,000 population and over they are limited to three-fifths of such value and in New York City to two-thirds.
6. No real estate is to be acquired, except to avoid losses under foreclosure, or to provide offices for the Company's own use. ALL REAL ESTATE ACQUIRED UNDER FORECLOSURE IS TO BE PROMPTLY SOLD.
7. The steady growth of net profit from the date of organization of the Company until the present time.
8. The general plan of operation of The Mortgage-Bond Company has been common in Europe, where it has withstood the many political and social changes of the past 140 years.

Legal proceedings relative to this series and the Trust Agreement have been approved by our counsel, Messrs. Van Vorst, Marshall & Smith.

Special circular containing further information regarding the Company and this issue of bonds may be had on application.

We recommend the bonds as being in our opinion a safe and conservative investment.

Application will be made to list these bonds on the New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges.

Price, 100 and interest

LADENBURG, THALMANN & CO.
25 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK CITY

CHARTERED 1866

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY

MAIN OFFICE 177 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN
BRANCH FULTON ST. COR. BEDFORD AVE., BROOKLYN
MANHATTAN OFFICE BROADWAY, COR. WALL STREET

STATEMENT, MARCH 21, 1912

RESOURCES			LIABILITIES	
New York State Bonds		$101,312.50	Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
City of New York Corporate Stock		151,562.35	Undivided Profits	2,426,243.08
Bonds and Stocks		7,526,693.05	Deposits	22,159,077.23
Real Estate		90,000.00	Certified Checks	8,973.11
Loans on Bond and Mortgage		934,950.00	Secretary's Checks Outstanding	1,471,039.24
Bills Purchased		1,331,140.99	Reserved for Taxes, Dividend and Depreciation	129,811.91
Overdrafts		598.71	Interest Accrued	152,488.08
Interest Accrued		162,598.95		
Time Loans		4,142,303.67		
Demand Loans	$6,898,316.04			
Cash in Vault	3,414,234.56			
Cash in Banks	2,593,921.83			
		12,906,472.43		
		$27,347,632.65		$27,347,632.65

OFFICERS:

THEODORE F. MILLER, President
SAMUEL W. BOOCOCK, Vice-Pres.
DAVID H. LANMAN, Vice-Pres.
FRANK J. W. DILLER, Secretary
WILLIS McDONALD, Jr., Asst. Sec'y
HORACE W. FARRELL, Asst. Sec'y
C. O. BRINCKERHOFF, Asst. Sec'y
HERBERT U. SILLECK, Asst. Sec'y

Confidence

DEPENDS ON CHARACTER OF MANAGEMENT

Windsor Trust Company

DIRECTORS

CHARLES B. ALEXANDER, New York
AUGUST BELMONT, Jr., August Belmont & Co.
STEPHEN N. BOND, Bond & Goodwin
FRANK O. BRIGGS, Treasurer Roebling Construction Co.
VERNON C. BROWN, Vernon C. Brown & Co.
ALONZO N. BURBANK, President International Paper Co.
JAMES A. BURDEN, President Burden Iron Works
EMORY W. CLARK, President First National Bank, Detroit
FREDERICK L. ELDRIDGE, Vice-President of the Company
H. WARD FORD, Pres. First Nat. Bank, Morristown, N. J.
JAMES GAYLEY, New York
AUGUST HECKSCHER, New Jersey Zinc Co.
ALFRED W. HUDSON, Vice-Pres. of the Company
CHARLES MACVEAGH, Stetson, Jennings & Russell
JOHN MARKLE, Anthracite Coal Operator
ROBERT H. McCURDY, McCurdy, Henderson & Co.
A. GORDON NORRIE, New York
HENRY T. OXNARD, Am. Beet Sugar Co.
ROBERT P. PERKINS, President Hartford Carpet Cor.
WILLIAM LOWELL PUTNAM, Putnam, Putnam & Bell, Boston
JOHN H. STORER, Treasurer Wood-Harmon Trusts
ARTHUR TURNBULL, Post & Flagg
CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, New York
CHARLES D. WETMORE, Warren & Wetmore
EGERTON L. WINTHROP, Jr., Winthrop & Stimson

CLARK WILLIAMS, President of the Company

Downtown Office **59 Cedar Street**
Uptown Office **Fifth Avenue and 47th Street**

PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD COMPANY SECURITIES.

On representation to the undersigned that the Michigan Railroad Commission has—apparently on a misunderstanding of the facts—declined to grant the Pere Marquette Railroad Company permission to issue certain securities, the negotiation of which had been arranged, thereby providing funds sufficient to meet all payments, and it being expected that on further hearing permission will be granted, the undersigned will purchase at par for its own account and will hold temporarily the following notes and coupons due April 1, 1912:

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD COMPANY First Mortgage coupons;
DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS & WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY First Mortgage coupons;
PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD COMPANY'S Pullman Equipment Series A and Series B notes and coupons;
PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD COMPANY'S Robert Winthrop & Company equipment notes and coupons;
PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD COMPANY'S American Car & Foundry Company equipment notes and coupons;
PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD COMPANY'S American Locomotive Company equipments Series A and Series B notes and coupons.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

New York, March 30, 1912.

THE **STANDARD TRUST COMPANY** of New York, 25 Broad Street, New York City, allows interest on deposits subject to check, issues interest-bearing certificates of deposit, acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee, Receiver, Fiscal Agent for Corporations and individuals, Transfer Agent and Registrar, furnishes letters of credit and travelers' checks.

OFFICERS
WILLIAM C. LANE, President.
FRANK K. STURGIS, JAMES M. PRATT, WILLIAM C. COX, Vice Presidents.
CHARLES M. BILLINGS, Secretary. EDWARD M. F. MILLER, Treasurer.
E. BRAINERD BULKLEY, ZELAH VAN LOAN, Asst. Secretaries.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY

358 Fifth Ave.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St.
60 Broadway
Third Ave. & 148th St.

Transacts a General Trust Company Business.
Issues Letters of Credit.
Accepts Management of Real and Personal Property,
Collecting Income and Remitting as Directed.
Safe Deposit Vaults at All Offices.

CAPITAL-SURPLUS - - - - $9,000,000

OIL PROPERTY
OWNER OFFERS FOR SALE FIFTY ACRES OF DEVELOPED OIL LAND IN CALIFORNIA LIGHT OIL DISTRICT. FOR FULL PARTICULARS ADDRESS X 140 TIMES.

EXAMINATIONS, DESIGNS & ESTIMATES
of
ENGINEERING STRUCTURES & PROPERTIES
SCHUYLER B. SCHAFF, 5 BEEKMAN ST., Civil Engineer. New York City.

Illinois Tunnel Company.

Notice is hereby given that on presentation and surrender thereof, with all unpaid coupons pertaining thereto, to The National City Bank of New York, on and after April first, 1912, the said bank, for account of the undersigned Reorganization Committee, will purchase the outstanding $3,500,000 Certificates of Indebtedness issued by the Receivers of said Illinois Tunnel Company and pay therefor the par value of said certificates and interest thereon to April first, 1912.

Dated March 28, 1912.

HENRY W. DE FOREST,
L. C. KRAUTHOFF,
WILLIAM S. TOD,
Reorganization Committee.

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a book explaining
"Mr. Wilson's Problem"
A live and fascinating story built around a subject of business which must be of interest to all people of property and responsibility. Write for free copy to
WINN & KENNEDY, Dept. T.
135 Broadway New York City.

WARNING TO FRUIT MEN.

Baskets Must Comply with the Law, Weight Commission Says.

Much interest has been aroused in the New York fruit market by a letter from John L. Walsh, Commissioner of Weights and Measures, in which he says:

"There arises now what appears to me to be a serious situation for the merchants of the City of New York. There was considerable discussion in relation to the shipment of peaches into the city last year, but, owing to many conditions, the absolute enforcement of the law in relation to baskets was made impossible from a practical standpoint. The bureau, therefore, decided in July that shipments could be made in the baskets already in stock. Fair warning was given by this bureau as to what we felt was compliance with the law of the State and City of New York regarding shipments to be made this year.

"I am informed that there have already been made some twenty million baskets, which have been sent to the State of Georgia for shipments of peaches, all of which, are short of the four-quart capacity. I am also informed from reliable sources that almost one-half of the shipment will be made through channels which will bring it to New York city.

"This notice is given to inform our New York produce men, and incidentally different shippers, that this bureau will insist upon the use of standard measures as prescribed in Section 5 of the State law.

"If the merchants of the city will take up this proposition now, it will be the means of avoiding a great deal of the litigation which is bound to occur in the enforcement of this law."

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Thermometers Pay 60 Per Cent.—Spring Strip Rate Is Reduced.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has decided that thermometers will have to stand a duty of 60 per cent. on the value. The importers, Hesse & Bros., maintain that the goods should be admitted at 45 per cent. under the schedule. Judge Sharrets decides that the classification of the collector was correct and affirms his decision.

Herman Boker & Co. sought to obtain lower duty on strips intended for use in the manufacture of springs. The assessment was opposed by the Collector of the Port on the ground that the merchandise should pay a duty of at least 45 per cent. under the metal schedule of the present metal tariff tax.

Judge Fischer decides that the importer's claim is well taken and that the protests must be sustained. He overrules the Collector and directs that the Collector make a refund of excessive duties.

A controversy between the United States Government and Fénsterer & Ruhe regarding the classificatiton of magnesia articles was decided in favor of the importers. Judge Hay decides for the Board that the classification imposed by the Collector was erroneous and that the classification must be corrected. The Collector is reversed, and directed to make a reliquidatiton of the entry.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM, EAST AND WEST. Revenues and expenses for the month and Period from Jan. 1 to Feb. 29, as compared with 1911—

	1912.	Increase.
Lines East, Month of February:		
Operating revenue	$17,862,476	$2,396,976
Op. exp., including taxes	15,277,332	1,608,029
Net operating revenue	2,585,144	788,946
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29,		
Operating revenue	2,711,045	35,277,652
Op. exp., including taxes	2,354,179	31,046,051
Net operating revenue	356,865	4,231,601
Lines West, Month of February:		
Operating revenue	8,421,328	1,014,931
Op. exp., including taxes	7,124,314	709,741
Net operating revenue	1,297,013	305,189
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29,		
Operating revenue	1,303,477	16,812,045
Op. exp., including taxes	912,899	14,237,031
Net operating revenue	393,577	2,575,013
Lines East and West, Month of February:		
Operating revenue	26,283,805	3,411,907
Op. exp., including taxes	22,401,646	2,317,771
Net operating revenue	3,882,158	1,094,135
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29,		
Operating revenue	4,017,522	52,089,697
Op. exp., including taxes	3,267,079	45,283,082
Net operating revenue	750,443	6,806,615

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD for month of February—

Rail operations:	1912.	Increase.
Freight revenue	$9,952,079	$1,856,900
Passenger revenue	2,383,657	67,440
Express, mail, and other transportation revenue	737,294	53,230
Non-transportation revenue	98,706	7,722
Total operating revenue	13,171,737	1,985,294
Expenses:		
Maint. of way & structures	1,468,694	45,952
Maint. of equipment	2,824,808	483,579
Traffic expenses	184,583	28,668
Transportation expenses	5,294,569	638,181
General expenses	332,530	9,598
Operating expenses	10,105,187	1,205,980
One-twelfth of annual taxes	564,472	90,018
Oper. exp., including taxes	10,669,659	1,296,999
Net operating revenue	2,502,078	689,295
Outside operations:		
Total revenue	426,487	29,804
Total expenses	584,806	14,265
Net income or deficit	†158,318	§15,538
Operating income	2,343,759	704,834
January 1 to Feb. 29:	1912.	Increase.
Freight revenue	19,311,845	2,289,445
Passenger revenue	4,857,027	42,461
Expenses, mail, and other transportation revenue	1,567,236	49,537
Non-transportation revenue	215,418	24,408
Total operating revenue	25,932,127	2,405,853
Maint. of way & structures	3,101,171	15,701
Maintenance of equipment	5,667,536	725,611
Traffic expenses	343,437	18,108
Transportation expenses	10,757,255	938,214
General expenses	695,243	35,286
Operating expenses	20,564,645	1,732,922
One-twelfth of annual taxes	1,128,944	180,037
Oper. exp., including taxes	21,693,590	1,912,960
Net operating revenue	4,238,537	492,893
Total revenue	881,987	41,804
Total expenses	1,188,744	*7,757
Net income or deficit	†306,756	§49,522
Operating income	3,951,780	542,415

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY for month of February—

Rail operations:	1912.	Increase.
Freight revenue	$2,947,330	464,817
Passenger revenue	593,729	*7,457
Exp., mail, & oth. transp. revenue	363,036	28,471
Non-transp. revenue	32,010	3,940
Total operating revenue	3,936,097	489,772
Expenses:		
Maint. of way & struc	611,127	152,020
Maint. of equipment	807,961	104,287
Traffic expenses	74,348	*3,482
Transportation expenses	1,675,406	225,965
General expenses	90,705	2,577
Operating expenses	3,259,547	481,368
One-twelfth of annual tax	198,420	*6,412
Op. exp. including tax	3,457,968	474,955
Net operating revenue	478,128	14,817
Outside operations:		
Total revenue	58,046	7,353
Total expenses	63,250	4,165
Net income or deficit	5,204	3,187
Operating income	472,924	18,004
Jan 1 to Feb. 29:		
Freight revenue	5,732,065	709,140
Passenger revenue	1,280,375	*39,399
Express, mail and other transportation revenue	753,002	23,989
Non-transportation rev.	57,158	*960
Total operating revenue	7,822,602	692,770
Maint. of way and struc	1,166,823	236,418
Maint. equipment	1,577,091	109,173
Traffic expenses	149,415	*21,802
Transportation expenses	3,358,490	262,476
General expenses	184,100	4,364
Operating expenses	6,435,921	590,630
One-twelfth of annual tax	397,005	*2,352
Op. exp., including taxes	6,832,926	588,278
Net operating revenue	989,675	104,491
Total revenue	123,183	12,922
Total expenses	129,491	6,439
Net income or deficit	6,307	6,483
Operating income	983,368	110,974

Long Island Railroad for month of February:

	1912.	Increase.
Total operating revenues	645,042	3,688
Oper. exp., includ. taxes	686,160	9,626
Net operating revenue	41,118	74,062
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Total operating revenues	1,311,400	112,978
Oper. exp., includ. taxes	1,380,916	20,149
Net operating revenue	69,516	92,829

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis for month of February:

Total operating revenue	3,187,882	441,624
Oper. exp., includ. taxes	2,561,470	198,673
Net operating revenue	626,362	242,951
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Total operating expenses	6,392,657	533,735
Oper. exp., includ. taxes	5,157,230	273,894
Net operating revenue	1,235,427	259,840

VANDALIA RAILROAD, Month of February—

	1912.	Increase.
Total operating revenue	837,246	85,630
Op. exp., including taxes	679,451	32,050
Net operating revenue	157,795	53,579
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29,	1912.	Increase.
Total operating revenue	1,686,236	110,096
Op. exp., including taxes	1,379,416	34,133
Net operating revenue	306,820	75,963

PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE & WASHINGTON, Month of February—

	1912.	Increase.
Total operating revenue	1,464,505	140,087
Op. exp., including taxes	1,311,435	123,033
Net operating revenue	153,070	17,054
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29,	1912.	Increase.
Total operating revenue	2,901,246	135,386
Op. exp., including taxes	2,643,878	169,335
Net operating revenue	257,367	*33,949

*Decrease.

	1912.	Increase.
CUMBERLAND VALLEY—		
Month of February:		
Gross	$226,617	$13,052
Net	49,241	*24,201
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Gross	458,097	11,587
Net	97,077	*57,049
NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA & NORFOLK—		
Month of February:		
Gross	244,152	14,245
Net	47,565	18,442
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Gross	469,406	*112
Net	73,863	897
MARYLAND, DELAWARE & VIRGINIA—		
Month of February:		
Gross	4,958	*1,272
Net	†3,608	‡1,413
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Gross	9,775	*2,679
Net	†7,485	‡3,788
BALTIMORE, CHESAPEAKE & ATLANTIC—		
Month of February:		
Gross	12,082	*983
Net	†4,023	‡2,135
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Gross	21,608	*4,372
Net	†8,975	‡6,281
WEST JERSEY & SEASHORE—		
Month of February:		
Gross	848,039	30,904
Net	†42,852	‡12,547
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Gross	667,726	33,665
Net	†161,768	‡69,714
GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA—		
Month of February:		
Gross	375,034	*5,268
Net	13,179	*4,480
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Gross	733,983	*41,796
Net	2,740	*41,709
NORTHERN CENTRAL RY.—		
Month of February:		
Gross	1,003,636	122,208
Net	10,552	41,014
Jan. 1 to Feb. 29:		
Gross	1,959,234	43,133
Net	†52,690	‡36,351

*Decrease. †Deficit. ‡Increased deficit. §Decreased deficit.

Note.—Net of small roads is after deducting taxes.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s	$1,302,000	2½s	S	M. & S.	96	99
*Am. Gas & El.	2,500,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	...	85
*Do preferred	1,537,500	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	47	48
Am. Lt. & Trac	10,395,400	2½s	Q	Feb. 1, 12	300	302
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	107	109
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,631,400	..	..	....	72½	73
Do 6% sum.pf	3,106,800	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 12	86½	87½
Do 6% notes,'21	1,604,500	3	S	F. & A.	99¼	100
Appalach. Pow.	6,000,000	V	V	V	23	23⅞
Do preferred	2,180,000	V	V	V	69	..
Ariz. Power	3,000,000	..	..	....	13	16
Do preferred	850,000	..	..	....	53	60
Do 1st 6s, '33	1,850,000	6	S	M. & N.	82½	..
Aub. & Syr. El. R. R., tax ex.	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	102
Aug.-Aik. R. & E. s. f. 5s, '35	2,400,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92	94
Do pf. stock	1,500,000	1½	V	Dec 30, 11	76	85
Do common	2,250,000	1½	V	Dec 30, 11	25	35
Aug. R. & E. 5s, '40	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102	..
Au., E. & C. R. R. 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	5	S	A. & O.	100⅝	101⅝
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	917,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95½	97½
Bangor R. & E. con. 5s of '35	1,926,000	5	S	J. & J.	99	101
Benton Har.-St. J. R. & L. con. 5s of '35	810,000	5	S	M. & N.	92	95
Binghamton Ry 1st con. 5s, '31	V	V	V	V	99	100
Birm'ham R. & El. sub. 5s, '24	945,000	5	A	1924	104	..
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	92	93½
Buf. Cr't'n 1st5s	2,974,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104½	..
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	1½	Q	Dec 30, 11	101½	..
B. & Lac. Tr. 5s	V	V	V	V	90	96
Buf. & L. E. tr. 1st and ref 5s of '38	......	..	..	....	65	68⅛
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B. & N. Falls E. L. & P. 1st5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99	..
Butte E.&P.Co.	4,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 20,12	..	122½
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Feb. 1, 12	78	..
Cal. Elec. Gen. Co. pf	V	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 12	..	76½
Capital Trac	12,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 12	123	123½
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	110¼	110½
Central Maine Power 1st 5s	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	96½	98
Charleston Con. R. G. & E. ($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	30	..
Do con. 5s,'99	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	97½
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	..
Chattan'ga Rys	3,000,000	V	V	V	49	51
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 12	80	85
Chattan'ga Rys 1st 5s, '56	1,857,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	97
Chi.-Terre H. & S. E 1st 5s	3,100,000	2½	S	J. & D.	..	98
Citz. L.H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	101½
Clev. El. Ill.	V	V	V	V	125	128
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	108	..
Clev. El. R 5s,'13	4,955,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100½	..
C., Paines. & E. 1st 5s of '16	V	V	V	V	98	101
Clevel'd Ry. 1st 5s, '31	5,045,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100½	101¼
Colum. R., G. & E. 1st 5s, '36	2,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93½	95
Do common	2,000,000	V	V	V	80	95
Do preferred	840,000	1½	Q	J., &c.	50	..
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble	10,782,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	101¾	102½
Do unstamp	1,709,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101¾	..
Con. Gas, E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	11,564,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	90¼
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jul 15, 11	76	76¾
Do 1st 5s, '33	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104¾	105
Consum. Power (Mich.) 5s	6,674,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	96	98
Do preferred	3,750,000	6	Q	J,A,J,O	93	95
Det. Edison Co.	5,962,000	V	V	V	119⅝	..
Detroit & Flint 5s, '21	1,400,000	V	V	....	92½	..
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, 31	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	..
East Penn. Rys. 5s of '36	V	V	V	V	76	81
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,621,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	..
Elec. Util. Cor.	2,250,000	..	..	....	25	30
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr 15, 12	84	87
Elmira W., L. & R. R. con. 5s.	V	V	V	V	91	95
Emp. Dist.El.Co	1,756,500	V	V	V	..	..
Do preferred	501,100	¾	M	Feb 20, 12	82½	82½
Do 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	89	91
Fed. L. & T. Co	4,750,000	..	..	....	37½	39½
Do preferred	2,590,000	1½	Q	Mar 1, 12	79	81
Gas & El.Sec.Co	1,000,000	..	..	....	100	104
Do preferred	1,000,000	7	A	Monthly	88	90
Grand Rap. Ry. Co. 1st 5s, '16	3,274,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100¼	..
Great W. P. 5s	V	V	V	V	84	86
Guanaj.P. & E.	3,500,000	..	..	....	30	33
Do preferred	1,500,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 12	68	75
Ft. Smith L. & T. pf.	1,140,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 12	92½	95
Ft. Worth P. & Lt. 1st 5s	1,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	98
Harwood El. 5s, '39	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	..
Hud. R. E. P. 1st 5s, '44	4,222,000	5	S	F. & A.	40	42½
Ind. Un. Tr. Co. 1st 5s, '33	V	V	V	V	76	79
Int. Ry. of Buf.:						
Buf. Div.5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	105	105½
Do deb.6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	104¾	..
L.&O.Div.1st5s	800,000	3	S	M. & S.	98	..
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B.&N.FD.1st5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104¼	..
Int. Trac. 4s,'49 receipts flat	18,315,000	2	S	J. & J.	71	72
Jer. Cen. Tr. gen 5s of '54	V	V	V	V	..	90
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	82⅞	82⅞
Joplin & Pit. Ry. 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94½	96½
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,546,080	..	..	....	19	20
Do preferred	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 11	50	50¼
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93½	94
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & N.	96½	97¼
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	106	106¾
K. C. Elv. 4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	76	78
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	82	84
K.C. Met. St.Ry [illegible] 1st 5s,'13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97⅛	98
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	93
Kan. G. & El. 5s of '22	V	..	S	M. & S	95	97
Do preferred	V	7	V	V	97½	100
Knoxv. Tr. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	106	..
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	105¼	..
L. Rock H. S. & W. R.R. 4s, '39	V	V	V	V	83	84½
Los A.G. & E.5s	2,920,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	98½
Memp. St. Ry. con. 5s, '45	8,069,000	5	S	J. & J.	98	98½
Mil. L., H. & T. 1st 5s of '89	V	V	V	V	104½	105½

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Min. Gen. Elec. con. 5s of '34	V	V	V	V	101	102
Min. St. Ry. con 5s of '19	V	V	V	V	102	103
Min. St. Ry. & St. Paul City 5s of '28	V	V	S	A. & O.	104	105
Min.St.Ry.6s,'13	600,000	3	S	M. & N.	102	103
Mobile Electric	950,000	..	..	....	..	..
Do preferred	645,000	1¾	Q	Feb 15, 12	92½	95
Do 5s, '46	1,686,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	90
Muskogee G. & E. pf.	1,149,300	1¾	Q	Mar 15,11	95	97½
Nash. Ry. & L.	4,000,000	¾	Q	Jan.	105	107
Do preferred	2,500,000	V	V	V	95½	96½
Do con. 5s,'53	4,054,000	5	S	J. & J.	102½	103½
Do ref. 5s, '58	1,945,000	5	S	J. & J.	96½	97½
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. 1st 5s	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	102	104
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
N. F. Pow.5s,'32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	102½
Niag., L. & O.P. 5s, '54	4,910,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	94
N.Y.& N.J.5s,'32	V	V	V	V	102	104
N. Y. State Rys	V	V	V	V	84½	86½
N.Y.& Westch'r LtgG M4s,2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	84	86
Nor. Elec. St. Ry. Co. 1st 5s	1,200,000	3½	S	J. & J.	72½	75½
N.Hud.Co Ry.5s	1,291,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Nor. Id. & Mon.	4,000,000	..	..	....	10	13
Do preferred	2,500,000	..	..	....	..	57
Nor. Jersey Ry. 1st 4s, 1948	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	83⅝	84
No. Ont. L. & P	V	V	V	V	19	22
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	61	65
Do 1st 6s, '31	V	V	V	V	..	90
Nor. St. Power.	4,033,300	..	..	....	36¼	37½
Do preferred	3,638,700	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 12	90	91½
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Okla. Ry. 5s	2,630,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94½	96½
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	6,814,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
Ont. P. stock	8,119,000	V	V	V	47½	49
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,949,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95	96
Ont. Transmis. 1st 5s, 1945	1,556,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	94
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,657,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	99
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	..
Phoenix (Penn.) Gas & El. col. tr. 5s of '51	V	V	V	V	69	75
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	8,220,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
Port. R. L. & P. 5% notes,'12	4,273,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Port. Gen. El.5s	7,640,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102½
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg.5s,'36	4,391,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¾	102¼
Do 1st 5s,'29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	108	108½
Pub. S. Cor.ctfs	19,970,440	1½	Q	Dec 30, 11	108¾	109
*Pub. Util. Cor.	1,000,000	..	..	....	45	..
Do preferred	500,000	1¾	Q	Jan.	47½	50
Queens Boro. G. & E. 5s of '52	V	V	S	J. & J.	97	99
Rep. R. & El.Co	5,200,000	..	..	....	30	31
Do preferred	6,360,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 12	80	81
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912	2,000,000	2½	S	V	100	..
Roch. Ry. pf.	3,862,500	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 12	91¾	93
Do 1st con 5s of '30	2,700,000	5	S	A. & O.	103½	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	5	S	A. & O.	102	..
Roch Ry. & L.5s	9,401,000	2½	..	J. & J.	100½	102
Same bond, tax exempt N. Y.	......	..	..	....	101	102½
Roch., Syr. & E. 5s of '45	V	V	V	V	85	86
Rockld.L.& P.5s	605,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Rockf'd (Ill.) E. 5s of '39	V	V	S	M. & S.	95½	97½
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s,'46	1,702,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	..
St. Jos.(Mo.) R., L., H. & P.5s	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
St. L. Car Co. 6s of '23	V	V	V	V	92	93½
St. L. R. R. Co. By. Cable ext. 4½s of '20	V	V	V	V	98	98⅝
Sagn. Val. Tr.5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	..
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	96½	98¼
San Diego Con. G.&E.1st5s,'39	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	98¼
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23	1,600,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 12	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	2,230,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103½
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	60	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	62½	70
Do con.5s,'32	1,100,000	1¼	Q	Apr 15, 12	71	72
Seattle Elec. Co con. 5s, '29	7,271,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98½	100
Seattle Ltg. 5s.	3,623,000	2½	S	A. & O.	94½	96½
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	95
So. Cal. Ed'nCo.	7,200,000	1¼	Q	Apr 15, 12	71	72
Do 5s	9,336,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	97
South'n Pow. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	101
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s.	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Spgfld. (Mo.) R. & L.F.L.5s,'26	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	95
Do col. tr. 5s of '33	V	V	V	V	91½	92
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	82	83½
*Stand. G. & E.	7,468,150	..	..	....	24	25¼
*Do preferred	9,837,000	2	S	J. & J.	52	53½
Syrac. Rap. Tr.	V	V	V	V	78	80
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	100	110
Do 5s of '48	V	V	V	V	102	..
Tampa El. 1st5s	932,500	2½	S	J. & J.	98	..
Tex. Trac. 1st 5s	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	44½	45½
Do preferred	2,826,200	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	95	95½
Do 5s of '23	V	V	V	V	97¼	98¼
Union R. R., G. & E. pf.	5,250,000	6	A	J,A,J,O	90	92
Unit. Elec. N.J. 4s, '49	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	83½	83¾
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,428,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	94⅞	95¾
U. Ry. & Elec. (Balt.) inc. 4s.	14,000,000	2	S	J. & D.	64¼	64½
UG &E ofNJ.5s	V	V	V	V	95	..
United Util	5,000,000	..	..	....	28	..
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 12	98½	101
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	97½	99
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	10,345,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	96½
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	95
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s	6,000,000	V	V	V	[illegible]	84½
Wash. R. & El.	5,500,000	1	Q	Mar. 1, 12	[illegible]	87
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 11	94½	95
Do con. 4s,'51	10,244,000	2½	S	J. & D.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wash.-Va. Ry.	1,378,000	2	S	M. & S.	50	..
Do preferred	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	70	..
W. Penn. Rys. 5s of '31	V	V	V	V	100	101
West'n Power	14,670,000	..	..	....	34½	35
Do 6% cum.pf	6,000,000	6	..	Jan. 1, 12	90	91
West. St. G.& E	3,503,000	..	..	....	90	[illegible]
Do preferred	1,800,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 12	95	[illegible]

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Bank Note Co. ($50)	5,000,000	1	Q	Feb 15, 12	43½	43
Do pf. ($50)	5,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	51½	53
Amer. Chicle	6,000,000	‡2	M	Feb 20, 12	225	230
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	105	107
Am. Glue Co	800,000	2	S	Nov 1, 11	112	115
Do preferred	1,600,000	4	S	Feb. 1, 12	147	149½
Am. Loco. 5s,'14	V	5	S	A. & O.	100¼	100¾
Am. Screw	3,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 30,12	154	160
Am. Typefd	4,000,000	1	Q	Apr 15, 12	47	51
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 11	99	101
Do deb.6s,'39	1,900,000	3	S	Nov 1, 11	99½	100½
Am Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	....	1½	2½
Asso. Sim. Hdw	5,110,400	V	V	V	40	40
Do preferred	930,500	V	V	V	..	90
Ast. V'neer Mis. & Dock. 6s, '41	500,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Arlington Mills	8,000,000	8	S	J. & J.	122	124½
Atl. Port. Cem.	11,000,000	..	..	....	62	..
Atl. Port. Cem. 1st 6s, '25	4,400,000	3	S	M. & S.	102	104
Bab. & Wilcox.	15,000,000	V	V	V	101	103
Baldwin Loco.	9,200,000	10	V	V	50¼	51¼
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	92
Biograph Co.	2,000,000	1	M	Mar 1, 12	110	120
Bliss, E. W., Co.	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1. 11	75	85
Do preferred	1,250,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 12	122	125
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s, '34	V	V	V	V	70	75
Do 5s, '36	V	V	V	V	40	55
Bord. C. Milk	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15, 12	125	126
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 15,12	108½	110
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	140	142
Central C. & C.	V	1½	Q	Apr 15, 12	81	81½
Do preferred	V	1¼	Q	Apr 15, 12	79½	80
Cen. Fireworks.	1,406,800	V	V	V	1	3
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	A	March 1	12	..
Chesebr'gh Mfg	500,000	$10	Q	Apr. 2, 12	685	710
Con. Rub. Tire.	4,000,000	..	..	....	10⅞	11¼
Do preferred	1,149,500	1⅛	Q	Dec., 1909	37	46
Crocker-Wh'ler.	1,700,000	1½	Q	V	90	92½
Do preferred	500,000	1¾	Q	V	105	..
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,525,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100⅝	100¾
Dodge Mf. Co.pf	655,800	1¾	Q	Jan. 1, 12	96	100
Fairmount Coal 5s of '31	V	V	V	V	96¾	97½
Fed. Sugar Ref. Co. 5s of '14		5	Q	F,M,J,N	98¾	99¼
Gen. Baking Co 1st 6s of '36	2,900,000	..	S	J. & D.	97	100
Hav. Tobacco	29,790,700	..	..	....	3	4
Hav. Tob. pf.	4,703,800	..	..	....	7	12
Houston Oil cfs.	20,000,000	..	..	....	10¼	10⅝
Do preferred	8,784,200	6	A	Jan., 1903	63¼	64
Int. Ed. Pub.Co	6,000,000	V	V	V	18	20
Do preferred	4,000,000	7	Q	Feb. 1, 12	40	43
Int. Nickel	11,582,626	5	Q	Mar. 1, 12	289	293
Do preferred	8,912,626	1½	Q	V	103½	104½
Do 5s, '32	8,475,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 12	100½	101
Int. Textb. Co.	6,000,000	10	Q	Apr. 1, 12	140	143
K. C. Stocky'ds	8,250,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	99½	99½
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100½
Do 5s, '20	V	V	V	V	100	102
Kolb Bak.(Phil)	V	7	Q	J,A,J,O	95	98½
Lake Sup. Corp.	40,000,000	V	V	V	28½	29
O'Gara Coal 5s.	V	V	V	V	75	78
Otis Elevator	6,371,500	1	Q	Apr 15, 12	76	78
Do preferred	6,451,100	1½	Q	Apr 15, 12	100½	102
Pack. Motor 5% notes of '16	V	5	S	J. & D.	98½	99½
Paint Cr. Col.5s	5,000,000	V	V	J. & J.	46	48
Penn. C.&C.rcts	V	V	V	V	17½	22½
Poc. Con. Col. 1st 5s, '57	3,582,700	2½	S	J. & J.	88	89
Proc. & Gamble	12,000,000	2	Q	Jan 15, 12	410	425
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	V	185	195
Producers' Oil.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 30,12	80	90
Do conv. 6s	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	90	96
Rice - Stix Dry Goods pf	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 1, 12	112	115
Rogers-Brown	5,000,000	V	V	V	92	96
Royal Bak. P.	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 30,12	195	201
Do. 6% cum.pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 30,12	109½	111
St. Jos. Lead	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 15,12	8¾	8⅝
Singer Mfg.	60,000,000	3	Q	V	295	295
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 30, 11	34	38
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 30, 11	105	109½
Standard Oil	100,000,000	$5	Q	Mar 15,12	850	860
Do subs. stks	V	V	V	V	480	490
Stern Bros. pf.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar. 1, 12	85	89
Studeb'kr Corp.	30,000,000	..	..	....	39½	41
Do preferred	13,500,000	1¾	Q	Mar. 1, 12	97	98
Temple Iron 4s.	2,500,000	6	A	J. & J.	104	105
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	38½	40
Do 1st pf	4,000,000	3½	S	Sep 30, 11	105	108
Do 2d pf	5,000,000	4	S	Sep 30, 11	101	104
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1	Q	Feb. 1, 12	56	57
U. S. Env. 5s	1,950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100½	104½
Do preferred	3,750,000	3½	S	Mar. 1, 12	115	117
Do common	750,000	V	V	V	90	..
U.S. Lithograph	400,000	..	..	....	..	57½
Do preferred	800,000	..	..	....	..	15
U. S. Motors	10,810,000	..	..	....	10	13
Do preferred	10,057,100	1¼	Q	Nov 10,11	40	42
U. S. Play. Cd.	350,000	2¼	Q	V	151	151
U. S. Ptg. Co.	3,500,000	1⅜	Q	Jan. 1, 12	89	90
U. S. Ptg., N. J	3,500,000	7	Q	J,A,J,O	..	100
U.S.Worsted pf.	2,340,600	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 12	80	87
West. Elec. 1st 5s, '22	8,750,000	2½	..	J. & J.	102⅝	103

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust	$1,250,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 12	360	370
Bankers' Trust	5,000,000	‡12	Q	Jan. 2, 12	540	545
§Bd.& Mtg.Guar.	5,000,000	3½	Q	May 15,12	292	298
Broadway Tr.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	160	..
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 12	460	..
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Jan. 2, 12	1030	1050
Citizens'	500,000	3	S	Mar. 1, 12	140	..
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 30, 11	360	375
Commercial	500,000	V	V	V	90	95
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 30, 11	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Mar 30,12	550	555
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	1400	1420
Fidelity	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	218	222
Franklin	1,000,000	6	S	Dec 31, 11	270	280
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 12	315	325
Guaranty	5,000,000	‡10	Q	Mar 30,12	950	960
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	95	105
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Feb. 1, 12	270	275
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	105	115
Hudson Trust	500,000	4	S	Jan. 2, 12	140	150
Kings County	500,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 12	520	535
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Mar 30,12	288	292
LawyersMtg.Co	4,000,000	3	Q	Dec 30, 11	220	223
Lawyers T. Ins. & Trust Co.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 12	238	243
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	140	150
Long Island	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	300	310
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 30, 11	415	..
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Dec 30, 11	105	110
Mutual Alliance	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 12	127	135
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 12	150	155
New York	3,000,000	3	Q	Dec 30, 11	635	650
N. Y. L. I. & T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 11, 11	1035	1655
N. Y. Mtg. & Sec. Co	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	208	214
People's Trust	1,000,000	1	M	Jan. 1, 12	295	300
Realty Assoc.	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15, 12	116	122
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 1, 12	380	385
T. Guar. & Tr.	4,375,000	5	Q	Dec 30, 11	552	558
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	Q	Jan., 1912	118	122
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jan 10, 12	1325	1360
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 30,12	475	490
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 2, 12	1125	1130
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	400	410
Windsor§	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 20, 10	192	196

§New stock.

$6,000,000

HILTON-DODGE LUMBER COMPANY

(SAVANNAH, GEORGIA)

FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS

Dated January 2, 1912, Interest payable January 1 and July 1 Coupon bonds of $1,000 and $500, registered as to principal only

Callable on any interest date at 101½ and accrued interest

The $6,000,000 bonds now offered are the entire authorized issue (closed mortgage)

Maturities:

$250,000	July 1, 1914	$375,000	July 1, 1917	$375,000	July 1, 1920
250,000	January 1, 1915	375,000	January 1, 1918	375,000	January 1, 1921
300,000	July 1, 1915	375,000	July 1, 1918	375,000	July 1, 1921
300,000	January 1, 1916	375,000	January 1, 1919	375,000	January 1, 1922
325,000	July 1, 1916	375,000	July 1, 1919	500,000	July 1, 1922
325,000	January 1, 1917	375,000	January 1, 1920		

The Hilton-Dodge Lumber Co. is one of the largest manufacturers of lumber in the United States, and has been in successful operation in Georgia and South Carolina for more than forty years. Copies of a letter from the President of the Company, and the independent reports of F. R. Barns respecting the Company's mills, W. E. Straight and D. W. Martin respecting the timber and Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Co. respecting the accounts will be sent on request. We summarize from these letters as follows:—

First Closed Mortgage on entire property of Company valued at $16,800,000, or 2.8 times this issue.

Largest holding of standing timber on the Atlantic Coast under single ownership. About 550,000 acres in Georgia and South Carolina, containing 3,400,000,000 feet of timber, chiefly virgin cypress and yellow pine.

Strong Sinking Fund: $3.50 per thousand feet cut (log measure) payable monthly; will amount to about $1,000,000 before first $250,000 bonds fall due July 1, 1914.

Equity Always Increasing. Throwing entirely out of consideration net working capital of more than $950,000 and the seven mills and equipment valued at $1,250,000, the entire bonded debt is only $1.76 per thousand feet of standing timber, and Sinking Fund applies at rate of $3.50 per thousand feet. Sinking Fund thus retires bonds nearly twice as fast as timber is cut.

No Fire Hazard. Yellow pine and cypress timber in Southern States has never been destroyed or seriously damaged by fire. There is not enough undergrowth to hold and carry a damaging fire.

Proceeds of this Issue pay for recent additions to timber reserves and mill capacity through purchase of Westmoreland Lumber Corporation and other properties, and will add working capital.

Net Earnings 1912. The acquirement of these additional properties, all going concerns in profitable operation, will much increase output. Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Co. report that the average manufacturing profit of the companies now comprising the Hilton-Dodge Lumber Co. for last six years has been $5.81 per thousand feet of lumber. In 1912 output will be 140,000,000 feet, and at present prices for lumber, net earnings should be

not less than	$1,000,000
Interest on these bonds requires	360,000
Leaving balance applicable to sinking fund and surplus of	640,000

No Floating Debt: Company has net working capital of more than $950,000.

The deed of trust, titles and all legal matters relating to this issue have been approved by Messrs. Adams, Candee, Steere & Hawley, of Chicago, or Messrs. Ropes, Gray & Gorham, of Boston.

Having sold the larger part of this issue we offer the unsold balance at 100 and interest

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO

NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO

HIGGINSON & CO., LONDON

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY

COMPANIA de GAS y ELECTRICIDAD de la HABANA

To the Holders of

Havana Electric Railway Company Common Stock;
Havana Electric Railway Company Preferred Stock;
Compania de Gas y Electricidad de la Habana Stock.

At the request of the holders of a large amount of each of the above mentioned classes of stock, the undersigned have agreed to act as Depositaries under a Plan of Amalgamation and Agreement, dated March 8, 1912, looking to the formation of a Company to hold these stocks, and ultimately, if feasible, to a united ownership of the physical properties. The Plan has been formulated by representatives of both Companies and has been approved by the Directors of Compania de Gas y Electricidad de la Habana and by a Committee representing the Havana Electric Railway Company Shareholders. Participation under the Plan is dependent on the deposit of certificates for the shares above mentioned on or before April 1, 1912, with the undersigned Depositaries, in New York, or with their agents in Havana, Banco Espanol de la Isla de Cuba, receiving deposits of the Preferred and Common Stock of the Havana Electric Railway Company, and Banco Nacional de Cuba receiving deposits of the stock of the Compania de Gas y Electricidad de la Habana. No certificates will be received unless in negotiable form. Certificates of Deposit will be issued in respect of deposited shares.

Copies of the Plan and Agreement may be obtained at either of the above mentioned banks, or from the undersigned.

Dated March 12th, 1912.

SPEYER & CO.,
24 & 26 Pine Street. Depositaries.

VAULTS

The Equitable Life Assurance Society

OFFERS FOR SALE

THE BANK VAULTS

in the banking offices formerly in the

EQUITABLE BUILDING

For particulars apply at

Comptroller's Office, 165 Broadway

2nd Floor

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK hereby gives notice that it will pay, on presentation and surrender, at its office, No. 80 Broadway, New York City, certain Second Mortgage Income Bonds of the Forty-second Street, Manhattanville and St. Nicholas Avenue Railway Company, bearing the following serial numbers:

Nos.					
199	433	452	714	794	803
200	434	453	736	795	804
404	435	454	737	796	1083
405	436	540	738	797	1084
406	437	541	739	798	1085
407	438	542	790	799	1086
408	439	711	791	800	1087
409	440	712	792	801	1315
432	451	713	793	802	1326
					1327

Being fifty-five (55) bonds at $1,000 each, together with interest at six per centum (6%) per annum from March 4th, 1900, to the date of such payment, provided that no interest shall accrue on said bonds after January 1st, 1915.

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
April 1st, 1912. Trustee.

To all Holders of
Convertible Four Per Cent. (4%)
Redeemable Gold Bonds of
The Western Union Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given to all holders of the convertible four per cent. (4%) redeemable gold bonds of The Western Union Telegraph Company, issued under and pursuant to and secured by the trust agreement made by said The Western Union Telegraph Company, with the Bowling Green Trust Company as Trustee, dated November 26th, 1906, that The Western Union Telegraph Company, by action duly had by its board of directors, has declared its intention to and will pay off, cancel and redeem the whole amount of the bonds issued under and secured by said trust agreement, pursuant to the power and authority so to do contained therein; that the date fixed for said payment and cancellation and redemption is May first (1st), 1912, upon or prior to which date The Western Union Telegraph Company will deposit with the Equitable Trust Company of New York, New York City, as successor Trustee to the Bowling Green Trust Company, named as Trustee in said trust agreement, a sum sufficient to pay the principal of all of said bonds, five per cent. (5%) premium thereon, and the interest accrued thereon to May first (1st), 1912; that said Equitable Trust Company of New York, on said date, and thereafter as presented, will pay the principal of said bonds, five per cent. (5%) premium thereon, and the accrued interest to said date to the holders of said bonds respectively.

That said bonds will cease to bear interest after May first (1st), 1912, and that it is the intention of The Western Union Telegraph Company upon making such deposit and after said date, to have said trust agreement dated November 26th, 1906, cancelled and discharged by said trustee.

The Western Union Telegraph Company.
By THEO. N. VAIL,
President.

New York, January 22, 1912.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY,

at the close of business on the 21st day of March, 1912:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$1,363,245.00
Other securities, market value		12,206,570.70
Real estate owned		2,682,923.20
Mortgages owned		3,553,466.47
Loans secured by other collateral		2,831,093.25
Bills purchased not secured by collateral		16,779,288.02
Overdrafts, (secured)		97,484.63
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		972,697.58
Specie		4,300,000.00
Legal tender notes and notes of National banks		200,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Suspense account	$185,091.42	
Accrued interest entered	481,258.60	
Accrued interest not entered	106,151.58	
		772,501.60
Total		$45,236,265.51
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		4,300,816.95
Reserved for taxes		44,180.00
Preferred deposits	$2,786,916.08	
Deposits not preferred	33,062,286.65	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	123,461.32	
Total deposits		35,972,664.05
Other liabilities, viz.:		
General account interest	$553,865.51	
Life insurance	377,699.92	
Annuities	2,565,727.55	
Accrued interest entered	320,811.43	
Accrued interest not entered	75,110.13	
Contingent account	25,390.00	
		3,918,604.54
Total		$45,236,265.51

Absolute Safety of Principal

and High Rate of Interest

are combined in our Guaranteed First Mortgages on New York City Real Estate. Amounts of from $1500 up netting 5½%.

First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Bridge Plaza—North, Long Island City, N. Y.
Send for Booklet A.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 21st day of March, 1912:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$1,066,198.83
Other securities, market value		11,841,246.21
Real estate owned		4,342,895.39
Mortgages owned		2,253,073.45
Loans secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		[illegible]
Loans secured by other collateral		11,130,741.79
Bills purchased not secured by collateral		5,413,195.86
Overdrafts		7,806.55
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers		[illegible]
Specie		[illegible]
Legal tender notes and notes of National banks		[illegible]
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered	$49,350.58	
Accrued interest not entered	285,420.73	
		334,771.31
Total		$48,024,078.75
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$3,181,000.00
Unconverted surplus "B" certificates		57,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		[illegible]
Unpaid dividends	$651.00	
Reserved for taxes	111,873.25	
		112,524.25
Preferred deposits	$4,922,447.63	
Deposits not preferred	30,125,773.37	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	3,450,325.57	
Total deposits		38,498,546.57
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered	20,894.11	
Accrued interest not entered	200,205.69	
		220,599.80
Total		$48,024,078.75

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

R. L. ALLEN, Vice President, and HARRIS A. DUNN, Treasurer, of Knickerbocker Trust Company, located and doing business at No. [illegible] Fifth Avenue and elsewhere, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the 21st day of March, 1912, as the day of which such report shall be made.

R. L. ALLEN, Vice President.
HARRIS A. DUNN, Treasurer.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the [illegible] day of [illegible], before me. [illegible]

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Sales Week Ended March 30, $20,396,000.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	87	87	87	5
Alb. & Susq. 3½s	91¾	91¾	91¾	8
Allis-Chalmers 5s	67¼	63	66¾	1179
Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	102⅝	102⅛	102¼	55
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s	98	98	98	6
Am. Cotton Oil 5s	95	94¾	94¾	10
Am. Hide & Leather 6s	99¾	99⅜	99¾	24
Am. Dock & Imp. 5s	106½	106½	106½	6
Am. Smelt. Sec. 6s	104½	103⅝	104¼	1055
Am. Spirits Mfg. 6s	100½	100½	100½	1
Am. T. & T. col. 4s	91	90⅝	90¾	64
Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	116¼	115¼	115⅞	90
Am. Tobacco 4s	95⅝	95¼	95¼	13
Am. Tobacco 6s	120½	120⅜	120⅜	13
Am. Writing Paper 5s	89	88½	88¾	15
Armour 4½s	92⅛	91¾	92	65
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	99⅝	99⅜	99⅝	123½
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	91½	91¼	91¼	19
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	91⅝	91	91⅝	34
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s	109	108¼	108½	55
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1960	104¼	103⅝	104⅛	1560
A., T. & S. F. conv. 5s	110	109½	110	115
A., T. & S. F., E.Ok.4s	96¾	96	96	5
A., T. & S. F., T. S. L. 4s	93¾	93¾	93¾	10
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95¾	95	95½	34
Atl. C. L., L. & N. 4s	94¾	94½	94½	91
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	98¼	97⅞	98¼	48½
Balt. & O. prior 3½s	92½	92	92¼	15
B. & O. prior 3½s, reg.	91¼	91	91	20
B. & O., P., L. E. & West Va. 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	12
B. & O., So. Div. 3½s	91⅞	91⅛	91¼	62
Bethlehem Steel 5s	93⅞	93⅝	93¾	63
Brooklyn R. T. 4s	88⅝	87¼	88	862
Brooklyn R. T. 5s	104½	104½	104½	1
B'way & 7th Av. 5s	103⅞	103½	103½	5
B'klyn Union Elev.	102½	102	102	21
Carolina Central 4s	93¾	93½	93½	7
l. Gas & Elec. 5s	96	95⅞	96	40
an. Southern 1st 6s	101⅞	101	101	3
Can. Southern 2d 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	2
Cent. Branch Ry. 4s	91½	91½	91½	15
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	109½	109½	109½	1
Cent. Leather 5s	95⅝	95¼	95⅝	38
Cent. R. R. & B. G. 5s	103	103	103	1
Cent. Pacific 3½s	91	91	91	5
Cent. Pacific 1st 4s	96½	96½	96¼	24
Cent. Vermont 4s	92	91½	91½	17
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s	101	100½	101	30
Ches. & Ohio conv. 4½s	93½	93	93¼	172
Ches. & O. con. 5s	110⅞	109½	110⅜	18
Ches. & O., Big Sandy 4s	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	1
Chi. & Alton 3½s	62¾	62¾	62¾	1
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	95⅞	95¾	95⅞	61
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96⅞	96½	96⅝	200
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	96½	96½	96½	2
C., B. & Q. Ill. 4s	99¾	99½	99¾	16
C., B. & Q., Ill. 3½s	87¼	87	87	17
C., B. & Q., Neb. 4s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	2
C., B. & Q., Iowa 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	3
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	101	101	101	27
Chi. & E. Ill. gen. 5s	109¾	109	109½	5
Chi. & E. Ill. ref. 4s	80	80	80	1
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	4
C. Gas L. & C. 1st 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	1
Chi. Ind. & L. 4s	90½	90½	90½	1
Chi., Ind. & L. 6s	128¾	128	128¾	6
Chi. Gt. Western 4s	81½	81¼	81¼	34
C., M. & S. P. gen. 3½s	86¼	86¼	86¼	5
C., M. & S. P. gen. 4s	98⅞	98½	98⅞	28
C., M. & S. P. ter. 5s	101½	101½	101½	1
C., M. & S. P. 4s, 1934	92	91¾	92	65
C., M. & St. P., C. P. & W. 5s	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	2
C. M. & S. P. Dub. 6s	113	113	113	6
Chi. & W. Ind. 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	1
Chi. & N. W. con. 7s	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	1
C. M. & P. Sd. 4s	94	94	94	12
Chi. & N.W. gen. 3½s	86¼	86	86	17
Chi. & N. W. gen. 4s	97⅞	97⅝	97⅝	89
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	72⅞	72⅜	72½	226
C., R. I. & P. 6s	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	1
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	95⅞	95¾	95⅞	36
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	89⅞	89⅝	89¾	50
C., St. P., M. & O. 6s	123½	122⅞	122⅞	11
Chino Copper 6s	125	123½	125	48
Cin., Day. & I. 5s	103½	103½	103½	5
C., C., C. & I. con. 7s	105½	105½	105½	2
C., Ind., St. L. & C. 4s	97	97	97	18
C., C., C. & St. L. gen 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	2
C., C., C. & St. L., C. W. & M. 4s	91	91	91	1
Col. Industrial 5s	74	74	74	8
Col. Midland 1st 4s	47	42	42	14
Col. & Southern 1st 4s	97½	97	97	15
Col. & South. ref. 4½s	97¼	97	97¼	13
Com. Cable 4s	82½	82½	82½	2
Consol. Tob. 4s, t. r.	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	3
Corn Prod. ref. 5s, 1931	96¼	96¼	96¼	2
Corn Prod. ref. 5s, 1934	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	2
Col. & 9th Av. 5s	103	103	103	7
Cuban-Am. Sugar 6s	97	97	97	15
Del. & H. lien eq. 4½s	101⅝	101½	101⅝	8
Del. & H. cv. 4s	98⅝	98	98	87
Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	99⅜	98¾	99	54
Den. & R. G. ref. 5s	88⅞	88⅛	88⅛	64
Den. & R. G. con. 4s	89¼	89¼	89¼	1
Detroit City Gas 5s	101	101	101	2
Det. Edison 5s	102	101¼	102	8
Det. R. Tunnel 4½s	99¾	99⅜	99¾	15
Det. United Ry. 4½s	79⅛	78⅝	78⅝	4
Distillers' Securities	75¾	74¾	75	89
Dul. & Iron Range 5s	107	107	107	1
Du Pont Powder 4½s	92	90	91⅞	203
E. V. & G. D. 5s	108¼	107⅞	108¼	3
E. Tenn. reor. lien 5s	106	105⅝	106	4
Elmira Cent. & N. 5s	103	103	103	1
Erie con. 4s	88⅞	88½	88½	10
Erie gen. 4s	79⅜	78½	79¼	77
Erie conv. 4s, A	91	90	90	21
Erie conv. 4s, B	79½	79¼	79¼	244
Erie Penn. col. 4s	89⅝	89⅜	89⅜	9
Ft. W. & Den. C. 6s	111⅝	111½	111½	14
Gal., H. & H. 5s	99½	99½	99½	1
General Motors 6s	100¼	100	100¼	10
Great North. ref. 4¼s	101	100⅞	101	39
Grand Rapids Ry. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Green Bay & W. deb.B.	12⅞	12	12⅞	50
Hocking Valley 4½s	102⅝	102¼	102⅝	5
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1952	99	99	99	1
Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	96	95⅝	95⅝	28
Ind. Nat. Gas. 5s	93	93	93	2
Interborough R. T. 5s	104⅜	104¼	104⅜	72
Inter-Met. 4½s	83⅞	83	83⅜	1,925
Inter-Met. 4½s, reg	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛	20
Int. Navigation 5s	82¼	80½	82¼	39
Int. Paper 6s	104⅛	104	104	7
Int. Paper cv. 5s	88⅛	88	88⅛	7
Inter. Steam Pump 5s	93	92¼	93	41
Iowa Central ref. 4s	64	63	64	8
Iowa Central 1st 5s	101½	101½	101½	4
K. & H. C. & C. 5s	98	98	98	2
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	118	117½	117½	20
Kan. & Mich. 2d 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾	1
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	80¼	80	80	39
Kan. City South 5s	99⅝	99¼	99¼	5
K. & D. M. 1st 5s	101	101	101	1
Knoxville & Ohio 6s	114	114	114	1
Laclede Gas L. 1st 5s	102½	102½	102½	1
L. E. & W. 1st 5s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	8
L. E. & W. 2d 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼	1
Lake Shore 3½s	88¼	88	88	25
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	93⅞	93⅜	93⅜	33
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	93¼	93¼	93⅜	61
Lake Shore 4s, 1931, r.	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	1
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	95½	94¼	94¼	10
Lehigh & N. Y. 4s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	3
Lex. Av. & P. F. 5s	102¾	102¾	102¾	2
Liggett & Myers 7s	120⅞	120½	120⅝	84
Liggett & Myers 5s	95½	94	94½	215½
Long Dock 6s	124	124	124	1
Long Isl. ref. 4s	93	93	93	2
Long Island con. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼	1
Long Island ref. 4s	96⅜	96¼	96¼	2
Louis. & Nash. gen. 6s	117	117	117	1
Louis. & Nash. unif. 4s	99	98⅞	99	28
L. & N., A., K. & C. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	2
L. & N., N. F. & S. 5s	109¾	109¾	109¾	1
L. & N.-So. Ry. jt. 4s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	5
Manhattan con. 4s	96⅜	96¼	96¼	6
Man. con. 4s, tax ex.	97	97	97	5
Mer. Marine 4½s	70⅝	67¾	70¼	1,351
Met. St. Ry. ref. 4s,t.r.	62	62	62	10
Met. St. Ry. ref. 4s, t. r. stamped	59⅞	59⅛	59¾	26
Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	10
Mich. State Tel. 5s	101	100⅝	100⅞	7½
Minn. & St. L. ref. 4s	64	63½	64	2
M. & St. L. con. 5s	102½	102½	102½	1
Mo., K. & Eastern 5s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	1
Mo., K. & Ok. 5s	106½	106	106½	12
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	95⅝	95	95	20
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	82	81½	82	10
Mo., K. & T. ext. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	3
Mo., K. & T. s. f. 4½s	88¾	88½	88¾	3
Mo. Pacific 1st 6s	108⅛	108	108⅛	2
Mo. Pacific conv. 5s	89	88	88⅝	93
Mo. Pacific 4s	75	74½	74½	14
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917	100	100	100	1
Mobile & O. gen. 4s	87½	87½	87½	3
Morris & Essex con. 7s	108½	108½	108½	1
Morris & Essex 3½s	90	90	90	1
Nat. Enam. & Stamp. 5s	94	94	94	2
Nat. R. R. of Mex. con. 4s	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜	5
Nat. Rys. of M. 4½s	91	90⅝	91	7
New O., M. & C. 5s	93	92½	92⅝	80
N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	87¼	87	87	44
N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s	93⅝	93½	93⅜	23
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	83	82¾	82¾	33
N. Y. C., L. S. 3½s, reg.	81	81	81	5
N. Y. C., M. C. col. 3½s	79¾	79	79¾	12
N.Y.,C. & St. L. 1st 4s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	11
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st 4s, registered	99¾	99¾	99¾	2
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	26
N.Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s	104¼	104	104	13
N.Y.,N.H. & H. con. 6s	131½	130½	130⅞	42½
N. Y., N. H. & H. con. 6s reg.	131½	131½	131½	3
N.Y.,N.H. & H. cv. 3½s	93½	93⅛	93⅛	5
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-conv. 4s, 1956	92½	92½	92½	10
N. Y. Railways ref. 4s	81	80½	80½	361
N. Y. Railways adj. 5s	56	53¼	54¼	804½
N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	99⅝	99⅛	99⅝	83
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	94½	94⅜	94½	12
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	100½	100¼	100¼	111
Norf. & Westn. con. 4s	99	98⅝	99	28
Norf. & Westn. gen. 6s	123¾	123¾	123¾	13
Norf. & Wn. conv. 4s	111¼	110	111¼	173
N. & W. conv. 4s, sub. rcts., full paid	109¼	108⅝	109¼	170
N. & W., Pocah. Coal & Coke 4s	93¾	93	93¾	21
Northern Pacific 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	82½
Northern Pacific 3s	69⅞	69⅛	69⅝	19
Nor. Pac. Term. 1st 6s	111½	111½	111½	1
Oregon R. & N. 4s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	49
Ore. Short Line 6s	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜	3
Ore. Short Line con. 5s	111¼	110⅝	111	21½
Ore. Short Line ref. 4s	94⅞	94½	94½	15
Ore. & Wash. ref. 4s	92	91⅞	92	39
Ozark & Cher. Cent. 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	3
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	103½	103½	103½	2
Pac. Tel. & Tel. 5s	100⅝	100⅛	100¼	59
Pacific & Mo. 1st 4s	96	96	96	1
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	15
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	366
Penn. gtd. 4½s	104	103⅛	103⅛	11
Penn. gtd. 3½s, 1916	97¾	97¾	97¾	1
Penn. gtd. 3½s, Ser. C.	88	88	88	2
Penn. 4s, 1943	102¾	102¾	102¾	1
Penn. 4s, 1948	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	22
P. Lorillard 7s	121⅞	121⅛	121⅝	82
P. Lorillard 5s	95½	94⅞	95⅛	151½
P. Lorillard 5s, reg.	95½	95½	95½	½
Peo. Gas, Chi., ref. 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	1
Peo. & Eastern 1st 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	1
Peo. & Eastern inc. 4s	38¼	35	38¼	83
Phila. conv. 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼	3
Pitts., McK. & I. 2d 6s	123¼	123¼	123¼	1
P., C., C. & St. L. 4s, Series G	99	99	99	10
Pocahontas Collier 5s	88¼	88¼	88¼	2
Pulic Service s. f. 5s	94¼	94	94¼	51
Rwy. Steel Spring 5s	97½	97½	97½	5
Reading gen. 4s	98⅝	98	98	71
Rdg.-J. C. col. 4s	97	97	97	2
Rep. I. & S. 5s, 1940	91	90⅝	90¾	15
Rio G. & West. 1st 4s	86¼	85½	85½	9
Rich. & Dan. con. 6s	104¾	104¾	104¾	3
St. J. & Grand I. 4s	86	86	86	4
St. L., M. & P. 5s	81	80¼	81	5
St. Louis, I. M. & S. gen. 5s	105¾	105½	105½	18
St. L., I. M. & S. ref. 4s	81¼	81	81¼	8
St. L., I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s	84	83¾	83¾	4
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 6s	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	1
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 5s	107½	107½	107½	3
St. Louis & San F. R. R. gen. 5s	88⅛	88	88⅛	50
St. Louis & San F. R. R. ref. 4s	80	79⅝	79⅝	40
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	92	91⅝	91⅝	14
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	81⅜	81⅜	81⅛	87
St. L. S. W 2d 4s	81½	81½	81½	8
St. P. & Sioux City 6s	111	111	111	12
St. P., M. & M. 6s	125½	125½	125½	1
San A. & A. Pass. 4s	87	86½	87	10
Seaboard A. L. adj. 5s	80¼	79	80¼	139
Seaboard A. L. ref. 4s	82	81½	81¾	7
Sea. A. L. g. 4s, sta.	87¾	87½	87⅝	21
South C. & Ga. 1st 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	3
So. Pacific col. 4s	92	92	92	2½
So. Pacific conv. 4s	96¼	96⅛	96⅛	330
So. Pacific ref. 4s	95⅛	94⅞	95⅛	149
So. Railway 1st 5s	107⅞	107⅝	107⅝	42
So. Railway gen. 4s	79⅜	79⅛	79⅛	215
So. Ry., M. & O. col.4s	87	87	87	10
So. Rr., St. L. Div. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	3
Standard Milling 5s	88	88	88	4
T. C. & I., Tenn. 6s	104	104	104	1
Texas Co. conv. 6s	98¼	98	98	31
Term. A. St. L. ref 4s	95	94¾	94¾	24
Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	109⅜	109½	109⅜	4
Third Av. ref. 4s	84½	84½	84¾	78
Third Av. adj. 5s	76	73⅝	74	425
Third Av. 4s, t. r. sta.	77¼	76½	76½	18
Tol., P. & W. 4s	94½	94½	94½	2
Tol. & O. Cent. gen. 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	1
Tol. & O. Cent. 1st 5s	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	5
Tol., St. L. & W. 4s	63½	63½	63½	8
Tri-City 5s	98	97⅞	98	107
U. El. Rys. L. inc. 6s	86	84	86	180½
U. El. Rys. L. 4½s	96	95¾	95¾	8
Union B. & P. 5s	94½	94½	94½	12
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101	100⅞	101	132
U. Pac. 1st ref. 4s, reg.	100¼	100	100	8
Union Pacific conv. 4s	103⅜	103⅛	103¼	320
Union Pacific ref. 4s	97⅛	96⅞	96⅞	42
U. R. R.s. of S. F. 4s	66½	66	66½	9
U. Rys., St. L. 4s	79½	78	79½	13
U. S Leather 6s	101	101	101	39
U. S. Realty & I. 5s	89½	88⅛	89	27
U. S. Rubber 6s	104⅝	104¼	104¼	37
U. S. Steel 5s	103	102⅝	102⅞	524
U. S. Steel 5s, reg	102¾	102¾	102¾	⅛
Van. con. 4s, A	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	1
Va.-Car. Chem 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	40
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s	96½	96	96	13
Va. Midland 5s	108¼	108¼	108¼	6
Va. S. W. con. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	5
Wabash 1st 5s	107½	107⅛	107½	29
Wabash 2d 5s	100	99¼	99¼	6
Wabash ref. 4s	59½	57⅛	59½	537
Wabash ref. 4s, t. r.	55½	55½	55½	1
Wab., Omaha Div. 3½s	70½	70½	70½	6½
Wab., Pitts. Ter. 1st 4s, Cent. Trust ctfs	38⅞	37¾	38⅞	52
Wab., Pitts. Ter. 1st 4s, col. tr. ctfs	38¾	38½	38¾	15
Wab., Pitts. Ter. 2d 4s	2	1	1	2
Wab., Pitts. Ter. 2d 4s, trust rcts	2¼	2	2	5
Wash. Term 4s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	3
Westchester Light 5s	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	15
West Shore 4s	100	100	100	23
West Shore 4s, reg.	98⅛	98	98⅛	7
Western Maryland 4s	88	87⅞	87¾	73
W. N. Y. & P. 1st 5s	108⅜	108⅛	108⅛	12
Western Electric 5s	103	102½	102⅝	28
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s	94⅞	94½	94⅞	109
W. U. Tel. r. est 4½s	99½	99	99	23
W. & Lake E. con. 4s	84⅝	84½	84⅝	17
Wilkes. & Eastern 5s	100½	100½	100½	3
Wis. Cent. gen. 4s	93⅛	93	93	49
W. C., Sup. & D. 4s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	3
Total sales				$19,965,500

United States Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3s, coupon	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	5
4s, coupon	114⅜	114⅜	114⅜	2
2s, registered	102½	102½	102½	1
Panama 3s	102½	102¼	102¼	26
Total sales				$34,000

Foreign Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Chinese Ry. 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼	1
Japanese 4½s	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	2½
Japanese 4½s, 2d Ser.	92⅝	91⅞	91⅞	19
Rep. of Cuba 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	1
Sao Paulo 5s	98	97½	97½	5
U. S. of Mexico 5s	96½	95½	95½	4
Total sales				$32,500

State Securities.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. 4s, 1961	102¾	102¼	102¼	10
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1961	102⅜	102¼	102¼	21
N. Y. Can. 4s, '61, reg.	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	15
N.Y. Can. 4s, '61, new	102½	102½	102½	11
Va. deb. 6s, Brown Bros. Co. cfs	49½	49½	49½	20
Total sales				$77,000

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3½s, 1954	87	87	87	4
4s, 1956, reg.	99½	99½	99½	11
4s, 1957	100¼	100	100¼	25
4s, 1958	100	100	100	19
4s, 1959	100⅛	99⅞	100	88
4¼s, 1960	102⅜	102⅛	102⅜	110
4½s, 1957	107½	107⅛	107⅜	15
4½s, 1957, new	107⅜	107⅛	107⅜	13
4½s, 1917	102¼	102¼	102¼	1
4½s, 1917, new	102	102	102	1
Total sales				$287,000
Grand total				20,396,000

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

8,448. MACHINERY AND SUPPLIES FOR RUBBER ESTATES.—An American representing American capitalists interested in rubber in the East desires catalogues of machinery and supplies for rubber estates; also disk plows, cultivators, harrows, air compressors, &c.

8,449. MINING MACHINERY.—A Consul in the Far East says a large engineering firm desires catalogues of hydraulic mining machinery, hydraulic rams, and power water wheels; for equipment of smelters, laboratories, &c., for tin mines and works. The firm says a huge quantity of mining machinery will be installed within the next few years.

8,450. CONCESSIONS FOR CEMENT FACTORY.—An American Consul reports a scarcity of cement where he is located. He can secure a valuable concession for American capitalists who may be interested in this line.

8,451. SHOE FINISHING AND STITCHING MACHINES.—A business man in South Africa engaged in the manufacture of shoes wishes catalogues of American shoe finishing and stitching machines.

8,452. TANNING MACHINERY.—American manufacturers of tanning machinery are requested to forward to an American Consular officer catalogues. There is a proposition under consideration at present to install an up-to-date tanning factory in his district.

8,453. BUOY AND MARINE BOILER.—The Ports and Lighthouse Department, Alexandria, Egypt, has called for tenders for a steel floating buoy and cylindrical tubular marine boiler for tugboat Marte. Particulars obtainable from L. Webb, Queen Anne's Chambers, Broadway, Westminster, S. W. London, England.

8,454. MACHINERY FOR PREPARATION OF COFFEE BERRIES.—Owners of large coffee plantations ask for catalogues of machinery suitable for removing the hull and skin of the berry, and for any process to dry the berries quickly.

8,455. TURBO-ALTERNATOR.—Bids are desired for supply, delivery, and erection in Melbourne, Australia, of one steam turbo-alternator with exciter and condensing plant capable of continuously generating the full load (2,000 kilowatts) with a power factor of 75 per cent. at normal speed. Specifications obtainable from McIlwraith, McEachern & Co., Billiter Square Buildings, E. C., London, England. Tenders will be received until April 25.

8,456. ELECTRICAL PLANTS.—Bids are asked for an electrical plant for Salisbury, Rhodesia.

8,457. IRON GATES AND FENCING.—Bids are wanted for wrought iron gates and fencing for entrances to the Queen Street and Railway Wharves at Auckland, New Zealand.

8,458. RAILWAY.—The Vicinal Railways of Brussels, Belgium, invite tenders for constructing a section from Merbes-le-Chateau to Solre-sur-Sambre. Estimated value of the contract is $14,961, and deposit of $1,946 will be required to qualify any tender. Particulars from M. Simon, 21 Rue de la Biche, Mons, Belgium.

8,459. MACHINES FOR PACKING CURRANTS IN BOXES AND BARRELS.—A Consul in a Mediterranean country reports that an importer in his district desires to get in touch with manufacturers of packing machines for packing currants in boxes and barrels.

8,460. ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT FOR PUMPING STATIONS.—The Bureau Des Renzignemets, 15 Rue des Augustins, Brussels, Belgium, will receive tenders for the mechanical and electrical equipment of six pumping stations on the Charleroi Canal, Brussels.

8,461. AQUEDUCT.—Tenders are invited by the Canadian Pacific Railway until May 1 for building a 1,000-foot aqueduct. Particulars obtained from Chief Engineer, Department of Natural Resources, Calgary, Alberta.

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Further information regarding the following Home Trade Opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

558. PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES.—Proposals will be received by the General Purchasing Officer of the Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., and at the office of the Assistant Purchasing Officer, 1,086 North Point Street, San Francisco, until April 3, or electric cable during the period of fifteen months, beginning April 3. (Circular No. 695.)

559. OLIVE DRAB COTTON DUCK.—Proposals will be received at the Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., until April 5, for furnishing olive drab cotton duck to be dyed in the piece. About 21,000 yards will be required.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Farson, Son & Co., are offering at 100 and interest yielding 6 per cent. the first mortgage guaranteed 6 per cent. bonds of the Great Eastern Lumber Company of Georgia, maturities 1914 to 1922, and the first and general lien 6s of the Brazier Timber Company of Washington, maturities 1912 to 1917.

Landenburg, Thalmann & Co. are offering the 5 per cent. bonds of the Mortgage-Bond Company of New York, of which the authorized issue is $5,000,000. The company's bonds are free of tax in New York State. They are redeemable at par at the option of the company on and after Jan. 1, 1922, but otherwise do not mature until Jan. 1, 1932. The company is now paying 6 per cent. dividends on its capital stock of $2,000,000 and has a surplus of $400,000.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES—Continued

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.	$300,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	190	200
America	1,500,000	14	S	Jan. 2, 12	610	620
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 11	243	247
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	135	140
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Feb. 1, 12	400	415
Bronx Borough	150,000	10	S	Jan. 1, 12	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	800,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	130	140
Century	500,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	225	240
Chase National	5,000,000	5	Q	Jan. 2, 12	635	..
Chat.-Phen.Nat.	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	188	193
Chelsea Exch.	200,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	185	200
Chemical Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Mar 1, 12	440	450
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	170	..
City (National)	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 11	428	430
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	157	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 12	450	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	Jan. 2, 12	330	345
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 12	206	208
Corn Exchange	5,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 12	310	315
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	115	125
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 11	165	175
Fifth Avenue	100,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 12	4500	..
Fifth National	250,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	300	350
First National	10,000,000	7	Q	Apr. 1, 12	1000	1010
Fourth Nat.	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	200	205
Gal'tinNat.($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Apr. 6, 12	340	350
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	8	Q	Dec 30, 11	285	290
Ger.-Am. ($75)	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 12	140	145
German Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 12	425	475
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Oct 21, 11	525	535
Gotham Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	158	165
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	245	255
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 2, 12	640	655
Harriman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	295	310
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 2, 12	565	575
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct 10, 07	80	88
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 12	235	240
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	‡10	Q	Jan. 2, 12	590	605
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 12	380	398
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	7	S	Jan. 2, 12	340	350
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	252	258
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	Feb 13, 12	263	267
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	150	155
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 2, 12	180	190
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	160	170
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 12	375	385
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 12	196	200
Mount Morris	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 12	250	260
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 2, 12	275	295
Nat. Nassau	500,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 12	310	325
Nat. Reserve	1,200,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	90	92
[illegible]Netherland	200,000	2½	S	Oct. 2, 11	210	225
[illegible] (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 2, 12	325	335
[illegible]unty Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 2, 12	850	875
[illegible]Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Oct 16, 11	172	176
[illegible]c ($50)	500,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 12	260	270
[illegible] National	5,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 2, 12	368	373
[illegible]le's ($25)	200,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 12	240	260
[illegible]board Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	415	450
[illegible]ond Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	395	425
[illegible]curity	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 12	140	150
[illegible]herman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 12	..	265
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 11	170	185
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 30, 11	168	170
Wash. Heights	100,000	2	Q	Sep 30, 11	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 2, 12	600	650
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 11	575	610

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cities Co.	$20,000,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	32½	33
Do preferred	18,000,000	..	..	....	81½	82
Auburn 1st 5s	300,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	..
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938	750,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	100
Buffalo Gas	7,000,000	..	..	....	2⅜	4
Buff. Gas pf.	1,113,000	..	..	....	..	20
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	60	61
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103	103½
Cities Service	4,887,020	½	M	Mar. 1, 12	89½	90
Do preferred	8,661,240	½	M	Mar. 1, 12	83¾	84¼
Colum. G. & F.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Mar. 1, 12	29	31
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¼	Q	Feb. 1, 12	[illegible]	71¾
[illegible] Subs. 1st 5s of '32	1,500,000	5	S	J. & J.	95	..
[illegible] G. of N.J. 1st con. [illegible]	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Cons. Water Co. of Utica 1st mtg. 5s of '30	V	V	V	V	101	103
Do deb. mtg. 5s of '30	V	V	V	V	86	..
Dayton Gas 5s	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	..
Denver G. & E.	2,500,000	¼	M	Feb. 1, 12	220	..
Do pr. l. 6s,'18	V	V	V	V	100	101
Do gen. 5s	5,691,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95¼	96¼
Det. City G. pr. lien 5s of '23	5,619,000	5	S	J. & J.	100⅝	..
E. Ohio G. 1st 5s	14,500,000	5	S	J. & J.	99½	101
Elmira Wat., L. & R.R. con. 5s	V	V	V	V	91	95
Gd. Rap. G.L.5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	101
Houston G.5s,'20	888,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	..
Hud. Co. Gas	10,500,000	4	Q	Dec. 1, 11	140	142
Do 1st 5s	10,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	105⅛	105½
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	1	S	Apr. 1, 12	38	45
Do 1st 4s, '58	3,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	72½	74
Ind'apolis ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	18	20
Do 1st 5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	70	80
J'ksonville5s,'37	1,200,000	1¼	Q	Mar, 1912	93½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	9	9½
Do 1st 6s, '16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	99	100
Do 2d 6s, '18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	68	72
Kings Co. Ltg. 1st ref. 5s	1,803,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	36	38
Do 5s, '41	V	V	V	V	78	80
Mich. Lt. pf.	2,144,000	6	Q	J,A,J,O	97	99
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27	7,932,000	2	SA	M. & N.	89½	90½
Minneap. Gas 5s	V	V	V	V	100	100⅜
Mohawk Val. Co	V	V	V	V	100¼	101¼
Nashville Gas	1,380,000	1	Q	V	92	95
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	103½
N. Y. & E. R. con. 5s, 1945	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. 1st 5s	816,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	102
Nor. Union Gas 5s of '27	V	V	V	V	101	103
Ogden 5s, '45	6,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	96	..
Okla. G. & El. 5s, '29	2,375,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	99
Omaha Gas 6s	V	V	V	V	101½	..
Pacific G. & E.	28,908,750	1¼	..	Apr 15, 12	67	67½
Do deb. 6s,'37	....	..	..	....	100¼	..
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Feb 15, 12	91	92
Portl'd G.& C.5s	3,401,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	101
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944	3,439,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98¼	99
San Ant. Water 5s of '33	V	V	S	F. & A.	88	91
Do con. 6s,'18	V	V	V	V	105½	..
Scran. G. & W. 1st 5s, '23	V	V	V	V	103	103½
Do deb 5s, '35	V	V	V	V	102	102½
Do deb 5s, '39	V	V	V	V	102	102
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	134	135½
Do 1st 5s, '53	12,378,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99¼	100
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103¼	104
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	2	S	Dec 30, 11	60	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	3	S	Dec 30, 11	95	..
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104½	106
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	..
Syrac. L. & P. col. tr. 5s, g., '54	5,506,490	2½	S	J. & J.	85	87
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101⅜	101½
U. S. Worst. pf	1,211,800	7	V	V	82	87½
Unit. Gas Imp.	V	2	Q	Apr 15, 12	88¼	88½
Washington G., ($20)	2,600,000	V	V	V	85⅝	..
Do 5s, 1960	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	110⅞	110⅜
West. N.Y.Wat.	5,000,000	V	V	V	..	6
Wilkesbarre G. & E. 1st 5s,'55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	103

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety	$2,500,000	3	Q	V	290	295
City of N. Y.	500,000	2½	Q	V	150	180
Commonwealth	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 12	325	..
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 18, 12	1000	1015
Empire City	400,000	5	S	Jan 22, 12	180	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	460	500
Fidelity-Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jan 18, 12	320	325
Germ. Alliance	400,000	7½	S	Jan 15, 12	285	295
Germ. Amer.	2,000,000	15	S	Jan 15, 12	535	545
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	Jan 30, 12	300	310
Germania Life	200,000	3½	S	V	210	225
Glens Falls($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1700	..
Globe&Rutgers	400,000	10	Q	V	500	..
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 12	200	210
Home Fire	3,000,000	17½	S	Jan. 1, 12	705	715
Home Life	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	V	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	150	170
Nassau ($50)	200,000	5	Q	Jan. 2, 12	145	155
National Surety	1,500,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	217	224
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 11, 11	1035	1055
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	‡15	S	Jan. 4, 12	315	325
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	V	150	160
Pacific ($25)	200,000	‡7	S	Jan 10, 12	175	..
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	10	A	V	450	500
Stuyv'snt($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($20)	400,000	6	A	V	80	..
U. S. Casualty	500,000	2½	Q	V	210	..
U. S. Life	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
W'sb'g City($50)	250,000	10	S	V	375	400

TELEPHONE COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Un. Telph. (H's'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	20	25
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	8,595,200	..	..	....	12½	14
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31	2,292,500	2½	S	A. & O.	80	85
Cumb. T. & T.	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 4, 11	159½	..
Do 1st 5s, '37	....	..	..	....	100¾	101½
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87	87¾
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 12	70½	71½
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 12	64½	66
Kan.C.HomeTel	3,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	109	111
Do 5s, '23	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91½	91¾
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25	1,199,500	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	89	89
Kinloch Tel.(St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	106¾	107¾
Mountain States Tel. Co.	21,727,382	6	V	Jan 15, 12	109¼	110¼
Mich. State Tel. 5s of '24	....	..	..	....	100⅞	101⅛
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	13,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 5, 06	58	60
N. Eng. T. & T. deb. 5s, '15	500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100¼	101¼
Do deb. 4s,'30	1,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	91	91
Do deb. 5s,'19	500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101½	102½
Twin C. Tel. 5s	V	V	V	V	92	96
U.S. Tel. (Clev) 1st 5s	....	..	..	....	..	81
West. T. & T. col. tr. 5s, '37	V	V	V	V	100	..
Do 5s of '32	....	..	..	....	100⅛	100¼

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Mar. 30, 1912. Bid.	Asked.
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock	900,000	V	S	V	23	30
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	V	150	180
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	161	165
Cen. C't'n stk., 1st 6s of '22	V	V	V	V	90	100
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	10	15
C. Isl. & B. stk.	2,983,000	2	Q	Feb., 1907	75	85
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	130	150
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	330	370
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	12½	N	V	295	325
Hud. Tunnels: Hud. & Man.	39,994,890	..	..	....	19	19½
Do preferred	....	..	..	....	25	28
Do 4½s of '57	66,000,000	2½	S	F. & A.	77	78
Do notes, '13	V	V	V	V	99¾	100
Hud. Co. pf.	....	..	..	....	64	66
Met. St. Ry.	52,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 07	..	..
Ninth Avenue	800,000	2	Q	V	150	..
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 00	7	10
2d Av. Ry. 1st con. 5s, '48	V	5	A	V	45	..
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	..	150
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, '96	V	5	A	V	19	23
34th St. Cross-town 1st 5s,'96	....	..	..	....	96	100

DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY

26 BROAD STREET

COUPONS DUE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER APR. 1, 1912

Birmingham Ry., Light & Power Co. 4½s
Carter Coal & Iron Co. 1st 5s
Central R'way Co. of Peoria 1st Mtge. 5s
Citizens Gas & Fuel Co. of Terre Haute 1st Mtge. 5s
Clinton Iron and Steel Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Col. Springs Light & Power Co. 1st 5s
Columbia University Club 2d Mtge. 4s
Columbus, London & Springfield Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Consolidated Light & Power Co. of Whitehall 1st 5s
Erie Electric Motor Co. 1st Ref. Skg. Fund Gold Bonds 5s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. Cons. 6s
Fulton Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Imperial Electric Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
International Nickel Co. 30 Year S. F. 5s
Kansas City Southern Railway Co. 1st 3s
Lincoln Heat, Light & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
National Fire Proofing Co. 1st 5% Gold Notes
New London Gas & Elec. Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
New London Gas & Elec. Co. 2nd Mtge. 5s
New York & Stamford Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Otis Elevator Co. Conv. Gold Deb. 5s
Peekskill Ltg. & R. R. Co. 1st Mtg. 5s
Pine Bluff Natural Gas Co. 20 year 1st Gold 6s
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R. Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
Raleigh & Southport Railway Co. General 6s
Santa Fe Water & Light Co. 1st Mtge. Prior Lien 5s
Santa Fe Water & Light Co. 1st Cons. Mtge. 4s
Spring Brook Water Supply Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Standard Screw Co. Gold Deb. 5s
Tanana Valley Railroad Co. 3 Year Coll. Trust Notes 8s
Tomkins Cove Stone Co. 1st 6s
The Tri-City Railway & Light Co. 5% Coll. Trust 1st Lien
Water, Light & Gas Co. of New Jersey Cons. & Ref. 5s
Water & Light Company of Nebraska City 1st 3s (reduced from 6s)
Western New York & Pennsylvania Ry. Co. General Mtge. 4s
Youngstown & Southern Ry. Co. 1st 5s

DUE APRIL 15TH, 1912.

Dedham & Hyde Park Gas & Electric Light Co. 1st 5s

DUE APRIL 20TH, 1912.

Colorado Springs Electric Co. 1st 5s

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co.

New York, March 28, 1912.

A dividend of two and one-half (2½) per cent. was this day declared on the stock of this Company, payable April 20th, 1912, to Stockholders of record at the close of business April 3d, 1912. ARTHUR D. CHAMBERS, Secretary and Treasurer.

The Gallatin National Bank of the City of New York.

The 159th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend.

New York, March 27, 1912.

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of SEVEN PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after April 6th, proximo, to stockholders of record April 1st. GEORGE E. LEWIS, Cashier.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.

59 CEDAR STREET
NEW YORK

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE ON AND AFTER

APRIL 1ST, 1912.

Cleveland & Mahoning Valley Ry. Co. Reg'd 5s.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Co. Gen. Mtge. 4½s.
Franklin, Indiana.
Lawrenceburg, Indiana, Refunding 4½s.
Marion County, Indiana.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 7s, Series D.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 2nd Mtge. 7s, Series K.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 3d Mtge. Income 7s reg., int.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. Spl. Gr. Stk. Quarterly div. 1¾%.
Portsmouth, Ohio, Street Improvement. Bonds.

APRIL 2ND, 1912.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago, Ry. Co. Reg. Gtd. Stk. Quarterly Div. 1¾%.

APRIL 3RD, 1912.

Greenfield, Indiana, 5s.

APRIL 7TH, 1912.

Portsmouth, Ohio, Street Improvement 5s.

APRIL 15TH, 1912.

Pulaski County, Indiana, Funding 5s.

APRIL 18TH, 1912.

Greenfield, Indiana.

APRIL 20TH, 1912.

Portsmouth, Ohio, Street Improvement.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO.

No. 165 Broadway, New York, March 22, 1912.

The Board of Directors of Virginia Railway and Power Company has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of One Per Cent., equal to one dollar per share on the COMMON STOCK of said Company, payable on April 20th, 1912, to the Common Stockholedrs of record on April 6th, 1912. The transfer books will not be closed. Dividend cheques will be mailed. GUY PHILLIPS, Treasurer.

The Hanover National Bank of the City of New York.

New York, March 22, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after April 1st, 1912. The transfer books will remain closed until that date. ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York.

Coupons due April 1st, 1912, from the 4% Gold Mortgage Bonds, Series 2, of this Company, will be paid on or after that date upon presentation at the office of Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., 25 Broad Street, New York City.

M. C. COGGESHALL, Treasurer.

New York, March 30, 1912.

Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company

Empire Building, 71 Broadway

New York, March 26th, 1912.

GENERAL MORTGAGE

In accordance with the terms of the General Mortgage of this Company, the following five hundred and twenty-seven (527) bonds have this day been drawn for the Sinking Fund, viz.:

29 105 113 132 140 158 159 7722 7745 7753 7780 7845 7847 7904 7965 8011 8017 8025 8028 8034 8080 8111 8122 8151 8183 8192 8206 8208 8213 8219 8243 8258 8274 8292 8379 8380 8403 8439 8472 8526 8561 8675 8777 8907 8924 8941 8956 8976 8980 9008 9020 9035 9059 9090 9132 9183 9201 9279 9311 9321 9328 9378 9379 9462 9501 9506 9507 9512 9516 9546 9569 9612 9626 9634 9645 9654

9661 9670 9717 9728 9743 9791 9822 9827 9861 9873 9881 9889 9896 9919 9929 10082 10133 10203 10206 10237 10279 10286 10332 10349 10355 10376 10378 10433 10438 10487 10498 10531 10551 10566 10616 10634 10635 10647 10664 10705 10771 10800 10815 10832 10835 10850 10858 10860 10879 10924 10934 10980 10994 11003 11055 11068 11107 11123 11227 11247 11275 11292 11294 11320 11337 11343 11349 11368 11400 11449 11511 11525 11576 11579 11581 11591

11626 11634 11648 11673 11730 11767 11781 11800 11810 11834 11900 11929 11944 11959 11973 11985 11986 11987 11995 12054 12057 12079 12080 12083 12086 12101 12103 12139 12141 12181 12182 12251 12257 12262 12301 12303 12316 12329 12358 12406 12409 12433 12469 12472 12475 12481 12504 12517 12518 12568 12592 12594 12608 12620 12666 12668 12678 12740 12765 12778 12785 12794 12820 12836 12888 12892 12911 12947 13024 13027 13056 13058 13101 13152 13162 13163

13192 13222 13244 13269 13293 13356 13385 13393 13424 13446 13448 13463 13492 13505 13510 13511 13518 13526 13547 13577 13588 13590 13601 13609 13613 13694 13711 13742 13770 13776 13783 13798 13839 13847 13921 13931 13951 13978 14013 14055 14065 14073 14104 14124 14155 14168 14191 14202 14228 14242 14248 14257 14262 14264 14317 14352 14356 14378 14391 14394 14411 14474 14526 14585 14654 14665 14681 14702 14765 14779 14787 14804 14848 14874 14877 14921

14928 14929 14948 14995 15014 15019 15024 15096 15113 15129 15152 15176 15230 15274 15325 15403 15414 15465 15468 15471 15503 15509 15527 15530 15551 15563 15635 15656 15665 15678 15679 15693 15698 15710 15760 15776 15788 15798 15824 15864 15886 15891 15931 15956 15978 16009 16023 16036 16071 16101 16107 16121 16125 16160 16170 16201 16210 16226 16256 16319 16323 16439 16443 16459 16461 16484 16517 16560 16569 16598 16647 16656 16679 16700 16715

16717 16739 16790 16794 16865 16870 16901 16910 16960 17014 17080 17090 17095 17102 17144 17171 17177 17212 17223 17229 17230 17236 17244 17265 17280 17293 17317 17336 17358 17371 17389 17395 17401 17404 17410 17451 17466 17568 17588 17677 17682 17729 17740 17758 17778 17827 17847 17854 17890 17931 17944 18004 18006 18026 18030 18042 18051 18092 18104 18131 18162 18165 18175 18184 18231 18252 18262 18267 18273 18314 18325 18327 18336 18354 18358 18458

18466 18487 18500 18515 18546 18549 18558 18587 18602 18622 18689 18690 18737 18741 18746 18747 18749 18754 18757 18791 18826 18849 18861 18887 18905 18932 18956 18961 18971 18976 18982 19006 19044 19060 19061 19103 19120 19166 19173 19182 19216 19256 19259 19277 19314 19340 19413 19420 19437 19447 19468 19481 19503 19516 19530 19538 19557 19651 19674 19701 19702 19719 19727 19770 19792 19808 19827 19870 19911 19987 19999

The interest on the same will cease June 1st, 1912, and the principal of the bonds, plus ten per cent. premium, will be redeemed at this office on and after that date.

E. L. SMITHERS, Assistant Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

Coupons Maturing April 1, 1912, Payable at the Office of

Harris, Forbes & Co

Successors to
N. W. Harris & Co
New York
Pine Street, Corner William, New York
Also Payable at the Offices of our
Chicago Correspondent: Harris Trust and Savings Bank
Boston Correspondent: N. W. Harris & Co. (Inc.)

First

Ada, Minn., Independent School District, School Building
Anderson County, Tennessee, Road
Auburn & Syracuse Electric R.R. Co., First & Refdg. Mtge. Gold
Bay County, Michigan, Third St. Bridge Refunding
Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway Company, Equipment
Charlotte, Michigan, Sewer
Chehalis County, Washington, School District No. 29
Chickasha, Oklahoma, Sewer
Chickasha, Oklahoma, Water Wks.
Coos County, Oregon, School District No. 41
Dayton, Iowa, Water Works
Des Moines, Iowa, City Railway Co. Refunding Mortgage Gold
Dominion Power & Transmission Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario
Fayette, Mo., Water Works 4 1-2s
Fort Dodge, Iowa, Refunding
Galesburg, Illinois, Electric Light Works
Greenville, Tenn., Sch'l Series "A"
Inter-Urban Railway Co., Des Moines, Iowa, First Mtge. Gold
Independence, Iowa, School District
Jerseyville, Illinois, Refunding
King County, Washington, School District No. 50
Knoxville, Tenn., Market Sch'l Hse.
Knoxville, Tenn., Public Imp't
Knoxville, Tennessee, Viaduct
Menominee, Michigan, Refunding
Monmouth, Illinois, Refunding
Monmouth, Illinois, Water Works, Refunding
Mount Airy, N. C., Water Works, Electric Light & Street Imp't.
Murfreesboro, Tenn., School Dist.
New Kensington, Penna., School District
New Whatcom, Washington, Municipal, Gold
Odessa, Missouri, Electric Light 5s
Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., First Mortgage Gold
Rock Island, Illinois, Board of Education, School District, Refdg.

First (Continued)

Rutherford County, Tennessee, School District
Seattle Lighting Company, Seattle, Wash., Refunding Mortgage
Shelby County, Tennessee, Court House (Furnishing & Fitting)
South Bend & Southern Michigan Railway Co., First Mtge. Gold
Springfield, Vermont, Water Works, First Series
Vancouver, Washington, Funding
Walla Walla, Washington, School District No. 1, Refunding
West Plain, Missouri, Water Works & Electric Light
Wilkes-Barre, Penna., School Dist.
Wilmington, North Carolina, Water & Sewerage
York, Nebraska, School District No. 12, Refunding

Second

Fergus Falls, Minnesota, Independent School Dist. Refdg. 4 1-2s
Poplar Bluff, Missouri, Refunding

Sixth

Henry, Illinois, Water Works

Eighth

Mitchell, South Dakota, Independent School District Refunding

Tenth

Fayette, Missouri, Water Works
Morgan County, Ga., Court House

Fifteenth

Burleigh County, North Dakota, Refunding
Carroll, Iowa, Independent School District, School Funding
Chippewa County, Michigan, Refdg.
Islip, New York, Union Free School District No. 1
Pana, Illinois, High School Building 5s
Warsaw, Illinois, Water Works
Winnsboro, South Carolina, Electric Light & Improvement
Woodlawn Township, North Dakota, Refunding

April Investments

We own and offer over 200 different issues of carefully selected municipal, railroad and public service corporation bonds which we recommend for conservative investment at prices to yield

3¾% to over 5¼%

Write for circular offerings and Booklet TS for investors

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A. B. LEACH & CO.,

149 BROADWAY, N. Y.

APRIL 1ST, 1912.

Bellaire, Ohio, Water Works and Water Works Refunding.
Bessemer, Mich., Sch. Bldg.
Bloomington, Ill., School.
Bloomington, Ill., Improvement.
Douglas, Wyo., Water.
Jonesboro, Ind., School.
Knoxville Gas Co., 1st Mortgage.
Lancaster, N. Y., Sewer.
La Salle, Ill.
Linn County, Iowa, Funding.
Madison, Wis., Refunding.
Martin County, Minn., Ditch.
Menominee County, Mich.
Midland Park, N. J., St. Imp.
Muncie, Ind., School.
Norwalk, Conn., Funding.
Racine, Wis.
Red Lake Co., Minn., Ditch.
Red Lodge, Mont., Sewer.
Somerset Co., Md., Funding.
Spokane, Wash., Water.
Spokane, Wash., Municipal.
Sumter Co., Ala., Road.
Trenton, Tenn., Graveling.
Wausau, Wis.

APRIL 2ND.

Raton, N. Mex.
Warren Co., Ky.

APRIL 9TH.

Veedersburg, Ind., Funding.

APRIL 10TH.

Joliet, Ill., Refunding.

SPECIAL NOTICE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

A Semi-Annual Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Preferred Stock and a Quarterly Dividend of $2.50 per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared payable at the Treasurer's office, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on April 1, 1912, to stockholders of record at 12:00 Noon, Saturday, March 2, 1912. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of these dividends.

All orders for mailing dividend cheques were destroyed by fire on the 9th ultimo, though all of the Company's stock transfer books were saved.

Stockholders are requested to apply to the undersigned for blank order forms and return them as promptly as possible, properly filled in, dated and signed, in conformity with the instructions printed thereon. Stockholders temporarily abroad can obtain dividend order forms from Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co., Ltd., of London. Cheques for dividends will not be mailed without proper written instructions by letter or on the Company's forms.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.

New York, N. Y., Feb. 8, 1912.

ANGLO AMERICAN OIL COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the Directors of the above-named Company have resolved to pay on and after the fifteenth day of April next, an interim dividend of two shillings per share free of British Income Tax. The same will be paid on and after the above-named date by the National Provincial Bank of England, Limited, at its head office in Bishops Gate, in the City of London, or at any of its branches, or by the **Guaranty Trust Company of New York,** 28 Nassau Street, New York City. Coupons paid in the United States will be at the equivalent in United States currency of 486 2-3 per pound to all holders of share warrants to bearer issued by the Company in exchange for coupons numbered one attached to such share warrants.

Dated the 27th day of March, 1912.

T. H. HAWKS, Secretary,
36 and 38 Queen Anne Gate,
Westminster, London, S. W.

The Kansas City Southern Railway Company.

No. 25 Broad Street, New York, March 16, 1912.

A quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable April 15, 1912, to stockholders of record at 12:00 o'clock noon, March 30, 1912.

Checks for the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished to the Transfer Office.

G. C. HAND, Secretary.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TR
COMPANY
16, 18, 20 and 22 William Street, New York
COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS DUE
APRIL ARE PAYABLE AT THIS
FICE ON AND AFTER APRIL
1912, AS FOLLOWS:
Bellaire, Bridgeport & Martin's F
Street Railway Company
California-Idaho Company
Cayadutta Electric Railroad Company
Commercial Cable Company
Connellsville Water Company 5%
Elmira Water Works Company
Housatonic Power Co., notes 4½%
Jefferson City (Missouri) Water W
Company
Lackawanna Steel Company
Menomonie Water Works Company
Merchants' Coal Company of Penn
vania
Mobile & Ohio Railroad Company,
tension Mortgage
Mobile & Ohio Railroad Company, Eq
ment Agreement, Series B
Muncie Water Works Company
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago &
Louis Railway Company. 4½ Per C
Series "A" and "B"
St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Term
Railway Company
St. Paul City Railway Company
St. Joseph Water Company
Senado Sugar Company
United Water and Light Company 6
Cent. Notes
United Water and Light Company 6
Cent. Notes of April, 1910
Victoria (Texas) City of

DIVIDENDS
April 1st, 1912

Twin City Rapid Transit Company,
Preferred Stock
Twin City Rapid Transit Company,
Common Stock
Duluth-Superior Traction Company,
Preferred Stock
Duluth-Superior Traction Company,
Common Stock
F. W. Woolworth Co., on Prefer
Stock

25th

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago &
Louis Railway, Common
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago &
Louis Railway, Preferred

UNITED STATES BREWING COMPA
FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT.
GOLD DEBENTURES.
The undersigned, Trustees under the Mo
gage or Deed of Trust given to secure c
tain First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold D
bentures, issued by the United States Bre
ing Company under a Mortgage or Deed
Trust dated August 1, 1908, hereby gi
notice that they will receive at the off
of the Bankers Trust Company, in the Bo
ough of Manhattan, City of New York,
or before the 29th day of April, 1912, seal
offerings to sell on July 1, 1912, at t
lowest price at which the same shall
tendered (not exceeding 105% of the p
value thereof and the then accrued
terest,) FIRST MORTGAGE SIX P
CENT. GOLD DEBENTURES, pursuant
the provisions of Article XII. of said Mo
gage or Deed of Trust, in an amount suf
cient to exhaust the sum of Fifty-eig
thousand four hundred seventy-seven d
lars and seventy-seven cents ($58,477.77),
which Fifty-three thousand seven hundr
dollars ($53,700) is to be paid to the Ame
can Trustee, as provided in the Mortg
above mentioned. Said offerings must
made in sealed envelopes, and should sta
the face value of Debentures offered
sale, and the price thereof, together wi
the Post Office address of parties mak
such offer, designating the Debentures
their number, and also electing where t
same shall be payable, either at the off
of the Bankers Trust Company, Borou
of Manhattan, City of New York, or at t
office or agency of the United States D
benture Corporation, Limited, Old Bro
Street, London.
Such holders of Debentures as may
notified of the acceptance of their of
must be prepared to deliver same, for pa
ment, on the 1st day of July, 1912, at t
price contained in their offer, the rig
however, being reserved by the Trustees
reject any and all proposals in whole or
part.
Dated April 1st, 1912.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
as Trustee,
New York City, N. Y.
UNITED STATES DEBENTUR
CORPORATION, LIMITED,
as Trustee,
London, England.

National Railroad Company of Mexico.

The Coupons due April 1, 1912, from t
First Consolidated Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds
this Company will be paid on and after th
date on presentation at the office of the Co
pany,

No. 25 Broad St., New York City.

F. M. SOUTHER, Assistant Treasurer.
March 29, 1912.

Ferrocarriles Nacionales De Mexico
(National Railways of Mexico.)

The Coupons due April 1, 1912, from th
Guaranteed General Mortgage 4% Gold Bon
of this Company will be paid on and after th
date on presentation at the office of the Com
pany,

No. 25 Broad St., New York City.

F. M. SOUTHER, Assistant Treasurer.
March 15, 1912.

Tampa & Jacksonville Railway Co.

First Mortgage 5% Bonds.

The coupons due April 1st, 1912, on the above bonds are payable at the office of the undersigned.

THE STANDARD TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK,
25 Broad Street, New York City.

WHEAT ADVANCES [illegible]KLY CHECKED

Big Stocks at Chicago Outweigh Foreign Demand and Poor Grade of Argentine Yield.

COARSE GRAINS STILL SOAR

Cotton Belt Rains Delay Plantation Work—Provisions Up on Packers' Verdict and High Feeding Cost.

WHEAT.

The situation in the wheat market at the end of the week was somewhat puzzling. During the week there was a quite persistent effort made to advance prices and the developments were encouraging for the bulls. The news was indicative of better demand abroad and the position at home also seemed to gain in underlying strength. The foreign markets were conspicuously strong, leading the advance, and there were further good sales of red wheat for the Continent and an active demand for Manitoba wheat. On Saturday the price of red Winter wheat in Antwerp advanced to $1.18¼ per bushel. This advance was believed to be due to the scarcity of spot supplies of good dry wheat and the anxiety of sellers to cover their commitments.

The first arrivals of the Argentine wheat have not been of good quality and the offerings of native wheat appear to have been somewhat reduced. The European visible supply does not, however, reflect any material change in the supply condition. The supply has been relatively smaller than last year for months without apparently creating any uneasiness until now. There seems to have arisen, however, anxiety to buy wheat to fill in between the arrivals of the Argentine wheat and the opening of navigation in American which will permit the forwarding of Manitoba wheat. The shipments from India are expected to increase very shortly, however, as the crop year in India is scheduled from April 1 and the harvest has been a good one.

This condition of affairs seems to promise an increased amount of wheat from India, arriving within a month or six weeks on the other side rather free. Arrivals of Argentine wheat and in about six weeks considerable arrivals of Manitoba wheat, steadily increasing after the opening of navigation. This leaves a period of a month to six weeks which has apparently been causing uneasiness abroad as to the supply.

The seaboard markets have been stimulated by the export demand, which has been the best of the season, and the spread between the seaboard and the interior has widened. On the other hand, the big stock of wheat at Chicago has apparently been a weight on the market, so that on every advance there has been wheat for sale at the advance. On the rise in the early part of the month a lot of wheat was evidently put on the market, bringing a break of about 5 cents a bushel. Two-thirds of this loss was recovered, but notwithstanding excited and strong feeding grain markets, strong cables, good export business, and complaints of damage to the soft Winter wheat crop, there seemed to be an unlimited quantity of Chicago May wheat for sale resulting in a weak, irregular market at the close of the week.

With only three months left of the old crop year, there is naturally some casting around for a demand which will absorb the American visible supply rapidly enough to reduce it to normal proportions at the end of the crop year. The visible supply is decreasing, but notwithstanding the fact that the country supplies are estimated at 40,000,000 bushels less than last year, the deliveries by the country are as large or larger than a year ago.

The new Winter wheat crop is still a problem. There has been little or no growing weather, and while there have been some complaints from the sections east of the Mississippi it is impossible to tell whether these complaints represent new damage or simply a repetition of the known damage reported by the Government in its December report. The conditions in the Southwest are reported high. The weather has been milder during the week and a great deal of the snow covering has disappeared all over the country, but it will be another week before it can be told with reasonable certainty whether the crop is developing in satisfactory condition or not.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN—The corn market has advanced to new high levels for the season and on Saturday was at the extreme quotations. The advance has been due to aggressive domestic demand for speculative account and also for cash corn. The continued unfavorable weather has meant further feeding operations and further delay in the development of spring crops, so that the trade has apparently become convinced of the probable urgency of home demand for some time to come. Eastern consumers have bought corn freely and there has been no development in the market for competing feed stuffs to influence the situation. Oats have advanced to new high levels; hay is also at the highest of the year, and mill feeds continue strong and in good demand. Recently there has been an advance in live hogs at the West to a point where there is a much more favorable condition for feeding than there has been at any time this year.

There has been an absence of export demand but this is not regarded as important owing to the urgency of the domestic demand. The preliminary estimate of the Argentine corn crop was received last week and the figures were placed at 272,000,000 bushels compared with an outturn last year of only 27,675,000 bushels. The exports for the year to date, being 11 months of the Argentine crop year, have been only 256,000 bushels. The previous year the exports were 104,000,000 bushels from a corn crop which amounted to 175,000,000 bushels. Estimates of the export surplus this year range from 165,000,000 bushels up to 200,000,000 bushels. This corn will begin to arrive in Europe probably around the first of June in volume and will supply the foreign demand.

OATS—The oats market has also been strong, selling at record prices for the year. This has been due partly to the strength in corn, but also to the very unfavorable weather conditions. With the end of March it is generally recognized that in the leading oats States there has been no Spring work of any amount done and very little seeding. It was not until the middle of last week that the snow covering disappeared, leaving the ground in a thoroughly saturated state. The weather has been so wet that in some sections it is claimed the area will be considerably affected. If, however, the weather conditions are very favorable in the next two weeks, a great deal can be accomplished. With the first of April at hand, however, it is almost a necessity to sow a full acreage of oats and that the weather be of the best for Spring work during the present month. The ground is so thoroughly saturated that there will be no trouble in this respect, and on account of the immense amount of moisture in the ground the conditions are of the best for the developments of the Spring pastures and the grass and hay crop of the country if weather conditions are reasonable from now on.

PROVISIONS.

The provision market has been strong and active, advancing to the highest prices of the season for both hogs and product. The trading has been of a broad speculative character, the market being influenced by aggressive buying for commission house account, good demand for product and a rapidly advancing market for live hogs. The advance in hog prices has carried the average up to about 7¾c per pound, or a little above a parity with the price of corn as a cost item in the finishing of hogs, and there is a little profit in feeding operations for the first time this year. The advance in the market has been going on for some time, as the trade has become convinced that the supplies of hogs for the balance of the Spring and the Summer were likely to be small compared with the enormous movement of last year. The packing operations for the past week at Western points were 85,000 hogs less than a year ago, and the total for the four weeks in March of about 1,000,000 hogs was just about the same as last year. With the high price of food stuffs as one factor and very cold and unfavorable wet weather as another, the Spring supply of pigs is claimed to be a moderate one, giving promise of not large supplies of hogs for the late Summer and Fall. A factor of considerable speculative importance was the final results in the suit against the packers. The verdict of "not guilty" seemed to be the basis for quite active speculative buying and stimulated the advance.

COTTONSEED OIL.

Prosaic trading was witnessed during the early part of the week, but toward the close there was a renewal of activity in the market on an advancing scale of prices. Sharp advances occurred, resulting in new high levels. Paramount in the influence was the impressive strength of the lard market, and while for a time this failed to exert much effect, except possibly sentimentally, the action of the market recently made it obvious that this feature was not being ignored entirely irrespective of the intrinsic merits of lard values. An improvement in the consumptive demand for cottonseed oil was generally claimed, although advices are still conflicting. It is generally conceded that the inquiry from compound lard sources has assumed larger proportions, which would be quite natural with the resiliency noted in pure lard. The foreign demand for cottonseed oil is routine and chiefly for the better descriptions, according to most advices, but undoubtedly the developments of recent date will prove stimulating. It is maintained by some authorities that the soap trade has been buying futures in the local oil market, hedging their distant requirements, but in other quarters assertions are that buying by soap manufacturing concerns is limited to small quantities. The opinion was expressed that, were the grease markets somewhat firmer, buying by soap interests of other ingredients used for manufacturing purposes would be larger, but aside from this it is apparent that the edible demand for cottonseed oil has been sufficient to result in the spot situation exhibiting a firm undertone. Tenders locally during March were heavy, and so far in April have been fair, but leading refiners still seem quite willing to absorb this oil. The crude situation is evidently in a healthy position, and although there was a decided tendency noticeable for offerings to increase around the 35c level, the surplus appeared to have been absorbed during the latter part of the week with much higher prices paid. The excessive refining losses reported from time to time has unquestionably modified the views of many concerning the probable surplus this season, while the late start of the cotton crop is reflected in the stability and prevailing levels of prices for new crop oil.

COTTON.

Price fluctuations during the last week have been confined to a relatively narrow range, but the undertone has been firm. A diminution in speculation has occurred which is quite natural, in view of an absence of tension in the supply and demand situation, while weather developments are being awaited. The aspect of the trade has not been essentially changed, and the high levels of the season for the new crop deliveries were attained on several occasions. Most interests conceded that were it the desire of bull interests the list could have been forced to a still higher plane, but apparently leading holders were not disposed to bring about a substantial upward movement and nearly all advances were effectually checked by the profit taking, commonly credited to the important bulls.

Weather conditions during the week received the most attention, and on the whole were considered somewhat more favorable. There were heavy rains intermittently, however, in many sections of the belt, which further retarded farm operations. Interspersed, there were also clear and seasonal days, but on such occasions the selling pressure in the future market was very limited, and it was obvious that the trade realizes the backwardness of the new crop situation. The assumption is that a consistent period of clear weather with normal temperatures is imperative to partially overcome the lateness of the start, and unless this is actually experienced a further broadening of bullish speculation on an unfavorable handicap to the plant would not be unlikely. On the other hand, should conditions from this time to over the planting season be propitious, many conservative authorities expressed the belief that the pessimism so noticeable in many quarters may easily be dispelled. There has been apprehension shown, due to the swollen streams in the Central West, but many are disinclined to view this situation with alarm, it being thought that the danger of overflows is mitigated with the precautions as of to-day. Floods, at the most, over a comparatively large area would inconvenience farmers in the matter of preparations just that much more, although improper germination of the seed in sections due to abnormally heavy ground moisture was spoken of.

In the meantime, the enormous yield of the past season has gradually been banished from the market as a factor of immediate importance, and it is generally recognized that the distribution of cotton at the lower prices has been active so as to decisively lessen the probabilities of a burdensome carry-over. There is undoubtedly a fair quantity of cotton yet to be marketed, but bulls and bears alike seem more willing to admit that the governing influence in this respect will be the weather conditions for the next crop. Little change of importance has been observed in the spot situation, which still seems featured by its firmness. Spasmodic reports have been received of an improvement in the demand at various points while other sections have seen fit to complain of a decided moderation in the inquiry, but, withal, the actual pressure of cotton is light and surplus offerings appear well absorbed. Prices are well maintained, still above a parity with the local future market; in fact, New York futures are claimed to be the lowest, comparatively, in the world. New Orleans values are higher and the spread between our market and Liverpool is at practically the widest of the season. This is also a factor in speculative circles, and with the prevailing disparities the inclination to sell aggressively is restricted.

Aside from the weather news, little of moment occurred during the week. A great deal of interest however, was manifested in the statement of supplies and distribution of cotton issued from Washington with a moderately bullish construction placed upon the report. Large supplies were to be expected with the phenomenal yield of cotton this last season and the figures of 6,092,000 bales as of March 1st against 4,048,000 bales last year created little comment. Holders of cotton, however, were encouraged by the consumption which was given at 2,623,000 bales to March 1, against 2,402,000 bales last year. The figures are 100,000 bales in excess of 1908-09 when 5,250,000 bales of cotton were consumed. Obviously, the improvement in domestic trade circles was not lost sight of in the analysis of the supply and demand statistics, while bulls also claim that the favorable feature of light stocks has not been eliminated as yet. The report showed that Southern mills held 733,000 bales of cotton against 584,000 last year, but in other sections there were only 809,000 bales held against 942,000 last year.

The prospects of a settlement of the foreign labor difficulties were regarded as more hopeful at the close of the week than at any time since the disturbance developed, with evidence of this feature being slowly obliterated as a market factor. Unless the difficulty is unexpectedly prolonged, conservative interests believe that steady recuperation will be shown in the affected districts, and that the consumption of cotton would not be materially interfered with by the unrest. Encouraging accounts as to the American trade situation are unabated with mills in many instances well sold ahead at remunerative prices, although these optimistic accounts are also intermingled with reports of dissatisfaction in parts of the manufacturing districts, particularly New England expressed by operatives. There has been a gradual readjustment of capital and labor, however, and with the mills generally disposed to grant increased wages, reflecting to a large extent ability, and therefore prosperity, a return to normal conditions is to be anticipated.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. Motions. 1—U S ex rel Rosenbaum v. Williams. 2—Ngan & Kay v. U. S. 3—Butler v. Aurora. 4—Hansen v. The Luckenbach. 5—Luckenbach v. Otta. 6—Kline v. Royal Ins Co. 7—Kline v. London Ins Co. 8—McAllissen v. "Elizabeth. 9—Berwind & White v. Pres Lincoln. 10—In re Jungmann. 11—In re Ennis & Stoppani. 12—Eclipse Co. v. Luzerne. 13—Elzey v. Texas. 14—Scandanavian Line v. The Hoffman. General calendar. 186—Voightmann v. Seeley. 20—Krauth v. Carter Crume Co. 42—Matter of Imperial Film Exchange. 119—U S v. One Violin. 198—Am Diamond Co v. Wood. 190—Ward v. Kahn. 195—Monk v. Cornell Stbt Co. 197—Williams v. Molther. 202—Gilbert v. Watzelhan. 203—Republic Rubber Co v. Morgan & Wright.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. Jury calendar. 103—Glass v. Cent R R of N J. 123—Montolaro v. Dempsey. 108—Hansen v. Penn R R. 97—Vermule v. Reilly. 156—Kmetz v. N Y, N H & H R R. 61—Munroe v. Trenton Oilcloth Co. 117—Dietz v. Beveridge. 48—Rosoff v. Breakwater. 113—Niles v. Ludlow Valve Mfg Co. 132—McKinnon v. Heinze. 185—Smoke v. Penn R R. 300—York Mfg Co v. H Koehler & Co. 295—Joline & Robinson v. Blake. 200—Petition v. French Garter Co. 45—Bishop v. Kranich. 66—Curtis v. Int R T Co. 248—Locker v. Am Tob Co. 67—Curtis v. Int R T Co. 32—Chaloner v. N Y Evening Post. 102—Imperial Film Co v. Gen Film Co. 114—Trenton Whisk Broom Works v. Netter. 115—Ohio Elec Ry v. Norton. 111—Laying v. Frost Finishing Co. 119—Bernier v. Griscom-Spencer Co. 120—Price v. Greenhut & Co. 112—McKinnon v. Alabama Securities Co. 122—Dworjokowski v. Penn R R. 128—Cudlipp v. Old Dominion S S. 104—Soverign Bank v. Stanley. 139—Rodgers & Hagerty v. Detroit Steel Casting Co. 140—Gilbert v. Republic Rubber Co. 141—Evalenko v. Bourtzeff. 142—Stairs v. Moran. 143—Lindsey v. Mex Crude Rubber Co. 145—Galligan v. N Y N H & H R R. 146—Marden v. Dewsnap. 147—Dayton v. Penn R R. 148—Same v. same. 149—Same v. same.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J. Bankruptcy discharges. Fanny Friediand, F Wendel, W E Notman, R Rosenthal, F Moss, C Crutchfield, M Weill, B Wigdorwitz, Homberg & Olms, A R Naething, Ideal Gas & Elec Fix Co, J Levy, M Ginsberg, W W Talbert, Ragozin & Koerner. Under objections. S Falk, M Brozen, Chas T Aldridge. Adjourned cases. Everett L Weston, A N Ehrlich, B Korman, J Scherer, I Scheuer & Sons, A E Picat, Cannon & Krug, E Jeantet. Involuntary case. Petition. Societe Credit Fencier America. Motions. Simmonds & Anchester, Bustanoby Bros, Madrid Co, Goldberg Bros Co, Gaetano Zingales, C C Wilson, E Kumnes, City & Sub Del Co, Levinson & Glickman, H & J Mayer, Green & S F Frzestrzelski, Deschel, Clerkass & U, J Abramovitz, McCarthy Bros, J M Linck, J Malkan, Kushmer & Taft, Herbert Collieries, Seventh Av Waist Co, M Welser, Green & Scholinsky, (2,) M A Barrow, Aronson Bros, M L Mann, G Zingales, B F Moss, F A Canchols, Weyler Gents Fur Co, A L Canfield, F A Canchols, Cons Provision Co, R Asker, S Merritt, A Oneto, Madrid Co, J Noether, Krasnoff Bros, H Weisbaum, Gaetano Zingales, F A Seitz Realty Co, Green & Scholinsky, J Jungman, Aeria Equipt Co, J G Robin, Bankers Realty Co, Ulin Bros.

State.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bischoff, J. Election case: A—Matter of Grenner. Litigated motions: 1—Chesterman v. Brown. 2—Caufal v. Grinby. 3—Matter of Metcalf Ave. 4—Badgley v. De Witt. 5—Romanow v. Romanow. 6—Siede v. Newkirk. 7—Anglo-South American Bank v. Natl City Bk. 8—Keller v. Bedford Boulevard Const Co. 9—Matter of Judge. 10—Blake v. Van Derhoven. 11—Derviux v. Pinnola. 12—Matter of Needham. 13—Robinson v. Crimmins. 14—Same v. same. 15—Model Fireproof Tenement Co v. Fields. 16—Broderick v. Saks Co. 17—McCarthy v. Terry & Tench Co. 18—Sullivan v. Madison Square Garden Co. 19—George Brown & Co v. J C Vreeland Bldg. 20—Same v. same 21—Sugarman v. Broune Shirt Co. 22—Felfer v. Bimberg. 23—People ex rel Elker v. Emergency Laboratories. 24—Hess v. Perry. 25—Montant v. Schnabel. 26—Lennig v. Lennig. 27—Matter of Aitken. 28—Niagara Wood Wk Co v. Hellman. 29—Donohue v. Lawyers Adv Co. 30—Matter of St Lawrence Ave. 31—Gerron v. Bruce. 32—Nass v. Bade. 33—Katz v. Marks. 34—People ex rel Wustlich v. Maxwell. 35—People ex rel Downie v. Board of Education. 36—Doerflinger v. Doerflinger. 37—Kennedy v. Sulzberger & Sons Co. 38—Glatt v. Glatt. 39—City N Y v. Blenk. 40—De Graffenried v. De Graffenried. 41—Geissenhaine v. Kahn. 42—Stokes v. Tintner. 43—Samuels v. Levy. 44—Siegel v. Freedman. 45—Cohen v. Freedman. 46—Miller v. Nichols. 47—Prigozen v. Prigozen. 48—Schuster v. Hagen. 49—Matter of City N Y in re White Plains Ry. 50—Keller v. Keller. 51—Betts v. Brooks. 52—Betts v. St. Vincent's Retreat. 53—Stevens v. Episcopal Church History. 54—Wilson v. Bracken. 55—Connolly Auction Co v. Rae. 56—Kuffer v. Benedict. 57—Dimmick v. Western Union Tel Co. 58—Dimmick v. Southern Pacific Co. 59—Goldsmith v. Levinson. 60—Mutual Life Ins Co v. Fisher. 61—Stiebel v. Crosberg. 62—Horner v. Maryland Casualty Co. 63—McFadden v. Joline. 64—Rosenblatt v. Phillips. 65—Matter of Hurtig & Seamon. 66—Brady v. Grinsburg. 67—Campbell v. Star Co. 68—Carland v. Cohn. 69—Mechanics Nat Bank v. Lippman. 70—Berg v. Bates. 71—City N Y v. Alstaedter. 72—Van Cortlandt, Jr., v. Van Cortlandt. 73—Matter of Rosenshine Bros Co. 74—Chimera v. Galgano. 75—Hoffman v. Burck. 76—Maempel v. Weir. 77—Same v. same. 78—Same v. same. 79—Maempel v. Weir. 80—Dorne v. Southern Ry Co. 81—People v. Retamosa. 82—Matter of Niebuhr. 83—Green v. Jacobs. 84—Chapman v. Chapman. 85—Lewenthal v. Birnbaum. 86—Patterson v. Moffat. 86½—Willis v. Riley. 87—Matter of Gronholz. 88—Gabel v. Gabel. 89—Peck v. Peck. 90—Kelly v. Pennsylvania Tunnel and Terminal Railroad Company. 91—Matter of Cronat. 92—Clarke v. Board of Education. 93—Enerdell v. Bankers Life Ins Co. 94—Gallert v. Kramer Const Co. 95—Meyers v. Markel. 96—Hamilton v. Erie R R Co. 97—Hauck v. Thaw. 98—Same v. same. 99—Christiansen v. Wennemer. 100—Monte v. Monte. 101—Senor v. Brady. 102—Russell v. American Gas & Elec Co. 103—Appleby v. Parnass. 104—Hyams v. Morison. 105—Kell v. La Cagnina. 106—People v. Raphael. 107—Cont Curtain Co v. Lyric Vaudeville. 108—Same v. same. 109—Feuerstein v. Gronholz. 110—Olson v. Fogel. 111—Levine v. Tedder. 112—Bioren v. Canadian Mines Co. 113—Hein v. Honduras Syndicate. 114—People v. Vitusky. 115—Sutton v. Sutton. 116—Chautauqua Planing Mill Co v. Mathews. 117—Potter v. Potter. 118—Berger v. Herrmann. 119—Cohn v. Keating. 120—Schneider v. Heinze. 121—Matter of City N Y (St. Lawrence Av.)

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Platzek, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Greenbaum, J. Motions. Demurrers. 398—Union Trust Co of N J v. Van Schaick. 232—Bankers Surety Co v. Meyer. 4—Pavenstedt v. Smithers, Nordenholt & Co. 199—People, &c, v. Interborough R T Co. 200—People, &c, v. N Y City Inter Ry. 400—Lockwood v. U S Steel Corpn. 407—Galante v. New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. 408—Shapera v. Koch. 409—Nostrand v. Boyce. 410—Piccirilli v. 6th Ave & 4th St Realty Co. 411—Brackett v. Conde Nast. 412—Weil v. Nat Bituminous Coal & C Co. 413—Stephens v. Rateau Sales Co. 414—Soroker v. Soroker. 415—Hull v. Palmer. 416—Hall v. Hall. 417—Schneider v. Heinze. 418—Rogers v. Ferris. 419—Freese v. Workingmen's Co-operative Pub Co. 420—Cinigliaro v. Plath. 421—Davis v. Wheeden & Hancock. 422—Luff v. Connolly. Preferred causes. 4964—Moore v. Groote. 5044—Washington Trust Co v. Golden. General calendar. 2709—Burnstine v. Burnstine. 3855—Schwarzhaupt v. Schwarzhaupt. 4785—McGlynn v. Kessler. 3826—Waltzer v. Ettlinger. 1618—Elbert v. Gehrieg. 4114—Schultz, Jr. v. Schultz. 4737—Jones v. New Amsterdam Trucking Co. 140—Milligan Co v. Glauber. 4021—Cordona v. Aguado. 4344—Favary v. Favary. 4379—Block v. Kessler. 4588—Columbia Concrete Steel Bar Co v. City of N Y. 4744—Croxson v. Flynn Plumbing & Heating Co. 669—Campbell v. Campbell. 242—Schreiber v. Stern. 3656—Stephanidis v. Stephanidis. 3754—Block v. Kessler. 4319—Haight v. Haight. 2336—Coleman Stable Co v. London Realty Co. 4569—Mellen v. Athens Hotel Co. 4802—Fajen v. Equitable Hotel Co. 2393—Ranger v. Locke. 4286—Dunn v. Interborough R T Co. 4297 Durable Toy & Novelty Co v. Goldsmith Bros. 4532—Interborough Sash & Door Co v. Brill Con Co. 4541—Dworkin v. Dworkin. 4547—Snyder v. Fisher Co. 4077—Kruger v. Kruger. 4689—Appel v. Berkman. 4760—Epstein v. Epstein. 2163—Garden v. Garden. 2317—Gage v. Liebert 793—Barver v. Barver. 2518—Benedix v. Bendix. 3134—Kuperman v. Kuperman. 3378—Ringer v. Glassbrenner. 3364—Stade v. Billington. 3640—Frank v. Mittler. 1503—Tyndall v. Pinelawn Cemetery. 2105—Warren Const Co v. Lyons. 4022—Vaughn v. Vaughn. 4050—Colt v. Colt. 4061—Wall v. Arnold. 4312—Corcoran v. Miller. 254—Long v. Lebanon Nat Bank. 4076—Strothers v. Fishman. 480—Andruss v. Am Amuse Ass'n. 2673—Phelps v. Phelps. 4053—Same v. same. 4489—Glass v. Glass. 5245—Boyde v. Tierney. 2558—Camp v. Wiley. 2559—Camp v. Wiley. 2560—Camp v. Wiley. 4131—Covliansky v. Covliansky. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—clear; Part V., clear; Part VI., clear; Part VIII., clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Gavegan, J. Certiorari cases. 3558—Gerlach v. Purdy. 4278—Hudson & Man R R v. same. 4485—Holbrook v. same. 4486—Ditson v. same. State franchise cases. 4914—Western Union Tel Co v. State Board of Tax Commissioners. 4915—Empire City Subway Co v. same. 4916—Same v. same. 4917—N Y Tel Co v. same. 4921—Brush Elec & Illum Co v. same. 4923—United Elec L & P Co v. same. 4924—Cons Tel & Elec Subway Co v. same. 4932—N Y Edison Co v. same. 4936—Interborough R T Co v. same. 4275—Hudson & Man R R v. same. 4909—Commercial Cable Co v. same. 4910—McDonald v. same. 4911—Same v. same. 4912—Same v. same. 4937—Hudson & Man RR v. same. 4938—Postal Tel & Cable Co v. same. 4913—N Y Quotation Co v. same. 4671—Central Park & RR v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Delaney, J. 5949—Solomon v. Siebert. 6340—Lubelsky v. Lubelsky. 5889—Breen v. Breen. 6089—Bauman v. Daily. 6331—In re Diggles. 6001-6002—Tallman v. Tobin. 6291—Richardson v. City of Mount Vernon. 6397—Levy v. Jack Levy Agency. 6539—Kinsman v. Kinsman. 6179—Harmon v. Senk. 6193—Smith v. Ragona & Maller. 5591—Hackett v. Brady. 6437—Cardillo v. Lazarkowitz R & C Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Pendleton, J. 881—Feeley v. Long Island R R Co. 590—Traber v. City of N Y. 690—Moore v. Cent Park [illegible] 871—Gionnisi v. Erie R R [illegible] T Co. 808—Dracke v. same. [illegible]—Grube v. Joline. 851—Grafsky v. Whitridge. 759—Parry v. Hudson & Man R R. 852—Taylor v. Nassau Elec R R. 854, 855—Mazursky v. same. 873—Mulligan v. Int R T. 960, 961—Kibrick v. same. 656—Katz v. B, Q Co, &c, R R. 700—Rosenberg v. B H R R. 753—Bly v. Int R T. 693—Phillips v. same. 525—Weiss v. B, Q Co, &c, R R. 611—Boice v. Coney Island, &c. 620—O'Donnell v. same. 1211—Simon v. L I R R. 839, 840—Genonese v. Linch. 813—McIntee v. C I & B R R. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Dugro, J. Inquest. 3883—Harlow v. Haines. 3435—Lallemint v. Craig. 3455—Asensio v. Rollins. 3226, 3229—Yosselowitz v. Halvey. 91—Post v. Sharkey. 3947—M Daub v. City of N Y. 2762—Giebner v. N Y Transfer Co. 3902—Briggs v. J F Blanchard Co. 1958—Speiser v. Roos. 3438—Michaels v. Ahearn. 8439—Collins v. Ahearn. 4089—R Thomas v. F V Smith Cont Co. 4090—W Thomas v. same. 4091—P Stevenson v. same. 4092—C Stevenson v. same. 3520—Stern v. City of New York. 3135—Mulhall v. Johnson. 4030—MacDonald v. Goldsmith. 3227—Brown v. Abrams. 3102—Rose v. Drey. 4907—Drummond v. A E Norton Co. 3637—Collier v. Cont Asphalt Pav Co. 3658—Maggio v. Hill. 4204—Coyne v. Ogden. 3512—Maher v. Mandl. 4228—O'Gorman v. Bailey. 3556—Milligan v. McDermott Dairy Co. 3493—G Fenno v. Ams. 8493½—G Fenno v. same. 3971—Bisinger v. Renault Taxi Service. 4021—Kanefsky v. Columbia Typewriter Co. 3208—Gleiss v. City of N Y. 3209—Binney v. City of N Y. 3025—Case v. City of N Y. 4011—Goelkel v. Hills. 4012—De Goelkel v. same. 2515—Eisenberg v. Cornell. 2494—Silfen v. City of N Y. 2751—McGarry v. Wetherbee & Weed. 2355—Donnelly v. Kiernan. 2200—Reusch v. Penn Tunnel & Term R R. 6410—Burkan v. Musical Courier Co. 3255—Sherry v. Minzesheimer. 3152—Rickert v. Lindemeyer. 4003—Holman v. Gallen. 3003—Baker v. F J Hedden & Sons Co. 3355—Simmonds v. Simmonds. 281—Korn v. Altman. 2201—Katz v. Loot. 2533—Whitton v. City of N Y. 4076—Rush v. Koch. 4077—Darnegl v. same. 8467—Morecraft v. Cohen. 2469, 2470—Feit v. Casselman. 2974—Klaw v. N Y Press Co. 2379—Abe Brill Co v. Pattee. 2687½—Briers v. S Liebman's Brew Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV., clear; Part V., clear; Part VI., clear; Part VII., clear; Part IX., clear; Part X., clear; Part XI., clear; Part XII., clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Newburger, J. 4586—Peck, Mohlman & Co v. Baar. 4539—Vecienden Bros v. Talcott. 4300—Schnei v. Weil. 4333—Bishop v. Whitcomb. 4433—Kelsey v. Law, Union & Rock Ins Co. 4444—Same v. People's Nat Fire Ins Co. 5707—Ellis v. Miller. 4520—Clapp v. Schaus. 4468—Cascade Hotel Co v. Orleans R E Co. 4536—Murray v. Binberg. 4527—Miller v. Wheatfield. 2705—Smith v. Western Pacific Ry. 3390—McNulty v. City of N Y. 102, 103—McDonnell v. Elec Boat Co. 2064—Bancker v. Thompson. 3273—Shapiro v. Stern. 3504—Leonard v. Montague. 3666—Meyers v. Bates. 3832—Giveen Mfg Co v. McNulty. 3448—Jones v. Paddell. 4015—Lebowitz v. Kemp. 4275—Schaffer v. Ingles. 5244—Ramsay v. Miller. 3618—Mercantile Natl Bank v. Coyle. 3620—Same v. same. 3783—Berghoff Brew Assn v. Martin. 3130—Warner v. Riverside Bank. 3131—Church v. same. 3167—Brown v. Biddle Purchasing Co. 4179—Deey v. Tilley. 1017—Alexander v. Old Bridge Enameled. 1021—Same v. U S Encaustic Tile Mfg Co. 508—Same v. Mosaic Tile Co. 2708—Alexander v. Columbus Encaustic Tile Co. 2731—Alexander v. Nat Tile Co. 4281—Eadie v. De Rahm. 1856—Schwartzkoff v. McLarney. 3465—Bjork v. Lorini. 1898—Borofsky v. Burton Pierce Co. 4402—Candee Erckeler Co v. Mills. 675—Harenburger v. Ericson. 638—Schoenfeld v. Foundation Co. 1886—Kauffman v. Reich. 4504—Goshorn v. Cummings. 1686—Pluener v. Berwind. 4481—Boose v. Deimel. 3560—Pardo v. Guardian Trust Co. 4143—Schuchart v. Baker. 1141—McIver v. Tooker. 1143—Same v. Met Printing Co. 3492—Union Waxed & Par Paper Co v. Gardner. 2789—Coutant v. Mason. 1663—Woodson v. Tribune Assn. 2549—Boucus v. Gage. 4601—Riehl v. Austin. 4602—Same v. Himmelwright. 3548—Mulhall v. Mulhall. 4436—Oakley v. Koschel. 4236—Roemer v. 35% Auto Supply Co. 4456—Vogel v. Phelan. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII., clear; Part XV., clear; Part XVI., clear; Part XVII., clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate: Ferdinand Jacoby, Fausto Mora, Augusta Misel, Edward L. Oppenheim, Fausto Mora, Alonzo Stryker, Morris Lewenthal, Michaelis H. Ziegel, Charles F. Malone, Marks Arnheim.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Contested wills: 2798—William C. Lesster, 2889—Cornelius H. Van Ness. 2899—Sarah Wolbart. 2901—Margaret Lama Zborowski. 2911—Mary L. Fitzgerald. 2913—Maria L. Tillotson. 2914—Max Flatauer. 2916—William H. Clark. 2917—Frank J. Moss. 2918—Jeannette B. Allyn. 2919—Elizabeth S. McElwain. 2920—Eliza Jane Haw. 2921—Henriette Herz. 2922—Matthew J. Keefe. 2923—James Downey. 2924—Bloomfield Brower. 2925—Mary Buckley. 2926—August Geisler. 2927—George Amend.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Finelite, J.; Part III., Green, J.; Part IV., La Fetra, J.; Part V., Donnelly, J.; Part VI., Delehanty, J.; Part VII., Lynch, J.; Part VIII., O'Dwyer, C. J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part I., room at 9:45 A. M. 5306—Schmidt v. Kiernan. 6732—Brahan v. Merk. 6759—McDonald v. Fisher. 6784—Schimek v. Rickseit. 6664—Fogarty v. Handel. 6723—Fumeri v. Linch. 6724—Garcia v. Int R T Co. 6604—Davis v. Applegate. 6695—Same v. same. 6718—Natanson v. Co-op Bldg, &c, Co. 6767—Bieber v. Universal Taximeter Cab Co. 6768—Hoffman v. Kommel. 6769—Halken v. Munson S S Line. 6776—Schwartz v. Joline. 6777—Gordon v. Int R T Co. 6778—Same v. same. 6797—Baber v. Marten. 6799—Schultz v. Spelecy. 6604—Gerson v. Blanck. 6688—Asnis v. Schrieber. 4164—Byrne v. Chace Trucking Co. 5182—Petrowsky v. Bernstein. 6757—Bendix v. Ocean Elec Ry. 6785—Wilson v. Burlingame. 6790—McDonald v. Kerr. 6713—Rosenblatt v. Boyder. 5825—Winternitz v. Butler. 4165—Smith v. Conley Foil Co. 6214—Jacobson v. Int R T Co. 820—Spadoccini v. Gingold Realty Co. 6366—Gropper v. Roosevelt. 5813—Brackett v. Mason-Seaman Transp Co. 2920—Breisacher v. Agricultural Ins Co. 6453—Fish v. Myers. 6462—Lowenthal v. Shaley. 9190—Barbarito v. Mason-Seaman Transp Co. 698—MacDonald v. Gorham Co. 6399—Davis v. Pollak. 6210—Fed Sanitary C & R Co v. Joline. 858—Goldstein v. Luna Park Co. 6530—Gordon v. Ellenbogen. 6531—Fellerman v. same. 3089—Nechamie v. Rapport. 6527—Raasch v. Exeter Machine Works. 7300½—De Angelis v. Bank for Savings. 6587—Salkind v. Heddendorf. 5040—Isaacs v. U S Grand Lodge, &c, S of B. 10146½—Schacter v. Int R T Co. 10147½—Same v. same. 6572—Wernstein v. Twin State Realty Co. 6584—Tkotch v. Manick. 6600—Ligxio v. Mayer. 6602—Stiassny v. Slawson & Hobbs. 6607—Hurwitz v. Rice. 6609—Hurley v. Heller. 6610—Bennett v. Machison Richmond Dairy Co. 6611—Stanich v. Park Inn. 6669—Anthman v. Ettlinger. 6681—Gruenwald v. Dubrin. 6686—Raeder v. Nassau Elec R R. 6639—Bernstein v. Fuller's Express Co. 6579—Silverstein v. Burnzweig. 6666—Skiarkowitz v. Rubin. 6687—Di Carlo v. Joline. 6682—Laubheim v. Riverside Collateral Co. 6689—Bennewitz v. Weiss. 6536—Schusterman v. Joline. 6700—Kaufman v. Pyo. 6734—Kellogg v. Whitridge. 6736—Aaronson v. N Y Life Ins Co. 4524—Kane v. Linch.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., clear; Part III., clear; Part IV., clear; Part V., clear; Part VI., clear; Part VII., clear; Part VIII., clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Schmuck, J. 4191—Kaydouh v. Macksond. 3857—Surplus Assets Co v. T F Barrett. 4204—Gori v. Roscelli. 4144—Davis v. Gaites Theatrical Co. 4097—Uitting v. Roth. 4163—Schreiber v. Solomon. 4116—Schwartz v. Bartlett. 4186—Cording v. Block. 4141—Auerbach v. Mittenthal. 4130—Cobert v. Rosengarten. 4192—Frances Emory Fitch, Inc, v. De Velasco. 4222—Scholder v. Galowitz. 4058—Birdsey-Somers Co v. Sleeper. 4214—Bolognesi v. Laus. 4223—Tisdale Lumber Co v. Helffrich. 4227—Hajmowitz v. Abramowitz. 4220—Shaw v. Frohook. 3383—Aices v. Mancero. 4111—Retzker v. Morgan. 4091—Engler v. Germinger. 4106—Friedman v. Kaplan. 4138—B'klyn Fireproof S & D Co v. Gallagher. 3995—Capitol Realty & Const Co v. Liebman. 4134—Rosenberg v. Weisberg-Mark Co. 4199—Viertels v. Harris. 4135—Jacobs v. Fields. 4051—Glasgow v. Bradshaw. 4166—Smith v. Korndahl. 4167—Daly v. Dwa Realty Co. 4168—Same v. same. 4211—Sheridan v. Pigeurin. 4056—Revel Realty & Securities Co v. Stimson. 4172—S & S Realty Co v. Bonwit. 4197—Fishgold v. Leibowitz. 4212—Pastene v. Sclafani. 4218—Fairfax v. Real Estate H & E Co. 4219—Same v. same. 4157—Wintfeld v. Schwartz. 4164—Lenane v. O'Connor. 4224—Grossman v. Schuchar. 4228—Geldes v. Nat Surety Co. 4229—Herschowsky v. Walsh. 4230—Lewin v. Barnett. 4232—Freeman v. Herzenhan. 4240—Rogers v. Korndall. 4241—Winton Motor Carriage Co v. Clements. Clear.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. Loney v. Hiller—Macgrane Coxe. Collins v. Rosenthal—Joseph V. Mitchell.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J.—Hajjar v. Kardy—Edward Mandel.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. Charles N. Flint v. Ezra A. Tuttle—Charles N. Flint. Caroline Dillenberg v. Abraham Jacobs—Edward T. Grimes. Bankers Trust Co. v. John G. Herring—P. J. Sherman. West Side Bank v. John P. McGovern—John J. Lyons.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J. John J. Bakerman v. Aaron Greenberg—Denis O'L. Cohalan. Oscar B. Price v. Jacob Friedman—William Goldsticker. Maze Realty Co. v. David L. Satenstein—Herman Fried. C. Segall Co. v. Margaret B. Teal—Herman Fried. David Freid v. Max Kirsch—William Bernard. Oliver Typewriter v. Eugene P. Hermann—Harvey Cohen. Kate Sofferman v. Samuel Tischer—Harold Goldblatt. George Broido v. Western Cloak and Suit Mfg Co.—Alexander Adlerman.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term, Trials—Marean, J. Issues of Law. 2018—Mandelbaum v. Meyersohn. 2019—Newton v. Chase. 2020—Drescher v. Gaynor, Mayor, &c. 2021—Tapscott v. Morgan. 2022—Wills v. Cunningham. 2023—Wells v. Rowland. 2024—Dushkind v. Titcomb. 2025—Van Tuyl, Sup of Banks v. Scharmann. 2026—Hamilton Trust Co v. Shevlin. 2027—Schroder v. Presb Hospital. Issues of fact. 1813—Hill v. Curtis. 1986—Newberry v. Sullivan. 2028—Trear v. Lewis. 2029-2030—Youchnow (2 cases) v. Roselle Realty Construc Co. 2031—Coney Island Construc Co v. Schofier. 2032—Plage v. Plage. 2033—Prins v. Prinz. 2034—Josephson v. Shmurak. 2036—Aetna Natl B'k v. Kramer. 2037—Panitz v. Pann Mfg Co. 1987—O'Maley v. Montauk Garage Co. 1922—Grogan v. Title Guar & Trust Co. 2038—Dehn v. Halst. 2039—Love v. Federman. 2040—Gordon & Stein Contracting Co v. High'y Amus Co. 2041—May v. May. 2042—Meyer v. Sabine. 2043—Adler v. Adler. 2044—Standard P Elev Co v. Fuller & O'Connor Construc Co. 2045—Oakes v. Cadillac Hotel Co. 2046—Lien Investing Co v. Barbara. 2047-9-59—Casamassa (3 cases) v. Casamassa. 2048—Omels v. Omels. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 2050—Culp v. Culp. 2051—Hitchings v. Gard. 2052—Cirkat v. Brown. 2053—Nichthauser v. Sargoy. 2054—McGrath v. Lilianthal. 2055—Gilbert v. City of N Y. 2056, 2057—Palley v. Dime Savings Bank. 2058—Carnegie Steel Co v. Pinals. 2060—Liskin v. Bar. 2061—Eagle Savgs & L Co v. Collins. 2062—Kopacz v. Kopacz. 2063—Bounlander v. Barnewald. 2064—Elzenbeck v. Elzenbeck. 2065—Grasso v. Palo. 2066—Moneypenny v. Halsten. 1075—Levit v. Levit. 1779—Greene v. Ingersoll. 1634—Rickarby v. Cohen. 1819—Storz v. Levin. 1814—Brighthaupt v. Brighthaupt. 895—Stafford v. Falk. 1685—Romeo v. Romeo. 1866—Cohen v. Moslow. 1906—Jakubiak v. Frazaska. 1812—Siegel v. Rockefeller. 1795—Rosenzweig v. Rosenzweig. 1997—Koropcheck v. Fechter. 2002—Saladino v. Ferguson. 1136—Rabinowitz v. Mendelson. 1801—Robinson-Smith Co v. Fox. 877—White Contrac Co v. Ward Bread Co. 1561—Peters v. Peters. Highest number reached on the regular call, 2066.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Aspinall, J.; Part III., Kelby, J.; Part IV., Clark, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Kapper, J. 3297 to 3299—Higgins v. Nassau R R et al. 2081, 2311—Koskinen & Tengstrom v. Rodgers et al. 2501—Anderson v. same. 2997—Lewinsohn v. Nassau R R. 3860—Tosparro v. Interborough R T Co. 2529—Aronson v. Pescia et al. 3862—Barowick v. Edison El Ill Co. 3869—Wicke v. Brooklyn El R R. 3877—Pasternak v. B H R R. 3878—Grop v. Sandblow Iron Works. 3882—Siegel v. Martin. 3883—McDonough v. Nassau R R. 3885—Fortwengler v. B H R R. 3793—Fine v. Meyers. 2941—Cucksey v. City of New York. 1200—McLoughlin v. B H R R. 1228, 1229—Smith v. Wilkie. 3890, 3891—Shea & Baldwin v. City of New York. 3895—Esler v. B H R R. 3896—Hogan v. Nassau R R. 3901—Morley v. B H R R. 3902—Gough v. Grossberg. 3903—Sparacio v. Obermeyer & Liebman. 2442—Neiman v. Miller. 3016—Lyons v. U S T G & Ins Co et al. 3582—Fay v. Safino. 3910—Degnan v. Williamson. 3911—Stratton v. Coney I & B R R. 3913—Kelly v. Nassau R R. 3914—Same v. Friedman. 3915—Page v. B H R R. 3916—Yung v. Brooklyn El R R. 3920—Forsell v. Terwilliger. 3928—Holowezak v. Seniek. 3929—McCarthy v. Turner et al. 3930—Dolan v. Brooklyn Union Gas Co. 3931—Manguimeli v. Barber & Co. 3932—Gelona v. Transit Development Co. 3933—Regel v. Coney I & B R R. 3935—Foley v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 3936—Bannon v. Brooklyn Taxicab Co. 3937—Smith v. Arbuckle et al. 3939—Davidson v. Brooklyn El R R. 3940—Stokes v. Nassau R R. 3947—Meissner-Fangemann v. same. 3949—Brown v. Brooklyn Union Pub Co. 3953—Lorentz v. Brooklyn Taxicab Co. 3955—Tumalty v. Higginson. 3856—Gorman v. City of New York. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 3957—Ward v. City of N Y. 3959—Bannon v. Shelley. 3961—Tillman v. Burns. 118, 120—Van Dine v. N Y & N J Tel Co et al. 3962—Wahl v. Gorman Co. 3964—Doyle v. C I & B R R. 3965—Garofoli v. Whitridge et al. 3967, 3968—Lona v. Hoffman Brew Co. 3973—Vogel et al v. Reid & Sons Mfg Co. 3974—Boyle v. Nassau R R. 3976—Fallon v. same. 3981—Faust v. N Y Tel Co et al. 3982—Bauer v. Montague Mailing Co. 3983—Berry v. B H R R. 6103—Clayton v. Wills. 6478—Coyne v. Thatcher & Son. 5568—Ring v. Pool. 5055—Cohen v. Sekosky. 2430—Wilson v. B H R R. 5564—Murphy v. City of N Y. 2814—Bloom v. Bankers Surety Co. 1454—Intercity Adv Co v. Nixon. 5699½—Levy v. Smithline et al. 6322—Coombs et al v. Cohen. 3666—Kane v. Mantani. 6921—Sinnott v. Hanan. 2622—Chase v. Barrett Mfg Co. 2679, 2682, 2683—De Fraine, Bayha & Babcock v. C I & B R R. 3698, 3701—Blackwell & Post v. B H R R. 2310—Bennett v. Austro-Am Ins Co. 5571—Simon v. De Goode. 3718—Silverman v. B H R R. 1052—Diescher v. Wohlke. 6792—Cameron v. Sperry et al. 7042—Criscuoli v. Criscuoli. 3634—Buschman v. Lamborn. 3799—Pritchard v. Nassau R R. 3721—Taggart v. B H R R. 1310—Levine v. Nassau R R. 1958—De Santis v. Skidmore. 1212—Busener v. B H R R. 7030—Peo ex rel Worstell v. Coler, &c. 3845—Stefanello v. Hoboken Ferry Co. 3614—Goldsmith v. Meyers. 3848—Carta v. Starkey Co. 6790—Hollon v. B H R R. 3819—Beatty v. Nassau R R. 5514—Sigman v. Borden's Milk Co. 3648—Von Glahn v. Campbell. 3355—Finley v. Kleinman. 851—Leonard v. B H R R. 1684—Becker v. Feigenbaum. Highest number reached on regular call, 3983.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III., Nye, J. 509—Otis v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 984—Maas v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1531—Lipkowitz v. Green Taxicab Co. 1739—Silberman v. Drapkin. 1060—Kaplin v. Eisenberg. 746—Kuhn v. Leiffer. 715—Wyler v. Bklyn Q and S R R Co. 1281—Glasser v. Bloom. 1769—Rendich v. Caruba. 1770—Monaco v. Silverstein. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. 1771—Loebel v. Crandall. 1772—Federman v. Abramowitz. 1773—Wolfe v. Sanders. 1774—Brinkley v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1775—Howe v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1776—Whitman v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1777—Mitchell v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1778—Panerello v. Ross, Jr. 1779—Kierschneiter v. Bklyn Hgts R R Co. 1780—Gardiner v. Nassau Electric R R Co.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Putnam, J.; Part II., Benedict, J. Court opens and calendar called in Part I. at 10 A. M. 622, 623—Lechtman v. Barnard. 1057—The People ex rel Farley v. Pearsall and another. 1072—The People ex rel. Farley v. Bauer et al. 1086—The People ex rel Farley v. Fossing et al. Matter of Reynolds. 626—Schlecht v. James Cavanagh Corporation. 628—Sullivan, as administrator, v. Greenhut Siegel Cooper Co. 631—Ruggio v. Loines. 635—Batchelder v. Lawrence. 638—Decker Realty Co v. Rimmert. 640—Fitter v. Cronin. 642—Quinn v. N Y Livery Auto Co. 644, 645—Anderson v. Meyer. 651—Sinden v. Kelly. 301—Bermel v. Haynes Automobile Co, Inc. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call. 646, 647—Treadwell v. Tompkins and another. 457—Jolie v. Butler. 132—Daly, an infant, v. Holmes Elec Protective Co. 655, 656—Northrup v. Berger. 660—Koehler, as admr, v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 622—Smiley, an infant, v. B, Q Co & S R R Co. 559—Ernst, an infant, v. Ficken. 506, 507—Gately v. Heerlein. 7—Leibman v. Magnolia. 180A—Distephano v. Hahn. 28A—L I Contracting and Supply Co v. City of N Y. 459—Berkowitz v. L I Electric R R Co et al. 143—Citrion, as administratrix, v. L I R R Co. 608—Carvaruso v. B, Q Co & S R R Co. 332—Harper, an infant, v. Newell Holding Co and another. 71—McNaught, as administrator, v. L I R R Co. 624—Treamor, an infant, v. Degnon Contracting Co. 525—Foley v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 590—Crowe v. Colgate & Co. 663—Dalcassian Fishing Club v. West Rockaway Land Co. Highest number reached on the general calendar, 663.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Humphrey, J. 108-9—Baty v. Brooklyn, Queens Co & Sub Ry Co. 28—Corbin Lock Co v. Jamaica P O Building Co. 12—Mongelluzzo v. B H R R Co. 90—Ostapowicz v. Dunning and another. 22—Adams v. Queens Co Savings Bank. 27—Wohlleber v. Brooklyn, Queens Co & Sub Ry Co. 112—Christensen v. Carson. 1—Bellman v. B H R R Co. 3—Drew, an infant, v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 111—Rutz v. Heeb. 14—Hill v. Rosebrook. 18—Wendel v. L I R R Co. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 29—Miller v. Parr. 30—Helfrich et al v. Metzger et al. 31—Raulushouse v. Metal Stamping Co. 32—Grant v. Scholl. 33—Groboski v. B H R R Co. 34—Rupp v. Ruppert. 35—Berkeley v. B H R R Co. 36—Stanton v. Butterworth. 37—Walsh v. Brooklyn, Queens Co & Sub Ry Co. 38—Smith v. B H R R Co. 39—Reilly v. Reilly. 40—Ruppert v. Ruppert and another. 41—Corrigan, an infant, v. General Vehicle Co.

Special term causes will be called to fix a day for trial only. 7—Bouker v. Bouker et al. 8—Henry v. Duel et al. 9—Amer Luxfer Prism Co v. Sigal et al. 10—Amer Luxfer Prism Co v. Tiger Const Co et al.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. 329—Burgevine v. Birdsall. 369—Naves v. Armstrong. 366—Saman v. Wales. 186—Lumia v. Catuso. 356—Pirone v. Albro. 353—Muller v. Curran Realty Co. 319—Brown v. Woodward. 367—Marks v. Kiernan. 362—Austin v. Fuhr. 365—Crispi v. Sfondrini. 305—Rich v. Grasso. 311—Marturano v. Port Chester Benev Soc. 346—Fehrenschild v. Cutbill. 294—Goldowsky v. Turso. 62—McIntire v. Dalton. 109—Clarke v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 142—Cowan v. Jackman. 173—Davidson v. Braun. 187—Gallagher v. Miller. 190—Rosenzweig v. Tompkins. The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 212—Gennaro v. Bellew-Merritt Co. 236—Taylor v. Braccini. 239—Jetter v. Fannon. 261—Maher v. Matthiessen. 267—Anderson v. Reinstein. 274—Cooper v. Getty. 291—Tucker v. Dagg. 312—Westchester Syndicate v. Richards. 320—Sullivan v. Olmstead. 350—Farrell v. Miller. 351—Damon v. Westchester St R R Co. 352—Ackerman v. Yonkers R R Co. 354—Coyne v. Burtenshaw. 364—Mihaleck v. Kateleck. 368—Tawerski v. Pilhelski. 370—Rochelle Park Assoc v. Keblock. 371—Mangorelli v. Pislomer. 372—Seymour v. Crowley. 373—Lucente v. Roosevelt. 374—R Young Bros v. Russe.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Mills, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J. 3—Molloy v. Vil of Briarcliff Manor. 301—Houghton v. Dwyer. 675—Allen v. Hecker & Co. 274—Jeffries v. Debello. 290—Morgan v. O'Brien. 410—Kay v. Pittsburgh Contracting Co. 332—Lynch v. Ball. 339—Biggers v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 298—Krancunas v. Shrive. 347—Mann v. Otis Elevator Co. 349—Farley v. Winons. 207—Blackwell v. Vil of White Plains. 215—Borup v. Von Kokeritz. 220—Borup v. Diesend. 247½—Thomas v. Benz Auto Co. 9—Bullock v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. [illegible]—Klansowski v. Ansbacher. 377—Liccione v. Ullo. 531—Farley v. Bales. 642—Cart v. Van Nostrand. 650—Cart v. Lewis. 636—Summo v. Snare & Triest Co. 781—Christie v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 809—Ulrich v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 811—Cuccia v. Recr Yonkers R R Co. 814—Lewicki v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 418—Van Vorst v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 252—Santore v. Johnson. 300—Vivian v. Recrs. Met Street Ry Co. 316—Murray v. Rundlett & Reynolds, Inc. 351—Mulli v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. [illegible]—Ferguson v. Town of Lewisboro. [illegible]—Caccatore v. Transit Cons Co. 354—Creeden v. Carpenter. 358—St. Mary's Sewer Pipe Co v. Lucine. 365—Hasselman v. Peabody. 367—Maisenbecker v. Cullom. 373—Laduzenski v. Prussian Nat Ins Co. 386—Springsteel v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 413—Fairs v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 416—Cypher v. Young Bros Lumber Co. Highest number reached on regular call, 420.

Chicago Bank Clearances.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 31.—Clearings reported by Chicago banks in March were $1,302,396,484, an increase of $14,626,384, compared with the corresponding period last year, which presents the largest monthly total ever reported by local institutions excepting March 1910, when the checking exchanges ran up to $1,341,212,040.

The total clearings for the first quarter of 1912, aggregating $3,708,351,543, a gain of $302,494,986, compared with the same period last year also set the high record for three months, although the exhibit in March held a much smaller ratio of gain compared with a year ago than did that of February and January preceding.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Shareholders of The National Nassau Bank of New York:

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK have called a special meeting of the shareholders, to be held on Monday, April 22d, 1912, from eleven o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock M., to vote upon the following propositions:

(a) To increase the capital stock from five hundred thousand ($500,000) dollars to one million ($1,000,000) dollars.

(b) To increase the par value of the present stock from fifty ($50) dollars to one hundred ($100) dollars.

Upon such increase of capital it is proposed to issue new stock at one hundred and fifty ($150) dollars per share to shareholders of record at the close of business April 19th, 1912, to the amount of one hundred per cent. of the par value of their present holdings. Each holder of two shares of the present stock (par value $50) will be entitled to subscribe for one share of the new stock (par value $100) at one hundred and fifty ($150) dollars per share, payment to be made on or before the 15th day of May, 1912. For the purpose of this meeting the books will be closed from the 19th to the 23d day of April, 1912.

EDWARD EARL, President.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION.
NOTICE OF SEVENTH ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

The Seventh Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Bethlehem Steel Corporation will be held at its principal office, No. 763 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey, on Tuesday, **April 2, 1912,** at 12 o'clock noon, for the following purposes: (1) to elect four Directors to serve for a term of three years; (2) to consider and vote upon the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee, and officers of the Corporation since the Sixth Annual Meeting of its stockholders, held on April 4, 1911, and (3) to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The books for the transfer of shares of the capital stock of the corporation, both preferred and common, will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, March 11, 1912, and will be reopened at 9 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, April 3, 1912. B. H. JONES, Secretary.

Dated Newark, N. J., March 1, 1912.

MYERS-PAYNE COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the above named Company, held on the 9th day of February, 1912, the Board of Directors of the said Company unanimously passed the following resolution:

"RESOLVED that in the opinion of this Board of Directors it is advisable to dissolve this Company forthwith and that a meeting of the stockholders of the Company for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that the corporation be dissolved, be called forthwith, such meeting to be held not less than thirty nor more than sixty days after the adoption of this resolution."

—and that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company will be held at the office of Messrs. Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, No. 37 Wall Street in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York on the 3d day of April, 1912, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that the corporation be dissolved.

Dated New York, February 20, 1912.

P. C. MYERS, President.
P. C. MYERS, JR., Secretary.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL COMPANY.

New York, March 25, 1912.

To the Stockholders of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pill Company:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pill Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 372 Pearl Street, Borough of Manhattan, State of New York, on Tuesday, the ninth day of April, 1912, at three o'clock P. M., for the following purposes: (1) To elect Directors of the Company for the ensuing year; (2) to consider and act upon a proposition for the amendment of the Company's by-laws in the manner indicated upon the annexed copy; (3) to consider and act upon a proposition to ratify, confirm, and approve each and every of the acts of the officers and Board of Directors since October 30, 1911, as the same are set out in the minutes of said board; (4) to transact any other business which may legally come before said meeting. F. L. SMITH, Secretary.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO.

Albany, N. Y., March 25th, 1912.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders and the Election of Directors of The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company and of three Inspectors of Election, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in Union Depot, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on the third Wednesday (being the 17th day) of April, 1912, at 12 o'clock Noon. The Poll will be opened at 12 o'clock Noon and continue open for one hour thereafter.

By order of the Board of Directors.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Utah Copper Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, in the State of New Jersey, on Friday, the 26th day of April, 1912, at two o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors of said Company, and for the consideration and transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The transfer books of the stock of the Company will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on the 5th day of April, 1912, and reopened upon the final adjournment of the meeting.

Dated New York, March 30th, 1912.

SPENCER PENROSE, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NO. 122.

The Hanover Fire Insurance Co.

New York, March 21, 1912.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a Quarterly Dividend of Four (4) Per Cent, was declared, payable at the office of the Company, HANOVER BUILDING, Nos. 34 and 36 Pine Street, on the first day of April, 1912, to Stockholders of record March 25th, 1912. Transfer books will be closed from March 25th, 1912, to April 1st, 1912, both dates inclusive. JOSEPH McCORD, Secretary.

THE WEEKS-NUMAN COMPANY.

Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held on Monday, April 8, 1912, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the company, No. 39 Park Place, New York City, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated March 21, 1912.

WILLIAM T. WALLS, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY.

Coupons due April 1, 1912, from Detroit, Ft. Wayne & Belle Isle Railway Company First Mortgage 5% Bonds will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the office of Kean, Taylor & Co., New York.

G. H. RUSSEL, Treasurer.

MT. OLIVE & STAUNTON COAL CO.

Coupon No. 15, due April 1st, 1912, from the First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the above Company will be paid on and after April 1st, 1912, at the office of Charles E. Kimball, 52 William Street, New York City.

CHAS. R. MANTER, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the New York Real Estate Security Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 42 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y., on Thursday, April 11th, 1912, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the following purposes:

1. To elect Inspectors of Election.
2. To elect Directors.
3. To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Polls will remain open until 3 P. M.

Transfer Books will be closed from April 6th, 1912, to April 12th, 1912.

Dated March 28, 1912.

Very truly yours,

CHARLES R. McCARTHY, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE COMMON stockholders of the Monaton Realty Investing Corporation will be held at the offices of the Company, in the Times Building, Broadway and 42d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the second day of April, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all actions of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders.

For the purpose of the meeting the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock on March 22d and reopened at 10 A. M. the 5th day of April, 1912.

By order of the Board of Directors.

W. E. PRATT, Secretary.

Dated March 25th, 1912.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the United Dressed Beef Company, a corporation organized under the laws of New York, will be held at the office of the Company, corner First Avenue and 44th Street, in the City of New York, on Monday, April 8th, 1912, at the hour of eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors to hold office for one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified, and for the transaction of such other business that may properly come before the meeting. MARTIN ROTHSCHILD, Sec'y.

New York, March 25th, 1912.

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Co.

New York, March 25th, 1912.

For the purpose of the annual meeting of stockholders, to be held May 1st, 1912, the transfer books will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, April 2d, and will be reopened on Thursday, May 2.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co.

New York, March 25, 1912.

For the purpose of the annual meeting of stockholders, to be held May 1st, 1912, the transfer books will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, April 2d, and will be reopened on Thursday, May 2d.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

New York, March 25th, 1912.

For the purpose of the annual meeting of stockholders, to be held May 2d, 1912, the transfer books will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, April 2d, and will be reopened on Friday, May 3d.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF Steel Back, Side and Culvert Forms, offered for sale by the Isthmian Canal Commission, which are no longer needed.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 A. M., May 8, 1912, at which time they will be opened in public, for the purchase of the above-mentioned articles. Blanks and general information relating to this Circular (No. 690) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York City; 614 Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La., and 1,086 North Point Street, San Francisco, Cal.; also from the U. S. Engineer Offices in the following cities: Seattle, Wash.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Baltimore, Md.; Philadelphia, Penn.; Pittsburgh, Penn.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; Detroit, Mich.; Milwaukee, Wis.; St. Paul, Minn.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Mobile, Ala., and Galveston, Texas; Commercial Club, Kansas City, Mo.; Chamber of Commerce, Quincy, Ill., and Commercial Club, Tacoma, Wash.—F. C. Boggs, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., General Purchasing Officer.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, April 2d, 1912, for Contract 61 for the construction of the Wallkill blow-off, including about 7,000 feet of concrete conduit 7 feet inside diameter, about 80 feet of cut-and-cover aqueduct, a blow-off chamber, and necessary castings for valve and aqueduct connections. The work is located 1¼ miles northeast and southwest, respectively, from the Gardiner and New Hurley stations on the Wallkill Valley Railroad, Ulster County, New York.

At the above place and time bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF PURCHASING COMMISSARY, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall St., New York, N. Y., March 22, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing and delivering subsistence stores in this city at such times as may be required by the U. S. Government, on or before May 15, 1912, will be received at this office until ten o'clock A. M., April 2, 1912. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores, opened April 2, 1912," and addressed to Capt. M. J. Henry, Com'y, U. S. Army.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., April 1, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing Fuel, Gasoline, Mineral Oil, and Forage and Straw (three months' and a year's supply) required in Eastern Division, during year commencing July 1, 1912, will be received here until 10 A. M., May 1, 1912. Information furnished on application. J. B. BELLINGER, C. Q. M.

WEST POINT, N. Y., April 1, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, for furnishing wood, mineral oil, gasoline, forage and straw at this Post will be received until 2 o'clock P. M., May 1, 1912. Deliveries to be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913. The U. S. reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof. For further information address Quartermaster, West Point, N. Y.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

BUCKHOUT, SPAULDING & McLELLAN,

71 Broadway, New York.

The firm of Buckhout, Spaulding & McLellan expired by limitation on March 30, 1912, at noon.

EDWARD W. BUCKHOUT,
ARTHUR F. SPAULDING,
ARTHUR L. BUCKHOUT,
MALCOLM N. McLELLAN.

SPAULDING, McLELLAN & CO.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Phone 2130 Rector. 71 Broadway, N. Y.

New York, March 30, 1912.

We desire to announce that we have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of

SPAULDING, McLELLAN & CO.

for the transaction of a general commission business in stocks, bonds, investment securities, grain and cotton.

ARTHUR F. SPAULDING,
MALCOLM N. McLELLAN,
JOHN W. KIRKNER,
Member N. Y. Stock Exchange.

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING that Mr. JOHN K. DODGE has been admitted to patrenrship in our firm.

WM. MORRIS IMBRIE & CO.,
45 Broadway, New York.

Forward March.

In March The New York Times published 777,325 lines of advertisements compared with 721,950 lines in March last year, a gain of 55,575 lines.

The New York Times excludes all objectionable and doubtful advertisements. Its daily net paid sale exceeds 200,000 copies, including a greater city sale than the combined city sales of all the other New York morning newspapers popularly ranked with The Times as to quality of circulation.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

YOU ARE INVITED

To inspect the beautiful row of

HIGH-GRADE ONE-FAMILY HOUSES

In the Finest Residential Section of Brooklyn

591-601 THIRD ST., bet. 8th & 9th Aves.

Houses are terraced, with beautiful stone fronts, double row of trees in front of each house. Contain 10 rooms, laundry and billiard-room, parquet floors, safes built in, electric lights, hardwood trim throughout—in fact, every known improvement.

HALF BLOCK FROM PROSPECT PARK ENTRANCE

Transportation Facilities of the Best.

Will make terms to suit purchaser. Representative on premises, or

PROSAR REALTY CO., 177 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn.
Phone, South 1378.

$5,600; PRACTICALLY NEW TWO-FAMILY brick, adjoining Prospect Park, near athletic grounds; easy terms; beautifully decorated; good tenants; Church Av. station, Brighton L; Franklin, Smith, Church, Reid Av. cars. Owner, 109 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

6% NET TO INVESTORS

We make loans of two to ten years for investors, secured by First Mortgages on Improved City Real Estate on basis of NOT OVER 50 to 60% of its value. WE GUARANTEE PROMPT PAYMENT OF INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL.

ADDRESS Dept. B, Jacksonville Development Co., Jacksonville, Florida. Capital, surplus, and profits, $1,350,000.00.

Wanted—$30,000 first mortgage on large stock and alfalfa raising plantation on Rappahannock River, Virginia; modern improvements consist of new buildings, artesian well, gas tractor, farm machinery, &c.; also contains several miles of deep water front; good neighborhood that is developing. For particulars address H. K. Miller, 118 West 53d St. Telephone 840—Columbus.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
For centrally located Manhattan property.
Reasonable fees.
BENJAMIN BERNSTEIN, 258 Seventh Ave.

Mortgage Money Low rates and charges. Firm of H. H. Hazelton & C. R. Levy, 55 Liberty St.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

Fredenburg & Lounsbury
EXHIBIT ROOM,
381 4th Ave., Cor. 27th St., New York

FACE BRICKS that are too non-absorbent make a poor bond with mortar, causing leaky joints and wet inside walls. Hydraulic-Press Bricks prevent the trouble; forty years' trial.

"LARGEST DISTRIBUTORS OF FRONT BRICK IN THE WORLD"

Allentown Portland Cement

JOHN. K. TURTON

BUILDING AND ALTERATION.

303 Fifth Ave. Tel. 272 Mad. Sq.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Supreme Court Foreclosure Sale.
By instructions from
Eugene L. Parodi, Esq., Referee,

Thursday, April 4th

At 12 o'clock noon, at the Bronx Exchange Salesroom, 3,156 Third Av., near 161st St.

1020 Avenue St. John

Adjoining N. W. Cor. So. Boulevard, Borough of Bronx.

A 5-story and basement new law tenement, containing 2 apartments of 4 rooms, 1 of 3, 1 of 5, and 1 of 6 on the ground floor and 1 apartment of 5 rooms, 3 of 4, and 2 of 3 on each of the upper floors. Hot water, electric light, and all modern improvements. At the option of the purchaser $2,500 may remain on second mortgage for 3 years at 6%.

Lehmaier & Pellet, Attys. for Plffs., 132 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Further particulars from

Joseph P. Day 31 Nassau St., N. Y. C.
Auctioneer.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

We can arrange loans on Real Estate expeditiously. No delay in examinations and prompt attention to all applications.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000

160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Geo. R. Read & Co

REAL ESTATE

20 Nassau St. 3 East 35th St

ALL kinds properties, sale, exchange, lease, insure, dealt with; call, write wants and offers. Cyrille Carreau, Agent, 796 6th Av. (45th.)

East Side.

Plot, East 72d, 50x102, to lease for term of years. Bunnell, 55 John St.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

BARGAINS in Staten Island Real Estate. B. William, Real Estate, Tottenville, N. Y.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Now is the time to find out all about the new

5-Room California Bungalows at Neponsit,

New York City's finest restricted ocean front residence section. 40 minutes out. You can get one on remarkably easy terms if you act promptly. Send for illustrated booklet.

NEPONSIT REALTY COMPANY,
1 West 34th Street, New York.
Telephone 2741 Murray Hill.

Nice water-front cottage; half hour from New York City; restricted neighborhood; streets, sidewalks, gas and electricity, water and sewers; no assessments for improvements; fine bathing beach and anchorage. Shore Front, [illegible] West 34th Street.

REAL ESTATE.

FACTORIES EVERYWHERE. 9 CLINTON ST.
ROBERT B. STOUTENBURGH, Newark, N. J.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

HOUSES TO LET.

253 E. 86th St., 10 rooms and bath.
328 E. 87th St., 10 rooms and bath.
307 E. 87th St., 9 rooms and bath.
145 East 89th St., 11 rooms and 2 baths
1344 Lex. Ave., 9 rooms and bath.

L stations, 86th St. & 2d Av., 89th St. & 3d Av.

Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 Nassau St. 'Phone, 8125—Cortlandt.
or 244 East 86th St.

Reduced Rents
Desirable Dwellings.

Call or send for list.
PORTER & CO.
15[illegible] WEST 125TH.
TELEPHONE
[illegible]—MORNINGSIDE

Kinko Duplex-Houses

No apartments to rent of the 112 owned & built by this Company & waiting list for vacancies. A condition which demonstrates their desirability as investments. A few unsold houses, Brooklyn Ave., at St. John's Pl. & 3d St., nr. Prospect Pk. West. Prices moderate, terms as desired. A home where the owner lives practically rent free.

KINGS & WESTCHESTER LAND COMPANY,
350 Fulton St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

A LOVELY HOME Can Be Bought at Cost

in the Park Section of Brooklyn; 30 minutes from N. Y. City Hall, 5c. fare; $100 DOWN, BALANCE SAME AS RENT; perfect house; finely finished, handsomely decorated; on a beautiful boulevard; 7 rooms, tiled bath and vestibule, parquet floors, hardwood trim; sewer, gas, electricity; send for particulars. SPECIAL MANAGER, 80 Liberty St., N. Y., Room 67. 'Phone Cort. 7440.

Beautiful Corner—Cheap.
JUST COMPLETED.

Finest two-family house in Brooklyn, southwest corner 15th St. and 10th Av., facing Prospect Park, and containing every known improvement; no reasonable offer refused. OWNER, 557 Fifth St., Brooklyn. Phone South—3082.

315 Midwood St., Prospect Park East, between Bedford and Rogers Avs.

Elegant 2-story, stone, bay window front dwelling; 9 rooms and bath; hardwood trim throughout; parquet floors; console mirrors; open hearth in foyer hall; electric light, etc.; only $1,000 cash, balance easy terms.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
176 Remsen Street, Brooklyn.
Telephone, 6480 Main.

BARGAIN AND INVESTMENT.
Ideal new two-family, detached dwelling, 1711 Ave. P., near East 18th St. Convenient to express station Brighton L. Nine large light rooms; separate entrance; piazzas; steamheating system; every modern convenience; upper apartment now rented. Pays full carrying charges. Price $11,500; easy terms. Thomas Russell, 186 Remsen St.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Sound View Residence Bargain.

225 Pelham Road, New Rochelle's best corner location; plot, 165x210; beautiful lawn, hedges, splendid shade; fruit, garden; three chicken runways; cement sidewalks; garage with quarters; hot and cold water and electricity; the dwelling, artistic outside and in, contains 14 rooms, gas, electricity; 7 fireplaces; hot and cold water, with porcelain wash stands in all sleeping rooms; 2 baths, standing shower, with receptacle; J. L. Mott plumbing throughout; large, broad verandas, (glass-inclosed for Winter;) house thoroughly screened; will sell at greatly reduced price of $25,000 on terms, or will rent, unfurnished, $1,800 per year. Reason for selling, owner in business at Newark, N. J. H. E. Colwell, 234 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y., or address owner, Thomas Mullen, 223 Market St., Newark, N. J.

"AUBYN MANOR"

Modern and all conveniences. Short distance from Bronxville and Mount Vernon Depots. Largest and best plots for the least money anywhere in the lower part of Westchester Co. Satisfy yourself. Then you will build among the fine residences here. One well-built Colonial house for sale. Apply to Chas. A. Tier, owner, Aubyn Manor, Gramatan Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

COUNTRY residence, located on plot of 5 lots, (corner,) near station, Bronxville. Inquire Fleck, foot of East 123d St.

Hastings and vicinity, lots, plots for sale and to let. Devine, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Will exchange with owner two four-story double apartments, Brooklyn; equity, $18,000, for country property. Dr. Cornell, South Norwalk, Conn.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

On the Sound

30 Minutes from Centre of City
10 Minutes from Express Station

An Old Rambling Mansion

Picturesque and livable, on a sunny crest overlooking an ample shaded lawn and water front.

Full grown elms, maples and fruit trees make an admirable setting for this fine

Old Fashioned Country Place.

The Manor House has been *thoroughly modernized,* has hard wood floors and all conveniences. The outbuildings include stables, greenhouse, storehouse, playhouse and Private Dock.

A bubbling spring within the grounds has for forty years furnished an abundant water supply.

Will show to principals only. For particulars or appointment address E. C. DEVEREUX, 25 Broad St., New York.

The Country Home League

shows people how to live in the country and do business in the city—Homes in the mountains—on the water—in the village. Plots half an acre to ten acres.

Country Home League
Leo. Bugg, Director 40 W. 32nd St., N. Y. City.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Big Conn. Farm—$3,000.

Buildings in very poor condition, but the old Colonial house has attractive possibilities; commands fine views, plenty of shade; 275 acres; 2½ miles to station. Estate requires all cash at above price. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

BEAUTIFUL, inexpensive, accessible farms, orchards, acreage, shore cottages, business opportunities; absolutely honest descriptions; illustrated catalogue free. DIBBLE'S FARM AGENCY, Ansonia, Conn.

Charming home at Sound Beach, Conn., for sale or for rent; near shore. For particulars address Miss Lewis, 500 5th Av.

AUCTION SALES.

SPECIAL PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE WITHOUT LIMIT OR RESERVE.

DAVID W. BIOW & CO.

SELL TO-DAY, MONDAY, April 1, 1912,
10:30 a. m., at their salesrooms,
13-15 LISPENARD ST., NEW YORK,

50,000 Yards Imported Embroideries

Comprising Beautiful Lines Flouncings.
Edgings, Bands, Beadings, Insertions, etc.
Every Lot Will Be Sold Without Reserve.
Telephone 2436-2437 Franklin.

Stock, Machinery, and Plant, formerly the New York Metal Bed Mfg. Co., Bankrupts, D. Hartmann, Auctioneer. Sells to-day, Monday, 10:30 o'clock sharp, at Dochterman's Storage Warehouse, 465-471 East 10th St., near Avenue D, City, the entire outfit, stock, and plant of above, consisting of finished and unfinished Brass and Enameled Bedsteads, Brass and Enameled Tubings all sizes, Best Parts and Bed Trimmings, Rivets, Bolts, Nuts, Screws, Castors, Buffing, Grinding, and Punch Machine, Drill Machine Tools, Shaftings, Pulleys, etc., in trade lots without reserve.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Country Estate
$20,000

A GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY HOME ON THE NORTH SHORE OF LONG ISLAND IN REFINED, EXCLUSIVE LOCALITY, CONVENIENT DISTANCE OUT.

Actual Shore Front

Five-acre estate located in the hilly section, directly on the Sound.

A Modern Old Fashion House

House has 6 master bedrooms, two servants' rooms, panelled dining room, huge living room, with beamed ceiling and handsome library; also well-appointed kitchen and laundry; six open fireplaces, four baths; parquet floors; running water; electric lights, and all modern conveniences. Superbly located, one hundred feet above the water, among a grove of oaks and birches.

CURTIS SMITH,
Room 1,003, 170 B'way, N. Y. City

HOUSE BARGAIN

$6,300 BUYS A $7,900 HOUSE.

A beautiful new suburban house, built by day's work, on a large plot, in a restricted private residence park, refined surroundings; 27 minutes from Manhattan, one block from depot and trolley; first-class hardwood trim, excellent heating, gas, electricity, beamed ceilings, parquet floors, panelled dining room; sell or rent with privilege of buying; easy terms. Call, phone, or write Post, Room 804, 150 Nassau St.; phone 4070 Beekman.

For Sale Overlooking Manhasset Bay.

Plot 100x120 containing 6 lots; five minutes' walk to station; thirty minutes from New York; right of way to shore; boating, bathing, &c. Price, $2,500.

For further particulars apply to
R. W. BARNWELL
PLANDOME, L. I.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF

The lands called Shoreham, the most picturesque spot within 500 miles of New York City in any direction for your country home, with the FINEST SEA BATHING BEACH IN THE WORLD. Call upon or address me for photographic views of the lands, floor plans, and photographs of houses upon "Estates" that I have for sale at Shoreham and elsewhere.

Fitch H. Medbury, 11 Wall St.
Phone 4135 Rector.

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO
Tel. Bryant 5610. 542 Fifth Av.
HIGH-CLASS
COUNTRY HOUSES

A Quick Sale at a Sacrifice.

One of the finest gentleman's country seats; large Colonial house, wide verandas, 25 acres, shore front, on the beautiful north shore of Long Island, overlooking Northport Harbor and Long Island Sound. Address owner, C. W. Dumont, 60 Wall St., New York City, who will send half-tone cut of the property.

Beautifully furnished cottage, Alexander Av., Arverne, L. I., near ocean; reception, parlor, billiard, dining rooms, 8 bedrooms, 4 baths; no objection to two families. J. Matz, 315 West 98th St.

A.—A.—If you are interested in a home or land on Long Island, send at once for my Long Island magazine, giving reliable information; it is free. President, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

FURNISHED BUNGALOWS TO RENT.
Surf and still-water bathing; boating, fishing; rent $150 season. OCEAN, 334 5th Av.

FARM—7 acres, rich soil, good roads; particulars mailed. Box 68, East Northport, L. I.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

For Sale—At Monticello, New York; new house with 1¾ acres; steam heat, eight rooms, sleeping porch, two fireplaces, cellar under all; just the place for invalid; 1,600 feet elevation; first house outside village limits; county seat; on side hill commanding lake and mountain view. Address James G. Riggs, Oswego, N. Y.

For Sale.—Lake Mahopac.—House, including furniture; nine rooms; two baths; garage; two acres on lake; fine view. Tel. 5425 Rector.

RESORTS.

1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL CHELSEA
Atlantic City, N. J.

Occupying an entire block of ocean front, with no obstruction to the view; in the fashionable residence section offers the highest standard of hotel excellence in appointments, cuisine, and service; 300 luxuriously furnished bedchambers and suites have private baths (fresh and sea water) attached. Large solarium and dining hall overlooking the ocean and boardwalk. High-class orchestra. Billiards, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all the year.
J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

HOTEL DENNIS

DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
ALWAYS OPEN.
WALTER J. BUSBY.

GRAND ATLANTIC

Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City. Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. Special weekly rates. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity, 500. Write for booklet.
COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Prop.

FRONTENAC Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Best moderate Rate Hotel. Cap. 350; modern, homelike; elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, baths, 'phones, excellent table; white service; ocean view rooms; metal beds; special rates. $8 up weekly; $1.50 up day; Sat. to Mon., $3; booklet. W. F. WATTS.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND

South Carolina Av. and Beach. Private baths, running water in rooms, sun parlor, etc. Capacity 350. Booklet. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL DEVILLE Kentucky Ave., near Beach. Elevator. Private baths, rooms single or en suite. All outside rooms. Reserve now for Easter.
AUSTIN & AUSTIN.

HOTEL SHOREHAM Virginia Av., near Beach.

First class in every particular; elevator, private baths, steam heat, 'phone; open surroundings; $10 weekly upward; booklet. W. B. COTTEN.

BERKSHIRE INN Open all year. Virginia Av. 4th Hotel from Boardwalk; $9 to $17.50 weekly; $2 up daily. Capacity 300. Elev. Sat to Mon., $3.50. Rooms running water; private baths. J. E. DICKINSON.

Ask Mr. Foster | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD, N. J

An attractive Fall, Winter and Spring resort among the Pines, offering a dry, healthful climate, social advantages and every opportunity for outdoor recreations. The ideal place to seek freedom from the cities' discomfort.

THE LAUREL HOUSE
Now Open. A. J. MURPHY, Mgr.

THE LAUREL IN THE PINES
Now Open. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.

Booklets and Information on request.
Reached from New York City via
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.

Write for illustrated booklet and rates.

BARTLETT INN
THE ONLY EUROPEAN PLAN HOTEL IN LAKEWOOD, N. J.

OAK COURT HOTEL

Oak Court Hotel, Lakewood, N. J. Family hotel notable for quiet, domesticity and homelike atmosphere.
E. E. Spangenberg, Mgr.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

OLD PEOPLE'S HOME
For old people, nervous or invalids. Overlooking the Sound. One hour from N. Y. Write for terms, Old People's Home, So. Norwalk, Conn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

All-Year-Round Cottage

IN THE MOUNTAINS OF NEW JERSEY

Easy commutation; 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; attractive grounds. Price $5,000; cash $1,000; balance like rent. Send for picture and plans.

Address OPPORTUNITY
P. O. Box 1431
New York City.

SUMMER COTTAGE

Schooley's Mountains, New Jersey

Completely furnished; all improvements; $1,500 cash, balance mortgage. Address OWNER, P. O. Box 1431, New York City.

YEAR-AROUND HOMES.

Before buying send for beautiful photographic booklet, entitled "Homes on the Pailsades, Grantwood and Morsemere, N. J." Columbia Real Estate Co., Room 1207 Times Building.

BUSINESS MEN, ATTENTION!

Ocean Gate can support good bakery, druggist, plumber, and general store, being the finest shore resort on East Jersey Coast. Building like magic; bungalow lots new section, $50 each; easy terms; business sites and shore fronts higher, according to location. Write for free guest tickets for Sunday.
Great Eastern Building Corporation,
45 West 34th Street, N. Y.

AMONG THE HILLS

AT BALDWIN PARK,
South Orange, N. J.
40 Minutes from Broadway, N. Y.
Bungalows and artistic homes to order.
Little cash required. Write or 'phone.
C. A. BALDWIN, 156 BROADWAY.

BIG MONEY-MAKING FARM

of 279 acres near Hackettstown, at $54 an acre, including cattle, horses, and implements. I have never seen better and more fertile land than 190 acres of this farm. The buildings are plain, substantial, practical, and commodious. Half mile river front. Details on request. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
HOUSES FOR RENT,
$30 TO $150 MONTH.
FOR SALE,
$3,500 TO $25,000.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.
GORDON & FORMAN.

Would you buy a neat, comfortable, refined home, near New York, on restricted property; all improvements; five minutes from station; near school; if you were sure of receiving honest treatment and easy terms? Owner, Room 801 Singer Building.

SUBURBAN FARMHOUSE, eight rooms; nearly two acres; lawn, garden, fruit, barn, poultry, house, big shade trees; high elevation; fine views; near station; one hour out Lackawanna; $500 cash, $50 monthly. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

A complete list of houses, bungalows, farms, lots, acreage, for sale or exchange; also unfurnished or furnished houses for rent, season or year; photos; particulars. Frederick C. Smith Co., Trust Co. Bldg., Ridgewood, N. J.

Almost given away, eight-room brick house, barn, and chicken house; plenty fruit; large plot; only $2,500; easy terms; twenty minutes from Broadway; Lackawanna Railroad. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

A quick sale buys for $300 cash, $10 monthly and interest, a six-room house, bath, steam heat, gas; lot, 37½x120; high ground; near station; two railroads, trolley; price, $3,200. Carl Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

CHEAP JERSEY FARM, 172 acres, $25 acre; fair buildings, large stream, high elevation, North Blairstown. Box 346, Northport, L. I.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

The Dearborn,
350 to 358 W. 55th St.

JUST COMPLETED. 9-Story Fireproof Building. All Modern Improvements.
Containing Apartments and Studios of

2-3 & 4 Rooms & Bath
Kitchenettes and Kitchens.

2 Rooms, $52.50 to $57.50
3 Rooms, $55.00 to $62.50
4 Rooms, $72.50 to $80.00
Furnished, $62.50 to $97.50

NEW FURNITURE

Renting Agent on Premises. Satisfactory references absolutely indispensable. This building is under the same ownership and management as the Cambria. 347-355 West 55th St.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON,
318-328 WEST 51ST ST.
Attractive apartments, six and eight large, light rooms; bath, elevator, and all modern improvements. Premises or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

732 3d Av., near 45th St.,
first flat of six extra large,
light rooms and bath;
rent only $34 per month.
Possession May 1.
Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway

308 WEST 15TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
2 rooms and bath, **$32**
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

East Side.

5, 6 and 7 Rooms
2nd Ave., 86th and 87th Streets
Large rooms. "L" Station, 86th St., 2d Av.
Rents, $20 to $29. Apply
RHINELANDER REAL ESTATE CO.,
31 Nassau St., or 244 East 86th St.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, &c.

Kingston—129 East 76th St.
Handsome apartment, seven large, light rooms, $85.

BROOKLYN.

Park Slope Duplex Houses

Separate entrances to each apartment. Seven large, all light rooms, and bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated. All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that rental.
20 minutes from Park Row.
Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.
WALTER L. JOHNSON,
386 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs., Brooklyn.

ELEGANT NEW DUPLEX APTS.
8 large rooms, handsomely decorated; every modern improvement, comfort, and privacy of a one-family house.
RENTALS, $70 AND $75.
FLATBUSH AND BEDFORD AVS.
WESTWOOD REALTY CO.,
Corner Flatbush and Woodruff Avs., Bklyn.

FIFTEEN MINUTES

From heart of Manhattan business centre, "The Pierrepont," 149 Willow St., Brooklyn Heights; seven light, sunny rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water; small select house; reasonable rent. Janitor, or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St., Manhattan.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

361 Greenwich St.,
CLOSE TO HARRISON ST.
Entire Building to let,
five-story and basement;
rent low; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

PLEASANT OFFICES—LOW RENT.
Various-sized suites, single offices, $12 upward; also desk room; beautiful view river; convenient Subway and all Elevated lines; modern 18-story. Importers and Traders Building, 24-26 Stone; 59-61 Pearl, next Broad St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

501 5th Av.
S. E. corner 42d St.,

Stores for Rent

on Fifth Ave. Side and 42d St. side

ALSO

Show Rooms and Offices from $300 up

For particulars see agent in building

Office to Sublet

ABOUT 600 SQ. FT. IN THE
PULLMAN BUILDING,
17 Madison Av. (24th St.)

This space is on the 7th floor front, overlooking Madison Square Park; has good light on three sides and southwestern exposure.

Modern fireproof building devoted exclusively to offices; unexcelled service throughout.

LOTON H. SLAWSON CO.,
17 Madison Ave. Tel. 3630 Mad. Sq.

Loft to Let
with Power, in the
Rhinelander Building
Cor. William and Duane Sts.
APPLY
RHINELANDER REAL ESTATE CO.
31 Nassau St.
'Phone, 8125—Cortlandt.

Fifth Avenue
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria
FLOORS & OFFICES
Moderate Rents.
Apply
MARTIN & MARTIN,
or your own broker.
333 FIFTH AVE., Cor. 33d St.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.

Junction Park Row, Spruce & Nassau Sts.
Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET, Bldg. 16 stories high.
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to rent very desirable light offices in Underwriters Building, No. 123 William Street, 1,053 square feet; offices available owing to dissolution of partnership. Inquire Room 920 Underwriters Bldg., (Tel. 4665 John,) or at Ewing, Bacon & Henry, 80 Church St.

19th St., 245 West.—Large ground floor over 3,000 feet floor space together with three-story dwelling adjoining; rental, $1,500; garage, stable, shop, storage. Duross, 155 West 14th.

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Two lofts are for lease for a term of four or nine years. Fireproof, with all the latest improvements. Apply for terms to the management of the
STERLING BRONZE COMPANY,
16 East 40th St., or your own broker.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MOTORS ENGINEERING AND SALES COMPANY, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 16,214.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Francis Gilbert, the trustee, at public auction by Charles Shongood, at No. 559 West 36th Street, and No. 1,733 Broadway, City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 2d day of April, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

The following is a general description of the property to be sold: Motor vehicles, machinery, tools, stock in trade, motor parts, and accessories, office furniture, etc.

The said property may be inspected at the above premises on any business day prior to the sale between the hours of 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated March 21st, 1912.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
A. S. GILBERT, Attorney for Trustee, 43 Exchange Place, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of GLOBE FOUNDRY COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 15,956.

Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, for the Southern District of New York, sells April 11th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., at foot of Purdy Avenue, Port Chester, Westchester County, N. Y., assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of machinery, electric motors, gas stoves, coal ranges, furnaces, soil pipe, fittings, office furniture, fixtures, merchandise, patterns, flasks, about 150 tons scrap iron, safe, typewriters, etc.

Sale subject to rules of U. S. District Court, Southern District of New York. The property may be inspected on the premises above mentioned for three days before the sale.

Take train leaving Grand Central Station at 9:00 A. M.

JOHN H. MUELLER, Trustee.
HENRY W. SYKES, Attorney for Trustee, 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON BAMBERGER and SOLOMON OSTHEIMER, individually and as copartners, trading as BAMBERGER & OSTHEIMER, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, April 1st, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,494 First Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of gents' furnishings, ladies' furnishings, notions, children's wear, dry goods, and also stock and fixtures, showcases, counters, shelvings, &c.
SIMON HAMBURGER, Trustee.
LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Trustee, 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEVADA-UTAH MINES AND SMELTER CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 18th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 100 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of desks, tables, chairs, file cabinets, safe, typewriters, &c. HENRY MELVILLE, Trustee.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Attorneys for Trustee, 170 Broadway, New York.
Above sale adjourned until Monday, April 8th, at same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID M. TORRY, doing business as D. M. TORRY BANKING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, April 1st, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of old coins and stamps.
FRED H. HOFFMANN, Receiver.
HENRY C. BURNSTINE, Attorney for Receiver, 149 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON WEINSTEIN, SAMUEL HIRSON and ISAAC SILVERMAN, individually and as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of THE DIAMOND IMPORTING CO., Bankrupts.—No. 15,925

To the creditors of Solomon Weinstein, Samuel Hirson, and Isaac Silverman, individually and as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of The Diamond Importing Co. of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Solomon Weinstein, Samuel Hirson, and Isaac Silverman, individually and as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of The Diamond Importing Co., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State or New York, on the eleventh day of April, A. D. 1912, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, March 25, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY PICK and HERMINE PICK, individually and as co-partners under the firm name of H. PICK, Bankrupts.—No. 16,340.

To the creditors of Henry Pick and Hermine Pick, individually and as co-partners under the firm name of H. Pick of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the eighteenth day of March, A. D. 1912, the said Henry Pick and Hermine Pick, individually and as co-partners under the firm name of H. Pick, were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eleventh day of April, A. D. 1912, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, March 25, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 15,618.—CHARLES THOMPSON and JOHN W. WALLACE, as co-partners under the firm name of THOMPSON & WALLACE, and said CHARLES THOMPSON as an individual, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Thompson, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 29th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 29th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 26th, 1912.

NO. 15,765.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AHRON BERKENFELD, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1911, the said Ahron Berkenfeld was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
March 30, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,301.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES DI NUOVO and ANTONIO DI NUOVO, doing business as copartners under the name of the DI NUOVO BROTHERS CHEESE COMPANY, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of James Di Nuovo and Antonio Di Nuovo, doing business as copartners under the name of the Di Nuovo Brothers Cheese Company, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said James Di Nuovo and Antonio Di Nuovo, doing business as copartners under the name of the Di Nuovo Brothers Cheese Company, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
March 30, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,271.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORITZ BARIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Moritz Barin of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1912, the said Moritz Barin was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
March 30, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,024.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN YOUNG, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said John Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
March 30, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,184.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CONTINENTAL ART GLASS AND BRASS COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Continental Art Glass and Brass Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Continental Art Glass and Brass Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
March 30th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—McCRACKEN BROTHERS, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that William McCracken and George S. McCracken, individually and as members of the firm of McCracken Brothers, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated March 7th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 6th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1st, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM BALKIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William Balkin, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 15th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 6th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1st, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH BERGMAN, Inc., Bankrupt.—No. 15,938.

To the creditors of Joseph Bergman, Inc., of New York, in the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Joseph Bergman, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eleventh day of April, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, March 25th, 1912.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB DANSON, Bankrupt.—No. 16,326.

To the creditors of Jacob Danson of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the fourteenth day of March, A. D. 1912, the said Jacob Danson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eleventh day of pril, A. D. 1912, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, March 25, 1912.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NATHAN ZULVER, Bankrupt.—No. 15,746.

To the creditors of Nathan Zulver of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the twenty-second day of December, 1911, the said Nathan Zulver was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eleventh day of April, 1912, at twelve o'clock noon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, March 25, 1912.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE BURNS RESTAURANT AND HOTEL CO., INC., Bankrupt.—No. 16,120.

To the creditors of the Burns Restaurant and Hotel Co., Inc., of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the fifteenth day of February, A. D. 1912, the said The Burns Restaurant and Hotel Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eleventh day of April, A. D. 1912, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, March 25th, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEON FICKLER, Bankrupt.—No. 16,043.

To the creditors of Leon Fickler of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Leon Fickler was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eleventh day of April, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, March 25, 1912.

NO. 15,864.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BASOLIO INK & COLOR CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Basolio Ink & Color Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
March 30, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The southwestern disturbance of the last few days has reached Western Texas, with light rains extending through the Gulf States. Snows and rains also continued in the Central and Southern Rocky Mountain region and Eastern Arizona, but there was no other precipitation of consequence except local snows and rains, mostly rains, from the upper lake region east into Northwest New England. The southwestern disturbance will probably continue northeastward and eastward, attended by rains Monday in the Gulf States, the Ohio and Middle Mississippi and lower Missouri Valleys, and rains or snows in the southern upper lake and in the lower lake region, extending by Tuesday through the Atlantic States. It will be colder Monday in the Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic States, and New England, and warmer in the Northwest. The winds along the New England Coast will be moderate west and northwest; middle Atlantic, moderate northwest and north; South Atlantic, light to moderate variable.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have moderate northwest and north winds with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Monday, somewhat colder in some portions; Tuesday rain; moderate northwest and north winds.

New Jersey—Fair Monday, somewhat colder in interior Tuesday; rain, moderate variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, somewhat colder Monday; Tuesday rain, moderate variable winds.

Southern New England—Fair Monday, somewhat colder in interior. Rain Tuesday or Tuesday night; moderate north and northeast winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	37	39	4 P. M.	43	60
6 A. M.	36	40	6 P. M.	41	60
9 A. M.	35	42	9 P. M.	37	57
12 M.	39	53	12 P. M.	35	55

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50; for the corresponding date last year it was 39; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 42.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 40; at 8 P. M. it was 58. Maximum temperature 61 degrees at 4:15 P. M., minimum 39 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity 71 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 48 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

Loss.

[illegible]—52 W. 55th St.; James Ely..........$10
[illegible]—86 Chrystie St.; A. Cohen.......Trifling
[illegible]—848 Jackson Av.; unknown........Trifling
[illegible]—Foot of Stanton St.; D. S. C.......None
[illegible]—1,341 2d Av.; J. Clark..........$10
[illegible]—78 Avenue B.; D. Greenberg.........$50
[illegible]—1,351 5th Av.; A. Grossman.......Trifling
[illegible]—37 W. 21st St.; W. Stephens..Trifling
[illegible]—34 E. 4th St.; unknown..........Trifling
[illegible]—59 Henry St.; B. Marks............$10
[illegible]—634 Jackson Av.; Otto Martens.....$500
[illegible]—163 E. 123d St.; A. Turborn....Trifling
[illegible]—59 W. 100th St.; M. Ettinger.......$10
[illegible]—101 Willett St.; H. Rubin.......Trifling
[illegible]—1,390 Clinton Av.; H. Bloombaum....Trifling
[illegible]—175 Willis Av.; Thomas Moore.........$5
[illegible]—706 Trinity Av.; Meyer Greenstein..$25
[illegible]—167 Christopher St.; Duross & Co...$100
[illegible]—56 W. 39th St.; Mrs. Blair.........$200
[illegible]—68 Avenue B; Marcus Loew.........Trifling
9:00—239 W. 46th St.; Michael De Pole..None
9:35—456 W. 51st St.; Mrs. Muzzo....Trifling
9:45—31 Allen St.; Meyer Mitchell.....Trifling
[illegible]—107th St. and East River; Daly & Evans.....................Trifling
[illegible]—500 E. 12th St.; Max Roth.......Trifling
[illegible]—531 W. 57th St.; North River Lumber Co........................$100

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

Business Opportunities

Splendid business chance in new building, two stores and living apartments above, on corner of Broad and Columbia Avs., right at the trolley station, in the fast growing town of Morsemere, N. J.; fine opportunity to work up a paying drug, meat, or bakery business; long-felt want; no other stores; moderate rental. Call or write A. W. Dexter, corner Grant Av. and Public Service Trolley, Phone 129 Cliffside, Grantwood, N. J.

ACTIVE YOUNG MAN with business ability, experience, and highest commercial and bank references seeks opening in a meritorious mercantile business with view of making substantial investment and becoming permanently connected. A 267 Times Downtown.

Established accountant's connection for disposal, $3,000; advertiser will remain one year for purposes introduction; must understand accountancy; $1,500 cash, balance reasonable terms; immediate, good income. F 49 Times.

Partner with $2,000 to buy half interest in good manufacturing concern with best trade. Call personally, Brooklyn Novelty, 1,104 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Important.—We can sell your business privately or furnish partner with capital for established business. Bryant Business Brokerage, 500 5th Av.

Want to buy small established business or half interest with services; give particulars and reason for selling. Principal, A 288 Times Downtown.

For Sale—List of stock and bond buyers. Address Securities, A 281 Times Downtown.

Business Notices

Gray's Multigraph Typewritten Letters. $1.00, 1,000. Samples submitted. Telephone 1332 Cortlandt. Gray, 93 Nassau.

Lost

LOST—Saturday evening in or near Hotels Knickerbocker or Astor, one one-hundred-dollar bill, one fifty, and fifty-odd dollars in smaller denominations. Finder will be rewarded by applying to Fassett, 150 West 82d St.

LOST.—Solitaire pearl ring, on Broadway, between 146th and 157th Sts., or on 152d, between Broadway and Drive. Return to Onondaga, corner 152d and Riverside Drive, apartment 18. Reward.

LOST—Between 114th and 116th Sts., on Riverside Drive, Saturday afternoon, a black mink muff; $10 reward. J. Frank Phillips, 55 Liberty St.

LOST — Small old-fashioned gold locket; "Emma" engraved on one side, little black cross on the other. Phillips, 604 West 125th; reward.

LOST—On Sunday evening, one mink neckpiece, West 144th St., near Amsterdam Av.; liberal reward. Apt. 51, 510 West 144th St.

LOST—Gold crossed hammers, G. B. H. and '09 engraved on back, between 122d and 79th Sts.; reward. H 100 Times.

LOST.—A large diamond pendant, March 27. Liberal reward if returned to bank, 73d St. and Broadway.

LOST.—Flown from 131 West 110th St., a paroquet; return to its mate and be rewarded. Roger.

LOST—Large sum of money on Southern Boulevard; one-half reward. Burnett, 158 West 85th St.

LOST.—Wednesday night on Subway, box, containing dress; reward. R. Fuhr, 149 West 96th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

FOUND—An earring. Send description and state locality lost. H 114 Times.

FOUND, March 28—BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT SYSTEM. Apply Lost Property Bureau: SURFACE AND ELEVATED—Sample book, mesh bag, box of photos, school books, one glove, book, boy's suit, dry goods, black veil, 2 pads of paper, print copy, legal papers, lady's apron, roller towels, pair of trousers, handbags, pocketbooks.

FOUND, March 29.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Books, skirt, waist, apron, purse, picture, express receipts, cardcase, letters, toy, 6 umbrellas.

FOUND, March 30.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply 240 Centre St.: Horse blanket, bunch of keys, lady's coat, meshbag containing small amount of money, &c.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Large, medium-sized rooms; gentlemen; couple; table guests accommodated; references.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Single, double rooms; well kept house; excellent people; telephone; $7 up.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.
Large and small rooms; private bath; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Single room; running water; house and table strictly first class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.
Attractively furnished suites, private baths and telephones; superior table; established 24 years; suitable for physician.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Beautiful, large, southern exposed room; private bath; excellent home table; telephone; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first-class references; table guests.

57TH, 325 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; hot and cold water; excellent service.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

139 WEST 69TH ST.
Attractive suite, private baths; telephone; excellent table.

269 WEST 70TH ST.
Attractive rooms; 'phone; Sub.; board optional.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; every convenience; excellent table; Subway, "L," trolley.

120 WEST 71ST ST.
Attractive rooms; baths, electricity. Col. 1748.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable, attractive rooms, with bath; unexpectedly vacated; high-class accommodations.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large and medium rooms; southern exposure; private extension; bath room; table guests.

72D ST., 152 WEST.—Board, rooms, piano, for girls studying music, art; highly recommended; moderate.

73D, 176 WEST.—Medium, suitable for two, and small room; quiet, refined surroundings; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms; near elevator and Subway; references. Tel. 1836 Columbus.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; two medium rooms, near bath; references.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; private bath; high-class house; excellent table.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, small and medium rooms; southern exposure; excellent table; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Lovely rooms; improvements; excellent table; central location; private family; board optional.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private surroundings; exceptionally good table; very reasonable.

81ST ST., 120 WEST.—Single and double rooms; electric light, parquet floors; board optional.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Delicious cooking; excellent service; clean, well-kept, large and small room.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Desirable, medium room; running water; bath adjoining; hall room; private family.

82D ST., 117 WEST.—Large, sunny, second-floor, front room; moderate terms; telephone; table guests.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Attractive rooms for attractive people.
Schuyler 8397.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Elegant large single rooms; near parks, Subway, elevated; excellent table; moderate.

92D ST., 54 WEST.—Desirable rooms; large, small; private bath; excellent table; telephone 9939 Riverside.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room, all conveniences; also single room; good board; references.

93D ST., 128-130 WEST, (Holland House.)—Rooms; superior cuisine and service; references; table guests.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

94TH ST., 32 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; handsomely furnished, homelike house; excellent table; reasonable; telephone.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Comfortable hall room, with excellent board, for gentleman; Jewish family; telephone.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms; select; parlor dining; excellent cuisine; table guests; reasonable; telephone.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, (near Central Park.)—Mediumsized room; excellent table; price moderate.

(100TH ST.) 828 WEST END AV.—Attractive room; modern house; telephone; superior board; table guests.

104TH ST, 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms, running water; exceptionally good board; refined surroundings; telephone.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—High-class private dwelling overlooking Hudson; beautifully equipped; electric lights; parquet floors throughout; private bath; extra large closets; beautiful dining room; open for arrangement April 1; superior to any in boarding house line.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large, double room; southern exposure; excellent board. 'Phone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway; trolley.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

130TH ST., 250 WEST, (near "L" station.)—Large and hall room, with board.

137TH ST., 602 WEST, (Broadway Subway.)—High-class accommodations; room, running water; refined private family; excellent German home cooking; elevator. Apartment 43.

142D ST., 512 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Pleasant, front rooms; telephone; excellent table board; moderate.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large rooms overlooking Hudson; running water; closets; good board; telephone; references.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel, elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

MORNINGSIDE HEIGHTS, (417 WEST 120th.)—Large and single light rooms; newly decorated; elevator apartment; electricity; telephone; Broadway Subway; good home cooking.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, The Park.—Large sunny room; private bath; single room; excellent table.

East Side.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Desirable large room, with board; references.

80TH ST., 40 EAST, (Corner.)—Beautiful large and single rooms; elevator; parlor dining; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large, small rooms, with board; references exchanged.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5; river view Manhattan; most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway, ferry, bridge; 5 minutes Wall St.; apartments, single rooms; furnished, unfurnished; upper rooms, special rates business people; table choicest products New York markets. 905 Main.

Country Board

Long Island

Bayside, L. I.—Private house, all improvements; pleasant rooms, excellent table; near bay; terms moderate. Mrs. Claude Vermilye.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn. Delightful, convenient residence for Spring and Summer. Telephone Flushing 290.

Westchester County.

EDGEHILL INN, Spuyten Duyvil on Hudson, —Summer and Winter accommodations of the best; single rooms and en suite; convenient to Subway and Central. Address Miss M. Huntington.

New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !
$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM, WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS AT THE ELMWOOD, 43 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Special rates to families.
Southern exposure, billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give fairyland effect; four minutes from station. Not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house. Why continue to pay same rates in a boarding house with one bath to fifteen people?
Take the wonderful McAdoo tube, either from your office door at Broadway and Cortlandt St., or the centre of the theatre shopping district at Broadway and 33d St. No crowded Subway. Warm cars. No ferries. Charmingly located in metropolitan zone.

Boarders Wanted.—Beautiful location; shade; 5 minutes from trains or trolley; rates reasonable. J. Roem, 116 Laurel St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Pompton Plains, N. J.—Desirable rooms, refined surroundings; select location; board $7. Mrs. Dorne.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (9th.)—Refined surroundings; nice small, large rooms; running water; bath; breakfast.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Two rooms and bath; nicely furnished; board optional.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegant, sunny front room; private bath; telephone; also single rooms.

12TH ST., 61 WEST. — Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, exceptionally bright rooms; private bath; telephone.

22D, 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, sunny back parlor and dressing room; running water; telephone.

42D, 322 WEST.—Nicely furnished, comfortable rooms; tiled bath; $2 upwards; men only. Hughes.

45TH ST., 54 WEST.—Furnished room; gentleman; heat, electric light; reasonable.

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—Furnished rooms; gentlemen; reference.

47TH ST., 56 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with bath, electricity, steam heat; under new management.

57TH, 424 WEST.—Large, small rooms; all improvements; housekeeping; $2 up. Gallagher.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $4 up; facing Central Park; suitable for studio.

65TH ST., 5 WEST.—Single or double room; every convenience; American couple; private house; private telephone; Columbus 1895. Hanshe.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

70TH ST, 267 WEST.—Desirable, attractive rooms, absolutely clean; electricity and telephone; board optional.

70TH ST., 146 WEST.—Comfortable well furnished room, bath, private house; permanent; references.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large, single room; hot and cold water; references exchanged.

70TH, 262 WEST.—Medium-sized, sunny rooms; every convenience.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Superior accommodations; sitting room and bedroom; for gentleman; reference.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Attractive single rooms, $4 up; suites; private bath; gentlemen. 2317 Columbus.

72D ST., 302 WEST, near Riverside.—Nicely furnished, large front room; just vacated; suitable for one or two gentlemen; 'phone, Subway.

73D ST., 101 WEST.—Large, sunny room; hot and cold water; telephone; references required. Doherty.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Large room, suitable couple; two gentlemen; single room; telephone; references.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with every convenience; southern exposure; near Subway express.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—One large room; running water; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large, front room; private bath; electricity; parquet floor; near Subway; references.

76TH ST., 113 WEST.—Second floor, en suite or single; private bath; first-class house.

76TH ST., 113 WEST.—Second floor, en suite or single; private bath; first-class house.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Desirable single room; gentlemen only; reference.

78TH, 114 WEST.—One large southern exposed room, with dressing room, adjoining bath; reasonable.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Large, small, rooms for bachelors; connecting bath; very reasonable; private house.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; high-class house; references.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; high-class house; references.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Two large, joining rooms; private bath; all conveniences.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Large and medium room; clean, well-kept, comfortable home; breakfast optional.

82D ST., 150 WEST.—Large front room, dressing room; private house; telephone.

137 WEST 84TH ST., KENNEDY.
Homelike rooms; every convenience.

87TH, 135 WEST.—Attractive front room in private, select house; electricity; telephone; board optional.

91ST ST., 46 WEST.—Large, front room; connecting dressing room; convenient all cars; telephone; reasonable.

92D ST., 3 WEST.—Large, light room; elevator apartment; business women preferred; apply before 10 A. M. or after 5 P. M. Saunders.

92D ST., 68 WEST.—Two nice rooms for rent in private family; bath; phone.

93D, 31 WEST.—Large, attractive, clean, sunny room; running water; reasonable; private house; telephone.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room; running water; private house.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, well furnished front room; running water; private house.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private family; large, sunny second-floor front room, handsomely furnished; bath.

103D ST., BROADWAY, 2,708.—Outside sunny room, adjoining bath; breakfast optional; private family; telephone 4011J River. Andrews.

103D ST., 19 WEST.—Outside, sunny room; private family; near Subway, "L"; references. Lee.

105TH, 80 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room; running water; single room; $2.50; "L" Subway.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms; beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Attractive room; nicely furnished; refined surroundings; private family; elevator; gentlemen. White.

108TH ST., 203 WEST, (Gardner.)—Attractive room in apartment; 'phone; breakfast if desired; reasonable.

114TH ST, 528 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private house; also large room with bath; ground floor; suitable for gentlemen; quiet locality; convenient Subway.

114TH, 508 WEST, (Apartment 62.)—Small room; $3; high-class elevator apartment; lady only.

115TH ST., 422 WEST.—Corner parlor suite; two blocks to Subway; reasonable. Inquire janitor.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Attractive small room, for lady; $3; near Columbia and Subway. Teed.

119TH, 422 WEST.—Two front rooms, together or separate; restaurant; elevator; subway. Apt. 24.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Columbia University neighborhood; half block east of Broadway; beautiful outside room; newly furnished; Bancroft apartments; new, fireproof, electric lights, elevator; high-class restaurant.

122D, 520 WEST.—Artistic rooms; moderate rates; private suite, suitable for four; elevator. Fisher.

123D, 526 WEST.—Large, light rooms; telephone; $3-$2; Subway; one flight. Henderson.

124TH, 510 WEST.—Outside, airy, clean; independent; telephone; elevator; gentleman; private family. Apt. 26.

137TH ST., 253 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, clean, medium, small rooms; modern conveniences; for appreciative party.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Suites, single rooms; private baths; hotel conveniences; home comforts; reasonable. Pierson.

145TH ST., 518 WEST.—Connecting, outside, sunny rooms; lavatory; private family; Broadway Subway. Wade.

146TH, 600 WEST.—Attractive room, Hudson view; running water; elevator apartment; Subway. Apartment 62.

153D ST., 462 WEST.—Comfortable room in private family; breakfast or board optional.

A LARGE, comfortable room, with board, for one or two gentlemen in home of refined American family owning house, West 86th St. Address E. Moor, 123 Watts St.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 378.—Pleasant location; large and small room; elevator; electricity; telephone. Brien.

CHARLES ST., 10.—Back parlor; heated; hot water; near 6th Av. "L"; meals optional.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, (Convent Av. and 141st St.)—Daintily furnished room; private residence; $2.50; Subway.

LENOX AV, 251.—Beautiful, large room; one flight; next bath room; excellent Summer location.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 851, (128th St.)—Cosy room; private family; elevator apartment; terms, $3.

East Side.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms; reasonable; private house.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable room; private house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

31ST ST., 20 EAST.—Desirable furnished rooms to let for gentlemen; reference required.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large room; running water; every convenience; gentlemen preferred; references required.

43D, 13 EAST.—One large room, private bath, and small rooms.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room; private bath; square room; running water; single room; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Single or double room, with bath; gentlemen; references.

59TH ST., 129 EAST.—Everything new; large room, second floor; gentlemen exclusively; $7 week. Stevens.

76TH ST., 37 EAST.—Bright, sunny room, third floor front; first-class house; near Park.

IRVING PLACE, 14, (corner 15th St., block east of Union Square.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

Brooklyn.

HENRY ST., 128.—Front room; near subway; telephone.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

YOUNG MAN desires light, airy, neat room in quiet, refined neighborhood between 57th and 96th Sts., West, or vicinity Columbia University; must not be near elevated lines; $3; permanent; give full particulars. H 99 Times.

WANTED.—Furnished room with bath, or small apartment; convenient to 50th and Madison; by two ladies; must be reasonable. F 59 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

Exceptional opportunity; two large rooms, running water; suitable one or two business women; 58th, close to Broadway; occupant leaving city; would sell furniture cheaply; moderate rental. F 81 Times.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

West 113th St., 253.—Three-story, high-stoop, basement house; short walk to "L" or Subway; $1,100 per year. F. S. McManus, 624 Madison Av.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

WYCHMERE SEASHORE COTTAGES.
Rented; completely furnished; bathrooms; hot water; booklet.
Box 55, South Harwich, Mass.

Country Houses, Unfurnished

Owner's attractive home; large verandas, grounds; improvements; chickens; low rental, long lease; Waldwick, N. J.; school, churches, stores, trolley, Erie main line station, all within three blocks. Tyndall, 141 Broadway.

Furnished Houses Wanted

WANTED—SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE OR BUNGALOW DIRECTLY ON THE WATER WITH BOATING AND BATHING, WITHIN AN HOUR OF NEW YORK; WRITE FULL PARTICULARS, WITH PHOTO. X 159 TIMES.

For Sale

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, Multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, Addressographs, Wardrobes. Nathan, West Broadway, corner White.

BIG LOT OF SILK AND CHIFFON WAISTS AND SILK AND LINEN DRESSES AT A VERY LOW FIGURE. H. B. FLAXMAN, 109 WEST 26TH ST.

FOR SALE—Steck upright piano; excellent condition; terms reasonable. A 283 Times Downtown.

Furniture, high-class second-hand, bought, sold. Creamer, 916 6th Av. Tel. 6261 Plaza.

Pianos and Organs

A Sacrifice—Upright piano, good condition, sweet tone, $55. Stadle's, 270 Willis Av., (139th St.)

Player piano; standard make; 88 note; bench, music; sell at sacrifice. 318 West 42d.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

West Side.

To Sublet—209 West 97th St., corner apartment, eight rooms and bath; elevator; $75. Apply on premises.

Studio apartment, north light; quiet, airy; charming kitchenette. Central Park Studios, 15 West 67th St.

APARTMENT, 8 rooms, bath; butler's pantry. 251 West 100th St., between West End Av. and Broadway.

47th, 16 West.—Two four-room kitchenette apartments; all light; furnished if desired; moderate.

Argyle Apartments, 142 West 131st St.; 7 large, light rooms, elevator; $42.50 to $50.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

To Sublet.—At Hotel Lorraine, 45th St. and 5th Av., an attractively furnished apartment, three large, light rooms and two baths. Liberal concessions F 55 Times.

39TH, 52 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished, entire floor, 2 large rooms, bath; also room, bath; electric light, telephone; resident or business.

40th St., 142 East.—Furnished apartment to sublet, April to November; great sacrifice; convenient locality. P. L. Hammond, 4168 John.

162d St., Near Riverside.—Six outside rooms, expensively furnished; elevator apartment; $65. Apply Norman Denzer, 3,816 Broadway.

Broadway, 3,100, Apartment 11.—Particularly attractive furnished apartment; great sacrifice; outside rooms; southern exposure.

Help Wanted, Female

A COMPETENT WOMAN WITH GOOD, EXECUTIVE ABILITY TO TAKE CHARGE OF AN ALTERATION ROOM IN LARGE SPECIALTY COAT AND SUIT HOUSE IN MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA; GOOD SALARY AND PERMANENT POSITION FOR RIGHT PERSON. APPLY SAMUEL FLOERSHEIMER & BRO., 31 WEST 27TH.

AN experienced, neat young woman as nurse maid for girl 8 years. Good sewer. Personal references required. Call 306 West 82d St., 10-12 o'clock.

A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT WOMAN FOR COSTUME FITTER; ONE WITH PRIVATE DRESSMAKING EXPERIENCE REQUIRED. APPLY SAMUEL FLOERSHEIMER & BRO., 31 WEST 27TH.

SALESWOMEN wanted by wholesale house; women's wearing apparel; must be prepossessing and hustlers; salary and commission. Apply Room 1,003-1,005 St. James Building, 1,133 Broadway.

SKIRT DRAPERS, ACCUSTOMED TO FIRST-CLASS WORK ONLY. MARTYN & CO., 6 WEST 45TH ST.

SKIRT FINISHERS, ACCUSTOMED TO FIRST-CLASS WORK ONLY. MARTYN & CO., 6 WEST 45TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant wanted; energetic young woman of intelligence, good education, and address, competent stenographer and capable of handling details of office work in weekly publication office. Address in own hand writing, X 144 Times, stating qualifications, experience, and salary expected.

WANTED—An experienced nurse for infant 5 months old, who will assist with light chamberwork; personal reference required. Apply Apartment 8 E, 318 West 100th St. Telephone 8642 Riverside.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, who can do good, plain cooking; city references. 818 West 100th St. Apartment 15.

Help Wanted, Male

ACTIVE, industrious, reliable gentlemen of good address; large salary to capable man. Call 9 to 11, Real Estate, Room 418, 500 5th Av.

INSURANCE brokers and men with selling ability; Standard of Detroit (established 1884) now issuing a monthly payment plan health and accident policy; every illness or accident covered; highest commission; would talk salary to few good men. Manager, 516, 1,133 Broadway, N. Y.

JAPANESE VALET wanted by bachelor; one who can take care of housekeeping apartment, good cook and experienced in shaving; city references required; state salary expected. Apply H 72 Times.

MAN familiar with internal revenue work in wholesale liquor house; must be quick and accurate at figures; good penman; salary $10 to $15. Address F. F. S., F 70 Times.

MEN over 25, with selling ability; drawing account to right men; whole or part time. Call or address W. Fricke, 6th Floor, 277 Broadway.

SALESMAN for accident and health insurance; whole or part time; salary and commission; experience not necessary; expert assistance given. Apply all week, 217 West 125th St., Room 20.

SALESMAN.—First-class salesman for cloaks and suits to cover Western territory; must have established trade. Garfinkel & Rosenblatt, 14 West 17th St.

SALESMEN to sell large size, low price Long Island lots; large commission to good men. Byrne, 49 Nassau St., Room 7.

SALESMAN wanted for tailoring to solicit orders on the outside. Davis, 26 Newark Av., Jersey City.

SKILLED MECHANICIAN AND MANAGER wanted for public garage within sixty miles of New York City. Write, giving particulars, to P. O. Box 138, N. Y. P. O.

SHOE SALESMAN wanted, with experience and first-class references. Frank Bros., 224 5th Av.

SOLICITOR.—Active, energetic solicitor wanted, one who can present forcefully to business houses a clean cut business proposition; drawing account and commission to start, and every opportunity for advancement with old and reliable firm. Steady, 214 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge modern bookkeeping methods; married man preferred; an opportunity for a systematic, loyal man of good address; state experience and salary expected. V 3 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN WANTED—Stock salesman; one experienced in selling stock; a corporation of ten years' standing in a growing business requires additional capital for extension purposes; have paid dividends for three years, and require the services of a high-grade man; write fully, giving age and experience; all replies confidential. X 153 Times.

WANTED—Men to sell our Prudential cutlery sets with big premium offer; experience unnecessary; good opportunity. Write or call Prudential B. F. Co., 209 Hudson St., N. Y.

Lost and Found.

24-hour record in Efficiency:

Tuesday, March 26th—3 P. M. Lost crescent diamond pin.

Wednesday, March 27th—Notice in Lost column of The New York Times carries message to reading public of Greater New York.

Wednesday, March 27th—11 A. M. Pin is returned to Oscar Vezin of Rogers, Thompson, Givernand Company and finder rewarded.

Wednesday, March 27th—2:30 P. M. Times receives letter of thanks from Mr. Vezin.

To recover Lost articles advertise in The New York Times. Telephone Bryant 1000.

Help Wanted, Male

WANTED—Young men who have a good knowledge of machinery, some shop experience, and a good education, (preferably college,) in the efficiency department of a large textile mill in Connecticut; applicants must be accurate at figures and furnish A1 references; good opportunity for future advancement. Address, giving full particulars as to past experience and salary desired, R. L. G., P. O. Box 4, Shelton, Conn.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

YOUNG MAN, 20, energetic, acquainted with the cloak and suit trade, to sell embroidery and trimmings; chance for advancement. H 118 Times.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

FEMALE stenographers, bookkeepers, &c., immediate openings. Call Mutual Exchange, 19 Liberty St., (Agency.)

Domestic.

HOUSEKEEPERS, $50, $75; families; 12 servants; schools, institutions, resident school secretaries, governesses, nurses. Hopkins's Educational Agency, 507 5th Av.

MISS CURRY'S AGENCY, 25 West 42d St.—Cooks, wages, $25 to $40; waitresses, waitress-chambermaid; city and country; no fee until placed.

A.—A.—MRS. MALMBERG'S, 115 East 26th St.; oldest Swedish agency; established 1881; select servants for private families; formerly 352 4th Av.

COOPER'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 657 6th Av., 38th St.—Cook, chambermaid, and waitress, (Germans;) cooks, American and North of Ireland, Protestant; cook and laundress, (Irish;) laundress, first-class; chambermaid and waitress; houseworker, good baker and laundress; references investigated; city or country.

Situations Wanted, Female

A REFINED, SENSIBLE WOMAN as useful companion or care of motherless children; experienced; highest references; country preferred. X 152 Times.

ARTISTIC French dressmaker, designer, wishes work by day in private families; $4. Mlle. Marguerite, 171 West 73d. Col. 3893.

COMPANION.—Young woman, musical, literary, and artistic tastes, desires position as companion. F 61 Times.

DRESSMAKER desires few more customers, out by day, $2.10. Mrs. McConnell, 307 West 22d.

DRESSMAKING.—Plain, fancy; out by the day; reasonable. Mlle. Billisch, 1,145 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER wishes permanent position; long experience; operates any standard machine; correct transcript; good speller; thoroughly reliable. 709 Tribune Building, city.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright beginner; business school graduate; thoroughly capable; moderate salary to start, with chance to advance. Edith Stephen, 893 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thorough business woman, understands all office details; competent take charge of office; rapid, accurate; reference. A 280 Times Downtown.

Stenographer, typewriter and switch board operator desires position; five years' experience; best of references. A. Aarons, 11 East 116 St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; terms reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in law and commercial work, desires position; salary, $18. Competent, Room 600, 150 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; five years' experience; competent, reliable; $15. A 253 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, 17 years of age; good at figures. (M. B.) F. B., 197 East Broadway.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—Excellent record, well recommended; wants position. M. A 256 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, written up; systems installed; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; reasonable rates. Sumliner, 156 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1111L Williamsburg.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway, 'Phone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

Accountant, expert, opens, closes, balances, adjusts books; highest credentials; $5 monthly. Fullerston, 1,931 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert. books opened, balanced, systematized, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, F 85 Times.

ACCOUNTANT. (Junior.)—Young man, 21, long experience; best references. S. W., 23 Avenue A.

ACCOUNTANT, middle-aged, desires position; is thoroughly experienced as bookkeeper, office manager, correspondent; best of references; moderate pay. A 315 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems, reasonable. Mitchel, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ADVERTISING WRITER; clear, forceful; long experience planning, writing, designing, printing. A 309 Times Downtown.

A CHAUFFEUR, DISENGAGED APRIL 1; THREE YEARS WITH PRESENT EMPLOYER; AMERICAN, MARRIED, HONEST, STRICTLY SOBER; PIERCE-ARROW OR LOCOMOBILE PREFERRED. LAKE, 192 PARK PLACE, BROOKLYN.

AMBITIOUS and reliable young man, 22, knowledge of typewriting and stenography, seeks position in advertising business; agency preferred. A 303 Times Downtown.

An expert office man thirty-five years of age, at present making good with a large corporation, desires to locate in or near New York. Thoroughly conversant with modern economic systems, can handle a large force and properly organize to obtain highest efficiency. Would accept salary of $2,500 for first year if there is an opportunity for a man who proves in. Will be in New York April 8th to 12th. Address Efficiency, P. O. Box 503, Kansas City, Mo.

ARCHITECTURAL draftsman wants position inside or out for Summer; best references. A 277 Times Downtown.

A RESPECTABLE colored man wishes responsible position; best city reference. V., 208 West 98th.

ART DEPARTMENT MANAGER.—Expert in photo-engraving and color plates. High class all-round commercial artist; can give excellent references. Address L. M., 794 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

ASSISTANT ADVERTISING MANAGER by young man, 23; seven years of broad business experience; graduate of complete advertising course; conscientious and ambitious worker; reference. H 104 Times.

ATTENDANT, companion, nurse, gentleman invalid; total abstainer; used to mental or nervous case; reliable; able take full charge; first class references. H., 90 Charles St. 'Phone, 5809—Chelsea.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,) thoroughly competent; cost accounting, all modern systems; over ten years' experience; desires position to take entire charge, or assist generally; moderate salary. Address H, 79 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and general office man, 25 years' experience, first-class correspondent and systematizer, thoroughly qualified to manage office, desires change; excellent references; moderate salary. A 275 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, (28;) ten years' experience, wishes responsible position with reliable firm; best of reference. M. Schiff, 331 Park Av.

Situations Wanted, Male

Bank clerk now employed desires a change; experienced teller, bookkeeper; best references. Address Box 17, 1335 Third Ave.

BARKEEPER.—First-class; Swiss-American; speaks French and German; excellent references. Ackermann, 312 West 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER, 23; married; eight years' experience in Wall St., four years' as blotter and P. S. clerk; best of reference. A 318 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, competent, thoroughly experienced, desires responsible position; exceptional references; energetic. A 290 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER to take full charge; age 29; eight years' experience; references and recommendations; salary, $25. Write, J. B., 488 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager; can take entire charge; age 28; experience seven years; highest references. Write, A 60 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, (27,) thoroughly competent office man; highest credentials; $22. Wright, 125 East 23d.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 6 years' experience, wishes to connect with good house. A 805 Times Downtown.

BOY, 17 years of age, who is anxious and willing to work, wishes a position in an office or store; two months' experience in office work; best of references. (J. R.) F. B., 197 East Broadway.

BRICKLAYER, 27, wishes a position as foreman; has ten years' practical experience, and a knowledge of plans; prefers country job. Advertising Office, 302 East 92d St.

BUSINESS OR SALES MANAGER, age 42, with enviable record, open for engagement; has ability to handle large force of traveling men and accomplish results; last place 15 years. Manager, A 229 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, &c.—Young man wishes position as butler or valet; personal city reference. 58 East 56th St., ring basement bell.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, colored, wishes position; 4 years' experience; reference. Blocker, Phone 9361 Schuyler.

CHAUFFEUR and repair man; 3 years last family. C. F. Hale, 107 East 31st St.

CHEF, French, 25 years' experience in hotels, clubs; A1 references; city or country. H 90 Times.

CORRESPONDENT; clear, persuasive writer; resourceful office man; bookkeeper; expert typewriter. Reliable, 306 Times Downtown.

CLUB position wanted, by gentleman in reduced circumstances; capable of taking complete charge of clubhouse in town or country; can furnish best references. X 145 Times.

COUPLE, Americans, desires steady positions country; entire work small family; can handle horse; wife speaks French and German; with girl aged 11; best references. Reliable, H 119 Times.

CREDIT MAN, &c.—American, age 35, seventeen years' office experience with three concerns as credit man, department head, bookkeeper, and cashier, desires connection with good house where advancement will follow proved efficiency; highest credentials as to executive ability, character, reliability; salary secondary to good prospects. Initiative, H 87 Times.

EFFICIENT BOOKKEEPER seeks connection with responsible financial concern; Canadian; experienced; ambitious; excellent penman; references. X 158 Times.

GARDENER—German, 37 years, married, one child, 12 years in last place; capable to superintend large country place; sober, hard worker; with best references; wants to change; Long Island preferred. For details apply Hermann's Feed Store, 140 E. 34th St.

GARDENER, Superintendent, wishes position on gentleman's country home; single, 25; honest, willing worker; strictly temperate; references; wages $45 per month and board. J. Sherfell, 685 Wales Av., Bronx, N. Y.

GARDENER—Single, 28, German, competent greenhouse and outside man; finest references; is looking for position as head gardener. For details apply Hermann's Feed Store, 140 E. 34th St.

GARDENER.—Married, no family, wishes position; references. Address John McGlynn, Merrit St., Port Chester, N. Y.

MAN, (28,) German, single, houseman, desires position private family; references. Mueller, 751 Columbus Av.

SALESMAN.—Established trade New York City and Jersey and surrounding territory, large and medium stores in ladies', children's, and misses' dresses, desires position with reputable house that will give drawing account; guarantees results. A 266 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man, 22, six years' experience as stock clerk, having also selected orders and waited on house trade; excellent reference. Jack Feinberg, 1,327 5th Av., city.

TUTOR.—College student wants position in private family for the Summer; preparatory and elementary studies; best of recommendations. X 153 Times.

USEFUL MAN, (25,) single, around country place; gardening, care horses, poultry, milking, and care of automobiles; wishes steady position. F 69 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) WITH HIGH SCHOOL AND BUSINESS EDUCATION, WOULD BEGIN WITH FIRM THAT WOULD GIVE HIM CHANCE. X 157 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) wishes position where there is advancement; can furnish excellent reference. J. Sweeney, 177 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) WISHES POSITION WITH CHANCE OF ADVANCEMENT; CAN FURNISH BEST OF REFERENCES. X 27 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, (23;) formally employed in real estate and builder's office, desires position. Address, Iron Works, 734 East 9th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, honest, desires position with responsibility; good reference. V., 1,418 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with drug trade. Bell Chemical Co., 402 East 147th St.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency.)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5TH AV.
Telephone 4527 Madison Square.
Agency for superior domestic help.

ATTENTION.—If you are in need of the following: Couple, $75; butler, $60; French governess, $50; nursery governess, $25; French cook, $50; other very good cooks, $30; laundress, $30; Irish, German, Swedish chambermaids, $25; German nurse, $25, please call or telephone Criterion Agency, 341 Columbus Av.; telephone 8468 Schuyler.

BOND $1,000, Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St. Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COLORED HELP, select, furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem 6370.

COMPETENT colored help of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

COOK, $30; waitress, $25; laundress, $25; cook, $25; governess, $30; infant's nurse, German, $30. Flaherty Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4298.

COUPLES.—Cook, general houseworkers; experienced; colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency, Phone 7288 Morning.

HELP.—Reliable Hungarian, German, Polish; references investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4th St., Orchard 2508.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES, No. 57 CHAMBERS ST., BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, NEW YORK, APRIL 1, 1912.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE assessment rolls of real estate and personal property in the City of New York for the year 1912 have been delivered to the undersigned and that all taxes on said assessment rolls are due and payable as follows:

All taxes on personal property and one-half of all taxes on real estate are due and payable on

WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1912,

and the remaining and final one-half of taxes on real estate shall be due and payable on the FIRST OF NOVEMBER, 1912. *All taxes become liens on the real estate affected thereby on the respective days when they become due and payable as hereinbefore provided and shall remain such liens until paid.*

The second half of the tax on real estate which is due as hereinbefore provided on the first day of November following the payment of the first half, may be paid on the first day of May or at any time thereafter providing the first half shall have been paid or shall be paid at the same time and on such payments of the second half as may be made in such manner prior to November first a discount shall be allowed from the date of payment to November first at the rate of *four per centum* per annum.

NO DISCOUNT IS ALLOWED ON PER NO DISCOUNT IS ALLOWED ON PERSONAL TAX BILLS.

Penalty on unpaid taxes on real estate begins June 1 and December 1; on unpaid personal taxes June 1.

Taxes are payable at the office of the Receiver of Taxes, in the Borough where the property is located, as follows:

Borough of Manhattan, 57 Chambers st.
Borough of The Bronx, Municipal Building, corner 3d and Tremont avs.
Borough of Brooklyn, Municipal Building.
Borough of Queens, Court Square, Long Island City.
Borough of Richmond, Borough Hall, St. George.

FRED. H. E. EBSTEIN, Receiver of Taxes.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—THE NORTHERN BANK OF NEW YORK, Plaintiff, against BESSE M. McQUADE, Josephine Muller, Harry A. McDonough, Alexander Spiro, and "Jane" Spiro, his wife, the name "Jane" being fictitious, said defendant's true Christian name being unknown to plaintiff, Defendants.—Summons.—Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated January 23d, 1912.

BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Josephine Muller, Alexander Spiro, and "Jane" Spiro, his wife, the name "Jane" being fictitious, said defendant's true Christian name being unknown to plaintiff:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 28th day of March, 1912, and filed with the complaint herein in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated March 30th, 1912.

BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

MORDECAI, KATE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against KATE MORDECAI, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 135 Broadway, (Manhattan,) in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of July next.—Dated New York, the 20th day of January, 1912. BENJAMIN MORDECAI, CLARA M. PLOUGH, Executors. SIMPSON & CARDOZO, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, (Manhattan,) New York City.

EMILY CHARLES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMILY CHARLES, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Theall & Beam, No. 45 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the sixteenth day of September next.

Dated New York, the fifth day of March, 1912.
HOWARD W. CHARLES, JOHN C. CLARK, } Executors.
THEALL & BEAM, Attorneys for Executors, No. 45 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

MARTIN, EMILIE D.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Emilie D. Martin, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, the office of Graham & L'Amoreaux, No. 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of July next.

Dated New York, the 12th day of January, 1912.
LILLIAN M. N. STEVENS and ANNA A. GORDON, Executors.
GRAHAM & L'AMOREAUX, Attorneys for Executors, 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BOGERT, CAROLINE O.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Caroline O. Bogert, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of L. E. Warren, No. 261 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 18th day of March, 1912. ANNA BOGERT, Executrix.
L. E. WARREN, Attorney for Executrix, 261 Broadway, New York City.

REEVES, DANIEL.—In pursuance to an order of the Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against DANIEL REEVES, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at her place of transacting business at the office of Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway, New York City, on or before the 15th day of June next.—Dated New York, the 25th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. NORA REEVES, Administratrix. ROSE & PUTZEL, Attorneys for Administratrix, 128 Broadway, New York City.

CARDOZO, EMILY R.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMILY R. CARDOZO, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 128 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of August next.—Dated New York, the 27th day of January, 1912.—ERNEST A. CARDOZO, Administrator.—CARDOZO & NATHAN, Attorneys for Administrator, 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

MARSHALL, JANET RUTHERFORD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JANET RUTHERFORD MARSHALL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Whitehouse & Co., Room 401, Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the thirty-first day of May next.—Dated New York, the 20th day of November, 1911. HENRY RUTHERFORD, CHARLES K. PHIPARD, Executors. CHARLES FOX, Attorney for Executors, No. 3 Broad Street, New York City.

MEYERS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SAMUEL HERMAN MEYERS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of their attorney, No. 149 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 29th day of July next.—Dated New York, the 17th day of January, 1912. BLANCHE MEYERS, ABRAHAM LEWENGOOD, ABRAHAM SARTORIUS, Executors. JESSE S. EPSTEIN, Attorney for Executors, 149 Broadway, N. Y. City.

STEVENS, BYAM K.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BYAM K. STEVENS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, the office of her attorneys, Messrs. Dixon & Holmes, No. 32 Liberty Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 23d day of September next.—Dated New York the 12th day of March, 1912. ELIZA L. W. STEVENS, Executrix. DIXON & HOLMES, Attorneys for Executrix, 32 Liberty Street, New York.

NEUMER, FERDINAND.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York.—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FERDINAND NEUMER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 135 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of August next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of February, 1912. EDWIN HENES and PETER M. OHMEIS, Executors. EDWARD M. BURGHARD, Attorney for Executors, 135 Broadway, Manhattan.

FALK, ALBERT.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALBERT FALK, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, No. 37 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of April next.

Dated New York, the 30th day of September, 1911. EMMA C. FALK, Administratrix.
GUGGENHEIMER, UNTERMYER & MARSHALL, Attorneys for Administratrix, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BROWN, EDWARD B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWARD B. BROWN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of White & Case, No. 31 Nassau St., Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 14th day of March, 1912.
CHARLES A. STONE, Executor.
WHITE & CASE, Attorneys for Executor, 31 Nassau St., Manhattan, New York City.

STRAUSS, NATHAN F.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Nathan F. Strauss, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business at the office of his attorney, William Bondy, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of July next.

Dated New York the 9th day of January, 1912. MAURICE S. BONDY, Executor.
WILLIAM BONDY, Attorney for Executor, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

THEFT OF MESSAGES CHARGED BY POSTAL

Its Magazine Declares Bell Telephone Companies Are in League to Defraud It.

CALLS FOR POSTAL GET W. U.

Instances Cited to Show That This Practice Is General and Extends to Cable Messages.

Nearly all the space in the April issue of The Postal Telegraph, a magazine published in the interests of the employes of the Postal Telegraph Company, is devoted to an article entitled "Thou Shalt Not Steal." In this article the unqualified charge is made that the Bell Telephone Companies in various parts of the Union are discriminating in favor of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and are diverting business of the Postal to the Western Union.

"We publish below," the article says, "many reports from different parts of the country showing that the Bell Telephone Companies are illegally and with rank discrimination diverting the telegraph business of the Postal Telegraph Company to the Western Union Telegraph Company, and are doing this by contemptible and underhand methods. These reports are authentic and reliable. They are based upon actual occurrences. They show that where patrons of the Postal Company ring up on the telephone and call for the Postal in order to send a telegram, they are connected with the Western Union, and are not given a connection with the Postal Company until they object and protest and insist upon having the proper connection.

"In view of the instances given below there is reason to believe that this same thing has happened in tens of thousands of cases, and that tens of thousands of messages have been stolen from the Postal Telegraph Company by these reprehensible practices.

"In many of the cities in this country the Bell companies have a monopoly, and they are using that monopoly to rob the Postal Telegraph Company of its business. No wonder that the gross receipts of the Western Union Telegraph Company are increasing.

Law Requires Impartial Service.

"The law requires a telephone company to treat both telegraph companies impartially and give equal service to both. What, then, is to be said of a telephone monopoly that is using its monopolistic power to divert the legitimate business of the Postal Company to the monopoly's ally, the Western Union? Is that legal? Is it fair?

"The American people want competition. But how can they expect competition to continue in the face of such outrageous and illegal practices as these? It seems as though the impudence and audacity of this combine had reached the limit when it dares to do such a thing as this openly and universally. In the history of the country there is no more flagrant example of rank injustice and monopolistic evils than are exhibited in the following reports."

The reports that are made public are from all parts of the United States. The names of those making the reports are withheld for obvious reasons. It is stated that only a few of the complaints from New York City are given, the reason for the exclusion of many of them being a lack of space. All of the New York City reports but one that are given are of the same date, March 12. Some of them follow:

March 12, called for the Postal and was told to deposit 5 cents, and I said, "Have you got the Postal?" and was told yes. I deposited 5 cents, and then found that I was connected with the Western Union. I called again for the Postal at another box and was asked whether I knew the Postal's number, and I was connected with "Information," and I said I wanted the Postal to send a telegram. I was then told to deposit 5 cents, which I did, and then I was connected with the Western Union.

March 10, at 4:30 P. M., called from 115 West Seventy-first Street, asking for Postal Telegraph. Shortly afterward the Western Union answered. I complained to the telegraph operator, and she referred me to the Information Bureau. I asked for the Postal Telegraph again, and she said she had been ringing for them right along. The Postal Telegraph office answered a minute later, and the manager told me that his telephone had not been ringing at all. It took me five minutes to reach the Postal office.

March 12, called from Seventieth Street and Broadway at 12:15 noon and asked for the Postal. The telephone operator told me that I wanted the Western Union for telegrams, not the Postal, and that I would have to use the long distance telephone in the other booth for the Postal. I tried the same booth at 12:20, and they connected me with the telephone manager, and I then got the Postal office after ten minutes' delay.

March 12, called from 705 Broadway, 3:24 P. M., for the Postal Company. Was given the Western Union. Again called for the Commercial Cable and was again given the Western Union. Was finally given the Commercial Cable Company after six minutes.

March 12, called from 125th Street and Seventh Avenue. The telephone manager tried to persuade the party calling to send the telegram via Western Union, and said the Western Union would give faster service and the toll would be charged on the monthly telephone bill.

Wrong Company Got Cable Message.

The American Cigar Company's office, 116 Fifth Avenue, New York, says that March 4, 1912, at 5:50 P. M., he rang up the telephone office and asked for the Commercial Cable Company's office, and then some one answered and he gave them a cablegram for Havana, Cuba. On March 5 the American Cigar Company sent to the Commercial Cable Company a copy of the message so as to be sure that it had properly been sent. It was then found that the telephone company had connected them with the Western Union, and the Western Union took the message and sent it to Havana, although it was intended for the Commercial Cable Company.

Several similar complaints originated in Brooklyn. In each case the complainant said that the Postal was called, but that the Western Union answered. One report was to the effect that on two different calls for the Postal the Western Union was connected, and that finally, when the objection was repeated a third time the answer came back that "the Postal was busy."

Complaints from Chicago.

Next to New York City, the largest number of complaints again the telephone company are dated Chicago. Here are some of the things that are alleged to have happened in that city as a result of efforts to telephone messages to the Postal:

March 11, called from Forest Park, 8:15 P. M., and asked for Postal Telegraph in Chicago. Telephone operator replied, "I will give you the Western Union in Oak Park." I said, "I do not want the Western Union, but Postal." Operator said, "I will not give you the Postal, I will give you the Western Union in Oak Park."

March 11, asked for the Postal and telephone operator insisted that I give the telegram to the Western Union. I insisted on the Postal, but she connected me with the Telephone Manager's office, and the Telephone Manager also insisted that I use Western Union, and finally said that they had no line with the Postal.

March 11, called at nickel slot office and asked for Postal. Was given Western Union three times. Telephone operator refused to give me Postal.

March 11, called for Postal at 7:26 P. M. Telephone operator said, "Dont' you want to give it to the Western Union?" I said "No," and then she refused to give me the Postal unless I hunted up the Postal's number.

March 11, called for Postal, and Western Union answered. I said I had called for the Postal, and the Western Union employe said, "Did you? the operator must have made a mistake. As long as you have this office you might as well give the telegram to me."

March 11, called for the Postal and was given the Western Union, and I said I wished for the Postal, and the Western Union operator said, "Won't you send it by the Western Union?" I said, "No."

March 15, called from 2101 West Jackson Boulevard. Asked for Postal. 'Phone operattor said: "I will give you W. U., Wabash 4321." I replied, "No, I want Postal, not W. U." 'Phone operator said, "Don't you know their number? Won't W. U. do?" I replied, "No, I am a messenger and in a hurry to send a message. Can't you give me Postal?" Operator said, "You will have to give their number." I hung up the receiver and immediately after hanging up the bell rang on the same 'phone and the operator said, "Did you ring W. U. Wabash 4321 to send a message?" I replied, "No, I did not ring for W. U. Why do you ask?" The operator replied, "Pardon me, I thought some one there wanted W. U. to send a message."

Test by a Times Reporter.

Other complaints of similar character come from Albany, Rochester, Schenectady, Poughkeepsie, Washington, Birmingham, Atlanta, Greenville, S. C.; Newport News, Peoria, Milwaukee, Grand Rapids, Jacksonville, Fla.; Davenport, Iowa; Orange, N. J.; Wilmington, Del.; San Francisco, Los Angeles, Nashville, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Spokane, and Detroit, and even from Cripple Creek, Col.

A Times reporter tried last night to get the Western Union's side of the case, but was unable to find any of the managing officers of that company. General Manager Belvidere Brooks could not be reached, and when his address was requested at the main office of the Western Union, at 195 Broadway, the information was refused. Mr. Brooks's telephone number also was refused by those in charge.

In order to test the accuracy of the charges made by the Postal the reporter called up the Bryant Exchange of the telephone company and told the operator that he wished to be connected with the main office of the Postal Telegraph Company for the purpose of sending a message. A few seconds later the reporter got a connection with what he supposed was the Postal Telegraph Company.

"Is this the Postal?" the reporter asked.

"This is 5,000 Rector," was the answer.

"Is this the Postal?" the reporter persisted.

"No, it is the Western Union," was the answer.

The telephone number of the main office of the Postal is 6700 Barclay. The reporter demanded an explanation as to why he had got 5,000 Rector. The only satisfaction he received was that 5,000 Rector is a private line of the Western Union and is not listed in the telephone books.

In another part of The Postal Telegraph there is printed what is stated to be the "platform" of the company, which is as follows:

> We are willing to compete with the Western Union Telegraph Company, but in view of the above practices we demand that that company be separated from the Bell Telephone and stand on its own bottom, bear its own expenses and losses, and not have them borne by a telephone company. We denounce that as unfair competition. We object to any arrangement by which competition between the telegraph and long-distance telephone is eliminated, and such elimination then used to eliminate all competition whatsoever in telegraphy.

The alleged discrimination against the Postal is now before the Inter-State Commerce Commission as a result of charges filed by the Postal Telegraph Company.

NOT A SUNDAY SCHOOL DAY.

So Four Boys Went Rowing, Upset Their Boat, and One Was Drowned.

The antics of four boys in a rowboat attracted a crowd of several hundred persons to the Erie Railroad bridge across the Passaic River at Arlington, N. J., yesterday afternoon. The youths, each of whom had an oar, tried to pull each other around in circles, and were cutting up in other ways, when the boat capsized.

Folk on the bridge, which is seventy-five or more feet above the stream, were helpless, being unable to reach the boys. A passenger train came along, however, and the engineer, seeing the plight of the boys, stopped his train and started his whistle blowing.

Henry Stimus, who owns a boathouse near by from which the boys had hired the boat, heard the whistle and put out in another rowboat. He got two of the boys who were clinging to the overturned boat, and a third who was holding to the abutment of the bridge. The fourth boy had gone down.

Stimus carried the lads ashore, each weakened and almost senseless. They were George Gildawin, 15 years old, of 184 Hoyt Street; William Nixon, 16, of 86 Chestnut Street, and William McCallum, 15, of 180 Hoyt Street, all of Kearny, N. J. The boy who was drowned was 17-year-old John Gildawin, a brother of George.

The boys had started for Sunday school, when the pleasant weather induced them to go for a row on the river instead.

TROOPERS ROBBED; BATTERYMAN HELD

Members of Columbia Troop, Who Lost Money and Jewels, Submit to Search in an Armory.

FIND THEIR CLOTHING RIFLED

Prisoner, Herman Herbert, Had Recently Become a Guardsman as a Result of Advertisements.

To find out who had rifled the clothing of members of the Columbia Troop, an independent cavalry organization, while the troop was at drill Saturday evening in the armory of the Second Battalion, Field Artillery, N. G. N. Y., in West Sixty-sixth Street, every member of the troop present and three members of Battery E of the artillery were lined up and searched by the acting battery commander.

As a result of the search Herman Herbert, 21 years old, a new recruit of Battery E, was arraigned before Magistrate Herrman in the West Side Court, yesterday, and was held in $1,000 bail for further examination this morning.

Theron E. Strong, an Assistant District Attorney and a Lieutenant of artillery attached to the Second Battalion, was present when the search was conducted. He personally took from a pocket in the shirt of Private Herbert a stick pin said to be worth $30 belonging to Sumner Ford, a lawyer and a member of the Columbia Troop, who lives at 888 Carroll Street, Brooklyn.

Major John F. O'Ryan, until recently Captain of the First Battery of Field Artillery, and now officer of the National Guard, who will become Major General on May 2, called for a full report of the occurrence early yesterday. He ordered that charges be preferred against the young artillery recruit at once. He said at his home last night that Capt. James H. Kenyon, the youth's immediate commanding officer, would no doubt forward the charges this morning and that he would approve them and order the court to assemble at the earliest possible date.

Mr. Strong, in a search of the armory, found $51 in cash near a doorway through which Herbert had tried to escape after the order to search every one present had been given. Later a gold watch and fob were fished out from a heap of rubbish underneath a radiator. The only article now missing is a diamond ring worth $60, belonging to Robert W. Macbeth of 843 Prospect Avenue, Brooklyn.

When the members of the Columbia Troop went upstairs to their dressing room, after a strenuous evening with the artillery horses, there was a sensation the moment the first arrivals caught sight of their clothing. Several suits had obviously been tampered with.

Sumner Ford found a valuable stick pin gone from his necktie and $20 in bills from a trouser's pocket. Capt. R. F. Riblet of the tropers found his gold watch and fob gone, while other troopers missed cash, in all $30.

Capt. Riblet suggested that since Mr. Strong was a Lieutenant in the artillery organization whose armory they were using, it would be a good thing to invite him to be present at the search. He would also know what legal action to take in case a thief were found.

Lieut. Strong and Detective Haley from the West Sixty-eighth Street Station went to the armory to investigate.

Lieut. Strong and the detective did not have to make any suggestions about searching the troopers. They demanded that it be done, and turned their own pockets inside out.

The search was without result. Patrick J. Hogan, the night janitor, recalled that three young batterymen whose names he did not recall had come in, and after watching the cavalrymen at their work for a little while, had gone out again.

The three troopers walked into the armory again. Hogan made a hasty trip to all the doors, and locked each one, not only with the night latch, but with special padlocks. Later he heard a rattling at a side exit, and when he rushed to it found one of the three artillerymen at work, he says, unlocking the night latch. It was near this exit that the $50 in cash and the watch and fob were found.

One of the three guardsmen furnished information that directed suspicion toward Herbert. The suspected guardsman was taken before Mr. Strong by the janitor, but a search of his pockets produced none of the stolen articles. Then Mr. Strong tried a pocket in his shirt, and the stickpin was produced.

Officers of Battery E said last night that the battery had been advertising in street cars for recruits, and that Herbert was one of the recent additions to the membership. He refused to give his home address to the officers who questioned him, and refused it again when arraigned in the West Side Court.

This Week—

Let us tell you about a real bargain we picked up. A woolen manufacturer had a small lot of yarn—various shades of gray mixtures, browns and blue-grays, all very handsome up-to-date spring shades—pure Australian wool. Enough for 17 pieces of cloth. We gave him samples of our finest English woolens to copy. The 17 pieces are here now—and they are beautiful. We offer them at—

$20 the Suit—To Order

Ordinarily this class of goods would cost $30—perhaps a trifle more. Look them over. They won't last long.

CLEMONS
INDIVIDUAL TAILORING
B'way & 39th St.
B'way & 28 St.
6 Av. & 24 St. 6 Av. & 31 St.

Mail orders have our best attention. Samples and Fashion Books on Request.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.
603 Broadway.
1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St.
246-248 W. 125th St.
647 Eighth Ave.

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Stetson Hats

NO one who knows Hats needs to be told about the merits of Hats made by Stetson. That is not the purpose of this advertisement. What we want you to know is that we have the largest, most varied stock of Stetson Hats in New York—and that at Wallach stores you will find exclusive models not to be seen otherwhere. So come to Wallach's for your Stetson Hat.

Wallach's Hats $2.00
Stetson Hats $3.50, $5.00 and $8.00

ADVERTISEMENT.

WORKED 50 YEARS WITHOUT SALARY

An Interesting Negro Character Who Didn't Want Wages

HIS ORIGINAL WAY

Solved the Money Question on a Plan of His Own

An old negro who died last year in Richmond occupied a curious position in one of this country's busiest tobacco factories, having worked there for fifty years without salary.

Darkey John had been a slave in the family of the founder of the tobacco company and after the war John "just naturally stayed around," found himself work to do, did it in his own way, and came in time to regard his position as one of much importance. His authoritative ways were smiled upon by the management and taken as a matter of course by other darkies who were employed there. In fact, John rather thought the running of the factory depended on him and if he was sick for a day would send word down to lay off his imaginary subordinates until he could get back.

But John's greatest oddity was his attitude toward money. He pretended not to need any. Evidently he would have thought it belittling to draw money like ordinary wage earners. One day some one asked "What is John's salary?" Whereupon it was discovered John drew no salary. This looked like a curious oversight until it was learned that John had, with the silent consent of those "higher up," solved the money question in his own way. When he wanted cash he got it in odd sums and at odd times at the pay window. The orders were to let John have what he wanted, but John's native shrewdness was shown in the fact that he never drew in excess of a reasonable amount. The arrangement suited him entirely and seemed to help preserve his dignity and importance to the end.

John was always devotedly loyal to his old master and to the great business he had founded. He was a stout champion of "Tuxedo" tobacco. He regarded himself as sharing in the growing fame of the wonderful smoke produced by the Patterson process. When sales outran the best possible shipments John felt all the anxiety of a full partner in the business. His death removed a faithful and picturesque character.

TUXEDO TOBAC

The Pipe Smoke for Gentlem the Pipe Smoke for Gentlemen

Tuxedo.—Away back in founder of the R. A. Patters Company discovered a rema ess that resulted in the produc famous original granulated "Tuxedo."

Tuxedo represents the greatest modern triumph in tobacco. It has a cool fragrance, and a ripe, mellow flavor, due to fully matured tobacco and the special process by which it is treated.

We have had to increase our factory facilities to keep pace with the extraordinary demand for Tuxedo. Now we have begun to tell the wonderful story of its success. It's a bi for it.

Tuxedo advertis as original as T splendid qual unpreceden that gre The bacco astic pip

T of R over h tobacco. Th kind of smoke been widely but unsuccessfully imita Only Patterson tobacco has Patterso quality

TUXEDO TOBACCO

Tuxedo Tobacco Tuxedo Tobacco

Tuxedo is really the highest triumph of the "Patterson Process." By special treatment und finest and fullest ma mellow and f of bite. It is ing to the th before the Company d It was only been so g could be f possible. Tuxedo n

Take a quainted derful wholeso All the deligh famo bit

but free from all harmful effects to the mouth and throat was the ideal of the founder of the wonderful process that produced "Tuxedo."

ADVERTISEMENT.

Tuxedo Tobacco cannot irritate the throat. The special process by which it is made takes out all the sting, and confirmed pipe smokers can enjoy their pipes to the utmost—knowing that there will be no furred throat afterward.

Patterson To- an enthusi

pro duce other but costs you no more and you get the results of the remarkable Patterson process, all the quality, all the mild, fragrant, delightful tobacco that the Patterson process alone can produce

The patented process by which all the "bite" is taken out of tobacco was dis by the founder of the R. A. Process" came into being a view to removing tobacco smoking. himself, he us old pipe t is how the into being. a name and history. The do is now be This means lovers will be Tuxedo smokers, to be still more still more widely

TOBACCO

Tuxedo To- co

thusiastically along to others. The reputation grew so fast that the was never within a month of filling orders, until the recent vast increase in factory facilities. That's why the Tuxedo story never before has been told in print.

ADVERTISEMENT.

TUXEDO TOBACCO
TUXEDO TOBACCO

The Pipe Smoke for Gentlemen, the Pipe Smoke for Gentlemen

TUXEDO TOBACCO

Pipe Smoke for Gentlemen, the Pipe Smoke for Gentlemen

American likes to see merit win why the Tuxedo success is a success. From the beginning it quality of Tuxedo that made its jump—for there was no advertising until the present series of notices, which you are reading from day to day. We didn't venture to advertise while the surprising sale kept so far ahead of all our efforts to fill the orders. With a increase in facilities we are ready at to tell the great story.

wonderful qualities of this to —its freedom from "bite" and irri —its absolute harmlessness to mouth and throat—have been passed along by Tuxedo enthusiasts until its fame has spread over the entire country

Who makes Tuxedo smoking tobacco? The R. A. Patterson Tobacco Company, of Richmond, Va., with an experience of over fifty years in this kind of smoking tobacco. They originated this popular kind of smoke and their product has been widely but unsuccessfully imitated. Only Patterson tobacco has Patterson quality

WHAT THE BISHOPS SAW

Large Body of Clergy Visit a Tobacco Factory

On the occasion of a religious conference in a Southern city, a conference attended by a large company of clerical delegates from both sides of the Atlantic, the manager of a big tobacco factory sent an invitation to the members to come and see how and by whom tobacco was made.

The invitation was accepted by practically the entire body, many famous bishops among them, and the factory never was inspected by a more interested group of men. Evidently most of the visitors were wholly unfamiliar with the methods of tobacco making. They asked many questions of the officers and employes and seemed particularly attracted by details of the Patterson process by which "Tuxedo" tobacco receives its mild, fragrant, stingless quality as a smoke.

One old bishop came to the factory three times during the period of the session and certainly acquired unusually full information on a subject that seemed to interest him deeply.

The factory management was very cordially congratulated not only on the conditions prevailing in the factory, but on their success in producing a tobacco of such wholesomely high quality.

PATTERSON'S
Tuxedo
TOBACCO
The Pipe Smoke for Gentlemen
We would make it better —but we can't!
We could make it cheaper —but we won't!
PATTERSON'S
Tuxedo
TOBACCO
SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR PIPE & CIGARETTE
R. A. Patterson Tob. Co.
AMERICAN TOBACCO CO
10¢

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8.
NEW DURBAR CIRCUS | Stupendous Spectacles. Around the World

Winter Garden B'way & 50th. Tel. 411 Columbus.
Mat. To-m'w. 50c., 75c. and Best Seats $1.00.
WHIRL OF SOCIETY | A NIGHT WITH THE PIERROTS | THE CAPTIVE Star Cast.
Easter Monday Matinee. Best Seats $1.00.

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Next Mon.
5TH MONTH LITTLE BOY BLUE Balcony $1.00. Orch. Fam. Circle 50c. "Dainty, Melodious and Mirthful."—Press.

39th ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Next Monday.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL
100TH TIME THURS. Miss Titheradge will distribute white roses to all ladies.

Manhattan OP. HO. 34th St. & 8th Av. Beg. To-night. Daily Mats. Thereafter. Mats. 25c.-50c.
DURBAR in KINEMACOLOR. Extra, "Burial of the Maine."

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
LAST WEEK of the Season BUT ONE.
TO-NIGHT at 8—MONA. Homer, Fornia; Martin, Reiss, Griswold, Murphy, Hinshaw, Witherspoon, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
TUES. at 8:15—RIGOLETTO. Pasquali, Duchene; Caruso, Amato, Didur. Cond., Sturani.
WED. at 3—Special. MAT. Prices 75c. to $3.00. HAENSEL UND GRETEL. Alten, Mattfeld, Wickham; Reiss, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
WED. at 8—TROVATORE. Gadski, Cahier (debut); Slezak, Gilly, Rossi. Cond., Sturani.
THURS. at 8—MANON. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Reiss, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
GOOD FRIDAY Mat. at 1—PARSIFAL. Fremstad; Jorn, Amato, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz.
FRI. at 8:15—ORFEO. Homer; Rappold, Gluck, Sparkes. Cond., Toscanini.
SAT. at 2—OTELLO. Alda, Maubourg; Slezak, Scotti, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
SAT. at 8—Pop. Prices. GIOCONDA. Destinn, Wickham, Duchene; Martin, Amato. Cond., Sturani.
NEXT MON. at 8—MANON. Same Cast as above.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL, Thurs. Evg., Apl. 4, 8:15.
MME. JEANNE JOMELLI Soprano,
and PAULO GRUPPE 'Cellist.
Tickets 50c to $2, at Box Office, Haensel & Jones, 1 East 42d & 1 West 34th, Room 611.

A FEW NIKISCH TICKETS LEFT
London Symphony Orchestra CARNEGIE HALL APRIL 8 & 10
For Sale Monday & Tuesday at Office of HOWARD PEW, 121 West 42d St., N. Y. Phone 8289 Bryant.

GARDEN Theatre 27th St. & Mad. Ave. Daily, 2:30 and 8:30.
POPULAR PRICES PREVAILING
TO-NIGHT AT 8:30
First Time of Second Edition
THE DURBAR
And the Greatest Event of Recent American History,
BURIAL OF THE MAINE
IN KINEMACOLOR.

NOW MADISON SQ GARDEN
TWICE DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15. Doors Open One Hour Earlier.
CIRCUS BARNUM AND BAILEY
& the New 1,250 Character Spectacle Success
CLEOPATRA
A World of Foreign Arenic Sensations.
PRIVATE BOX SEATS $2.50. Box Office open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Children under 10 years Half Price to Afternoon Performances.
Branch Ticket Offices. (Box Office Prices): Lehigh Valley Ticket Office, 1,460 Broadway. N. Y. Central Ticket Office, 121 W. 125th St. Theo. Lohr's (two stores,) 104 Lenox Ave. and 286 Grand St., and John Wanamaker's Store.

ASTOR B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50.
Drawing Crowds—Sun THE GREYHOUND

SPECIAL SPRING PRICES
For The Garden of Allah at the Century Thea., 62d St. & 8th Av. 'Phone 8800 Col. Evs. 8, Sat. Mat. 2, 50c to $2. Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
TO-NIGHT 232nd TIME ARLISS in DISRAELI

THE Little THEATRE 44th St., W. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 3840. Every Eve. at 8:45. Mat. Sat. 2:30.
GALSWORTHY'S "THE PIGEON"
Special Mats. Tues., Wed. & Fri. at 2:30 Kennedy's "Terrible Meek" & "Palace of Han."
EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON in both plays.

MINER'S
8TH AV. THEA. Mat. Daily. GIRLS FROM MISSOURI.
BOWERY THEA. Mat. Daily. YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS.
IN THE BRONX. Mat. Daily. THE HIGH SCHOOL GIRLS.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | R. A. Roberts, "The Opening Night," Blossom Seeley, W. C. Fields, others.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | Gus Edwards' Revue, Wish Wynn, S. Miller Kent & Co., "Mein Liebchen."
BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St Daily Mat. 25c. | Houdini, Rice & Cohen, Beatie & Babs, Marshall Montgomery, others.

Opera TICKETS. Choice seats for Caruso and Rigoletto to-morrow evening, and Manon Thursday evening, and all operas. 1,418 B'way (downstairs). Phone Bryant 2188.

Opera TICKETS. Phone 4189-6442 Murray Hill. CARUSO IN RIGOLETTO. CHOICE SEATS ALL OPERAS. Normandie Hotel, B'way, Cor. 38th.

Columbia B'way & 47th. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. Burlesque BEN WELCH & HIS BURLESQUERS | Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyve. Home of High-Class Burlesque. Mat. To-day. SEATS 25c. AL. REEVES' BEAUTY SHOW. Amateur Night Every Thurs.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S BELLES OF THE BOULEVARD West 125th St. Matinee Daily. Wrestling To-m'w Eve.

HAMMERSTEIN'S (42d St.) Adele Ritchie, Louis Simon & Katheryn Osterman in "A Persian Garden," "The Lifer," & 10 others.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Orchestral Concerts Aft. and Eve.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15. STAR AND GARTER SHOW

Academy OF MUSIC. Pop. Prices. Mat. Daily. LEAH KLESCHNA.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Next Mon.
LEWIS WALLER in MONS. BEAUCAIRE. (Theatre Closed Good Fri.)

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of B'way. Phone 2628 Bryant. Evs. 8:15.
Playhouse Closed Good Fri. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Easter Monday.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39, bet. B'way & 6 Av. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Next Mon.
LAST 2 WEEKS. The Bird of Paradise

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-m'w, 2:15.
Extra Mat. Next Mon. Bunty Pulls the Strings

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
The Latest Comic Opera Hit! BARON TRENCK

Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50. Best Seats $2.
Weber & Fields JUBILEE CO. OF 100 in "Hokey Pokey" and "Bunty Bulls & Strings."

West End 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
EMMA TRENTINI in NAUGHTY MARIETTA.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eve. 8 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2 sharp.
The Liebler Co.'s BIG CAST Revival of Oliver Twist
Marie Doro, Constance Collier, Lyn Harding and Nat C. Goodwin.

HUDSON 44 St., n'r B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
"HOLDS AUDIENCES SPELLBOUND."
THE RIGHT TO BE HAPPY
With Dorothy Donnelly &

FULTON 46th St.
WHITESIDE in THE TYPHOON

HARRIS W. 42d St.
THE TALKER

PARK 59th St., B'way, Col. Cir. Wednesday Mat. 2:10. Best Seats $1.50.
The Quaker Girl with CLIFTON CRAWFORD

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
4th Month "Admirable comedy."—Herald. "No question of success."—Sun.
LOUIS MANN in ELEVATING A HUSBAND.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. Evenings at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
OTIS SKINNER IN AN ARABIAN NIGHT KISMET

New Amsterdam 42d St., near Broadway. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50.
Curtain 8:15 & 2:15 sharp. KLAW & ERLANGER present THE NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
The Man From Cook's

LIBERTY 42d St., near B'way. Eves. Wed. Mat. 2:15. Best Seats.
HENRY MILLER in The Rainbow by A. E. THOMAS.

GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
Another Cohan & Harris success BEST FARCE IN YEARS.
OFFICER 666
with GEORGE NASH & WALLACE EDDINGER.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
TO-NIGHT GALA EVENT—100TH TIME.
EDDIE FOY in OVER THE RIVER, with CABARET SHOW.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way, 43d St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
LAST 14 TIMES
GEO. M. COHAN (HIMSELF)
KID BURNS in the revival of
45 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY
Cast incl. SALLIE FISHER as Mary.

GRAND 23 St. 8 Av. KITTY GORDON in THE ENCHANTRESS.
TO-NIGHT VICTOR HERBERT will conduct his Orchestra of forty pieces.

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN

David Kessler SECOND AVE. THEATRE, 35-37 Second Av., Cor. 2d St.
MAX R. WILNER presents PAUL N. ORLENEFF and his Russian Players in THE GHOSTS by Ibsen, for one performance only.
THIS EVENING, APRIL 1st, 1912.

CARNEGIE LYCEUM || SILVIA || TO-NIGHT at 8:15
PANKHURST
"Militant Methods, Why?" Seats 50c to $1.50. Box Office or W. B. Feakins, 19 W. 44. Phone 8317 Bryant.

5th AVE. B'way, 28th St Daily Mat. 25-50c. | NED WAYBURN in "The Producer," Mason-Keeler Co., Nellie V. Nichols, others.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
ORPHEUM MATINEE DAILY, 25c. | W. L. Abingdon, May Tully & Co., The Pianophiends Minstrels, Eddie Leonard & Mabel Russell, others.

LECTURES.
Father Bernard Vaughan, S. J.
Will deliver a Lecture on
"Joan of Arc, The Matchless Soldier Maid"
In the Grand Ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria
TO-NIGHT AT 8:30 O'CLOCK.
HIS EMINENCE JOHN CARDINAL FARLEY Will Act as Chairman.
COMMENDATORE GUGLIELMO MARCONI Will Introduce the Speaker.
TICKETS ON SALE AT TYSON'S WALDORF-ASTORIA.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
GEORGE RECTOR'S, Broadway & 60th St. Shore dinners de luxe, $1.

Spring Book Number
The New York Times
Next Sunday

¶ The New York Times Spring Book Number next Sunday will include articles on matters of current interest in the literary world by prominent writers.

¶ The Spring Book Number will also include an annotated list of five hundred books suitable for Spring reading, and the latest book news of New York, Boston, Chicago, and Philadelphia, and the book publishers' announcements of early books of fiction, history, travel, art, science, and miscellaneous publications.

¶ In 1911 The New York Times printed 369,000 lines of book advertisements, compared with 265,231 lines in 1910, a gain of 104,450 lines—126,000 lines more than any other newspaper in the world.

¶ The circulation of The New York Times exceeds 200,000 copies daily.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."